

# CS4039

# SOFTWARE FOR

# MOBILE DEVICES



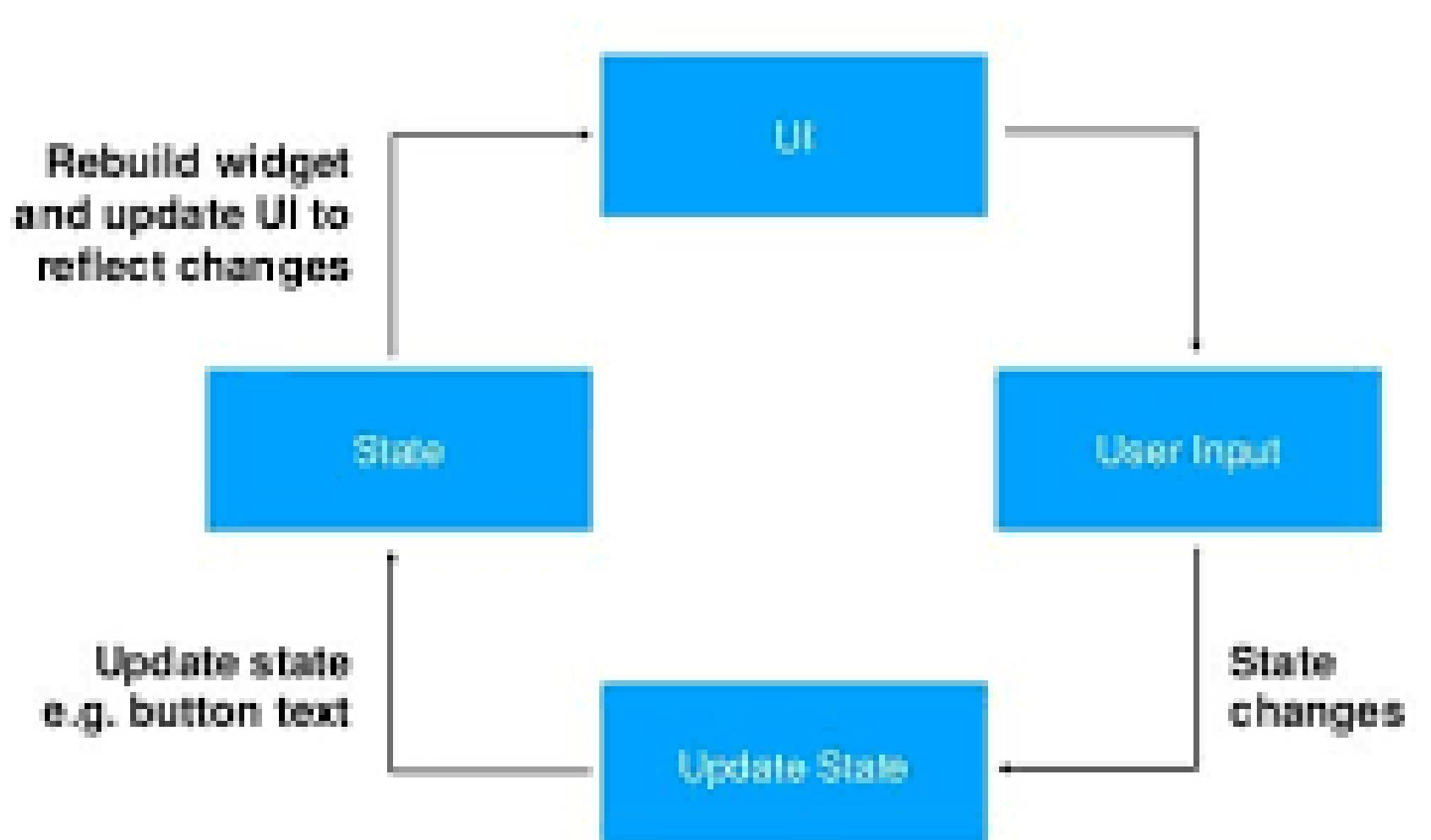


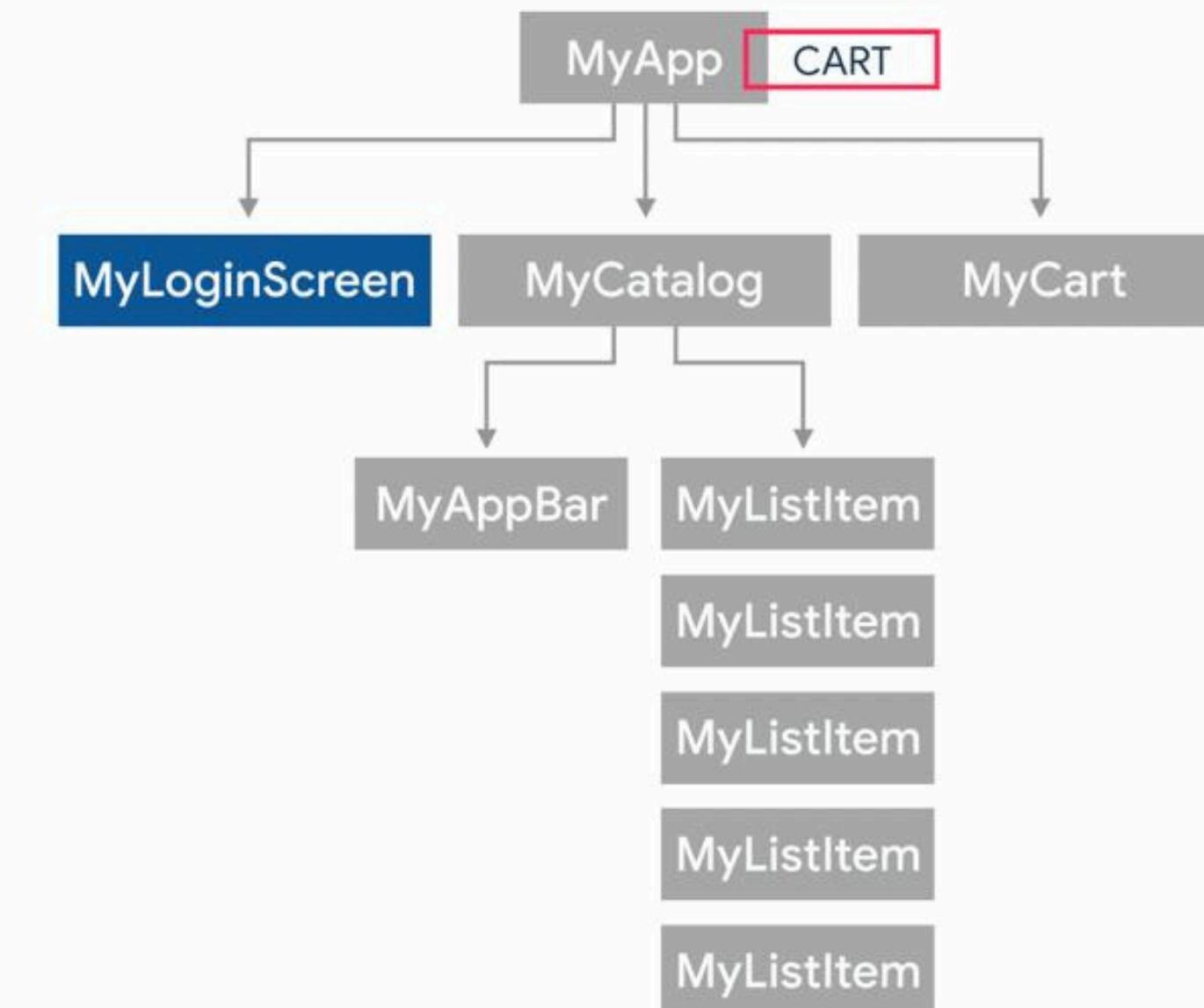
