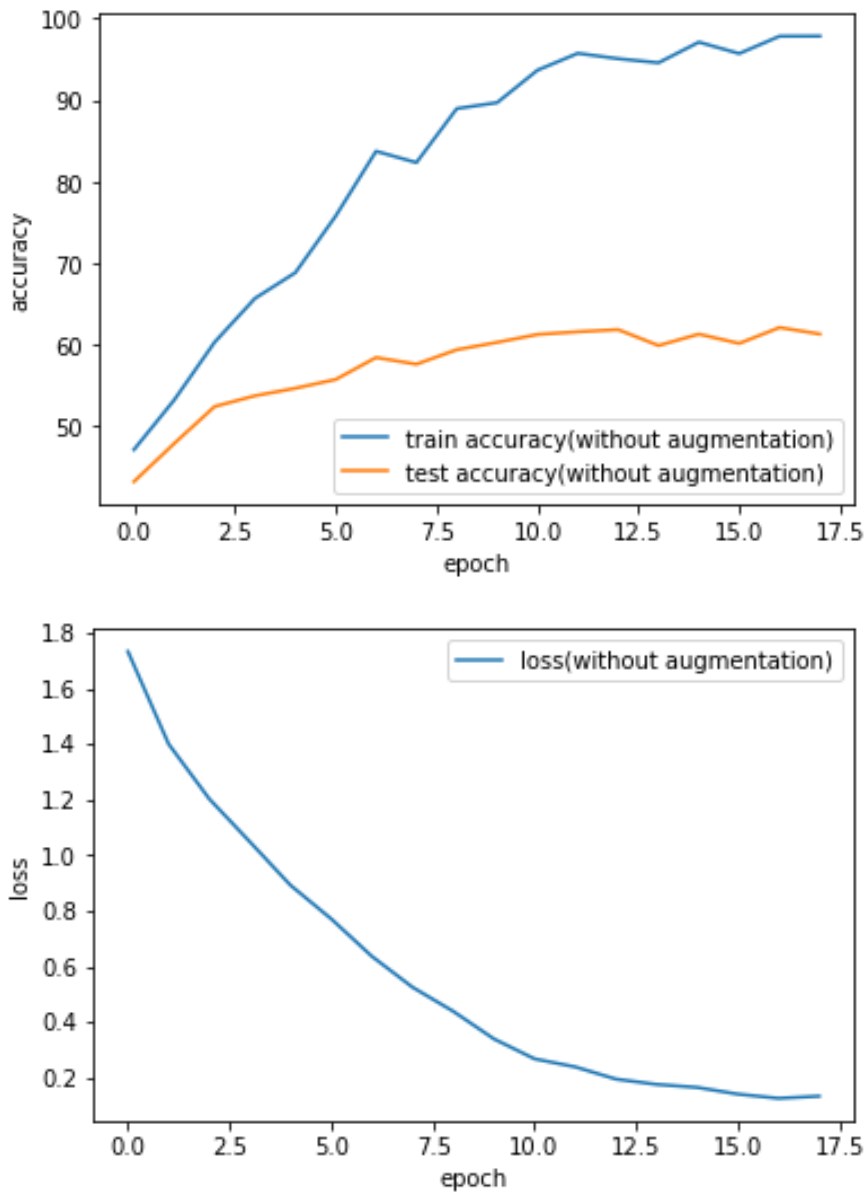


# EE 228 HW#4 - Data Augmentation

Yin\_Yu Chang

I add early stop determination in my code. The model should train 100 epoch. But if the loss stop decrease, the model would stop training.

