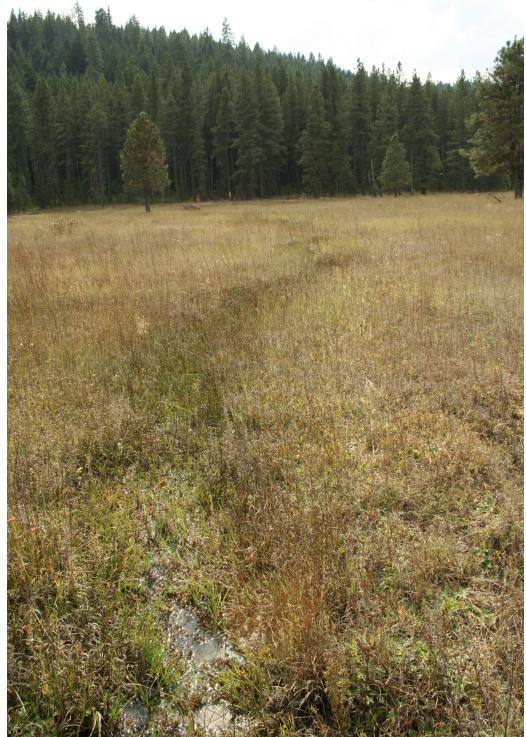
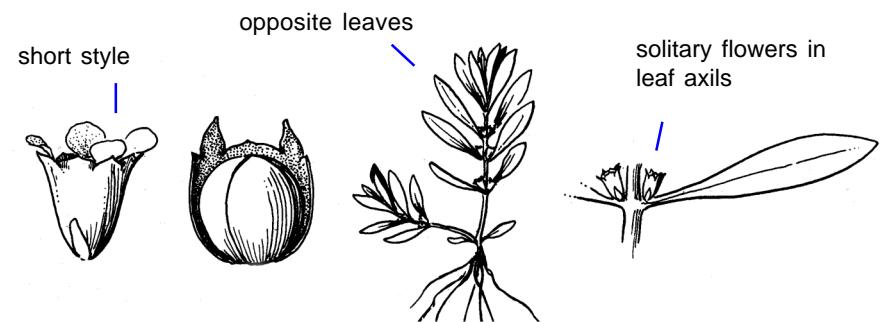


Rotala ramosior
Lythraceae
tooth cup

Paul Slichter



best survey times
J|F|M|A|M|J|J|A|S|O|N|D



VASCULAR PLANTS OF THE
PACIFIC NORTHWEST (1961)
Hitchcock & Cronquist,
courtesy of University of
Washington Press.

Glabrous annual or perennial herb. **Stems** prostrate to erect, 10-40 cm, usually branched; upper branches more or less 4-angled. **Leaves** opposite, sessile or with short petioles, (.5)1-3 cm long, 2-5(10) mm wide, linear to oblanceolate. **Inflorescence** of solitary flowers in leaf axils. **Flower** hypanthium urn-shaped, longer than fruit; sepals broadly deltate; appendages awl-like, twice as long as the sepals; petals white to pink; stamens 4, <1 mm long. **Fruits** ovoid to globose, generally 4-valved.

Lookalikes

Lythrum portula.....hypanthium partly enclosing fruit ; fruit smaller;
(purslane loosestrife) leaves oblong to obovate, 5-10 mm long.

differs from featured plant by

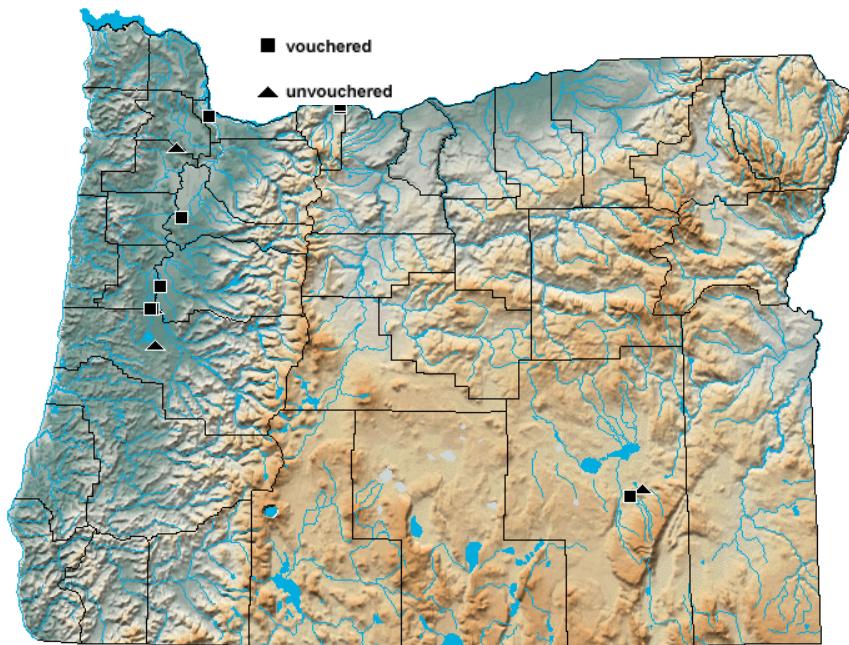
hypanthium partly enclosing fruit ; fruit smaller;
leaves oblong to obovate, 5-10 mm long.

Rotala ramosior (L.) Koehne

tooth cup

PLANTS symbol: RORA

August 2019 status ORBIC: List 2



Distribution: Willamette Valley, southeastern Oregon; Washington; Montana; California; to eastern North America; Mexico.

Habitat: Open, wet gravelly soil around ponds.

Elevation: 5-400 feet (western Oregon), about 4200 feet (Harney Co.)

Best survey time(in flower): July-September



Oregon Flora
<https://oregonflora.org>
Published August 2019