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Topic 7: Vergleich von Wartestrategien (Comparison of different waiting schemes)

Oliver Remy, Max Göttl, Dennis Strähhuber

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Es sind mittels Simulation folgende Strategien zur Organisation von wartenden Kunden zu vergleichen. In einem Bahnhof gibt es zwei Schalter für Fahrkarten. Ist es nun günstiger die wartenden Kunden in eine Warteschlange zu geben und wenn ein Schalter frei ist, wird die am längsten wartenden Kundschaft bedient. Oder ist es besser, wenn jeder Schalter eine eigene Warteschlange besitzt. Im zweiten Fall muss die Kundschaft schon bei Ankunft am Bahnhof sich entscheiden, bei welchem Schalter sie warten will. Wie sieht es aus, wenn mehr als zwei Schalter vorhanden sind? Bei der zweiten Variante kann auch überlegt werden, nach welchen Kriterien von ankommenden Kunden die Warteschlange ausgewählt wird oder auch einen eventuellen Warteschlangenwechsel beachten (wenn eine andere Warteschlange kürzer wird). Vergleichen Sie hier mehrere Strategien.

Scenario 1: One queue for 2 or N machines

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Scenario 2: One queue for each of 2 or N machines

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Scenario 3: One queue for each of 2 or N machines

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Also one queue for each machine, but the last customer of the queue is able to switch to another queue.



Used software and libraries

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- Java 8
-  *DESMO-J*
- <http://desmoj.sourceforge.net/home.html>
-  <http://www.jfree.org/jfreechart/>

Event-driven modelling

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We stucked to the event-driven modelling and came up with the following events and entities:

- Internal events
 - CustomerArrivalEvent
 - CustomerFinishedEvent
- External events
 - NewCustomerEvent
- Entities
 - VendingMachine
 - Customer

Scenario1: events

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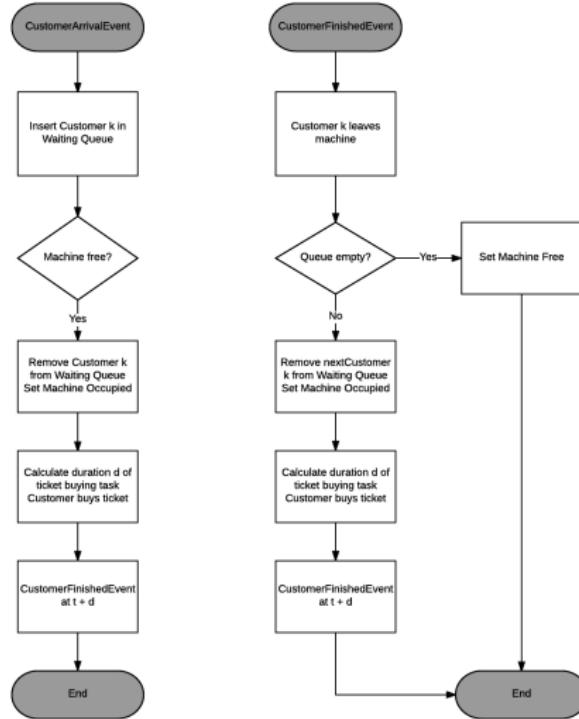
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Scenario2: events

