# Computer Graphics: CSE-414 LAB -1

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**Computer Graphics** 

fllatform: CodeBlocks and others
Language: C++
Graphics Setup: How to Setup graphics.h in CodeBlocks 2023   How to Rur
Graphics flrogram in C/C++ CodeBlocks V20.03 - YouTube

☐ Drive: 2. CG - Google Drive

## □LAB-1: Outlitvs:

1. flixvl puitt

2. Litv dua" usit: litv() futctiot

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4. Kua" tuiat:lv usit: litv()

5. Kua" uvctat:lv usit: uvctat:lv()

6. Kua" vllipsv usit: vllipsv()

7. Kua" Auc usit: auc()

8. Kua" bau usit: bau()

9. Kua" »K bau usit: bau»d()

10. Kua" a Houv fla:v

#### ☐ List of availably colous atd thviu valuvs

Color Name	Color Value
BLACK	0
BLUE	1
GREEN	2
CYAN	3
RED	4
MAGENTA	5
BROWN	6
LIGHTGRAY	7
DARKGRAY	8
LIGHTBLUE	9
LIGHTGREEN	10
LIGHTCYAN	11
LIGHTRED	12
LIGHTMAGENTA	13
YELLOW	14
WHITE	15

#### fluo:uau-1: fluitt flixvl

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
#include<graphics.h>
#include<conio.h>
int main(){
    int gd = DETECT,gm;
    initgraph(figd, figm, "C:\\TC\\BGI");

    setbkcolor(GREEN);
    cleardevice();
    putpixel(50, 100, YELLOW);
    outtextxy(35, 55, "flIXEL");
    getch();
    closegraph();
    return 0;
}
/*
```

Function Description

initgraph--It initializes the graphics system by loading the passed graphics driver then changing the system into graphics mode.

getmaxx--It returns the maximum X coordinate in current graphics mode and driver.

getmaxy--It returns the maximum Y coordinate in current graphics mode and driver.

outtextxy--It displays a string at a particular point (x,y) on screen.

circle--It draws a circle with radius r and centre at (x, y).

closegraph--It unloads the graphics drivers and sets the screen back to text mode.\*/



#### fluo:uau - 1: fluitt litv usit: litv()

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<graphics.h>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    int gd=DETECT,gm;
    initgraph(figd, figm,"C:\\TURBOC3\\BGI");
    int x_initial,y_initial,x_final,y_final;
    printf("\n fllease enter an initial coordinate of the line = ");
    scanf("%d %d", fix_initial,fiy_initial);
    printf("\n Now, \n enter final coordinate of the line = ");
    scanf("%d %d",fix_final,fiy_final);
    setbkcolor(BLUE);
    cleardevice();
    outtextxy(35, 55, "Line");
    line(x_initial,y_initial,x_final,y_final);
    getch();
    closegraph();
/*Sample Input Output
 fllease enter an initial coordinate of the line = 100 100
 Now,
 enter final coordinate of the line = 200 300*/
Windows BGI
                         "C:\Users\Ritu's PC\OneDrive\
                         Please enter an initial coordinate of the line = 100 100
   Line
                         enter final coordinate of the line = 200 300
```

