

Context-Aware Chatbot Using LangChain and RAG

1. Introduction

Conversational AI has become a critical tool in modern applications, from customer support to personal assistants. A chatbot that can understand user queries and provide accurate answers from a knowledge base is highly useful. However, traditional chatbots often fail when a conversation requires **context awareness** or the use of external information.

In this project, we aim to develop a **context-aware chatbot** using **LangChain** and **Retrieval-Augmented Generation (RAG)** techniques. The chatbot is designed to interact with users while **remembering previous messages** and retrieving relevant information from a set of documents stored in a vector database.

We deployed the chatbot using **Streamlit**, which allows users to interact through a modern, web-based interface. This project demonstrates the integration of **large language models (LLMs)** with **vector search** to build a **smarter, context-aware AI assistant**.

2. Objectives

The primary objectives of this project are:

1. **Build a conversational chatbot** capable of maintaining context during conversations.
2. **Retrieve answers from external documents** (PDFs or a knowledge base) to provide accurate responses.
3. Implement **vectorized document search** using **FAISS** for fast retrieval of relevant information.
4. Deploy the chatbot using **Streamlit** for an interactive web interface.
5. Demonstrate the effectiveness of **LangChain + RAG** for context-aware information retrieval and conversation.

By achieving these objectives, the project shows how modern AI techniques can create **more intelligent and responsive chatbots**.

3. Problem Statement

Traditional chatbots are usually **rule-based** or rely solely on **language models** without external knowledge. These systems have limitations:

- They **forget previous messages**, making multi-turn conversations inconsistent.
- They **cannot access external information** stored in documents or knowledge bases.
- Their answers are often **generic or inaccurate** when a query requires specific knowledge.

Example:

A student asks, “*What are the admission requirements for the Computer Science program?*” followed by “*And what about the scholarship criteria?*” A regular chatbot may answer the second question without understanding that it’s a continuation of the first, or it may give incorrect information if it lacks access to the official documents.

Our solution addresses these problems by combining **context memory** with **document retrieval** using RAG. This allows the chatbot to provide **accurate, context-aware answers** during multi-turn conversations.

4. Case Study

For this project, we used **university documents** as the knowledge base. The corpus included:

- Admission guidelines (PDFs)
- Scholarship policies
- University course catalogs
- Academic regulations

The goal was to create a chatbot that could:

- Answer questions about admissions, courses, and scholarships.
- Remember previous questions and answers during a session.
- Retrieve relevant information from the documents when necessary.

Example interaction:

User: What are the eligibility criteria for the Computer Science program?

Chatbot: According to the 2025 guidelines, applicants must have completed high school with a minimum GPA of 3.0 and submit SAT scores.

User: Can I apply for a scholarship?

Chatbot: Yes, students meeting the eligibility criteria can apply for merit-based scholarships. You need to submit an additional scholarship application form along with your admission documents.

This case study demonstrates how a **context-aware chatbot** improves the user experience and provides **accurate information**.

5. Methodology

The methodology followed in this project includes several key steps:

1. Data Collection

We collected PDFs containing relevant information for the chatbot. These documents form the **knowledge base**.

2. Document Processing

- Each PDF is **loaded** using PyPDFLoader.
- Documents are **split into chunks** using a text splitter (RecursiveCharacterTextSplitter) for better retrieval.

3. Vectorization

- Each chunk is converted into a **vector embedding** using a pre-trained embedding model (**sentence-transformers/all-MiniLM-L6-v2**).
- These vectors are stored in **FAISS**, a high-performance vector store that allows fast similarity search.

4. LLM Integration

- The project uses **ChatGroq** as the LLM to generate responses.
- The LLM is combined with the retriever using **LangChain's RunnableWithMessageHistory**, which maintains **conversation memory**.

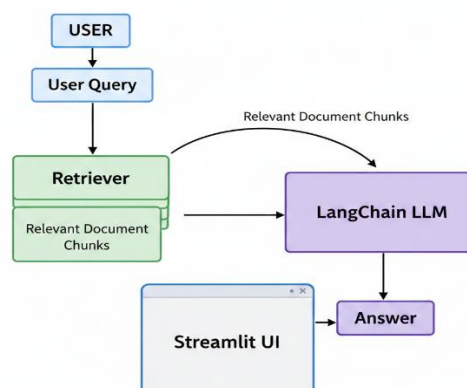
5. RAG (Retrieval-Augmented Generation)

- When a user sends a query, the retriever finds the most relevant chunks from the documents.
- The LLM generates an answer using both the query and retrieved context.

6. Deployment

- Streamlit is used to create a **web-based interface**.
- Users can chat with the bot, and the session maintains **multi-turn conversation memory**.

Workflow Diagram:



6. Implementation

The project is implemented in **Python** with the following main components:

1. **main.py**

- Contains code for **loading documents, splitting, vectorizing**, and initializing the **LLM and chain**.

2. **app.py**

- Streamlit interface for the chatbot.
- Displays **user and assistant messages**.
- Allows toggling **PDF context** display.

Libraries used:

- langchain – For chain and memory management
- langchain-community – FAISS vector store and PDF loader
- streamlit – For web UI
- sentence-transformers – Pre-trained embedding model
- dotenv – For API key management

7. Results

After implementing the chatbot, the following results were observed:

1. **Context Memory Works:**

- The chatbot remembered previous questions and answered follow-ups correctly.