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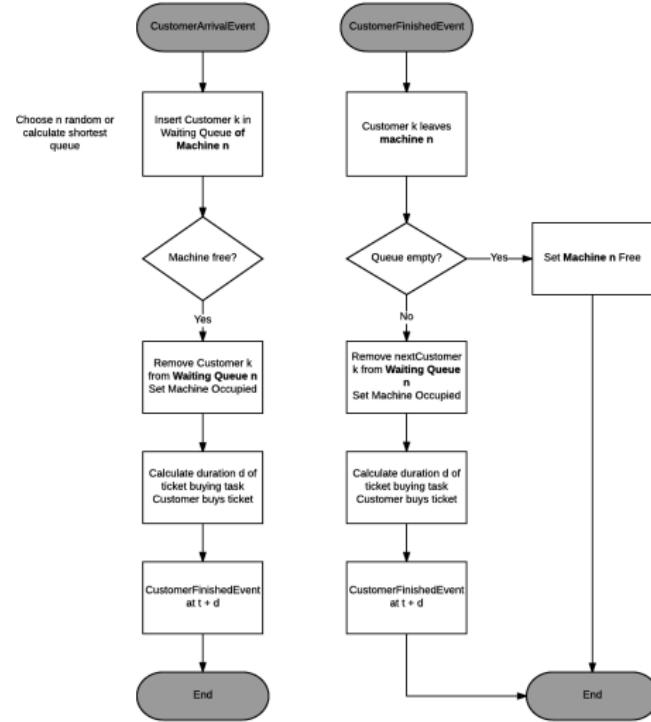
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Scenario3: events

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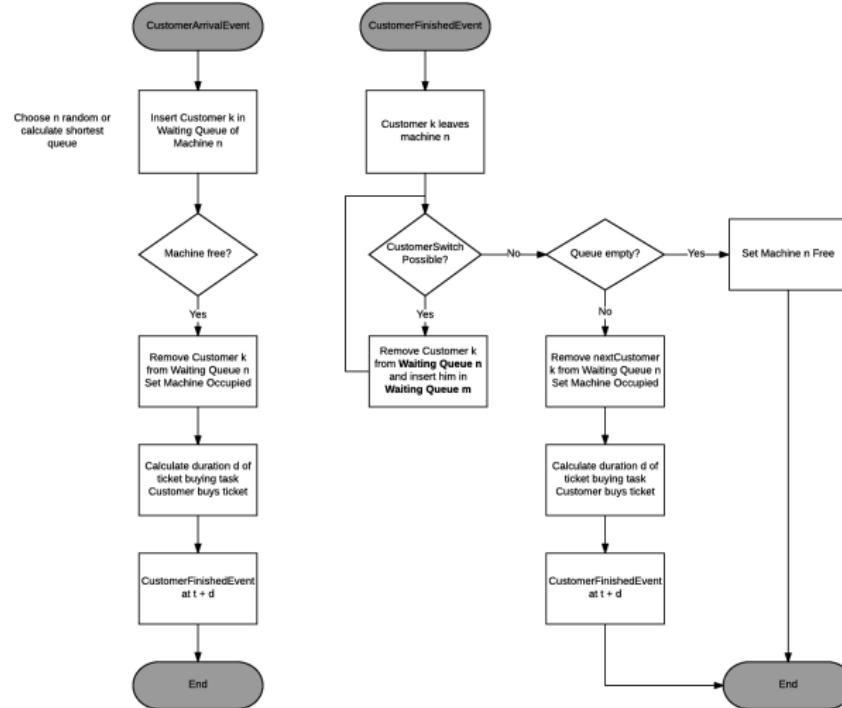
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We set our Distributions to the following values:

- CustomerDurations: Cont Uniform 0.5 - 10.0 Minutes
- ArrivalTimeInterval: Cont Exponential 2.8 Minutes

We tested the 3 experiments with the same seed, but for different runs we took new seeds.

We took the following experiments with 240 Minutes of simulation:

- Analysis of the AVG and MAX duration of each customer in each scenario with differing number of machines
- Assigning the new arriving customers randomly or to the shortest queue in scenario 2 and 3
- We run 15 simulation runs for each Experiment and took the average values

