



Placement Empowerment Program Cloud Computing and DevOps Centre

Set Up IAM Roles and Permissions: Create an IAM role on your cloud platform. Assign the role to your VM to restrict/allow specific actions.

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Introduction

This Proof of Concept (PoC) demonstrates the process of setting up and utilizing IAM roles and permissions in AWS. The goal is to show how to secure AWS resources by managing access through roles rather than hardcoding credentials. Specifically, this PoC focuses on creating an IAM role, assigning it to an EC2 instance, and verifying the instance's access to AWS services such as Amazon S3.

Overview

The process is divided into several key steps:

- 1. Create an IAM Role: Define a role in AWS IAM and attach policies that grant permissions for specific AWS services.
- **2. Launch an EC2 Instance**: Create a virtual machine (VM) in AWS and configure it for testing the assigned IAM role.
- **3.** Assign the IAM Role to the EC2 Instance: Attach the created IAM role to the EC2 instance to enable access to AWS services without using access keys.
- **4. Verify Access**: Test the EC2 instance to confirm that it has the appropriate permissions by interacting with services like Amazon S3.

Objectives

This PoC aims to achieve the following objectives:

1. Secure Access: Implement IAM roles to grant temporary permissions to AWS resources without embedding credentials.

- 2. Demonstrate Role-Based Permissions: Show how roles can restrict or allow actions based on attached policies.
- **3. Test Least Privilege Principle**: Ensure that the EC2 instance only has the permissions it needs to perform specific tasks. **4. Hands-On Learning**: Provide practical experience with IAM roles and their applications in a cloud environment.

Importance

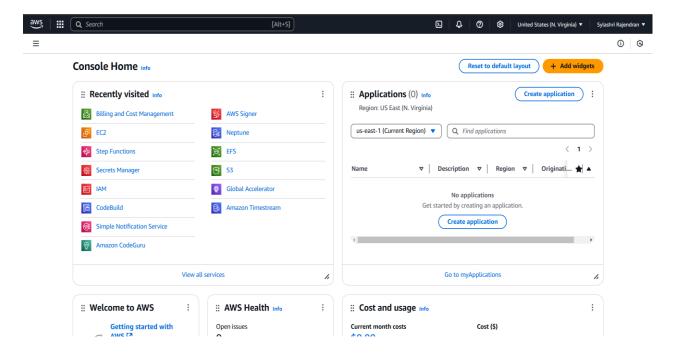
IAM roles and permissions are fundamental to securing cloud environments. They allow for fine-grained access control and improve operational efficiency by:

- 1. Eliminating Hardcoded Credentials: Reducing security risks by avoiding the storage of access keys in applications or instances.
- 2. Granting Least Privilege Access: Ensuring users and resources only have the permissions they require, minimizing potential misuse.
- **3. Improving Compliance**: Enforcing organizational policies and audit requirements.
- **4. Enhancing Automation**: Allowing resources like EC2 instances to securely interact with other AWS services.

Step-by-Step Overview

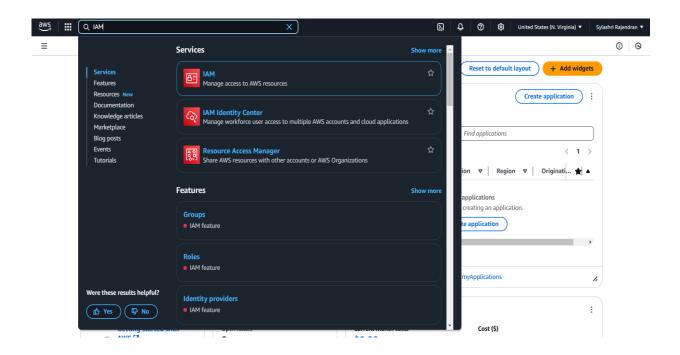
Step 1:

- 1. Go to AWS Management Console.
- 2. Enter your username and password to log in.