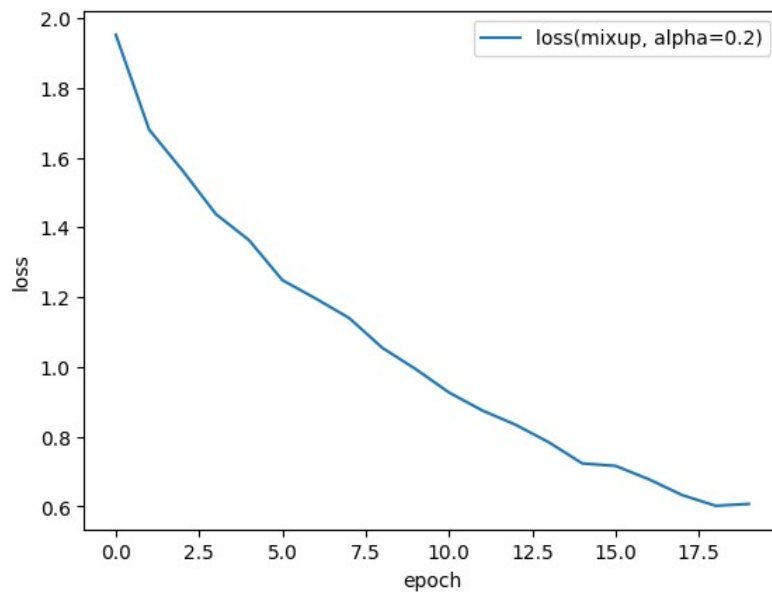
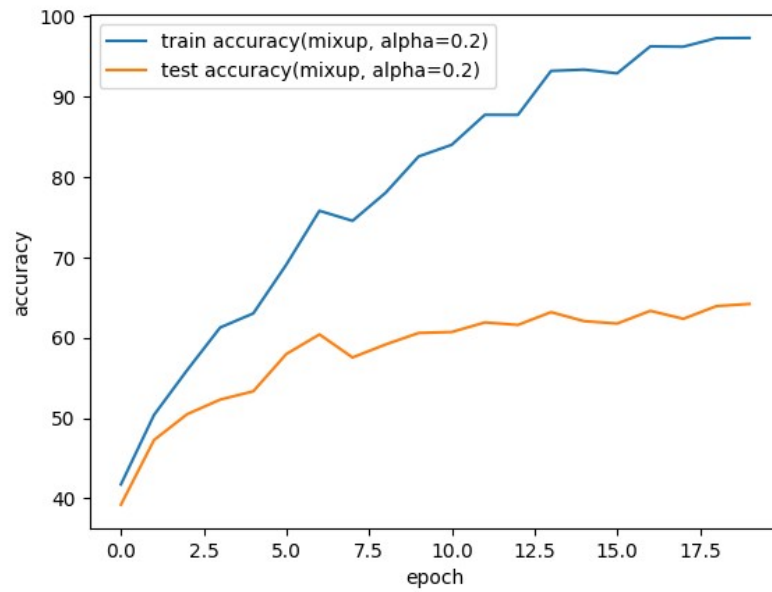
## 1. Without augmentation



Final test accuracy: 61.3

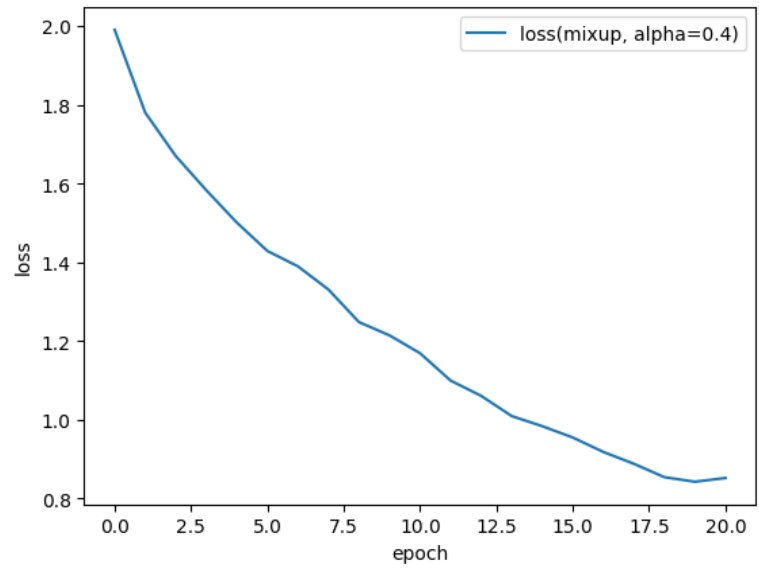
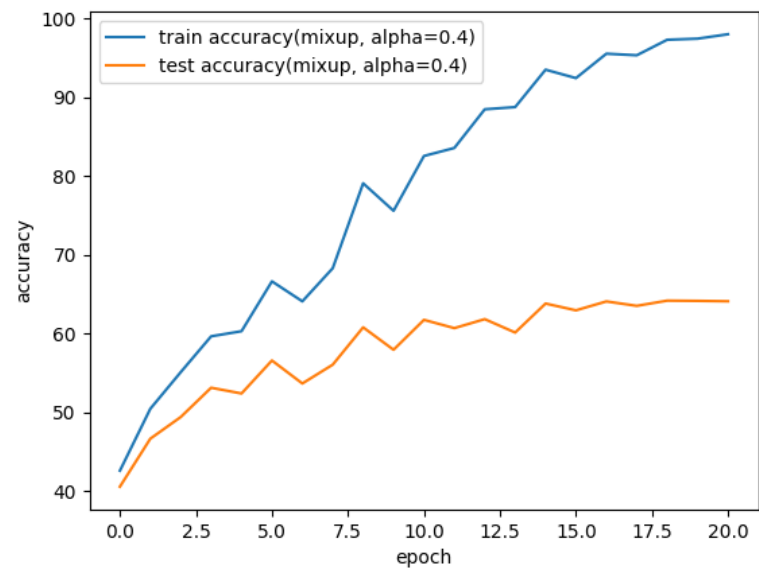
## 2. Mixup