Expectations

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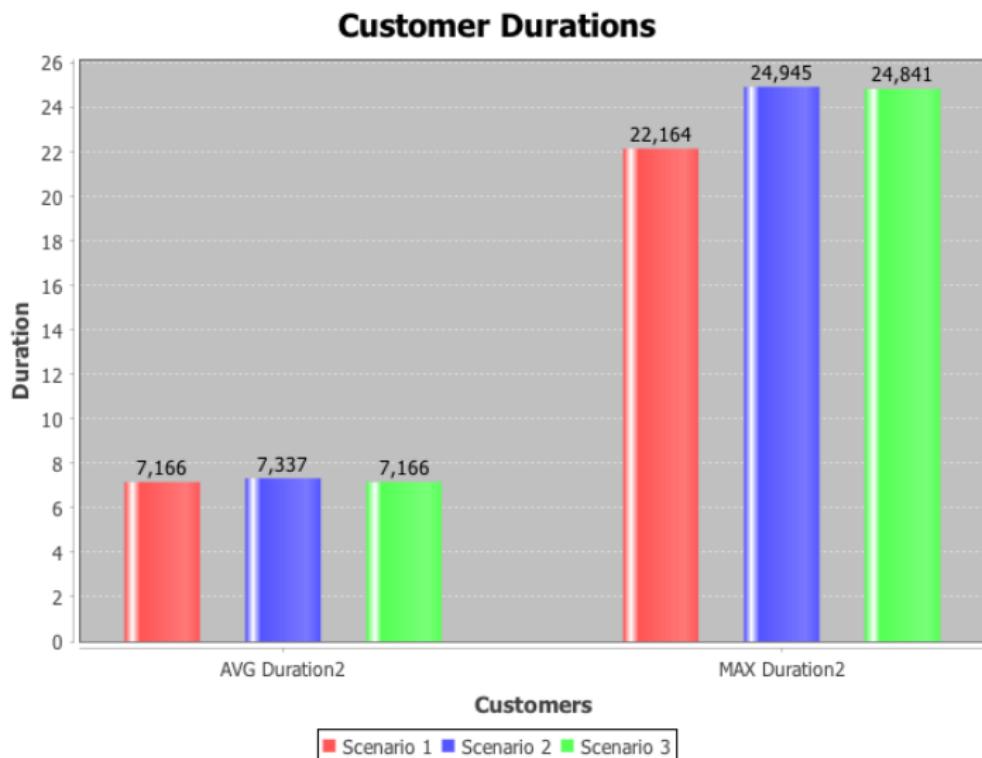
We expected the scenario 1 to be the perfect solution in terms of AVG and MAX duration.

Furthermore we expected the scenario 3 to be as good as scenario 1 when we assign new customers to the shortest queue. Scenario 2 we expected as not that effective.

For the random assignment of new customers we expected that scenario 2 and 3 loose more against scenario 1 as with assigning to the shortest queue.

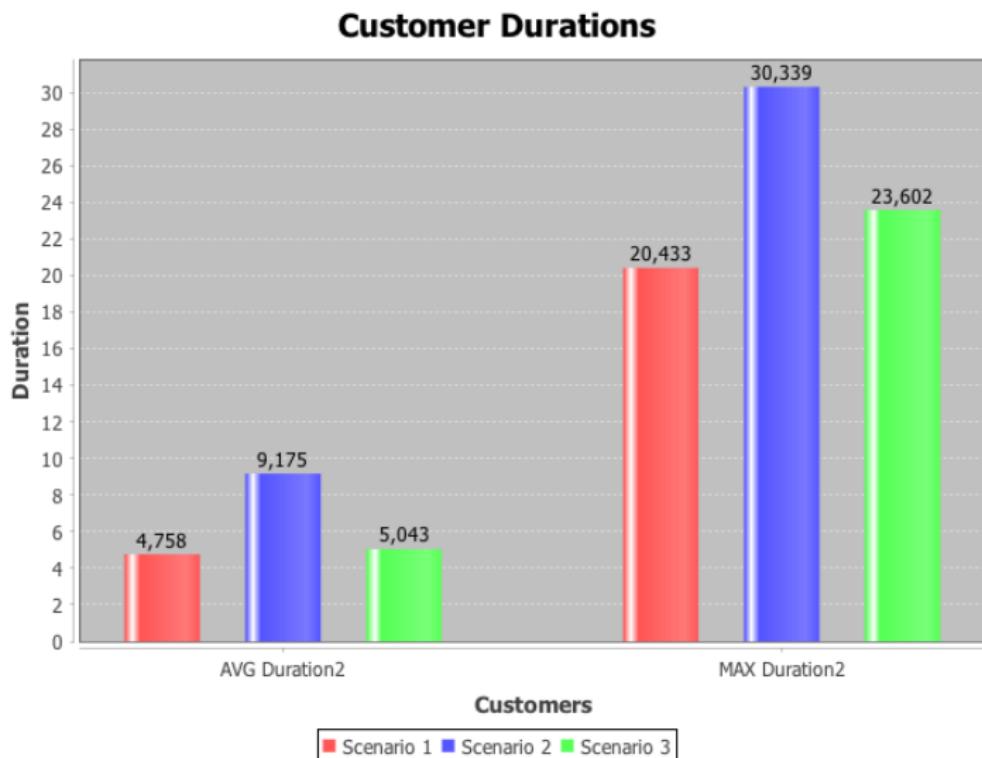
Results shortest queue assignment, 2 machine

