

## CONTENT MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

Software Construction And Development

BSSE 5<sup>TH</sup> SEMESTER

**REPORT** (Assignment 02)

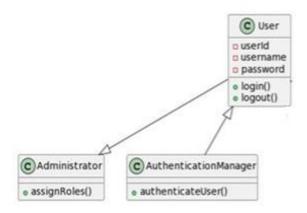
**Course Instructor: Sir FAROOQ IQBAL** 

## **Group Members:**

- 1. Syeda Anshrah Gillani (1337-2021) (Group Leader)
- 2. Umema Mujeeb (2396-2021)
- 3. Maheen Ali (1589-2021)
- 4. Areej Asif (2276-2021)

# Classes into Data, Routines & Internal Routine Design:

# (1) UserManagement Subsystem Class



## Data:

## 1. User Class:

Attributes: UserID, UserName, Email

Methods: createUser(), editUserDetails(), authenticateUser()

#### 2. Administrator Class:

Attributes: AdminID, AdminName, Email

Methods: configureSystem(), manageUserRoles(), authenticateAdministrator()

#### 3. AuthenticationManager Class:

Attributes: None

Methods: authenticate(User user), validateCredentials(String username, String password)

# Routines:

#### 1. <u>User Class Routines:</u>

createUser()

editUserDetails()

authenticateUser()

## 2. Administrator Class Routines:

```
configureSystem()
manageUserRoles()
authenticateAdministrator()
```

## 3. AuthenticationManager Class Routines:

```
authenticate(User user)
validateCredentials(String username, String password)
```

# **Internal Routine Design:**

## 1. User Class Routines:

```
def createUserObject(self, user_details):
    # Implementation to create a user object with the given
       details.
    pass
            ------02-----
def editUserDetails(self):
# Step 1: Authenticate the user
user = self.authenticateUser()
# Step 2: Gather updated user details
updated_user_details = self.gatherUpdatedUserDetails()
# Step 3: Validate updated user details
self.validateUpdatedUserDetails(updated user details)
try:
    # Step 4: Update user details in the database
    self.updateUserDetailsInDatabase(user, updated_user_details)
except DatabaseErrors as e:
```

## 2. Administrator Class Routines:

```
class Administrator:
   def configureSystem(self):
       # Step 1: Authenticate the administrator
       admin = self.authenticateAdministrator()
       # Step 2: Gather system configuration details
       system_config_details = self.gatherSystemConfigDetails()
       # Step 3: Validate system configuration details
       self.validateSystemConfigDetails(system_config_details)
       try:
           # Step 4: Update system configuration
           self.updateSystemConfig(admin, system_config_details)
       except DatabaseErrors as e:
           # Handle database errors
           raise e
    def gatherSystemConfigDetails(self):
        # Implementation to gather system configuration details.
        pass
   def validateSystemConfigDetails(self, system_config_details):
        # Implementation to validate system configuration details.
        pass
   def updateSystemConfig(self, admin, system_config_details):
```

# Implementation to update system configuration.

02

pass

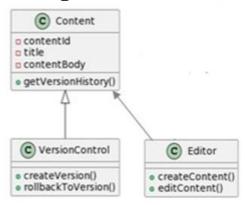
def manageUserRoles(self):

# Step 1: Authenticate the administrator
admin = self.authenticateAdministrator()

```
# Step 2: Select a user
selected_user = self.selectUser()
try:
   # Step 3: Manage roles for the selected user
   self.manageRoles(selected_user)
except RoleManagementErrors as e:
   # Handle role management errors
   raise e
def selectUser(self):
   # Implementation to select a user.
   pass
def manageRoles(self, user):
   # Implementation to manage roles for the selected user.
   pass
                          03
def authenticateAdministrator(self):
# Step 1: Gather administrator credentials
credentials = self.gatherAdminCredentials()
# Step 2: Validate administrator credentials
self.validateAdminCredentials(credentials)
# Step 3: Authenticate the administrator
authenticated_admin = self.authenticateAdmin(credentials)
return authenticated_admin
def gatherAdminCredentials(self):
    # Implementation to gather administrator credentials.
    pass
def validateAdminCredentials(self, credentials):
     # Implementation to validate administrator credentials.
    pass
def authenticateAdmin(self, credentials):
    # Implementation to authenticate the administrator.
                               _END_
```