- $\alpha=0.2$



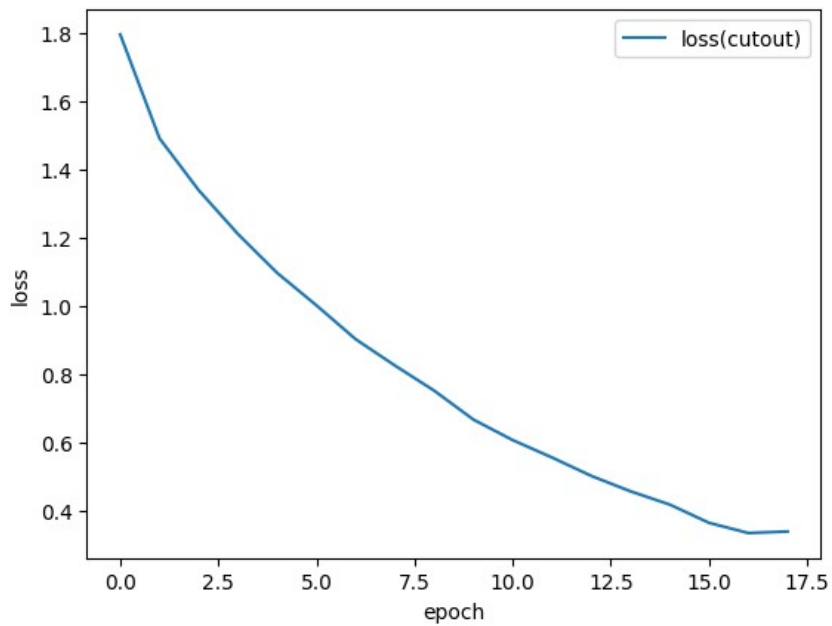
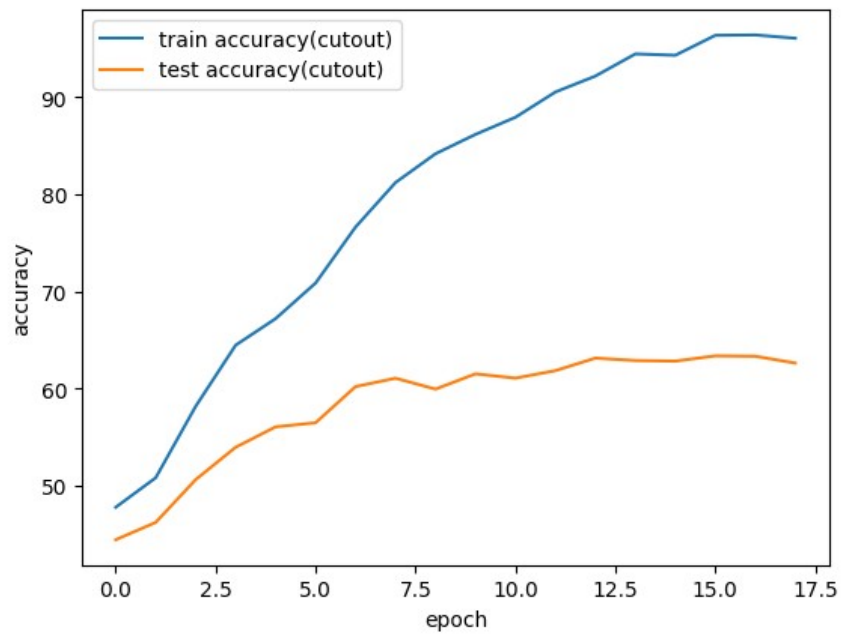
Final test accuracy: 64.19

