# 1 Early Concepts

• Nodes added by left/right:

```
A_L \leftarrow \{l \in L \mid (\neg \exists b \in B)(l.id = b.id)\}A_R \leftarrow \{r \in R \mid (\neg \exists b \in B)(r.id = b.id)\}
```

• Nodes deleted by left/right:

```
D_L \leftarrow \{b \in B \mid (\neg \exists l \in L)(b.id = l.id)\}
D_R \leftarrow \{b \in B \mid (\neg \exists r \in R)(b.id = r.id)\}
```

• Nodes edited by left/right:

```
E_L \leftarrow \{l \in L \mid (\exists b \in B)(\exists r \in R)(l.id = b.id = r.id \land l.body \neq b.body \land b.body = r.body)\}
E_R \leftarrow \{r \in R \mid (\exists b \in B)(\exists l \in L)(r.id = b.id = l.id \land r.body \neq b.body \land b.body = l.body)\}
```

# 2 Semistructured Merge

## 2.1 Early Concepts

• Every node's origin is set to UNKNOWN beforehand

### 2.2 Merge Algorithms

```
Algorithm 1: Merge Files
   Input: l, b, r, o
 1 if l.content = b.content then
 o.content \leftarrow r.content;
 3 else if b.content = r.content \lor l.content = r.content then
 4 | o.content \leftarrow l.content;
 5 else
       L \leftarrow \texttt{fileToTree}(l);
        B \leftarrow \texttt{fileToTree}(b);
 8
       R \leftarrow \texttt{fileToTree}(r);
        M \leftarrow \texttt{mergeTrees}(L, B, R);
        H \leftarrow \texttt{getActiveHandlers()};
10
        for
each h \in H do
11
        h.handle(M);
12
        end
13
       o.content \leftarrow \texttt{treeToText}(M);
14
15 end
```

```
Algorithm 2: Merge Trees

Input: L, B, R
Output: result of merging left, base and right trees

1  L.origin = LEFT;

2  B.origin = BASE;

3  R.origin = RIGHT;

4  LB \leftarrow mergeNodes(L, B);

5  M \leftarrow mergeNodes(LB, R);

6 foreach d \in D_L \cap D_R do

7  | removeNode(d, M);

8 end

9 runTextualMergeOnLeaves(M);
```

```
Algorithm 3: Run Textual Merge On Leaves

Input: T

1 foreach t \in T.children do

2 | runTextualMergeOnLeaves(t);

3 end

4 if T.children = \emptyset \land SEPARATOR \in T.body then

5 | l, b, r \leftarrow split(T.body, SEPARATOR);

6 | l \leftarrow l - MARKER;

7 | T.body \leftarrow textualMerge(l, b, r);

8 end
```

```
Algorithm 4: Merge Nodes
   Input: A, B
   Output: result of merging nodes A and B
 1 if A = null then return B;
 2 if B = null then return A;
3 if A.type \neq B.type \lor A.id \neq B.id then return null;
 4 M.id \leftarrow B.id;
 5 M.type \leftarrow B.type;
 6 M.origin \leftarrow B.origin;
 7 M.children \leftarrow \emptyset;
 8 if A.children = \emptyset \land B.children = \emptyset then
       if MARKER \in A.body then
10
           M.body \leftarrow A.body + B.body;
       else if A.origin = LEFT \wedge B.origin = BASE then
11
          M.body \leftarrow MARKER + A.body + SEPARATOR + B.body + SEPARATOR;
12
       else if A.origin = LEFT then
13
14
          M.body \leftarrow MARKER + A.body + SEPARATOR + SEPARATOR + B.body;
15
       else
       M.body \leftarrow MARKER + SEPARATOR + A.body + SEPARATOR + B.body;
16
17
18
       return M;
19 else if A.children \neq \emptyset \land B.children \neq \emptyset then
       foreach b \in B.children do
20
          a \leftarrow find(a \in A.children \rightarrow a.type = b.type \land a.id = b.id);
21
22
          if a.origin = UNKNOWN then a.origin \leftarrow A.origin;
           if b.origin = UNKNOWN then b.origin \leftarrow B.origin;
23
          M.children \leftarrow M.children \cup mergeNodes(a, b, step);
24
       end
25
       foreach a \in A.children do
26
           b \leftarrow find(b \in B.children \rightarrow a.type = b.type \land a.id = b.id);
27
           if a.origin = UNKNOWN then a.origin \leftarrow A.origin;
28
          if b = null then M.children \leftarrow M.children \cup a;
29
       end
30
31
       return M;
32 end
зз return null;
```