## fluo:uau - >: fluitt ciuclv usit: ciuclv()

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
#include<graphics.h>
#include<conio.h>
int main(){
   int gd = DETECT,gm;
   initgraph(figd, figm, "C:\\TC\\BGI");
   int h,k,radius;
   printf("Center coordinate: ");
   scanf("%d %d", fih, fik);
   printf("Radius : ");//radius
   scanf("%d", firadius);
    setbkcolor(BLUE);
    cleardevice();
    outtextxy(35, 55, "circle");
    circle(h, k, radius);
   getch();
   closegraph();
   return 0;
}
```



# fluo:uau - 4: puitt tuiat:lv usit: litv() #include<bits/stdc++.h> #include<graphics.h> #include<conio.h> int main() { int gd = DETECT,gm; initgraph(figd, figm, "C:\\TC\\BGI"); int x1,y1,x2,y2,x3,y3; printf("Enter x1 and y1 : "); scanf("%d %d", fix1, fiy1); printf("Enter x2 and y2 : "); scanf("%d %d", fix2, fiy2); printf("Enter x3 and y4: "); scanf("%d %d", fix3, fiy3); setbkcolor(BLUE); cleardevice(); outtextxy(35, 55, "triangle"); line(x1,y1, x2,y2); line(x2,y2, x3,y3); line(x3,y3, x1,y1); getch(); closegraph(); } ///200 100 100 200 300 200 Windows BGI "C:\Users\Ritu's PC\OneDrive\ Enter x1 and y1 : 200 100 Enter x2 and y2 : 100 200

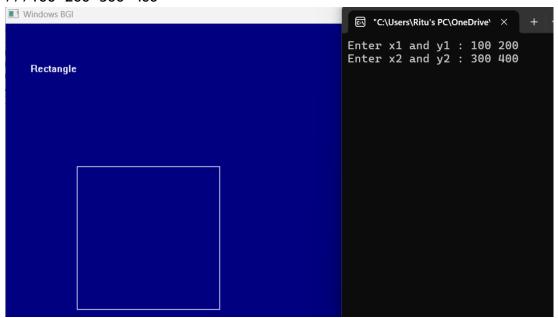
Enter x3 and y4 : 300 200

triangle

#### fluo:uau - 5: Kua" uvctat:lv usit: uvctat:lv()

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
#include<graphics.h>
#include<conio.h>
int main()
{
    int gd = DETECT,gm;
    initgraph(figd, figm, "C:\\TC\\BGI");
    int x1,y1,x2,y2,x3,y3;
    printf("Enter x1 and y1 : ");
    scanf("%d %d", fix1, fiy1);
    printf("Enter x2 and y2 : ");
    scanf("%d %d", fix2, fiy2);
    setbkcolor(BLUE);
    cleardevice();
    outtextxy(35, 55, "Rectangle");
    rectangle(x1,y1, x2,y2);
    getch();
    closegraph();
}
```

#### ///100 200 300 400



## fluo:uau - 6: Kua" vllipsv usit: vllipsv()

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
#include<graphics.h>
#include<conio.h>
int main()
{
    int gd = DETECT,gm;
    initgraph(figd, figm, "C:\\TC\\BGI");
    /// ellipse(xCenter, yCenter, startAngle, endAngle, xRadius, yRadius):
    // Draws an ellipse for a given center, starting and ending angle
    // and horizontal and vertical radius.
    int x1,y1,x2,y2,x3,y3;
    printf("Enter xCenter and yCenter : ");
    scanf("%d %d", fix1, fiy1);
    printf("Enter startAngle and endAngle : ");
    scanf("%d %d", fix2, fiy2);
    printf("Enter xRadius and yRadius : ");
    scanf("%d %d", fix3, fiy3);
    setbkcolor(BLUE);
    cleardevice();
    outtextxy(470, 55, "ELLIflSE");
    ellipse(x1,y1, x2,y2, x3,y3);
    getch();
    closegraph();
}
```



## fluo:uau - 7: Kua" Auc usit: auc()

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
#include<graphics.h>
#include<conio.h>
int main()
{
    int gd = DETECT,gm;
    initgraph(figd, figm, "C:\\TC\\BGI");
    ///Syntax: arc(int x, int y, int startAngle, int endAngle, int radius);
    int x1,y1,x2,y2,r;
    printf("Enter xCenter and yCenter : ");
    scanf("%d %d", fix1, fiy1);
    printf("Enter startAngle and endAngle : ");
    scanf("%d %d", fix2, fiy2);
    printf("Enter Radius: ");
    scanf("%d", fir);
    setbkcolor(GREEN);
    cleardevice();
    outtextxy(35, 55, "Arc");
    arc(x1,y1, x2,y2,r);
    getch();
    closegraph();
}
///100 100 0 135 50
■ Windows BGI
                              "C:\Users\Ritu's PC\OneDrive\
                             Enter xCenter and yCenter: 100 100
                             Enter startAngle and endAngle : 0 180
                             Enter Radius: 50
```