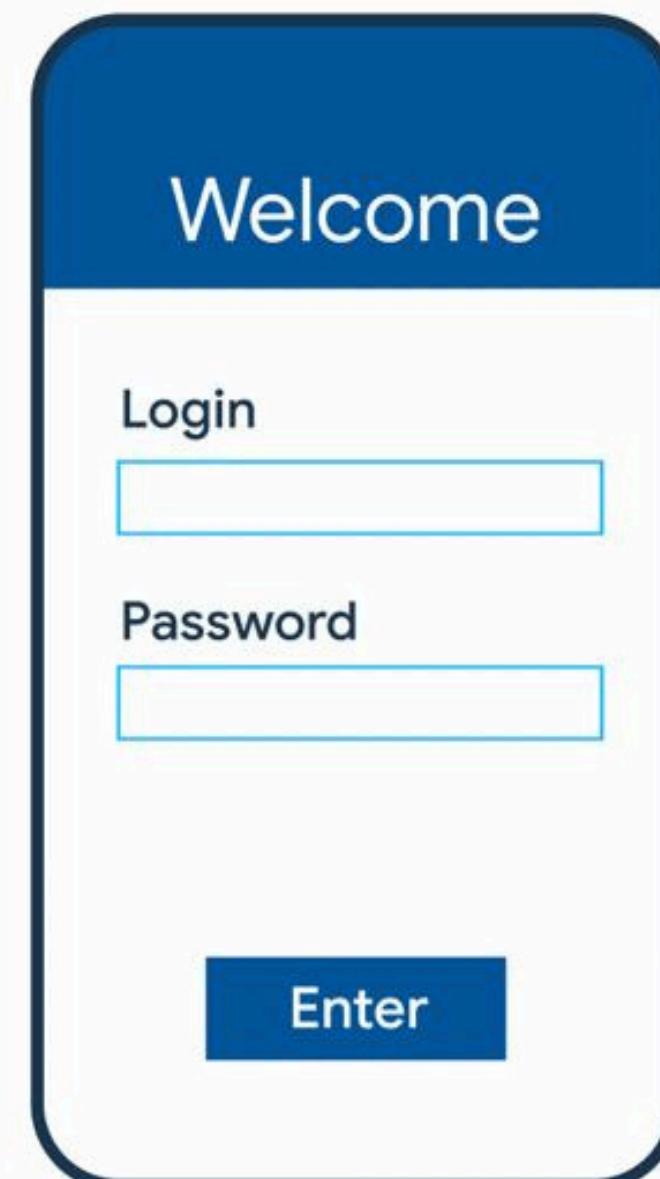
# STATE MANAGEMENT

