

1. MySQL Backup & Restore

Backup Script (backup_mysql.sh)

```
#!/bin/bash

DB_NAME="your_mysql_db"

BACKUP_DIR="/backups/mysql"

TIMESTAMP=$(date +%Y%m%d_%H%M')

BACKUP_FILE="${BACKUP_DIR}/${DB_NAME}_${TIMESTAMP}.sql.gz"

mkdir -p "${BACKUP_DIR}"

mysqldump -u root -p "${DB_NAME}" | gzip > "${BACKUP_FILE}"

echo "Backup saved to ${BACKUP_FILE}"

# Rotate backups older than 14 days

find "${BACKUP_DIR}" -name "*.sql.gz" -mtime +14 -delete
```

- **mysqldump** creates logical SQL dumps, then **gzip**

Restore Script (restore_mysql.sh)

```
#!/bin/bash

DB_NAME="your_mysql_db"

BACKUP_FILE="$1" # Path to .sql.gz file

if [ -z "${BACKUP_FILE}" ]; then

    echo "Usage: restore_mysql.sh path/to/backup.sql.gz"

    exit 1

fi

gunzip -c "${BACKUP_FILE}" | mysql -u root -p "${DB_NAME}"

echo "Database ${DB_NAME} restored from ${BACKUP_FILE}"
```

2. PostgreSQL Backup & Restore

Backup Script (backup_postgres.sh)

bash

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```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
DB_NAME="your_pg_db"
```

```
BACKUP_DIR="/backups/postgres"
```

```
TIMESTAMP=$(date +%Y%m%d_%H%M')
```

```
BACKUP_FILE="${BACKUP_DIR}/${DB_NAME}_${TIMESTAMP}.sql.gz"
```

```
USER="postgres"
```

```
mkdir -p "${BACKUP_DIR}"
```

```
pg_dump -U ${USER} -F p "${DB_NAME}" | gzip > "${BACKUP_FILE}"
```

```
echo "Backup saved to ${BACKUP_FILE}"
```

```
find "${BACKUP_DIR}" -name "*.sql.gz" -mtime +14 -delete
```

Restore Script (restore_postgres.sh)

bash

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```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
DB_NAME="your_pg_db"
```

```
BACKUP_FILE="$1"
```

```
USER="postgres"
```

```
if [ -z "${BACKUP_FILE}" ]; then
```

```
    echo "Usage: restore_postgres.sh path/to/backup.sql.gz"
```

```
    exit 1
```

```
fi
```

```
gunzip -c "${BACKUP_FILE}" | psql -U ${USER} -d "${DB_NAME}"
```

```
echo "Database ${DB_NAME} restored from ${BACKUP_FILE}"
```

- Uses `psql < dump.sql` for plain-format
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Documentation Outline

1. Overview

- Purpose: Recover databases after system failure, accidental deletes, etc.

2. Script Descriptions

- `backup_mysql.sh`, `restore_mysql.sh`
- `backup_postgres.sh`, `restore_postgres.sh`

3. Execution Instructions

- Grant executable permissions: `chmod +x backup_*.sh restore_*.sh`
- Run backups (e.g., daily via cron): `crontab -e` and schedule.

4. Data Integrity & Validation

- Compressed backups prevent data corruption.
- Post-restore, verify by:

```
sql
```

```
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```

```
SELECT COUNT(*) FROM important_table;
```

- Optional: checksum original vs restored data.

5. Retention Policies

- Scripts auto-delete backups older than 14 days using `find -mtime +14`.

6. Failure Handling

- If restore fails, error bubbles up. Log failures via `|| echo "Restore failed" >> /var/log/db_restore.log`.

7. Post-Restore Verification

- Check successful psql/mysql exit codes.
- Sample queries to ensure data presence.

Final Deliverables

- **Scripts:**
 - backup_mysql.sh, restore_mysql.sh
 - backup_postgres.sh, restore_postgres.sh
- **Documentation:**
 - Purpose and scope
 - Execution steps
 - Data integrity & retention strategy
 - Failure handling
 - Verification procedures