# 3. AuthenticationManager Class Routines:

# (2) Content Creation and Editing Subsystem Class Diagram



## Data:

#### 1. Content Class:

Attributes: ContentID, Title, DateCreated

Methods: createContent(User creator, String title), editContent(User editor, String newTitle), applyVersionControl()

#### 2. Editor Class:

Attributes: EditorID, EditorName

Methods: editContent(Content content, String newTitle), reviewContent(Content content), notifyAuthor()

#### 3. <u>VersionControl Class:</u>

Attributes: VersionID, Changes, DateModified

Methods: trackChanges(Content content), saveVersion()

## Routines:

#### 1. Content Class Routines:

createContent(User creator, String title)

```
editContent(User editor, String newTitle)
applyVersionControl()
```

## 2. Editor Class Routines:

```
editContent(Content content, String newTitle)
reviewContent(Content content)
notifyAuthor()
```

## 3. VersionControl Class Routines:

```
trackChanges(Content content)
saveVersion()
```

# **Internal Routine Design:**

## 1. Content Class Routines:

```
except DatabaseErrors as e:
    # Handle database errors
    raise e

# Step 5: Return the created content object
return content_object

def checkContentCreationPermission(self, user):
    # Implementation to check if the user has permission to
        create content.
    pass

def createNewContentObject(self, creator, title):
    # Implementation to create a new content object.
    pass

def applyVersionControl(self, content_object):
    # Implementation to apply version control to the content.
    pass
```

```
try:
        # Step 4: Save the edited content details in the database
        self.saveEditedContentDetailsToDatabase(edited_content)
    except DatabaseErrors as e:
        # Handle database errors
        raise e
    # Step 5: Return the edited content object
    return edited_content
def checkContentEditingPermission(self):
    # Implementation to check if the user has permission to edit
        content.
    pass
def editContentDetails(self, editor, new_title):
    # Implementation to edit the content details.
    pass
- def notifyAuthor(self, edited_content):
    # Implementation to notify the author of content changes.
    pass
- def saveEditedContentDetailsToDatabase(self, edited_content):
    # Implementation to save edited content details in the database
    pass
                               _03_
    class VersionControl:
    def applyVersionControl(self, content_object):
         # Step 1: Track changes to the content
        self.trackChanges(content_object)
        try:
            # Step 2: Save the versioned content
            self.saveVersion(content_object)
         except VersionControlErrors as e:
            # Handle version control errors
    def trackChanges(self, content_object):
        # Implementation to track changes to the content.
        pass
    def saveVersion(self, content_object):
        # Implementation to save the versioned content.
        pass
```

## 2. Editor Class Routines:

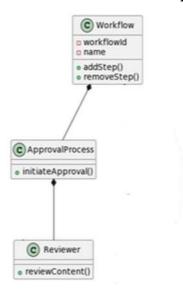
```
self.saveEditedContentDetailsToDatabase(edited_content)
    except DatabaseErrors as e:
        # Handle database errors
        raise e
    # Step 5: Return the edited content object
    return edited_content
def checkContentEditingPermission(self):
    # Implementation to check if the user has permission to edit
        content.
    pass
def editContentDetails(self, content, new_title):
    # Implementation to edit the content details.
    pass
def notifyAuthor(self, old_content, edited_content):
    # Implementation to notify the author of content changes.
    pass
```

```
def reviewContent(self, content):
    # Step 1: Check user permissions for content review
    self.checkContentReviewPermission()
    # Step 2: Perform the content review
    review_outcome = self.performContentReview(content)
    # Step 3: Notify the author of the review outcome
    try:
        self.notifyAuthor(content, review_outcome)
    except NotificationErrors as e:
        # Handle notification errors
        raise e
def checkContentReviewPermission(self):
    # Implementation to check if the user has permission to review
        content.
   pass
def performContentReview(self, content):
    # Implementation to perform the content review.
    pass
def notifyAuthor(self, content, review_outcome):
    # Implementation to notify the author of the review outcome.
    pass
                          03
  def notifyAuthor(self, old_content, new_content):
    # Step 1: Check if the author has opted-in for notifications
    if self.isAuthorSubscribed(old_content.creator):
       # Step 2: Send a notification to the author about the
           content changes
        try:
            self.sendNotification(old_content.creator, new_content)
        except NotificationErrors as e:
            # Handle notification errors
            raise e
def isAuthorSubscribed(self, author):
    # Implementation to check if the author has opted-in for
       notifications.
    pass
def sendNotification(self, author, content):
    # Implementation to send a notification to the author about the
       content changes.
    pass
                               _END_
```