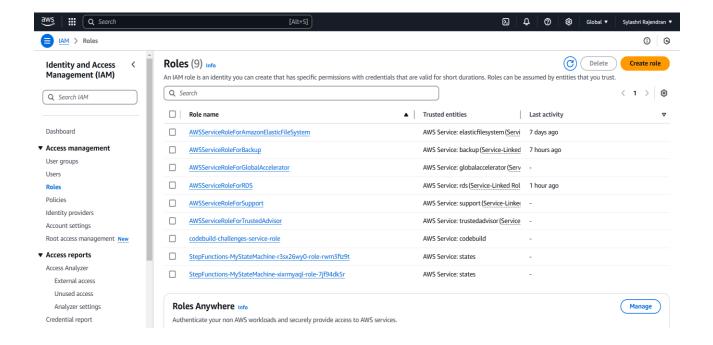
Step 2:

- 1. In the AWS Management Console, type "IAM" in the search bar at the top.
- 2. Click on **IAM** from the search results.



Step 3:

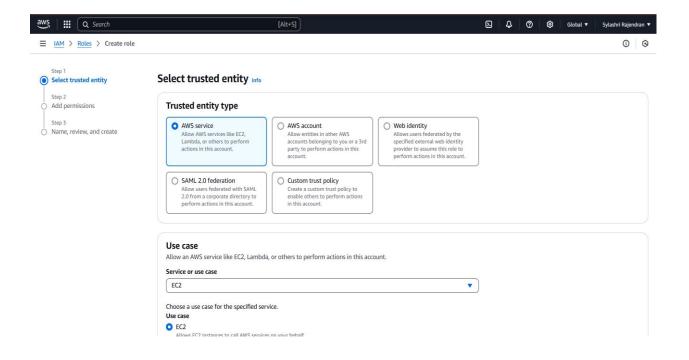
- 1. On the IAM dashboard, click on "Roles" in the left-hand menu.
- 2. On the Roles page, click the "Create Role" button.



Step 4:

- 1. On the "Create Role" page, under Trusted Entity Type, select AWS Service (it should be selected by default).
- 2. In the Use Case dropdown, choose EC2.

Click Next to continue



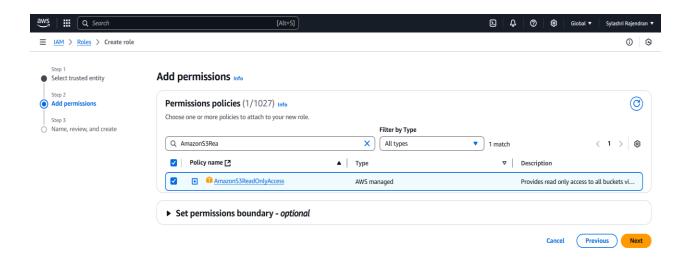
Step 5:

- 1. On the **Permissions** page, you'll see a list of policies.
- 2. Select a policy based on what actions you want the VM to perform. For example:

To give the VM read-only access to S3, select AmazonS3ReadOnlyAccess.

You can search for policies in the search bar (e.g., type "S3" for S3 policies).

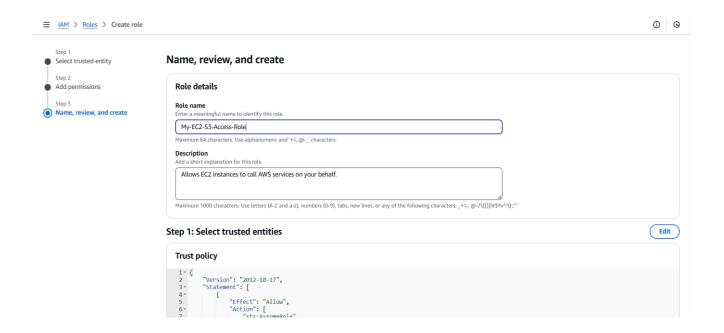
3. Once you've selected a policy, click Next.



Step 6:

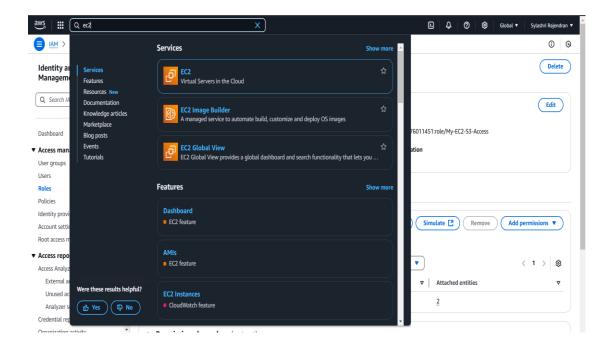
1. On the **Role Details** page:

- Enter a name for your role (e.g., My-EC2-S3-Access-Role).
- (Optional) Add a description or tags if you'd like.
- 2. Click **Create Role** to finish.