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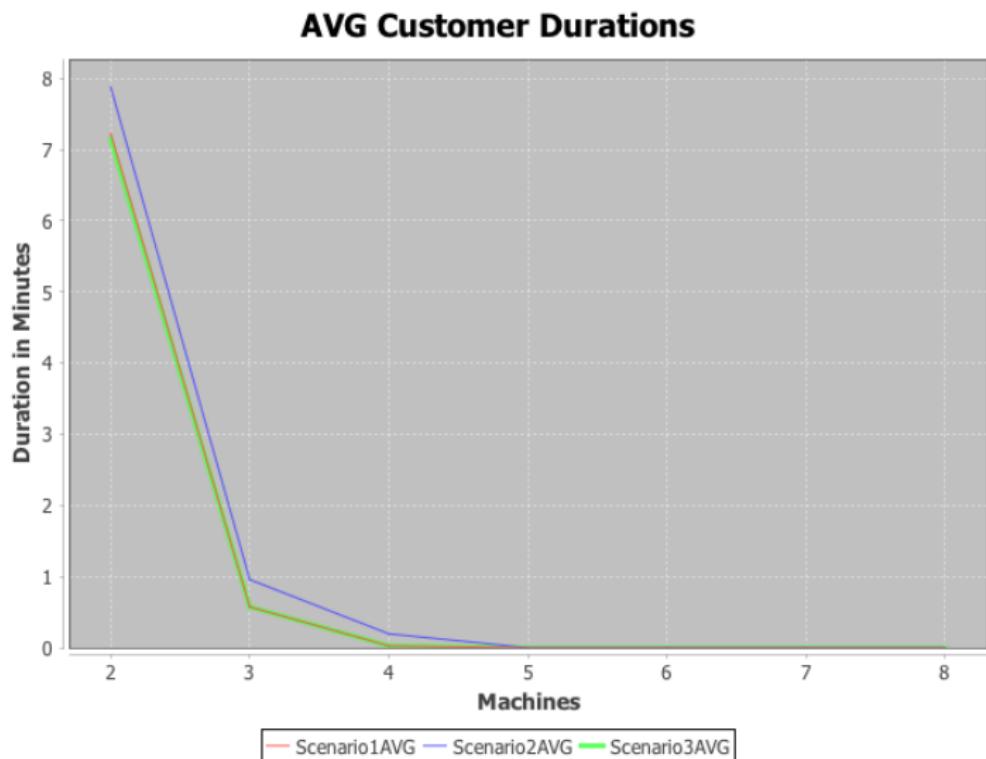
Results random queue assignment, 2 machines

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Results shortest queue assignment, varying machine

