

Homework #5

Assign date: 2015-08-02

Due date: 2015-08-10, 6pm

Submission:

1. Please submit your results in email to the grader:
130301039@svuca.edu Chi Zhang
2. Please separate the written answers from the python code: you should submit 1 file in your email – cs596-29-hw5_yourID#.doc
3. 30 pts per day will be deducted for late submission

Problem 1) Boolean Model (10 pts.)

We are given 6 documents with labels “ham” and “spam” as below. Answer the following questions about Boolean model text retrieval:

- a) If the query is “great OR free NOT hurry”, which documents will be retrieved?
Answer: D1, D2, D3, D4
- b) If the query is “vocation OR food AND experience”, which documents will be retrieved?
Answer: D1, D2, D4, D6

ID	Document	Class
1	Enjoy great food experience	Ham
2	Enjoy free vocation experience	Ham
3	Congratulation great vocation reward	Ham
4	Reward great vocation experience	Ham
5	Congratulation great reward hurry	Spam
6	Experience free vocation hurry	Spam

Problem 2) Naïve Bayes spam filter (20 pts.)

We are building a Naïve Bayes classifier based spam filter using the same training data as in Problem-1. Please answer the following questions.

- a) First build the vocabulary set from the training data.
Answer:
 $V = \{\text{enjoy, great, food, experience, free, vocation, congratulation, reward, hurry}\}$
- b) Build “bag of words” representation for the training set. Please sort the words in alphabetical order from ‘a’ to ‘z’.
Answer:
 $\text{Sorted } V = \{\text{congratulation, enjoy, experience, food, free, great, hurry, reward, vocation}\}$

ID	Class	congratulation	enjoy	experience	food	free	great	hurry	reward	vocation
1	Ham	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0
2	Ham	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1

3	Ham	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
4	Ham	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1
5	Spam	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0
6	Spam	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1
Σ HAM		1	2	3	1	1	3	0	2	3
Σ SPAM		1	0	1	0	1	1	2	1	1
Σ ALL		2	2	4	1	2	4	2	3	4

- c) Apply the NB classifier to decide if the following message is spam: “free reward hurry”

Answer:

Two classes: Ham, Spam

$N = 6$

$P(\text{Ham}) = 4/6$; $P(\text{Spam}) = 2/6$

$|V| = 9$

ID	Document	Class	Σ of words
1	Enjoy great food experience	Ham	4
2	Enjoy free vocation experience	Ham	4
3	Congratulation great vocation reward	Ham	4
4	Reward great vocation experience	Ham	4
5	Congratulation free reward hurry	Spam	4
6	Experience free vocation hurry	Spam	4

$n\text{-ham} = 4+4+4+4 = 16$

$n\text{-spam} = 4+4 = 8$

$$P(\text{free}|\text{Ham}) = \frac{1+1}{16+9} = \frac{2}{25}; \quad P(\text{free}|\text{Spam}) = \frac{1+1}{8+9} = \frac{2}{17}$$

$$P(\text{reward}|\text{Ham}) = \frac{2+1}{16+9} = \frac{3}{25}; \quad P(\text{reward}|\text{Spam}) = \frac{1+1}{8+9} = \frac{2}{17}$$

$$P(\text{hurry}|\text{Ham}) = \frac{0+1}{16+9} = \frac{1}{25}; \quad P(\text{hurry}|\text{Spam}) = \frac{2+1}{8+9} = \frac{3}{17}$$

$$P(\text{ham}|\text{“free reward hurry”}) = P(\text{ham}) \cdot P(\text{free}|\text{ham}) \cdot P(\text{reward}|\text{ham}) \cdot P(\text{hurry}|\text{ham})$$

$$P(\text{ham}|\text{“free reward hurry”}) = \frac{4}{6} \cdot \frac{2}{25} \cdot \frac{3}{25} \cdot \frac{1}{25} = \frac{4}{15625} = \mathbf{0.000256}$$