2. **Accurate Document Retrieval:**

- For questions requiring document-specific answers, the bot retrieved relevant text chunks and generated precise responses.


3. **Interactive Web Interface:**

- Streamlit provided a **clean UI**, making it easy for users to ask questions and view answers.


Sample Conversation:


| User | Chatbot |
|---|--|
| What are the admission requirements for CS? | Applicants need a high school diploma and SAT scores with GPA ≥ 3.0 . |
| Are there scholarships? | Merit-based scholarships are available; submit an additional form. |


Screenshot:


Settings

☐ Show PDF context


University Helpdesk Chatbot


 What are the admission requirements for CS?


 For admission in B.E. (which likely includes Computer Science), an applicant must have:

1. At least 60% marks in Higher Secondary School Certificate (H.S.C) Pre-Engineering Examination, with a combination of subjects such as Physics, Mathematics, and Computer Sciences.
2. Or, GCE (A levels) in Mathematics, Physics, and Chemistry, with an equivalence certificate issued by the relevant authority, and at least 60% marks.

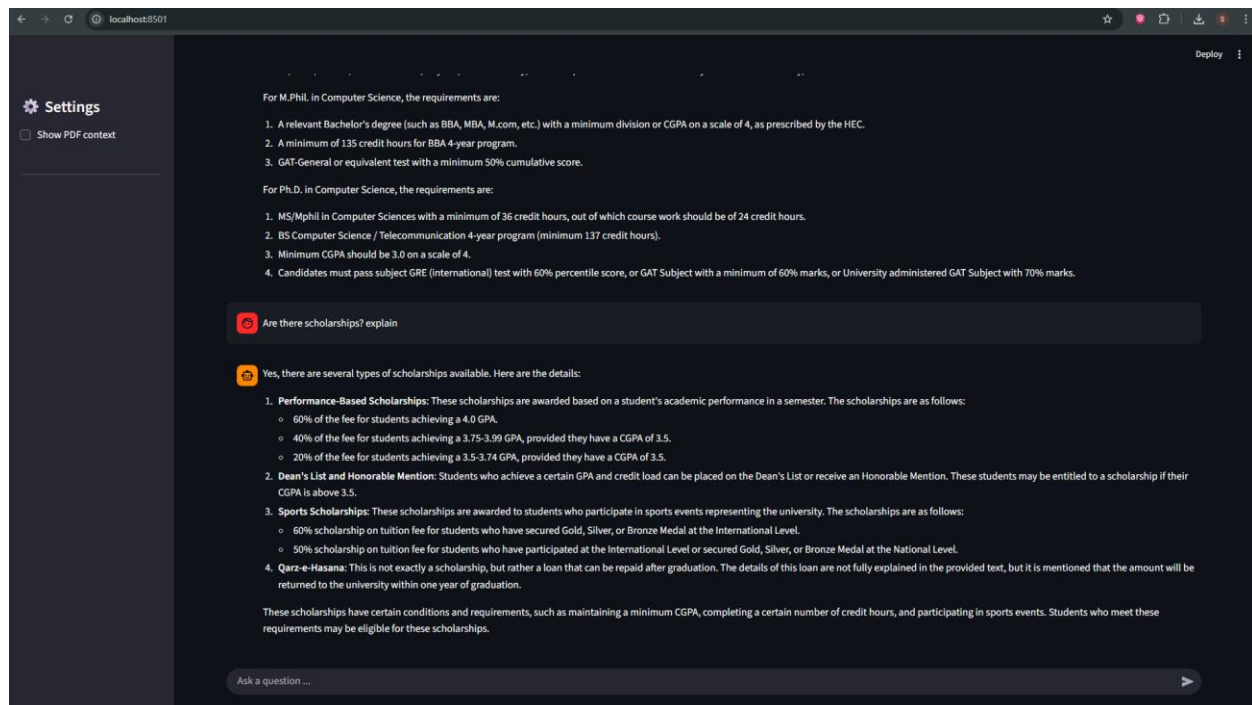
For M.Phil. in Computer Science, the requirements are:

1. A relevant Bachelor's degree (such as BBA, MBA, M.com, etc.) with a minimum division or CGPA on a scale of 4, as prescribed by the HEC.
2. A minimum of 135 credit hours for BBA 4-year program.
3. GAT-General or equivalent test with a minimum 50% cumulative score.

For Ph.D. in Computer Science, the requirements are:

1. MS/Mphil in Computer Sciences with a minimum of 36 credit hours, out of which course work should be of 24 credit hours.
2. BS Computer Science / Telecommunication 4-year program (minimum 137 credit hours).
3. Minimum CGPA should be 3.0 on a scale of 4.
4. Candidates must pass subject GRE (international) test with 60% percentile score, or GAT Subject with a minimum of 60% marks, or University administered GAT Subject with 70% marks.

Ask a question ...



8. Conclusion

This project successfully demonstrates a **context-aware chatbot** using **LangChain** and **RAG**. By combining **memory** and **retrieval-based generation**, the chatbot is capable of:

- Maintaining **multi-turn conversations**
- Answering queries accurately using **external documents**
- Providing a **modern, interactive chat interface**

This system can be further improved by:

- Supporting more **document formats** like Word or HTML
- Adding **real-time streaming responses**
- Integrating with **larger knowledge bases** for enterprise applications