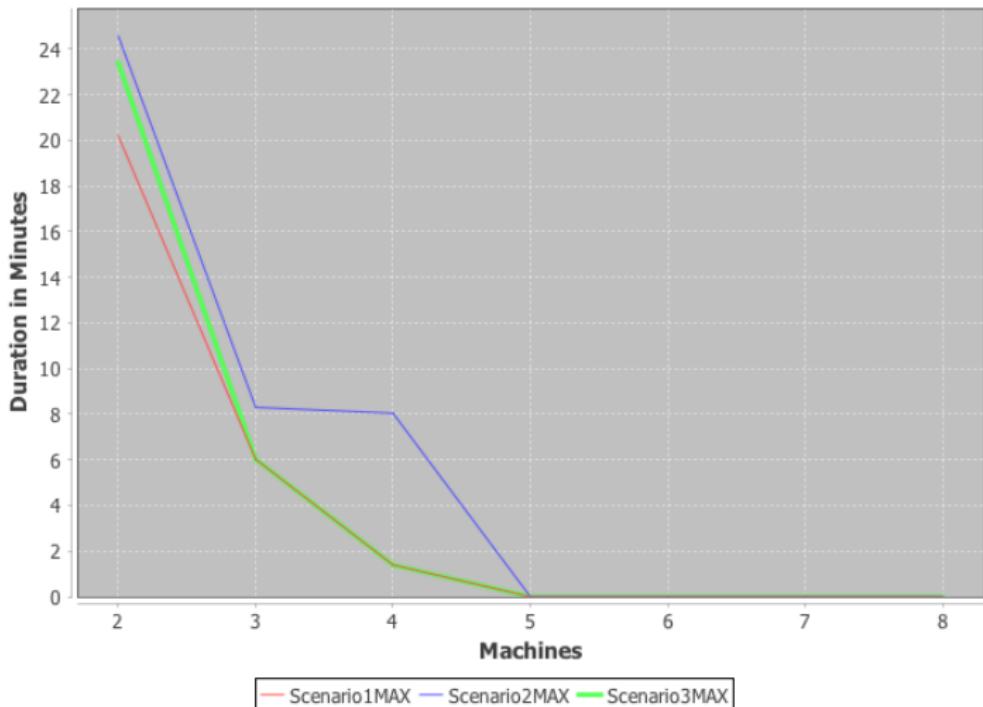
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Results shortest queue assignment, varying machine

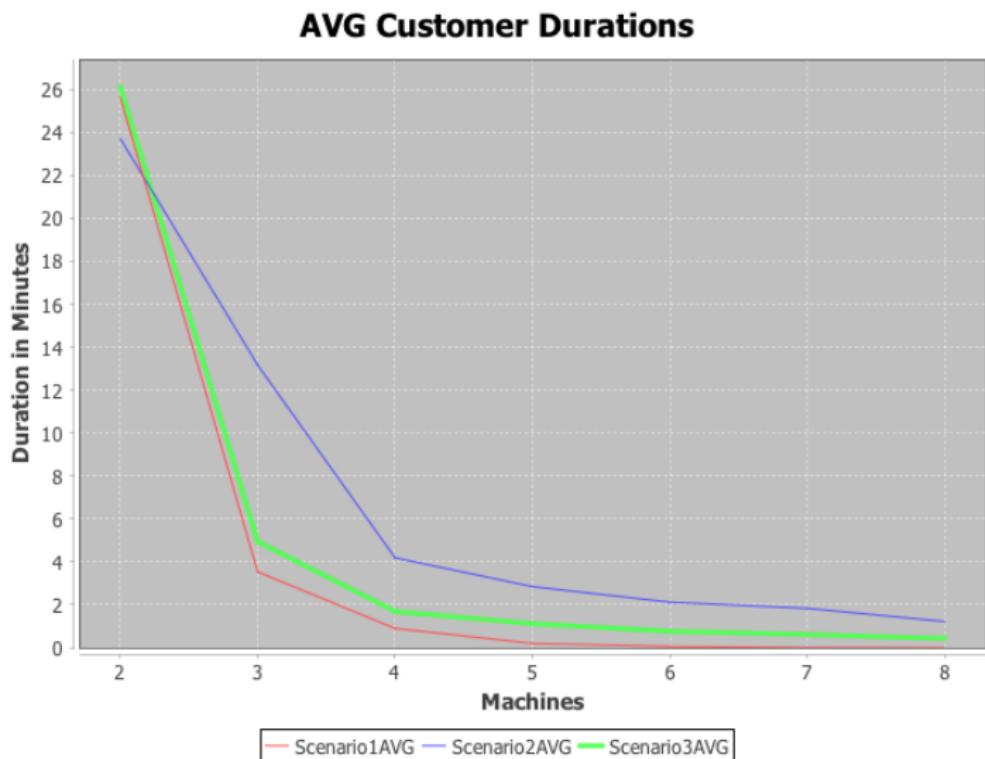
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MAX Customer Duration