$$P(\text{spam}|\text{“free reward hurry”}) = P(\text{spam}) \cdot P(\text{free}|\text{spam}) \cdot P(\text{reward}|\text{spam}) \cdot P(\text{hurry}|\text{spam})$$

$$P(\text{spam}|\text{“free reward hurry”}) = \frac{2}{6} \cdot \frac{2}{17} \cdot \frac{2}{17} \cdot \frac{3}{17} = \frac{4}{4913} = \mathbf{0.000814}$$

$$P(\text{ham} | \text{“free reward hurry”}) < P(\text{spam} | \text{“free reward hurry”})$$

\Rightarrow **“free reward hurry” is more likely a spam message.**

- d) Decide if the following message is spam: “great food reward”

Answer:

$$P(\text{great}|\text{Ham}) = \frac{3+1}{16+9} = \frac{4}{25}; \quad P(\text{great}|\text{Spam}) = \frac{1+1}{8+9} = \frac{2}{17}$$

$$P(\text{food}|\text{Ham}) = \frac{1+1}{16+9} = \frac{2}{25}; \quad P(\text{food}|\text{Spam}) = \frac{0+1}{8+9} = \frac{1}{17}$$

$$P(\text{reward}|\text{Ham}) = \frac{2+1}{16+9} = \frac{3}{25}; \quad P(\text{reward}|\text{Spam}) = \frac{1+1}{8+9} = \frac{2}{17}$$

$$P(\text{ham}|\text{“great food reward”}) = \frac{4}{6} \cdot \frac{4}{25} \cdot \frac{2}{25} \cdot \frac{3}{25} = \frac{16}{15625} = \mathbf{0.001024}$$

$$P(\text{spam}|\text{“great food reward”}) = \frac{2}{6} \cdot \frac{2}{17} \cdot \frac{1}{17} \cdot \frac{2}{17} = \frac{14}{14739} = \mathbf{0.00027}$$

$$P(\text{ham} | \text{“great food reward”}) > P(\text{spam} | \text{“great food reward”})$$

⇒ “great food reward” should not be a spam message.

Problem 3) Cosine similarity (16 pts.)

Based on the same training data as in Problem-1, answer the following questions: (Please sort the features in alphabetical order from ‘a’ to ‘z’)

- a) Build the vector representation for the class “Ham”

Answer:

Vectors representation for class “Ham”:

	DOC-1	DOC-2	DOC-3	DOC-4
congratulation	0	0	1	0
enjoy	1	1	0	0
experience	1	1	0	1
food	1	0	0	0
free	0	1	0	0
great	1	0	1	1
hurry	0	0	0	0
reward	0	0	1	1
vocation	0	1	1	1

Summation of all vectors in class “Ham” produce a resultant vector representing class “Ham”:

$$\vec{v}_{ham} = [\vec{D}_1, \vec{D}_2, \vec{D}_3, \vec{D}_4] \rightarrow \sum \vec{v}_{ham} = (1, 2, 3, 1, 1, 3, 0, 2, 3)$$

- b) Build the vector representation for the class “Spam”

Answer:

Vectors representation for class “Spam”:

	DOC-5	DOC-6
congratulation	1	0
enjoy	0	0
experience	0	1
food	0	0
free	0	1
great	1	0
hurry	1	1
reward	1	0
vocation	0	1

Summation of all vectors in class “Spam” produce a resultant vector representing class “Spam”:

$$\vec{v}_{spam} = [\vec{D}_5, \vec{D}_6] \rightarrow \sum \vec{v}_{spam} = (1,0,1,0,1,1,2,1,1)$$

- c) Build the vector representation for the test document: “free reward hurry”, and calculate its Cosine similarities to both the ham and spam classes.