- $\alpha=0.4$



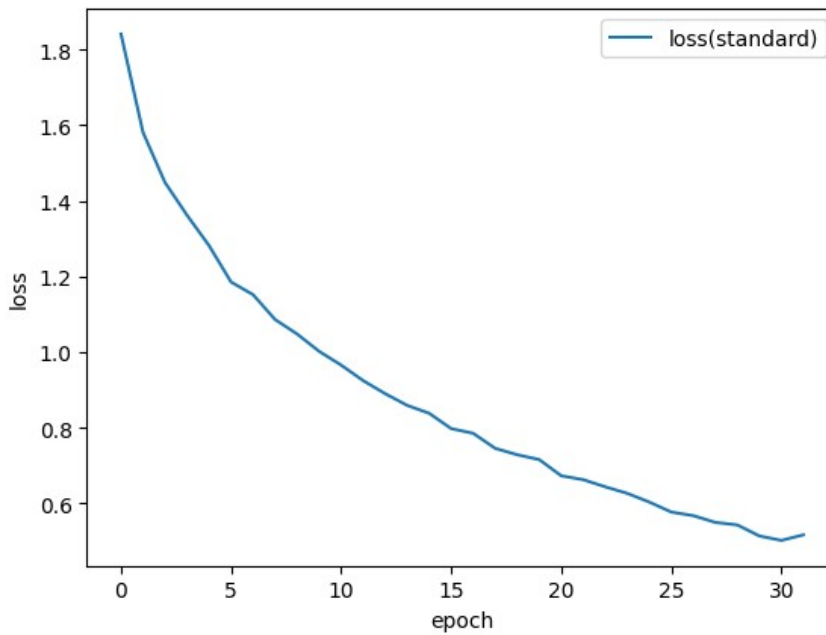
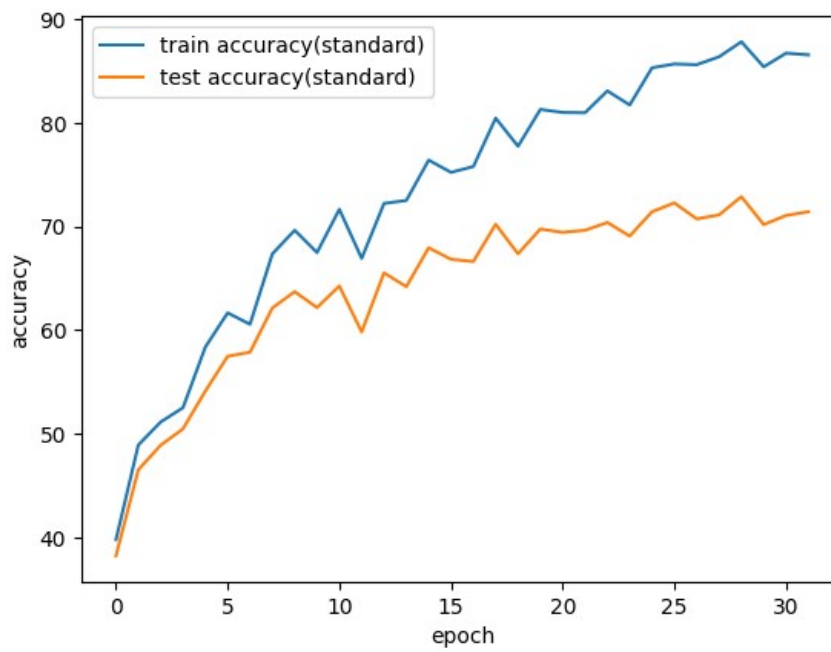
Final test accuracy: 64.17