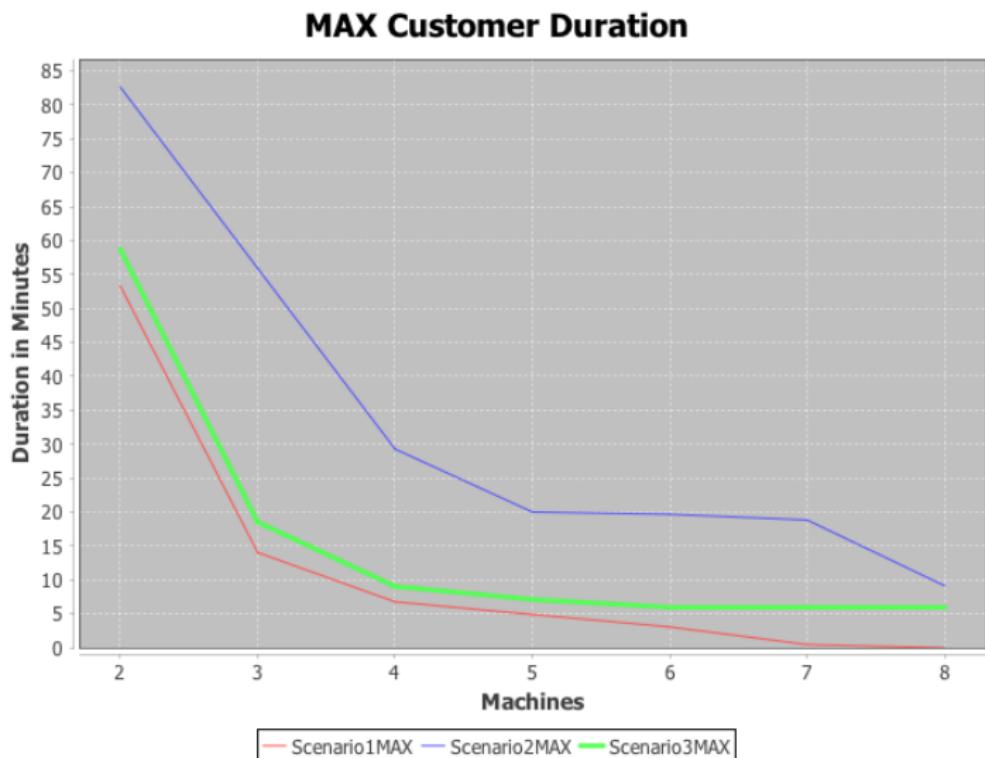
Results random queue assignment, varying machine

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Results random queue assignment, varying machine

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So the results were quite as expected.

Furthermore Scenario1 may be the fastest, but in real conditions with more machines it may be hard to manage. And we usually build queues behind each machine.

End

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Are there any questions?
Thanks for your attention.