Basic:

Q1 - Retrieve the total number of orders placed.

SELECT count(order_id) as Total_num_order From orders

Q2 - Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.

SELECT

ROUND(SUM(pizzas.price * order_details.quantity)) AS Total_Revenue

FROM

order_details

JOIN

pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id

Q3 - Identify the highest-priced pizza.

SELECT pizza_type.name, pizzas.price as highest_price_pizza from pizza_type

JOIN pizzas

ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_type.pizza_type_id order by pizzas.price DESC

limit 2

Q4 - Identify the most common pizza size ordered.

```
select pizzas.size , count(order_details.order_details_id) as order_count from pizzas
join order_details
ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
group by pizzas.size
order by order_count DESC
```

Q5 - List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.

```
select pizza_type.name , sum(order_details.quantity) as quantity from pizza_type

Join pizzas on pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_type.pizza_type_id

Join order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id

group by pizza_type.name

order by quantity DESC

limit 5
```

Intermediate:

Q6 - Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.

```
select pizza_type.category , sum(order_details.quantity) as quantity from pizza_type
join pizzas ON pizza_type.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
join order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
group by pizza_type.category
order by quantity DESC
limit 5
```

Q7 - Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.

select HOUR(time) as order_hour, count(order_id)as order_count from orders
group by HOUR(time)

Q8 - Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.

select category , count(name) from pizza_type group by category

Q9 - Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.

select round(Avg(quantity)) as average_quantity from
(select orders.date , sum(order_details.quantity)as quantity
from orders

JOIN order_details ON orders.order_id = order_details.order_id
group by orders.date) as order_quantity

Q10 - Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.

select pizza_type.name , round(sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price)) as revenue from pizza_type
join pizzas ON pizza_type.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id

JOIN order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id

group by pizza_type.name
order by revenue desc
limit 5

Advanced:

Q11- Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.

```
USE pizzahut;
select pizza_type.category,
round(sum(pizzas.price * order_details.quantity)/
(select round(sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),2) as total_dales
from order_details

JOIN pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id) *100 ,2)as
revenue
from pizza_type

JOIN pizzas ON pizza_type.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id

JOIN order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
group by pizza_type.category
```

Q12 - Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.

```
select order_date, sum(total_revenue) over(order by order_date) as com_revenue from (select orders.date as order_date, round(sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price))as total_revenue from order_details

JOIN pizzas ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id

JOIN orders ON orders.order_id = order_details.order_id

group by orders.date) as sales
```

Q13 - Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.

```
select name, revenue from
```

(select category, name, revenue, rank() over(partition by category order by revenue desc) as rn from

(select pizza_type.category, pizza_type.name,sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) as revenue

from pizza_type

JOIN pizzas ON pizza_type.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id

JOIN order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id

group by pizza type.category, pizza type.name) as a) as b

where rn <= 3