### 3. Cutout



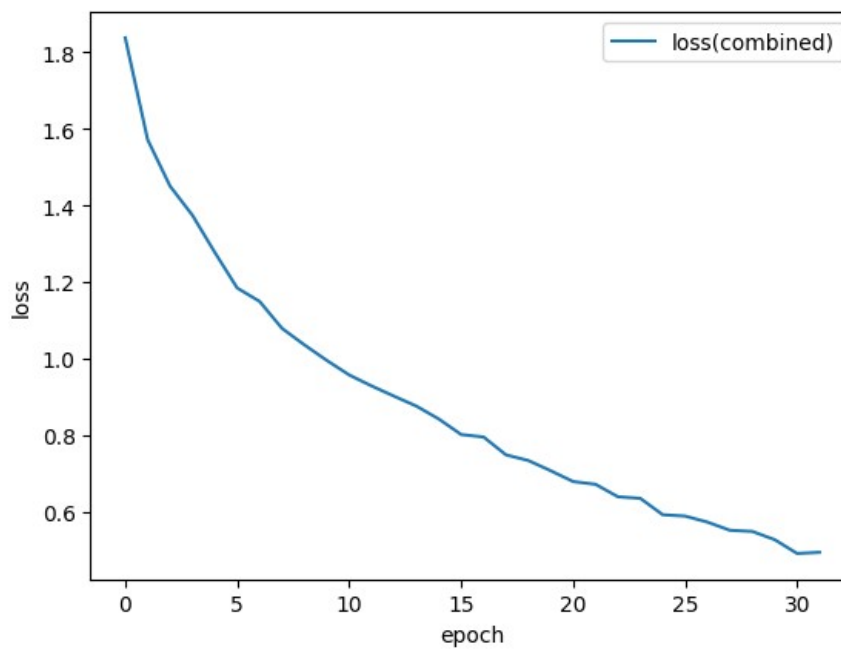
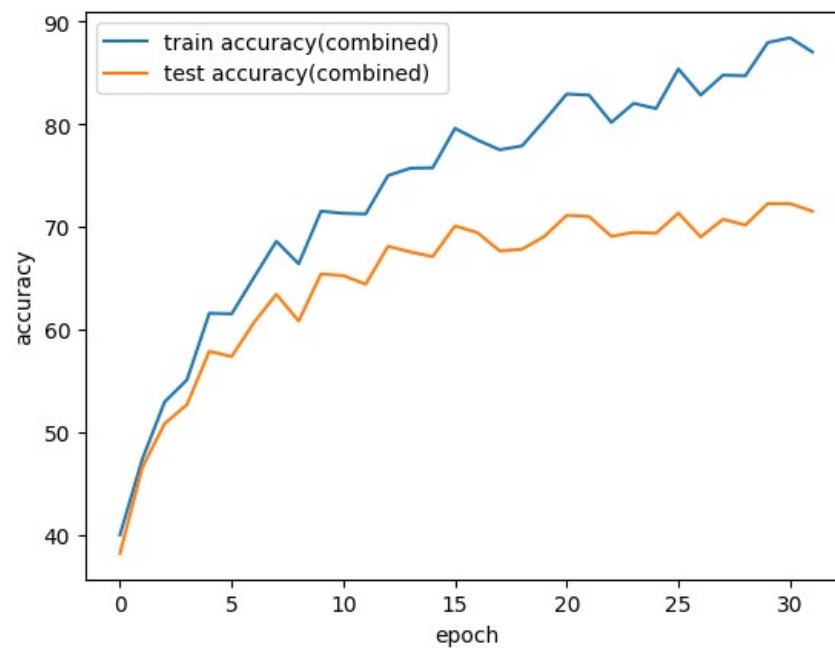
Final test accuracy: 63.36

#### 4. Standard



Final test accuracy: 72.86

## 5. Combine all



Final test accuracy: 72.26

6. Comment on the role of data augmentation. How does it affect test accuracy, train accuracy and the convergence of optimization? Is test accuracy higher? Does training loss converge faster?

Data augmentation expands the training dataset. This helps the model generalize better to unseen data. After augmentation, I got better test accuracy, because the model becomes less sensitive to specific characteristics of the training data, and focuses on more general features. After the augmentation, the training accuracy decreases because the augmentation prevents the model from fitting perfectly to the training data. With data augmentation, it took longer for the training loss to converge. This is because of the increased complexity and variability in the training dataset.