Answer:

Vector representation of Q1 = “free reward hurry”:

Query 1: (free reward hurry)	
congratulation	0
enjoy	0
experience	0
food	0
free	1
great	0
hurry	1
reward	1
vocation	0

$$q1 = (0,0,0,0,1,0,1,1,0)$$

Using Cosine Similarity Formula

$$\text{cosine}(d_i, q) = \frac{d \cdot q}{\|d_i\| * \|q\|}$$

$$\text{cosine}(\text{ham}, q1) = 0.281$$

$$\text{cosine}(\text{spam}, q1) = 0.730$$

Since $\text{cosine}(\text{spam}, q1) > \text{cosine}(\text{ham}, q1)$, therefore Q1=“free reward hurry” is more likely a spam message.

- d) Build the vector representation for the test document: “great food reward”, and calculate its Cosine similarities to both the ham and spam classes.

Answer:

Vector representation of Q2 = “great food reward”:

Query 2: (great food reward)	
congratulation	0
enjoy	0
experience	0
food	1
free	0

great	1
hurry	0
reward	1
vocation	0

$q_2 = (0,0,0,1,0,1,0,1,0)$

Using Cosine Similarity Formula

$$\text{cosine}(d_i, q) = \frac{d \cdot q}{\|d_i\| * \|q\|}$$

$\text{cosine}(\text{ham}, q_2) = 0.562$

$\text{cosine}(\text{spam}, q_2) = 0.365$

Since $\text{cosine}(\text{ham}, q_2) > \text{cosine}(\text{spam}, q_2)$, therefore $Q_2 = \text{"great food reward"}$ is more likely a ham message.

Problem 4) Tf-Idf transform (24 pts.)

Based on the same training set as in Problem-1, construct the Tf-Idf transform either manually or using Sklearn. Answer the following questions: (Please sort the features in alphabetical order from 'a' to 'z')

- a) What is the bag of words representation of the 6 training documents after Tf-Idf transform?

Answer:

We will re-use the document term matrix in previous Problem 2:

DOC-ID	congratulation	enjoy	experience	food	free	great	hurry	reward	vocation
1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0
2	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1
3	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
4	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1
5	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0
6	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1

Calculate TF table:

Since the maximum frequency of each term in each document is 1 (i.e. no duplicated word in each document), we can re-use the above table as the term frequency table.

Calculate IDF table:

$$\text{idf}_i = \log_2 \frac{\text{Total_no_of_documents}}{\text{Number_of_documents_containing_term_i}}$$

The total number of document $N = 6$. Therefore the idf values for all terms are:

congratulation	$= \log_2(6/2)$	1.5850
enjoy	$= \log_2(6/2)$	1.5850
experience	$= \log_2(6/4)$	0.5850
food	$= \log_2(6/1)$	2.5850
free	$= \log_2(6/2)$	1.5850
great	$= \log_2(6/4)$	0.5850
hurry	$= \log_2(6/2)$	1.5850
reward	$= \log_2(6/3)$	1.0000
vocation	$= \log_2(6/4)$	0.5850

Multiply tf and the idf score of each term, we have the TF-IDF matrix below:

	congratulation	enjoy	experience	food	free	great	hurry	reward	vocation
DOC-1	0.000	1.585	0.585	2.585	0.000	0.585	0.000	0.000	0.000
DOC-2	0.000	1.585	0.585	0.000	1.585	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.585
DOC-3	1.585	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.585	0.000	1.000	0.585
DOC-4	0.000	0.000	0.585	0.000	0.000	0.585	0.000	1.000	0.585
DOC-5	1.585	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.585	1.585	1.000	0.000
DOC-6	0.000	0.000	0.585	0.000	1.585	0.000	1.585	0.000	0.585

- b) Calculate Cosine similarities of the test document “free reward hurry” to the two classes “Ham” and “Spam” using Tf-Idf weights.

