

Figure 4.1 (a) Radial symmetry

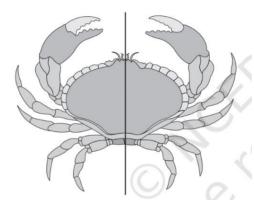


Figure 4.1 (b) Bilateral symmetry

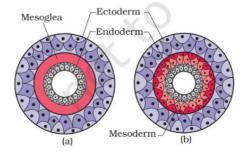


Figure 4.2 Showing germinal layers : (a) Diploblastic (b) Triploblastic

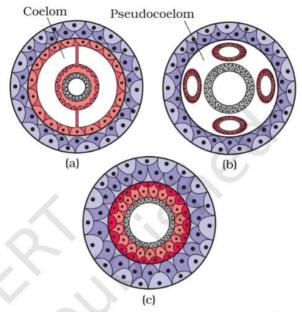
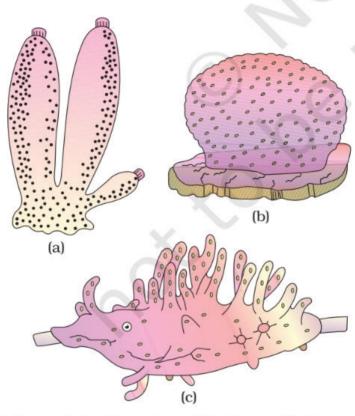


Figure 4.3 Diagrammatic sectional view of :
(a) Coelomate (b) Pseudocoelomate
(c) Acoelomate



**Figure 4.5** Examples of Porifera : (a) Sycon (b) Euspongia (c) Spongilla

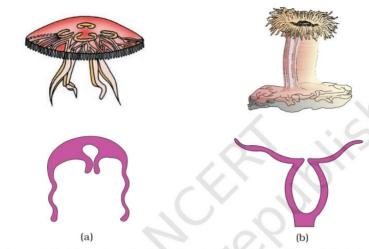


Figure 4.6 Examples of Coelenterata indicating outline of their body form : (a) Aurelia (Medusa) (b) Adamsia (Polyp)



**Figure 4.7**Diagrammatic view of Cnidoblast

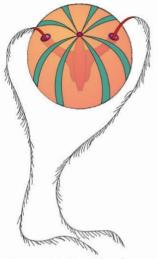


Figure 4.8 Example of Ctenophora (Pleurobrachia)

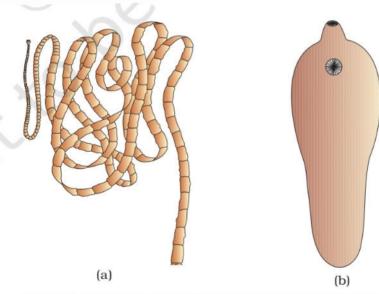


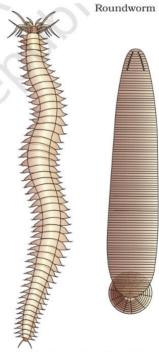
Figure 4.9 Examples of Platyhelminthes : (a) Tape worm (b) Liver fluk



Male

Female

**Figure 4.10** Example of Aschelminthes: Roundworm



**Figure 4.11** Examples of Annelida : (a) *Nereis* (b) *Hirudinaria* 

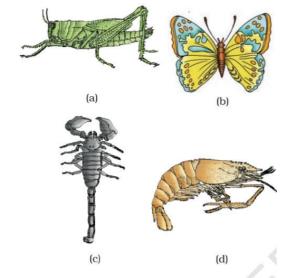


Figure 4.12 Examples of Arthropoda:
(a) Locust (b) Butterfly
(c) Scorpion (d) Prawn

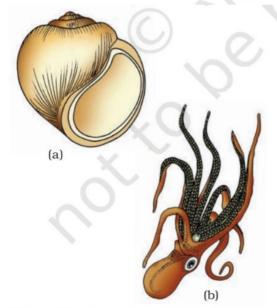


Figure 4.13 Examples of Mollusca: (a) Pila (b) Octopus

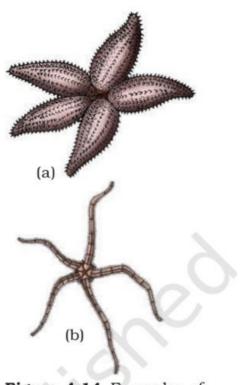


Figure 4.14 Examples of Echinodermata : (a) Asterias (b) Ophiura

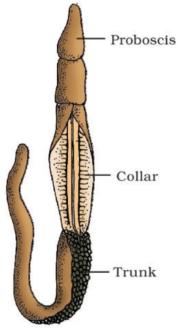


Figure 4.15 Balanoglossus

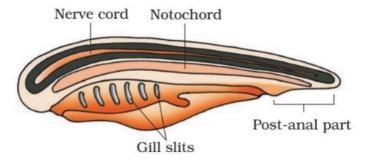


Figure 4.16 Chordata characteristics

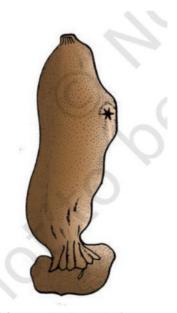


Figure 4.17 Ascidia

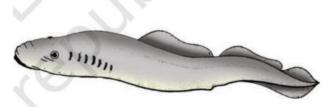
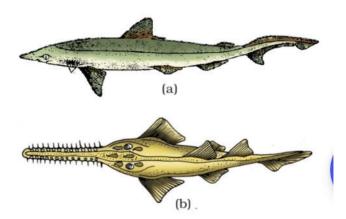
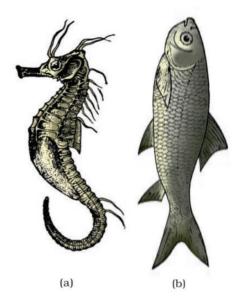


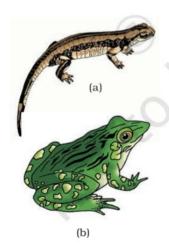
Figure 4.18 A jawless vertebrate - Petromyzon



**Figure 4.19** Example of Cartilaginous fishes : (a) Scoliodon (b) Pristis



**Figure 4.20** Examples of Bony fishes: (a) *Hippocampus* (b) *Catla* 



**Figure 4.21** Examples of Amphibia : (a) *Salamandra* 

(b) Rana

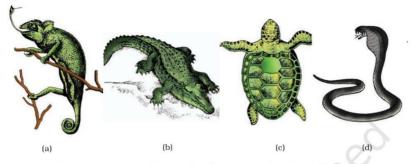


Figure 4.22 Reptiles: (a) Chameleon (b) Crocodilus (c) Chelone (d) Naja

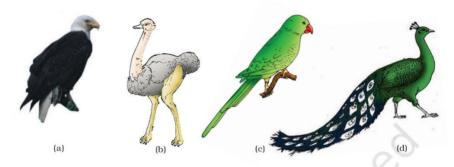


Figure 4.23 Some birds : (a) Neophron (b) Struthio (c) Psittacula (d) Pavo

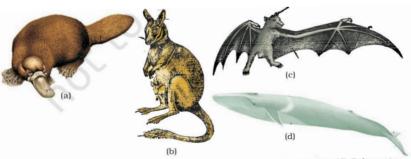


Figure 4.24 Some mammals: (a) Ornithorhynchus (b) Macropus (c) Pteropus (d) Balaenoptera