

**1**

## 2

### 2.1

We first construct a weighted directed graph  $H$  from  $G$ . Then we can find maxflow on graph  $H$  to see whether there is a perfect matching in  $G$ .

Firstly, we let all the edges in  $G$  point from  $V_1$  to  $V_2$  in  $H$ , and we assign them a weight of  $+\infty$ .

Then we add a source vertex  $s$  and add an edge with weight 1 from  $s$  to all vertices in  $V_1$ .

Finally we add a sink vertex  $t$  and add an edge with weight 1 from all vertices in  $V_2$  to  $t$ .

Now we have constructed the graph  $H$ , we can run the Network Flow algorithm to find a maxflow of  $H$ . If the maxflow of  $H$ , denoted by  $f$ , turns out to be  $f = |V_1| = |V_2|$ , then there exists a perfect matching in  $G$ . And the perfect matching contains exactly the edges in  $G$  used by us to construct the maxflow of  $H$ .

### 2.2

#### Proof of Necessity:

This part is very straightforward.

Suppose there is a perfect matching  $M$  from  $V_1$  to  $V_2$ . Then for any  $S \subset V_1$ , for every vertex  $v \in S$ , there is an edge in  $M$  connecting  $v$  to a vertex in  $V_2$ . This means that there are at least as many vertices in  $V_2$  that are neighbors of vertices in  $V_1$  as there are vertices in  $V_1$ .

That is to say, for any  $S \subset V_1$ ,  $|N(S)| \geq |S|$ .

#### Proof of Sufficiency:

Following the hint, we would like to prove by showing that the mincut of the graph we construct is exactly  $|V_1|$  (or  $|V_2|$  if you like).

Firstly, any mincut can only contain the edges in  $H$  which are not in  $G$  because we assign edges in  $G$  with a weight of  $+\infty$ .

Then there is a cut with capacity  $|V_1|$  if we make our  $S$ - $T$  cut to be  $S = \{s\}$ , the singleton. So the capacity of mincut of  $H$  is at most  $|V_1|$ .

Suppose there is another minimum  $S$ - $T$  cut where  $S \setminus V_2 = \{s\} \cup (V_1 \setminus V'_1)$  and  $T \setminus V_1 = \{t\} \cup (V_2 \setminus V'_2)$ , since this is a mincut, there are no edges from  $V_1 \setminus V'_1$  to  $V_2 \setminus V'_2$ . This means that all the neighbors of  $V_1 \setminus V'_1$  must be in  $V'_2$ . Then by the property that  $|N(S)| \geq |S|$  for any  $S \subset V_1$ ,  $|V_1 \setminus V'_1| \leq |V'_2|$ .

Finally the capacity of this cut is  $|V'_1| + |V'_2|$ ,  $|V'_1| + |V'_2| \geq |V'_1| + |V_1 \setminus V'_1| = |V_1|$ . This means that the capacity of any  $S$ - $T$  cut is at least  $|V_1|$ . Then by our instance where  $S = \{s\}$ , the mincut is indeed  $|V_1|$ . Finally by the Maxflow-Mincut Theorem, the maxflow of  $H$  equals its mincut  $|V_1|$ , which means that there is a perfect matching in  $G$ .

**3**

## **4 Comments**

**4.1**

**4.2**

**4.3**