## 3. VersionControl Class Routines:

```
class VersionControl:
                           01
    def trackChanges(self, content_object):
        # Step 1: Determine the changes made to the content
       changes = self.determineContentChanges(content_object)
       try:
           # Step 2: Log the changes for version control
           self.logChanges(content_object, changes)
        except VersionControlErrors as e:
           # Handle version control errors
           raise e
    def determineContentChanges(self, content_object):
        # Implementation to determine the changes made to the
           content.
       pass
    def logChanges(self, content_object, changes):
  def logChanges(self, content_object, changes):
      # Implementation to log the changes for version control.
      pass
                                   02
  def saveVersion(self, content_object):
  # Step 1: Create a new version for the content
  new_version = self.createVersion(content_object)
  try:
      # Step 2: Save the versioned content in the database
      self.saveVersionToDatabase(new_version)
  except DatabaseErrors as e:
      # Handle database errors
     raise e
  return new_version
def createVersion(self, content_object):
     # Implementation to create a new version for the content.
     pass
def saveVersionToDatabase(self, version):
     # Implementation to save the versioned content in the database.
    pass
```

# (3) Workflow and Approval Subsystem Class Diagram



## <u>Data:</u>

#### 1. Workflow Class:

Attributes: WorkflowID, Steps, Status

Methods: initiateWorkflow(Content content), progressWorkflow(), notifyReviewers()

## 2. ApprovalProcess Class:

Attributes: ApprovalProcessID, Approvers, Status

Methods: approveContent(Content content), rejectContent(Content content), notifyAuthor()

## 3. Reviewer Class:

Attributes: ReviewerID, ReviewerName

Methods: reviewContent(Content content), notifyOutcome()

# **Routines:**

#### 1. Workflow Class Routines:

initiateWorkflow(Content content)

progressWorkflow()

notifyReviewers()

## 2. ApprovalProcess Class Routines:

```
approveContent(Content content)
rejectContent(Content content)
notifyAuthor()
```

## 3. Reviewer Class Routines:

```
reviewContent(Content content)
notifyOutcome()
```

# **Internal Routine Design:**

## 1. Workflow Class Routines:

```
class Workflow:
                                 01
   def initiateWorkflow(self, content):
       # Step 1: Check if a workflow is already in progress for the
           content
       self.checkExistingWorkflow(content)
       # Step 2: Set the initial status and steps for the workflow
       workflow_object = self.setInitialWorkflowDetails(content)
       # Step 3: Notify reviewers about the new workflow
        try:
           self.notifyReviewers(content, workflow_object)
       except NotificationErrors as e:
            # Handle notification errors
           raise e
        try:
           # Step 4: Save workflow details in the database
```

```
try:
        # Step 4: Save workflow details in the database
        self.saveWorkflowDetailsToDatabase(workflow_object)
    except DatabaseErrors as e:
       # Handle database errors
        raise e
    # Step 5: Return the initiated workflow object
    return workflow_object
def checkExistingWorkflow(self, content):
    # Implementation to check if a workflow is already in
        progress for the content.
   pass
def setInitialWorkflowDetails(self, content):
   # Implementation to set initial status and steps for the
       workflow.
  pass
```

```
try:
    self.notifyReviewers(workflow_object)
    except NotificationErrors as e:
        # Handle notification errors
        raise e

def moveToNextWorkflowStep(self, workflow_object):
    # Implementation to move to the next step in the workflow.
    pass

def updateWorkflowStatus(self, workflow_object):
    # Implementation to update the workflow status.
    pass

def notifyReviewers(self, workflow_object):
    # Implementation to notify reviewers about the progress.
    pass
```

