Homework #5

Assign date: 2015-08-02

Due date: 2015-08-10, 6pm

Submission:

1. Please submit your results <u>in email</u> to the grader: <u>130301039@svuca.edu</u> Chi Zhang

- 2. Please separate the written answers from the python code: you should submit 1 file in your email cs596-29-hw5_yourID#.doc
- 3. 30 pts per day will be deducted for late submission

Problem 1) Boolean Model (10 pts.)

We are given 6 documents with labels "ham" and "spam" as below. Answer the following questions about Boolean model text retrieval:

- a) If the query is "great OR free NOT hurry", which documents will be retrieved?
- b) If the query is "vocation OR food AND experience", which documents will be retrieved?

ID	Document	Class
1	Enjoy great food experience	Ham
2	Enjoy free vocation experience	Ham
3	Congratulation great vocation reward	Ham
4	Reward great vocation experience	Ham
5	Congratulation great reward hurry	Spam
6	Experience free vocation hurry	Spam

Answers:

- a) 1, 2, 3, 4
- b) 1, 2, 4, 6

Problem 2) Naïve Bayes spam filter (20 pts.)

We are building a Naïve Bayes classifier based spam filter using the same training data as in Problem-1. Please answer the following questions.

- a) First build the vocabulary set from the training data.
- b) Build "bag of words" representation for the training set. Please sort the words in alphabetical order from 'a' to 'z'.
- c) Apply the NB classifier to decide if the following message is spam: "free reward hurry"
- d) Decide if the following message is spam: "great food reward"

Answers:

a) Vocabulary

[Enjoy great food experience free vocation Congratulation reward hurry]

b) Bag of words

	Congratulation	Enjoy	experience	food	free	great	hurry	reward	vocation
1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0
2	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1
3	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
4	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1
5	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0
6	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1

P(ham) = 2/3, P(spam) = 1/3,

 $P(\text{free} \mid \text{ham}) = (1+1)/(16+9), P(\text{free} \mid \text{spam}) = (1+1)/(8+9)$

 $P(reward \mid ham) = (2+1)/(16+9), P(reward \mid spam) = (1+1)/(8+9)$

 $P(hurry \mid ham) = (0+1)/(16+9), P(hurry \mid spam) = (2+1)/(8+9)$

 $P(\text{great} \mid \text{ham}) = (3+1)/(16+9), P(\text{great} \mid \text{spam}) = (1+1)/(8+9)$

 $P(\text{food} \mid \text{ham}) = (1+1)/(16+9), P(\text{food} \mid \text{spam}) = (0+1)/(8+9)$

- c) P(ham | free reward hurry) = 2/3 * 2/25 * 3/25 * 1/25 = 4/(25*25*25)P(spam | free reward hurry) = 1/3 * 2/17 * 2/17 * 3/17 = 4/(17*17*17)"free reward hurry" is a spam
- d) P(ham | great food reward) = 2/3 * 4/25 * 2/25 * 3/25 = 16/(25*25*25) = 0.001P(spam | great food reward) = 1/3 * 2/17 * 1/17 * 2/17 = 4/(3*17*17*17) = 0.00027"free reward hurry" is not a spam

Problem 3) Cosine similarity (16 pts.)

Based on the same training data as in Problem-1, answer the following questions: (Please sort the features in alphabetical order from 'a' to 'z')

- a) Build the vector representation for the class "Ham"
- b) Build the vector representation for the class "Spam"
- c) Build the vector representation for the test document: "free reward hurry", and calculate its Cosine similarities to both the ham and spam classes.
- d) Build the vector representation for the test document: "great food reward", and calculate its Cosine similarities to both the ham and spam classes.

Answers:

a) Vector representation for ham class: [1 2 3 1 1 3 0 2 3]

- b) Vector representation for spam class: [1 0 1 0 1 1 2 1 1]
- c) Vector representation for "free reward hurry": [0 0 0 0 1 0 1 1 0]
 - a. Cosine similarity with ham = 0.281
 - b. Cosine similarity with spam = 0.73
- d) Vector representation for "free reward hurry": [0 0 0 0 1 0 1 1 0]
 - a. Cosine similarity with ham = 0.562
 - b. Cosine similarity with spam = 0.365

Problem 4) Tf-Idf transform (24 pts.)

Based on the same training set as in Problem-1, construct the Tf-Idf transform either manually or using Sklearn. Answer the following questions: (Please sort the features in alphabetical order from 'a' to 'z')

- a) What is the bag of words representation of the 6 training documents after Tf-Idf transform?
- b) Calculate Cosine similarities of the test document "free reward hurry" to the two classes "Ham" and "Spam" using Tf-Idf weights.
- c) Calculate Cosine similarities of the test document "great food reward" to the two classes "Ham" and "Spam" using Tf-Idf weights

Answers:

TF-IDF for ham+spam:

a) TF-IDF for corpus:

```
0.5762 0.4099 0.5762 0.
[[ 0.
                                 0.4099 0.
                                              0.
                                                   0. 1
[ 0.
      0.6301 0.4483 0.
                          0.4483 0.
                                      0.
                                           0.
                                                0.4483]
[0.5]
       0.
            0.
                 0.
                      0.
                           0.5
                                 0.
                                      0.5
                                           0.5
[ 0.
      0.
           0.5
                 0.
                      0.
                           0.5
                                 0.
                                      0.5
                                           0.5
[ 0.4483 0.
                             0.4483 0.6301 0.4483 0. ]
              0.
                  0.
                        0.
                        0.4483 0.
[ 0.
      0.
            0.4483 0.
                                    0.6301 0.
                                                0.4483]]
```

- b) Cosine similarity for 'free reward hurry'
 - a. Ham = 0.2298
 - b. Spam = 0.8005
- c) Cosine similarity for 'experience great reward'
 - a. Ham = 0.7054
 - b. Spam = 0.4646

Problem 5) Rocchio Text Classifier (30 pts.)

Using the training data in Problem-1, find the centroids for the "spam" and "ham" classes of the Rocchio Text Classifier as discussed in the class. Recall that the Rocchio classifier computes the centroid C_i for each class i from relevant and irrelevant documents as follows:

$$\mathbf{c}_{i} = \frac{\alpha}{|D_{i}|} \sum_{\mathbf{d} \in D_{i}} \frac{\mathbf{d}}{\|\mathbf{d}\|} - \frac{\beta}{|D - D_{i}|} \sum_{\mathbf{d} \in D - D_{i}} \frac{\mathbf{d}}{\|\mathbf{d}\|}$$

For the current problem, make the following assumptions:

- (a) Tf-IDF weight is NOT used.
- (b) The weights $\alpha = 1$ and $\beta = 0.5$.

Answers: