k-point convergence for monolayer 5x5x1 (GGA, ENCUT = 500 eV, projected WF, bands\_CRPA = 3\*bands\_SCF)

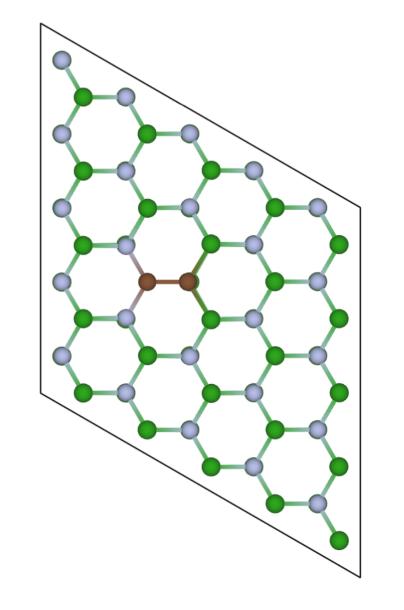
#### 1x1x1

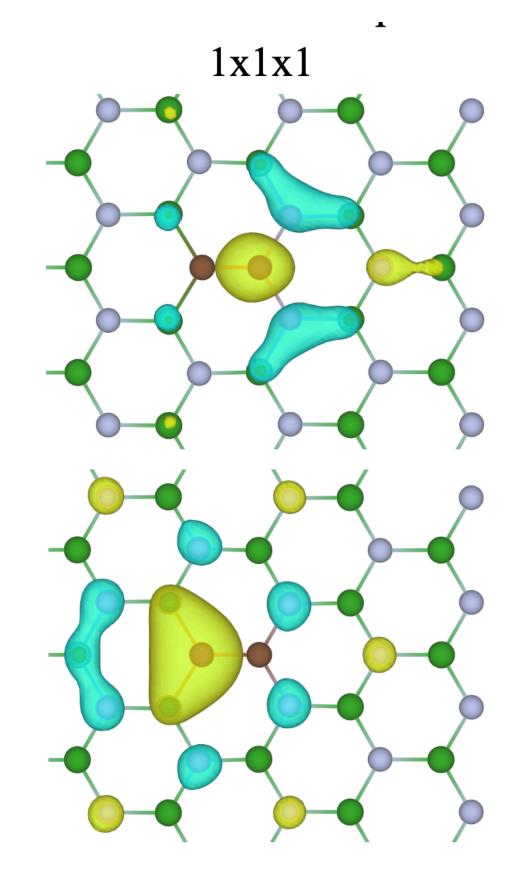
dE = -3.4793

Final St	ate
WF 1	4.60272578
WF 2	4.26111616
hopping	parameters:
1 1 -0	0.735078
2 1 -1	.329239
1 2 -1	.329239
2 2 -2	2.979613
Eigenval	ues:
-3.59699	no intersite
-0.11770	hoppings

I	J	K	L	RE(V_IJKL)
1	1	1	1	6.9696557056
2	2	1	1	5.4432430445
2	1	2	1	0.2251331769
1	_	2	_	0.2251331769
2	1	1	2	0.2251331769
1	2	1	2	0.2251331769
1	1	2	2	5.4432430445
2	2	2	2	7.2543002885
I	J	K	L	RE(W_IJKL)
I 1	J 1	K 1	L 1	RE(W_IJKL) 3.8834473705
I 1 2	J 1 2	K 1 1	L 1 1	` <b>—</b>
I 1 2 2	1	K 1 1 2	L 1 1	3.8834473705
_	1 2	1	1 1	3.8834473705 3.3224451994
2	1 2 1	1 1 2	1 1 1	3.8834473705 3.3224451994 0.1013326771
2	1 2 1 2	1 1 2 2	1 1 1 1	3.8834473705 3.3224451994 0.1013326771 0.1013326771
2 1 2	1 2 1 2 1	1 1 2 2 1	1 1 1 1 2	3.8834473705 3.3224451994 0.1013326771 0.1013326771 0.1013326771
1 2 1 1	1 2 1 2 1 2	1 1 2 2 1 1 2	1 1 1 1 2 2	3.8834473705 3.3224451994 0.1013326771 0.1013326771 0.1013326771 0.1013326771

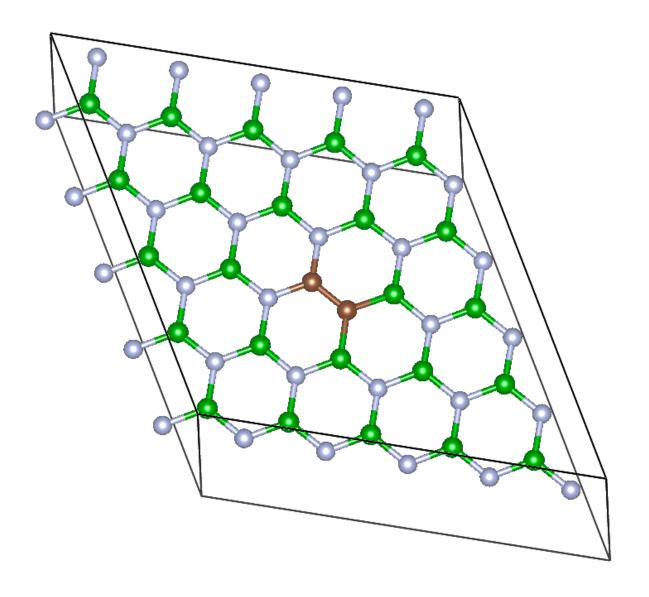
Energy: 0.0;
Energy: 2.846268 (3x);
Energy: 3.444549;
Energy: 6.765191





d(C-C) = 1.37(6,9) A d(C-B) = 1.50(6,7) Ad(C-N) = 1.4(07,11) A

### Io.PM



$$d(C-C) = 1.37809 A$$

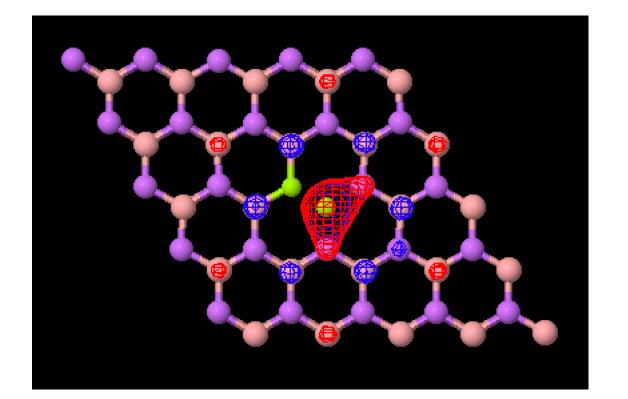
$$d(C-B) = 1.50708 A$$

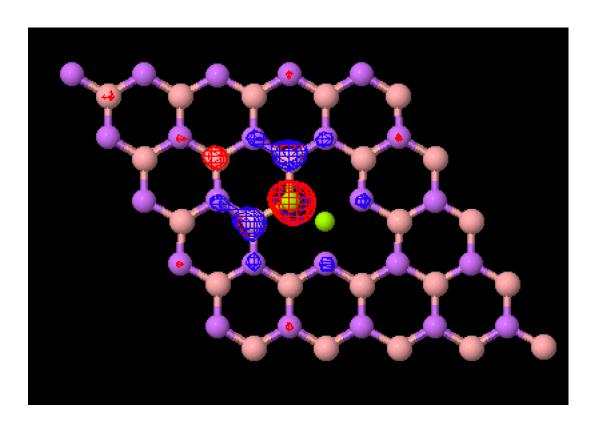
$$d(C-N) = 1.40981 A$$

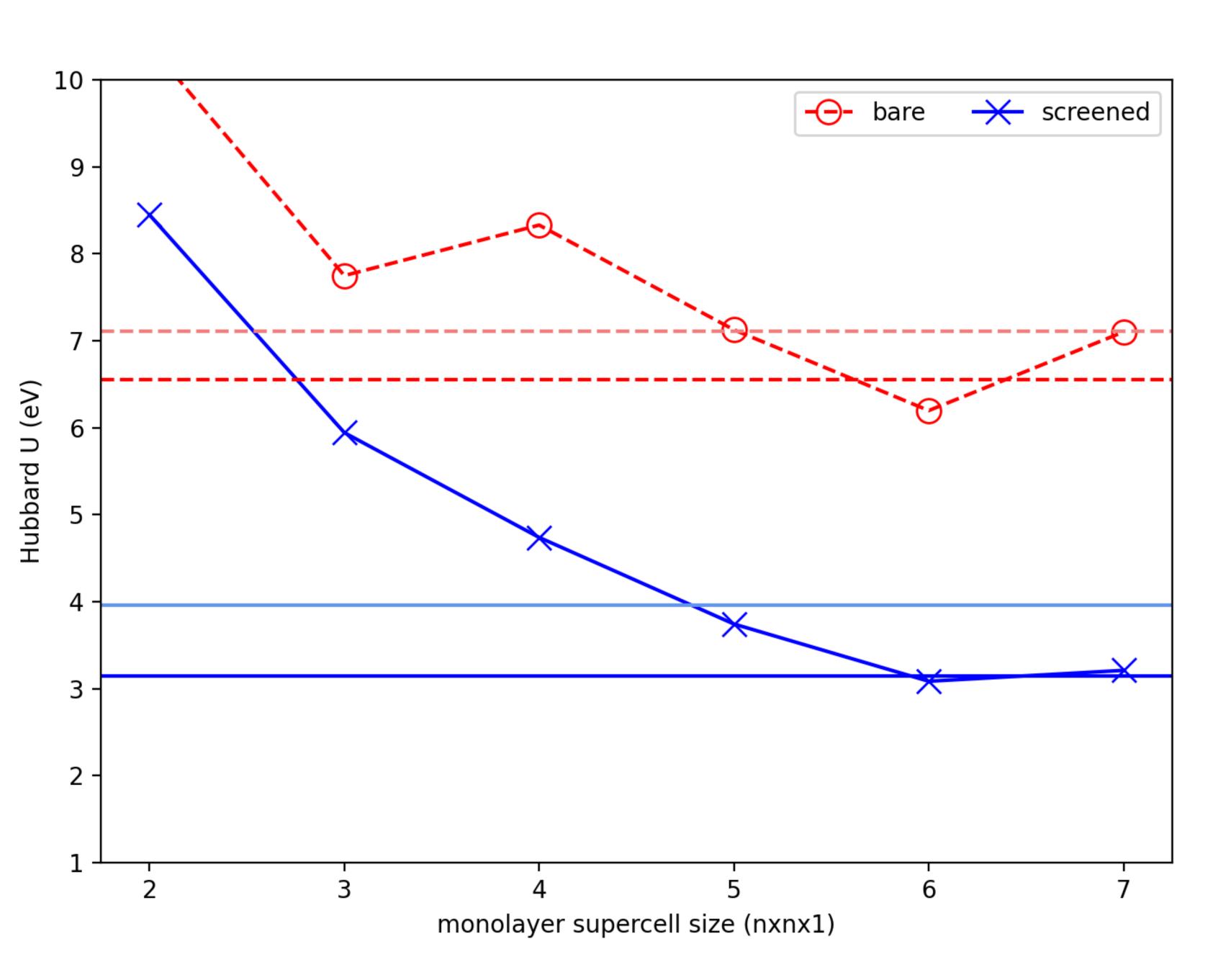
### hopping, dE ok (0.03, 0.05 eV diff.)

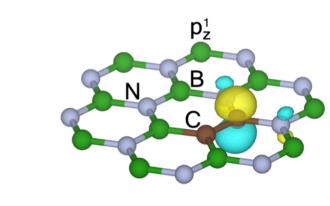
	-2.51	-1.35
t =	-1.35	-0.24

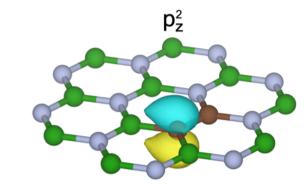
eigenvalues -3.139, 0.389 -> dE -3.527

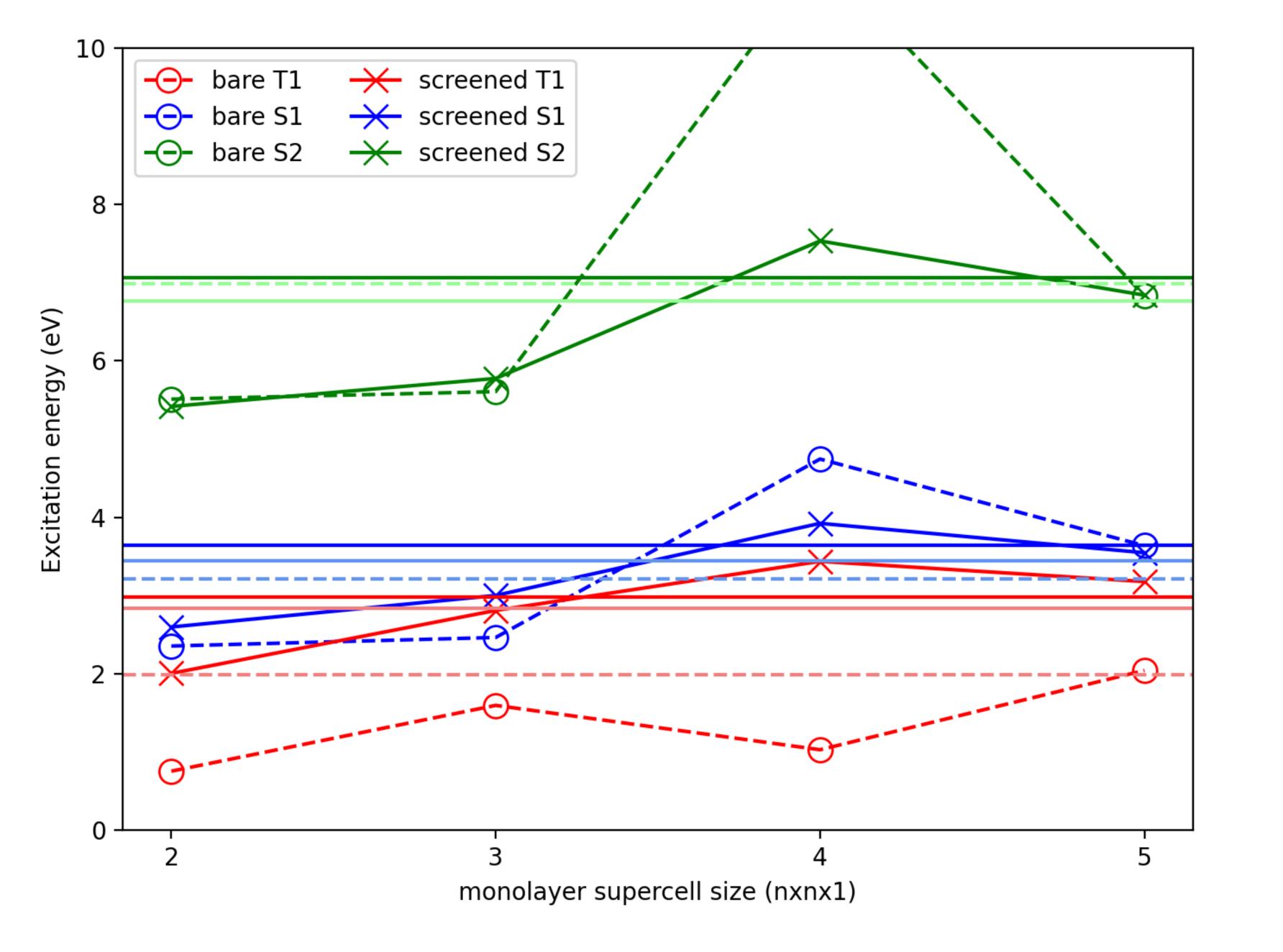














Added Madelung constant to just (mm|mm),(mm|nn).

# PM

# 5 Co 3d orbitals of NbCo

"For this construction we used per spin channel six states per Co atom, i.e., five 3d states and one 4s state"

PBE

#### average Coulomb integrals

	Cluster	Bare (eV)	cRPA (eV)	RPA (eV)	ratio	
	literature	22.2	7.9	7.7	0.36	
,	mix first	22.91	8.77		0.38	
	37 orbs def2-tzvpdd			Co 3d [33 32 Co 4s [36]	31 34 35]	

my data

$$U(\omega) = [1 - vP_r(\omega)]v = \epsilon_r^{-1}v$$

$$\omega \rightarrow 0$$

$$U = \varepsilon^{-1} v \approx b^{T} (1 - i)^{-1} b + M b^{T} (1 - i)^{-1} b / (b^{T} b)$$

$$i_{PQ}=2\sum_{ia}p_{ai}\frac{b_{Pai}b_{Qai}}{\varepsilon_{i}-\varepsilon_{a}}$$
 density fitting basis: P,Q canonical: a,i localized: m,n

$$p_{ai} = 1 - \sum_{n} |U_{in}|^2 \sum_{m} |U_{am}|^2 = \text{probability of transition}$$

U is unitary matrix transforming from canonical to active, localized orbitals