```
1 <65, 1>
2. < NS, 1 >
3. < INT, 17
    < ',', \>
5. < INT, 2 ?
6. < ', ', 1 >
   < INT, 2 >
7 8 9
    < INT, 3 >
    <',', ^>
    <1NT,47
10 < NE, 1>
11.
    < ES, N>
12. < "(', ^>
    < ', \ >
4
 13 \cdot < INT, 17
14. < ',', 17
    < INT, 2 >
15.
     <')', ^>
16.
     <',', ^>
17.
     <"(', A>
18.
     < INT, 1>
19.
     <',', ^>
20.
     < INT, 37
21.
     ۷')', ۸7
22.
     <',', ^>
23.
     ۷٬(٬, ۸>
24.
     < INT, 2 >
<u>25</u>,
<u>2</u>6.
     ۷(,), ۸>
     <1NT, 3>
27.
     <')', ^>
28.
     ۷', , ۸>
29.
       < (C', N7
30.
```

```
31· < INT, 3>
 <u>32.</u> <',', ^>
33. </NT, 4>
 34. <')', ^>
35 < EE, 17
36 · < 6E, 1>
INT - digit digit / digit
digit - 01112 .... 19
digit'>
HT-AB
INT - digit ext
65 -> < graph >
NS -> < node >
NE > </node>
ES -> cedge >
 EE > </edge >
 GE - </graph>
INT - digit | digit ext
digit > 1/2/3/4/5/6/7/8/9
ext > ext' ext | ext'
ext'- digit 10
 6 → GS NL EL GE
 NL - NS N NE
 N - INT OEN
 OEN -, INT OEN / ^
 EL, ES E EE
             OEE
 E > ED
 DEE + , ED DEE I ^
 ED → (INT, INT)
 Note: G=graph, GS=graph start, NL=note list,
      EL=edge list, GE= graph end, NS=node start,
NE=node end, N=node, OEN=optional node extrension,
```

OEE= optional edge extension

Scanned with CamScanner

## Token-lexeme definitions

Ceymords:

1. Graph: (GS, 1), (GE, 1)

2. Node: (NE, 1), (NS, 1)

3. Edge: (ES, N), (EE, N)

Other important tokens:

1. Bracket: ((', ^), (')', ^)

2. Comma: (',', 1)

3 Integer: (INT, A

3. Integer: (INT.x) where

any positive integer greater than O.