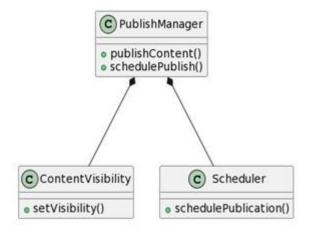
# 2. ApprovalProcess Class Routines:

```
def rejectContent(self, content):
     # Step 1: Check if the content is in the approval process
     self.checkContentInApprovalProcess(content)
     # Step 2: Reject the content
     self.performContentRejection(content)
     # Step 3: Update the rejection status
     self.updateRejectionStatus(content)
     # Step 4: Notify the author of the rejection
         self.notifyAuthor(content)
     except NotificationErrors as e:
         # Handle notification errors
         raise e
def performContentRejection(self, content):
   # Implementation to perform content rejection.
   pass
def updateRejectionStatus(self, content):
   # Implementation to update the rejection status.
   pass
   def notifyAuthor(self, content):
   # Step 1: Check if the author has opted-in for notifications
    if self.isAuthorSubscribed(content.creator):
       # Step 2: Send a notification to the author about the
           approval or rejection
       try:
           self.sendNotification(content.creator, content)
       except NotificationErrors as e:
           # Handle notification errors
           raise e
def isAuthorSubscribed(self, author):
    # Implementation to check if the author has opted-in for
        notifications.
    pass
def sendNotification(self, author, content):
    # Implementation to send a notification to the author about the
        approval or rejection.
    pass
                              END
```

## 3. Reviewer Class Routines:

```
def notifyOutcome(self, content, review_outcome):
   # Step 1: Check if there are subscribers interested in review
       outcomes
   if self.hasSubscribersForReviewOutcomes():
       # Step 2: Send notifications to the subscribers
           self.sendReviewOutcomeNotifications(content,
               review_outcome)
       except NotificationErrors as e:
           # Handle notification errors
           raise e
def hasSubscribersForReviewOutcomes(self):
   # Implementation to check if there are subscribers interested in
       review outcomes.
   pass
def sendReviewOutcomeNotifications(self, content, review_outcome):
   # Implementation to send notifications to the subscribers about
        the review outcome.
   pass
                      _END_
```

# (4) Publishing Subsystem Class Diagram



## Data:

## 1. PublishManager Class:

Attributes: PublishManagerID, PublishManagerName

Methods: publishContent(Content content), schedulePublication(Content content, Date

publishDate), notifySubscribers()

## 2. ContentVisibility Class:

Attributes: ContentVisibilityID, VisibilitySettings

Methods: setVisibility(Content content, User user), applyVisibilitySettings()

#### 3. Scheduler Class:

Attributes: SchedulerID, ScheduleSettings

Methods: scheduleTask(Date date, Task task), executeTask(Task task)

# **Routines:**

## 1. PublishManager Class Routines:

publishContent(Content content)

schedulePublication(Content content, Date publishDate)

notifySubscribers()

#### 2. ContentVisibility Class Routines:

setVisibility(Content content, User user)

applyVisibilitySettings()

#### 3. Scheduler Class Routines:

scheduleTask(Date date, Task task)

executeTask(Task task)