Answer:

Vectors representation of class “Ham” and “Spam” based on the summation of {D1,D2,D3,D4} and {D5,D6} on TF-IDF matrix:

	HAM	SPAM
CONGRATULATION	1.585	1.585
ENJOY	3.170	0.000
EXPERIENCE	1.755	0.585
FOOD	2.585	0.000
FREE	1.585	1.585
GREAT	1.755	0.585
HURRY	0.000	3.170
REWARD	2.000	1.000
VOCATION	1.755	0.585

$c\text{-ham}_{\text{TF-IDF-ed}} = (1.585, 3.170, 1.755, 2.585, 1.585, 1.755, 0, 2, 1.755)$

$c\text{-spam}_{\text{TF-IDF-ed}} = (1.585, 0, 0.585, 0, 1.585, 0.585, 3.170, 1, 0.585)$

$Q1 = \text{“free reward hurry”}, q1 = (0,0,0,0,1,0,1,1,0)$

cosine(ham, q1) = 0.350
 cosine(spam, q1) = 0.804

Since cosine(spam,q1) > cosine(ham,q1), therefore Q1="free reward hurry" is more likely a spam message.

- c) Calculate Cosine similarities of the test document "great food reward" to the two classes "Ham" and "Spam" using Tf-Idf weights

Answer:

c-ham_{TF-IDF-ed} = (1.585, 3.170, 1.755, 2.585, 1.585, 1.755, 0, 2, 1.755)

c-spam_{TF-IDF-ed} = (1.585, 0, 0.585, 0, 1.585, 0.585, 3.170, 1, 0.585)

q2 = (0,0,0,1,0,1,0,1,0)

cosine(ham, q2) = 0.619
 cosine(spam, q2) = 0.221

Since cosine(ham,q2) > cosine(spam,q2), therefore Q2="great food reward" is more likely a ham message.

Problem 5) Rocchio Text Classifier (30 pts.)

Using the training data in Problem-1, find the centroids for the "spam" and "ham" classes of the Rocchio Text Classifier as discussed in the class. Recall that the Rocchio classifier computes the centroid C_i for each class i from relevant and irrelevant documents as follows:

$$\mathbf{c}_i = \frac{\alpha}{|D_i|} \sum_{\mathbf{d} \in D_i} \frac{\mathbf{d}}{\|\mathbf{d}\|} - \frac{\beta}{|D - D_i|} \sum_{\mathbf{d} \in D - D_i} \frac{\mathbf{d}}{\|\mathbf{d}\|}$$

For the current problem, make the following assumptions:

- (a) Tf-IDF weight is NOT used.
- (b) The weights $\alpha = 1$ and $\beta = 0.5$.

Answer:

Term frequency matrix

1	2	3	4	5	6
Ham	Ham	Ham	Ham	Spam	Spam
0	0	1	0	1	0
1	1	0	0	0	0
1	1	0	1	0	1
1	0	0	0	0	0
0	1	0	0	0	1

1	0	1	1	1	0
0	0	0	0	1	1
0	0	1	1	1	0
0	1	1	1	0	1

$$\vec{v}_{ham} = [\vec{D}_1, \vec{D}_2, \vec{D}_3, \vec{D}_4] \rightarrow \sum \vec{v}_{ham} = (1, 2, 3, 1, 1, 3, 0, 2, 3)$$

$$\vec{v}_{spam} = [\vec{D}_5, \vec{D}_6] \rightarrow \sum \vec{v}_{spam} = (1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 2, 1, 1)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{c}_{ham} &= \frac{1}{4} * \frac{(1, 2, 3, 1, 1, 3, 0, 2, 3)}{2} - \frac{0.5}{2} * \frac{(1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 2, 1, 1)}{2} \\ &= (0., 0.25, 0.25, 0.125, 0., 0.25, -0.25, 0.125, 0.25) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{c}_{spam} &= \frac{1}{2} * \frac{(1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 2, 1, 1)}{2} - \frac{0.5}{4} * \frac{(1, 2, 3, 1, 1, 3, 0, 2, 3)}{2} \\ &= (0.1875, -0.125, 0.0625, -0.0625, 0.1875, 0.0625, 0.5, 0.125, 0.0625) \end{aligned}$$