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- Creating stateful widgets
- Maintaining states for each
- widget manually.
- Using simple `setState()`
- Is there a better way to
- manage it ?

## Stateful widget





## START THINKING DECLARATIVELY

Flutter is declarative. This means that Flutter builds its user interface to reflect the current state of your app.

$$\text{UI} = f(\text{state})$$

The layout  
on the screen

Your  
build  
methods

The application state

# EPHEMERAL STATE

- Ephemeral :: lasting for a very short time.
- `_index` is ephemeral state.

```
class MyHomepage extends StatefulWidget {  
  const MyHomepage({super.key});  
  
  @override  
  State<MyHomepage> createState() => _MyHomepageState();  
}  
  
class _MyHomepageState extends State<MyHomepage> {  
  int _index = 0;  
  
  @override  
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {  
    return BottomNavigationBar(  
      currentIndex: _index,  
      onTap: (newIndex) {  
        setState(() {  
          _index = newIndex;  
        });  
      },  
      // ... items ...  
    );  
  }  
}
```

# APP STATE

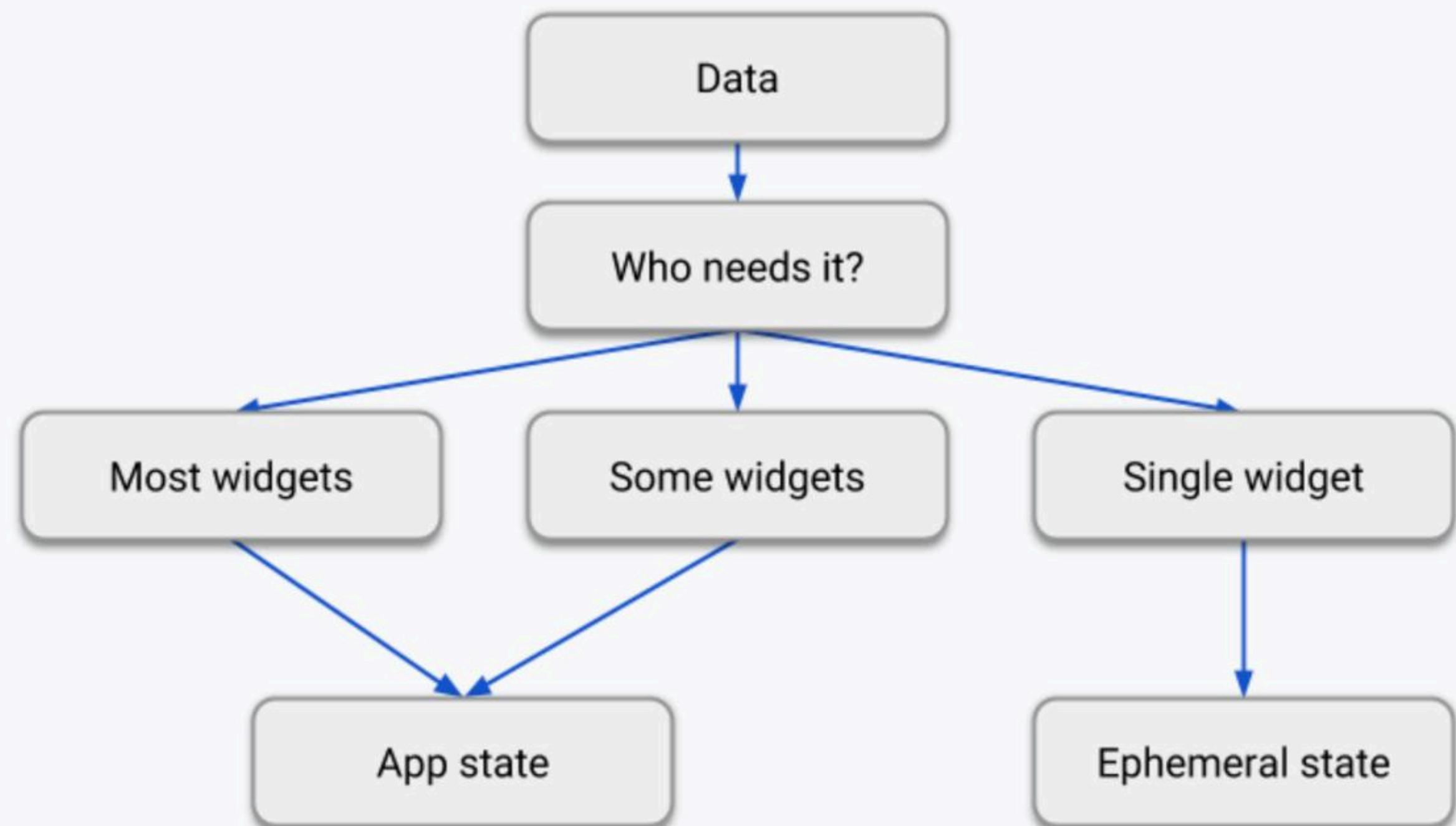
- State that is not ephemeral, that you want to share across many parts of your app, and that you want to keep between user sessions, is what we call application state (sometimes also called shared state).

## EXAMPLES OF APPLICATION STATE

- User preferences
- Login info
- Notifications in a social networking app
- The shopping cart in an e-commerce app
- Read/unread state of articles in a news app

There is no clear-cut rule...

"THE RULE OF THUMB IS: DO  
WHATEVER IS LESS AWKWARD."



# ARCHITECTURAL PATTERNS

- Why we use architecture patterns?
- Its Advantages
- Does it make your app scalable ?
- Is it helpful when you work with a team developer ?

