

# **Comprehensive Email Forensic Analysis Report**



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## Summary of the Investigation

- This report provides a detailed analysis of a suspicious email allegedly sent by the Microsoft Account Team from a fake domain. Our goal was to examine its header, detect abnormalities, and use open-source tools to validate whether the email constitutes a phishing attempt.

## Key Indicators Observed

- SPF Failure: The sender's domain did not authorize the sending IP.
- DKIM Failure: No valid DKIM signature was found.
- DMARC Failure: The domain's DMARC policy was set to reject, yet it was bypassed.
- Suspicious IP Address: The IP address 185.173.92.12 is not listed in the domain's SPF record.
- Mismatched Sender Identity: 'Microsoft Account Team' used a suspicious domain (quickpays-support.co.ru).

## Email Forensic Report Contents

- 1. Full Header Analysis
- 2. Sender IP Lookup and Geolocation
- 3. SPF/DKIM/DMARC Authentication Result Interpretation
- 4. Domain WHOIS and Registration Info
- 5. Blacklist and Threat Intelligence Validation
- 6. URL and Attachment Inspection (if any)
- 7. Visual Snapshot of Suspicious Links (if any)
- 8. Final Verdict and Recommendations

## Immediate Action Required – Validate Your PayQuick Account Now

quickpays-support.co.ru <admin@quickpays-support.co.ru>

14:23 (4 hours ago)

qubaijan14@gmail.com

abdul.dabul@gmail.com

Your PayQuick account has been temporarily suspended due to suspicious activity.

Please verify your account immediately to avoid permanent deactivation.

[Click here to resolve now](#)

Failure to respond within 24 hours will result in permanent account closure.

This is an automated message. Please do not reply *directly*.

— PayQuick Security Team

Email Header :

Return-Path: <admin@quickpays-support.co.ru >

Received: from smtp.fakegateway.ru (smtp.fakegateway.ru. [185.173.92.12])

by mx.google.com with ESMTPS id 7si294882plp.502.2025.06.13.23.04.01

for <aliiqbaljan14@gmail.com>

(version=TLS1\_3 cipher=TLS\_AES\_256\_GCM\_SHA384 bits=256/256);

Fri, 13 Jun 2025 23:04:01 -0700 (PDT)

Received-SPF: fail (google.com: domain of admin@quickpays-support.co.ru does not designate 185.173.92.12 as permitted sender) client-ip=185.173.92.12;

Authentication-Results: mx.google.com;

spf=fail (google.com: domain of admin@quickpays-support.co.ru does not designate 185.173.92.12 as permitted sender) smtp.mailfrom=admin@quickpays-support.co.ru ;

dkim=fail header.i=@admin@quickpays-support.co.ru;

dmARC=fail (p=REJECT sp=REJECT dis=NONE) header.from=admin@quickpays-support.co.ru

Received: from User ([10.0.0.6]) by smtp.fakegateway.ru with SMTP;

Fri, 13 Jun 2025 23:03:59 -0700

Message-ID: <9384a77c7d3c487@admin@quickpays-support.co.ru >

Date: Fri, 13 Jun 2025 23:03:59 -0700

From: Microsoft Account Team <admin@quickpays-support.co.ru >

To: aliiqbaljan14@gmail.com

Subject: Urgent: Suspicious Activity Detected in Your Quick Pay Account

MIME-Version: 1.0

Content-Type: text/html; charset=UTF-8

### ● MXToolbox Header Analyzer:

✓ **How:** Copy-paste the raw header into MXToolbox Header Analyzer.

✓ **Result:**

➡ It parses **Received**, **From**, **To**, **Message-ID**, and **Authentication-Results**.

➡ It highlights:

- **SPF Fail**
  - **DMARC Fail**
  - Suspicious sender IP (185.42.12.79)
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### ● Google MessageHeader:

✓ **How:** <https://toolbox.googleapps.com/apps/messageheader/>

✓ **Result:**

➡ Displays a graphical view of delivery path.

➡ Shows **Received chain**, sender's IP, and authentication.

➡ Easily highlights abnormalities.

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### ● MailHeader:

✓ **How:** <https://www.mailheader.net/>

✓ **Result:**

➡ Analyzes “Received” lines, shows a clear delivery path.

➡ Detects abnormalities in “From” vs “Reply-To.”

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### ● Azure Header Analyzer:

✓ **How:** If you have an Outlook 365 or Exchange Online, you can paste this into [Microsoft's Header Analyzer](#)

✓ **Result:**

➡ Gives a clear view of all delivery and authentication components.

➡ Shows deviations from policy (like **DMARC fail**, **SPF fail**).

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### ● Gaijin:

✓ **How:** <https://www.gaijin.at/tools/email-header-analyzer.php>

✓ **Result:**

<https://dnschecker.org/email-header-analyzer.php>

➡ Displays **Received** headers separately.

➡ Allows you to follow delivery path quickly.

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### ● Trace Email (Header Analyzer):

✓ **How:** <https://www.traceemail.net/>

✓ **Result:**

- ➔ Shows geographic location of sender's IP (using Geo-IP).
  - ➔ Performs WHOIS immediately.
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### ◆ 2 URL / IP Reputation Check:

✓ **VirusTotal:**

- ➔ <https://www.virustotal.com/>
- ➔ Query: quickpays-support.co.ru or 185.42.12.79.
- ➔ Shows if IP or domain is already blacklisted or classified as phishing.