## fluo:uau - 8: Kua" a bau usit: bau()

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
#include<graphics.h>
#include<conio.h>
int main()
{
    int gd = DETECT,gm;
    initgraph(figd, figm, "C:\\TC\\BGI");
    ///Syntax: bar(int left, int top, int right, int bottom);
    int x1,y1,x2,y2,r;
    printf("Enter left and top:");
    scanf("%d %d", fix1, fiy1);
    printf("Enter right and bottom : ");
    scanf("%d %d", fix2, fiy2);
    setbkcolor(GREEN);
    cleardevice();
    outtextxy(35, 55, "Bar Graph");
    bar(x1,y1, x2,y2);
    getch();
    closegraph();
}
///100 100 200 200
```



#### fluo:uau - 9 : Kua" »K bau usit: bau»d()

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
#include<graphics.h>
#include<conio.h>
int main(){
    int gd = DETECT,gm;
    initgraph(figd, figm, "C:\\TC\\BGI");
    ///bar3d(int left, int top, int right, int bottom, int depth, int topflag);
    ///left, top, right, bottom are the positions
    ///depth specifies the depth of bar in pixels
    ///topflag determines whether a 3 dimensional top is put on the bar or not
    ///(1 \text{ for yes, 0 for not })
    int x1,y1,x2,y2,depth, topFlag;
    printf("Enter left and top : ");
    scanf("%d %d", fix1, fiy1);
    printf("Enter right and bottom : ");
    scanf("%d %d", fix2, fiy2);
    printf("Enter depth and topFlag : ");
    scanf("%d %d", fidepth, fitopFlag);
    setbkcolor(GREEN);
    cleardevice();
    outtextxy(35, 55, "3D - Bar Graph");
    bar3d(x1, y1, x2, y2, depth, topFlag);
    getch();
    closegraph();
}
///100 100 200 200 20 1
Windows BGI
                              "C:\Users\Ritu's PC\OneDrive\
                             Enter left and top : 100 100
                             Enter right and bottom : 200 200
   3D - Bar Graph
                             Enter depth and topFlag : 20 1
```

#### fluo:uau - 10: Kua" a Houv fla:v

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<graphics.h>
int main(){
    int gd=DETECT,gm;
   initgraph(figd, figm, "C:\\TURBOC3\\BGI");
   setbkcolor(LIGHTBLUE); // Set background color to white
   cleardevice(); // Clear the screen with the background color
    // Draw each letter with specific colors and positions
    setcolor(RED);
                    //
                        Color
                                  for
    settextstyle(SANS_SERIF_FONT, HORIZ_DIR, 4);
    outtextxy(150, 100, "G");
    setcolor(BLUE); // Color for 'O'
    outtextxy(200, 100, "O");
    setcolor(YELLOW); // Color for 'O'
    outtextxy(250, 100, "O");
    setcolor(GREEN); // Color for 'G'
   outtextxy(300, 100, "G");
    setcolor(MAGENTA); // Color for 'L'
    outtextxy(350, 100, "L");
    setcolor(CYAN); // Color for 'E'
    outtextxy(400, 100, "E");
    // Draw additional text
    setcolor(BLACK); // Color for 'surf'
    settextstyle(SANS_SERIF_FONT, HORIZ_DIR, 2);
    outtextxy(180, 200, "surf");
    setcolor(BLACK); // Color for 'Go AHEAD'
    outtextxy(250, 300, "Go AHEAD");
    // Draw rectangles
   setcolor(BLACK);
    rectangle(120, 180, 300, 220); // Rectangle around 'surf'
    rectangle(240, 280, 400, 320); // Rectangle around 'Go AHEAD'
    getch();
    closegraph();
           GOOGLE
              surf
                   Go AHEAD
```