# FLUTTER PROVIDER

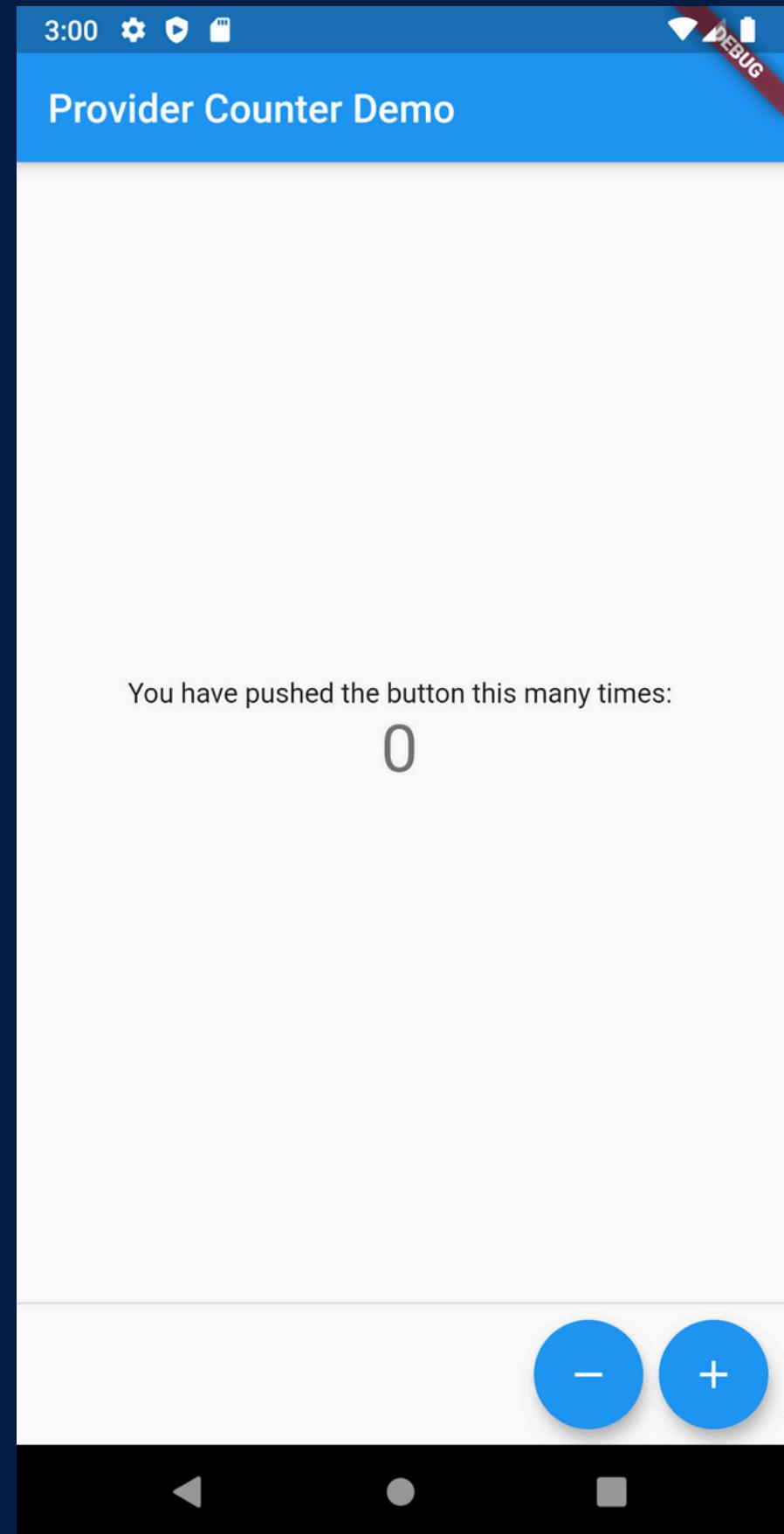
- An implementation of observer pattern
- In which consumer waits of observable to emit changes
- using callbacks..