✓ **Talos Intelligence:**

- ➔ <https://talosintelligence.com/>
- ➔ Provide IP or domain; Talos will return reputation score.

✓ **AbuseIPDB:**

- ➔ <https://www.abuseipdb.com/>
- ➔ Shows reports against IP.

✓ **CriminalIP:**

- ➔ <https://www.criminalip.net/>
- ➔ Gives detailed information about the server's reputation.

✓ **MXToolBox Blacklist:**

- ➔ <https://mxtoolbox.com/blacklists.aspx>
- ➔ Will tell you if the IP is blacklisted.

✓ **URLVOID:**

- ➔ <https://www.urlvoid.com/>
- ➔ Shows reputation and blacklists for the domain.

✓ **CyberGordon, Bright Cloud, IPinfo, WebCheck, ImmuniWeb:**

- ➔ All these services provide additional context (geolocation, phone number, abuse reports).

✓ **Typosquatting-finder:**

- ➔ [<https://github.com/aboul3la/typosquatting-finder>]
- ➔ Will find if there are nearby typo-domains that phish.

✓ **Netcraft:**

- ➔ <https://sitereport.netcraft.com/>
- ➔ Shows site's technology stack, server, and risk score.

✓ **Pulsedive:**

- ➔ <https://pulsedive.com/>
- ➔ Integrates multiple sources for domain and IP info.

✓ **Phishcheck:**

- ➔ <https://phishcheck.me/>
  - ➔ Allows you to submit and view phishing reports.
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◆ **3 Visual Tools:**

✓ **URLScan:**

- ➔ <https://urlscan.io/>
- ➔ Shows a snapshot of the website without directly accessing it.
- ➔ Allows you to safely visualize what the phishing page looks like.

✓ **URL2PNG:**

- ➔ <https://www.url2png.com/>
- ➔ Provide a preview image of the page.

✓ **CheckPhish:**

- ➔ <https://checkphish.ai/>
- ➔ Performs phishing detection and provides screenshots safely.

✓ **Google Safe Browsing Rating:**

- ➔ <https://transparencyreport.google.com/safe-browsing/search>
  - ➔ Shows whether Google considers it dangerous.
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◆ **🔌 File /Attachment /Malware Analysis (If attachments were present)**

✓ **VirusTotal:**

- ➔ Allows you to upload files and URLs to check against antivirus.

✓ **AnyRun:**

- ➔ <https://any.run/>
- ➔ Allows interactive sandbox analysis.

✓ **Hybrid-Analysis:**

- ➔ <https://www.hybrid-analysis.com/>
- ➔ Shows in-depth behavioral reports.

✓ **Joesandbox, Cuckoo, VMRAY, Triage:**

- ➔ All allow you to submit files to a sandbox for a deep-dive.
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◆ **5 Whois Domain Record:**

✓ **Whois:**

- ➔ <https://whois.domaintools.com/quickpays-support.co.ru>
- ➔ Shows registrar, registration date, expiration — often phishing sites are newly registered.

✓ **CentralOps:**

- ➔ <https://centralops.net/>
- ➔ Allows you to perform DNS, WHOIS, and reverse IP checks.

✓ **DomainTools:**

- ➔ <https://www.domaintools.com/>
- ➔ Shows related domains, ownership, and history.

✓ **Gaijin Whois:**

- ➔ <https://www.gaijin.at/tools/whois.php>
- ➔ Gives a clear view of registrar info.

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◆ **6 Phishing Analysis Tools:**

✓ **Phish Tool:**

- ➔ [<https://phish-tool.example/>] (hypothetical)
- ➔ Automates collection of phishing indicators from emails.

✓ **EML Analyzer:**

- ➔ Allows you to view all components of the .eml file safely.

✓ **CyberChef:**

- ➔ <https://gchq.github.io/CyberChef/>
- ➔ Allows you to parse base64, MIME, or encoded components quickly.

✓ **MailPro+:**

- ➔ Allows preview, search, and export of messages.
- ➔ Helpful for large investigations with multiple messages.

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◆ **7 Miscellaneous:**

✓ **Browserling:**

- ➔ <https://www.browserling.com/>
- ➔ Allows you to safely view a website in a sandboxed browser.

✓ **Thunderbird, eM Client:**

- ➔ Both can be used to view raw messages safely.

✓ **PhishTank:**

- ➔ <https://www.phishtank.com/>
- ➔ Collaborative phishing database — you can submit and check URLs.



✓ **OpenPhish:**

- ➔ <https://openphish.com/>
- ➔ Free feed of phishing URLs.

✓ **Phishunt:**

- ➔ [<https://phishunt.example/>] (hypothetical)
- ➔ Allows you to track and takedown phishing sites.

✓ **HaveIBeenPwned:**

- ➔ <https://haveibeenpwned.com/>
- ➔ Check if your email has appeared in a breach — useful context for phishing campaigns.

✓ **QuickSand:**

- ➔ [<https://github.com/defensive-security/quicksand>]
- ➔ Analyzes documents for hidden attacks — helpful if phishing messages carry documents with malware.

## Recommendations

- Block the sender domain (quickpays-support.co.ru) across your email gateway.
- Report the sender IP (185.173.92.12) to AbuseIPDB.
- Educate users to recognize impersonated Microsoft security alerts.
- Implement strict DMARC policy enforcement for your domain.
- Utilize sandbox environments for file and link inspection in suspicious emails.