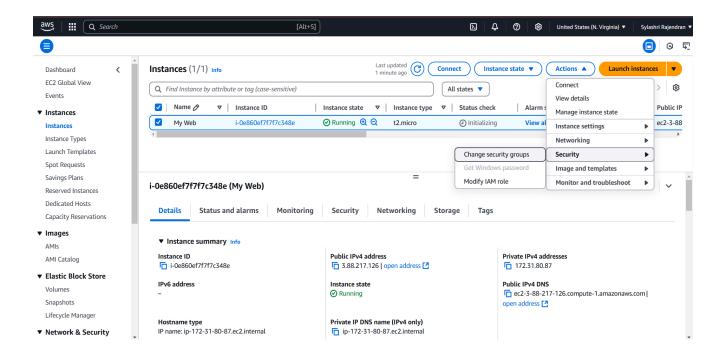
Step 7:

- 1. In the AWS Management Console, search for **EC2** and click to open the **EC2 Dashboard**.
- 2. Select the instance (VM) you want to assign the IAM role to.



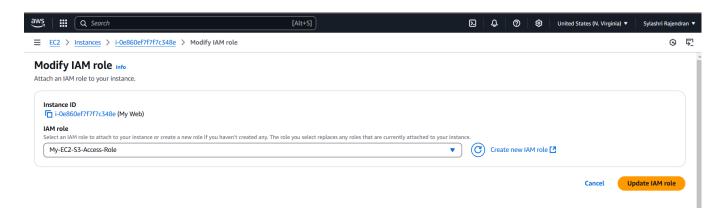
Step 8:

- 1. In the Instance details section, click Actions in the top right corner.
- 2. From the dropdown, choose **Security** > **Modify IAM Role**.



Step 9:

- 1. In the **Modify IAM role** window, you should see a dropdown for **IAM role**.
- 2. Select the role you created earlier (e.g., My-EC2-S3-AccessRole).
- 3. Click **Update IAM role** to apply the changes.



Step 10:

- 1. Open your terminal (if you're using Linux or macOS) or Command Prompt (Windows).
- 2. Use SSH to log in to your EC2 instance. For example:

ssh -i "your-key-pair.pem" ec2-user@your-ec2-public-ip

Step 11:

[ec2-user@ip-172-31-80-54 \sim]\$ aws ec2 describe-regions --query "Regions[*].RegionName"

The error confirms that your IAM role (My-EC2-S3-Access-Role) does not have permissions to perform the **ec2:DescribeRegions** action. The role currently only has S3-related permissions (e.g., AmazonS3ReadOnlyAccess) and doesn't include broader EC2 permissions.

```
Windows PowerShell
Copyright (C) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

Install the latest PowerShell for new features and improvements! https://aka.ms/PSWindows

PS C:\Users\sylas> cd downloads
PS C:\Users\sylas\downloads> ssh -i "cat.pem" ec2-user@ec2-3-88-217-126.compute-1.amazonaws.com
The authenticity of host 'ec2-3-88-217-126.compute-1.amazonaws.com (3.88.217.126)' can't be established.
ED25519 key fingerprint is SHA256.itMynoMcMABGGVUOq4CS+B7Jy2drOSDTZQvSCFV3Pwk.
This key is not known by any other names.
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes
Warning: Permanently added 'ec2-3-88-217-126.compute-1.amazonaws.com' (ED25519) to the list of known hosts.

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Amazon Linux 2023

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An error occurred (UnauthorizedOperation) when calling the DescribeRegions operation: You are not authorized to perform this operation. User: arn:aws:sts::842676611451:assumed-role/My-EC2-53-Access-Role/i-0e360ef7f7f7c348e is not authorized to perform: ec2:DescribeRegions because no identity-based policy allows the ec2:DescribeRegions action
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-80-87 "]$
```

Outcome

By completing this PoC of setting up IAM roles and permissions with an EC2 instance, you will:

- 1. Create an IAM role and attach policies to control access to specific AWS services.
- 2. Launch and configure an EC2 instance for testing purposes.
- 3. Assign the IAM role to the EC2 instance securely without using access keys.
- 4. Verify permissions by interacting with AWS services (e.g., listing S3 buckets) from the EC2 instance.
- 5. Demonstrate the principle of least privilege by ensuring only necessary permissions are granted.