# **Internal Design Routines:**

## 1. Publish Manager Class Routines:

```
# Step 4: Save publication details in the database
    self.savePublicationDetailsToDatabase(published_content)
except DatabaseErrors as e:
    # Handle database errors
    raise e

# Step 5: Return the published content object
return published_content

def checkContentPublicationPermission(self):
    # Implementation to check if the user has permission to
    publish content.
pass

def performContentPublication(self, content):
    # Implementation to perform the content publication and
    return the published content.
pass
```

```
def notifySubscribers(self, content, published_content):
    # Implementation to notify subscribers about the new
        publication.
    pass
 def savePublicationDetailsToDatabase(self, published_content):
    # Implementation to save publication details in the database
    pass
                            02
    def schedulePublication(self, content, publish_date):
# Step 1: Check if the user has permission to schedule
    publication
self.checkPublicationSchedulingPermission()
# Step 2: Schedule the publication for the specified date
 scheduled_publication = self.scheduleContentPublication(content,
    publish_date)
    try:
        # Step 3: Save the publication schedule details in the
            database
        self.savePublicationScheduleToDatabase(scheduled_publication
            )
    except DatabaseErrors as e:
        # Handle database errors
        raise e
    return scheduled_publication
def checkPublicationSchedulingPermission(self):
    # Implementation to check if the user has permission to schedule
        publication.
    pass
def scheduleContentPublication(self, content, publish_date):
    # Implementation to schedule the publication of the content and
        return the scheduled publication.
```

pass

```
def savePublicationScheduleToDatabase(self, scheduled_publication):
   # Implementation to save the publication schedule details in the
       database.
   pass
                            03
def notifySubscribers(self, content, published_content):
   # Step 1: Check if there are subscribers interested in new
       publications
   if self.hasSubscribersForNewPublications():
       # Step 2: Send notifications to the subscribers
       try:
           self.sendPublicationNotifications(content,
               published_content)
       except NotificationErrors as e:
           # Handle notification errors
           raise e
def hasSubscribersForNewPublications(self):
    # Implementation to check if there are subscribers interested in
        new publications.
    pass
def sendPublicationNotifications(self, content, published_content):
    # Implementation to send notifications to the subscribers about
        the new publication.
    pass
                           _END_
```

## 2. ContentVisibility Class Routines:

```
def checkContentVisibilityPermission(self):
    # Implementation to check if the user has permission to set
        content visibility.
    pass

def setVisibilityForUser(self, content, user):
    # Implementation to set the visibility of content for the
        user and return visibility settings.
    pass

def saveVisibilitySettingsToDatabase(self, visibility_settings):
    # Implementation to save the visibility settings in the
        database.
    pass
```

## 3. Scheduler Class Routines:

pass

```
class Scheduler:
   def scheduleTask(self, date, task):
       # Step 1: Check if the user has permission to schedule tasks
       self.checkTaskSchedulingPermission()
       # Step 2: Schedule the task for the specified date
       scheduled_task = self.scheduleTaskForDate(date, task)
       try:
           # Step 3: Save the task schedule details in the database
           self.saveTaskScheduleToDatabase(scheduled_task)
       except DatabaseErrors as e:
           # Handle database errors
           raise e
       return scheduled task
   def checkTaskSchedulingPermission(self):
       # Implementation to check if the user has permission to
            schedule tasks.
       pass
   def scheduleTaskForDate(self, date, task):
        # Implementation to schedule the task for the specified date
            and return the scheduled task.
       pass
   def saveTaskScheduleToDatabase(self, scheduled_task):
       # Implementation to save the task schedule details in the
            database.
```

```
_02_
   def executeTask(self, task):
    # Step 1: Check if the user has permission to execute tasks
   self.checkTaskExecutionPermission()
    # Step 2: Execute the task
    executed_task = self.performTaskExecution(task)
   # Step 3: Update the task status
   self.updateTaskStatus(executed_task)
       # Step 4: Save the task execution details in the database
       self.saveTaskExecutionDetailsToDatabase(executed_task)
    except DatabaseErrors as e:
       # Handle database errors
       raise e
   return executed_task
def checkTaskExecutionPermission(self):
   # Implementation to check if the user has permission to execute
        tasks.
   pass
def performTaskExecution(self, task):
    # Implementation to perform the execution of the task and return
       the executed task.
   pass
```

# Implementation to update the task status after execution.

def saveTaskExecutionDetailsToDatabase(self, executed\_task):
 # Implementation to save the task execution details in the

END

def updateTaskStatus(self, executed\_task):

pass

pass

database.

# **THE END**