# MAIN CONCEPTS

- Notifier
- Provider
- Consumer

# CODE WALK THROUGH FOR PROVIDER IN A SIMPLE COUNTER APPLICATION

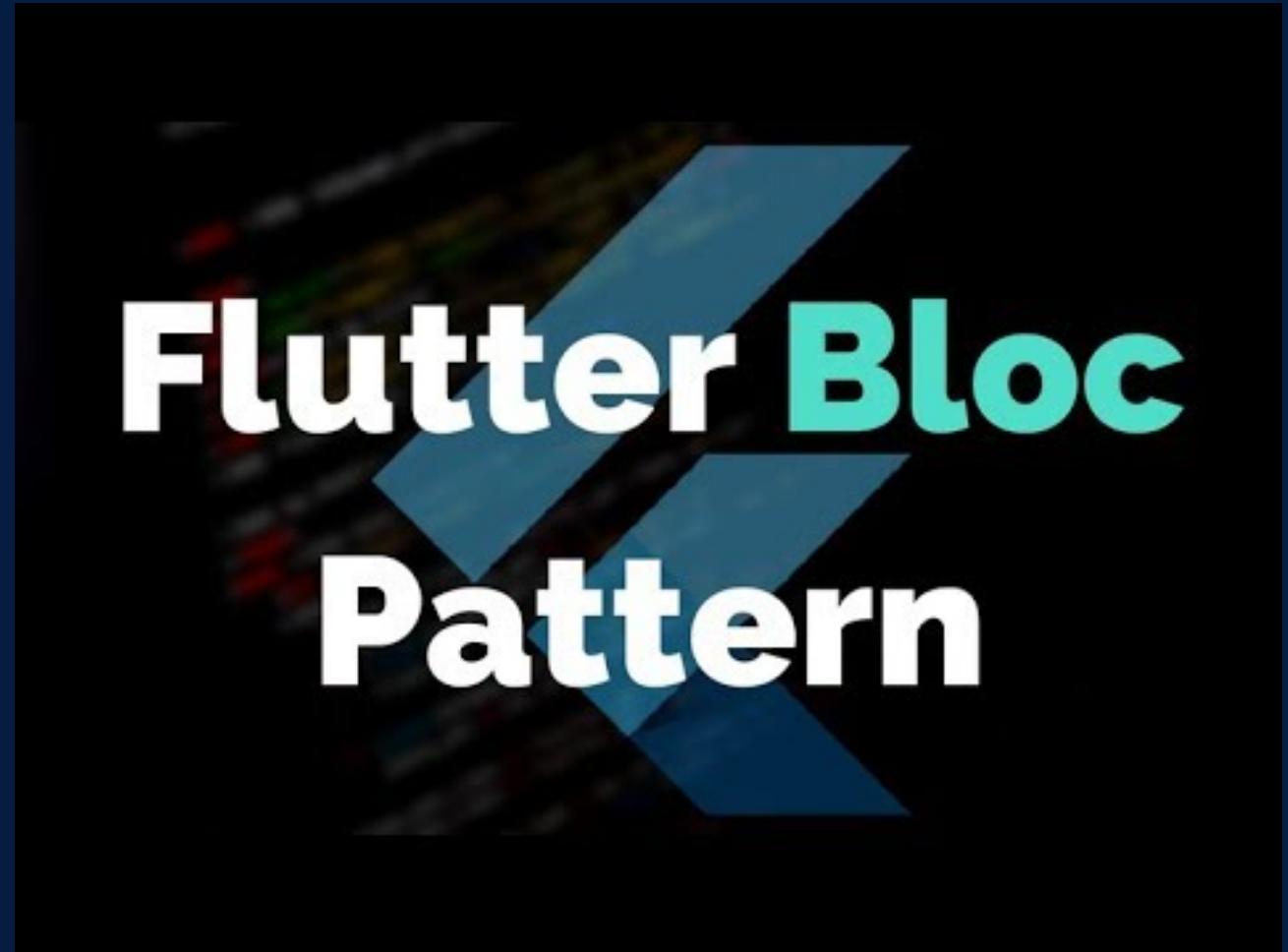


# WHAT IS REACTIVE PROGRAMMING

- Streams
- Async\*
- **yield**

# BLOC

- A reactive support architecture to update states based on streams



# MAIN CONCEPTS

- Event
- States
- Bloc
- Bloc Builder
- Repository

# CODE WALK THROUGH FOR BLOC CREATING LOGIN FLOW