## 3 Handlers

#### 3.1 Renaming Handler

#### 3.1.1 Early Concepts

• Possibly renamed without body changes nodes:

```
R_{wobc}(T, B) = \{b \in B \mid (\neg \exists t \in T)(t.id = b.id)) \land (\exists t \in T)(t.body = b.body)\}
```

• Possibly deleted or renamed with body changes nodes:

```
DR_{wbc}(T, B) = \{b \in B \mid (\neg \exists t \in T)(t.id = b.id \lor t.body = b.body)\}
```

• Nodes IDs similarity:

 $a.id \approx b.id \leftrightarrow a.id.name = b.id.name \lor a.id.params = b.id.params$ 

#### 3.1.2 Match Algorithm

```
Algorithm 5: Match AlgorithmInput: L, B, R, MOutput: Set of quadruples (l, b, r, m) consisting of the base node b and its corresponding left node l, right node r and merge node m1 matches \leftarrow \emptyset;2 foreach b \in DR_{wbc}(L, B) \cup DR_{wbc}(R, B) \cup R_{wobc}(L, B) \cup R_{wobc}(R, B) do3 | l \leftarrow \text{correspondentNode}(b, L);4 | r \leftarrow \text{correspondentNode}(b, R);5 | m \leftarrow \text{mergeNode}(l, r, M);6 | matches \leftarrow matches \cup (l, b, r, m);7 end8 return matches
```

```
Algorithm 6: Correspondent Node

Input: b, T
Output: b's correspondent node on tree T

1 t \leftarrow findFirst(t \in T \rightarrow t.id = b.id);

2 if t = null then
3 | t \leftarrow findFirst(t \in T \rightarrow t.body = b.body);
4 end

5 if t = null then
6 | t \leftarrow findFirst(t \in T \rightarrow t.body \approx b.body \land t.id \approx b.id);
7 end
8 if t = null then
9 | t \leftarrow findFirst(t \in T \rightarrow t.body = substring(b.body) \lor b.body = substring(t.body));
10 end
11 return t;
```

```
Algorithm 7: Merge Node

Input: 1, r, M
Output: 1 and r's merge node on tree M

1 if l \neq null then
2 | return find(m \in M \rightarrow m.id = l.id);
3 end
4 if r \neq null then
5 | return find(m \in M \rightarrow m.id = r.id);
6 end
7 return null;
```

#### 3.1.3 Handler Algorithms

```
Algorithm 8: Check References and Merge Methods Variant
   Input: (l, b, r, m), M
 1 if l.id = b.id \lor r.id = b.id then
      m.body = textualMerge(l, b, r);
      removeUnmatchedNode(l, r, m, M);
 4 else if l.id \neq r.id then
      m.body = conflit(l.body, b.body, r.body);
       removeUnmatchedNode(l, r, m, M):
 6
 7 else if l.body \neq r.body then
      if newReferenceTo(l) \lor newReferenceTo(r) then
         m.body = conflict(l.body, b.body, r.body);
 9
10
      else
      m.body = textualMerge(l, b, r);
11
12
      removeUnmatchedNode(l, r, m, M)
13
14 end
```

```
Algorithm 9: Merge Methods Variant

Input: (l, b, r, m), M

1 m.body = textualMerge(l, b, r);
2 removeUnmatchedNode(l, r, m, M);
```

```
Algorithm 10: Check Textual and Keep Both Methods Variant

Input: (l, b, r, m), M

1 if l.id = b.id \lor r.id = b.id then

2 | if textualMergeHasConflictInvolvingSignature(b) then

3 | m.body = conflict(l.body, b.body, r.body);

4 | removeUnmatchedNode(l, r, m, M);

5 | end

6 else if l.id \neq r.id \land l.body = r.body then

7 | m.body = conflict(l.body, b.body, r.body);

8 | removeUnmatchedNode(l, r, m, M);

9 end
```

# Algorithm 11: Keep Both Methods Variant Input: (l, b, r, m), M 1 if $(l.id = b.id \lor r.id = b.id) \land \text{hasConflict}(m)$ then 2 | removeConflict(m); 3 end

```
Algorithm 12: Remove Unmatched Node

Input: l, r, m, M

1 if l.id = m.id \land r.id \neq m.id then

2 | removeNode(r, M);

3 end
```

#### 3.2 Initialization Blocks Handler

#### 3.2.1 Handler Algorithm

```
Algorithm 13: Handle
   Input: L, B, R, M
 1 IB_L \leftarrow \{n \in A_L \mid n.type = INITBLOCK\};
 2 IB_R \leftarrow \{n \in A_R \mid n.type = INITBLOCK\};
 3 IB_B ← {n \in D_L \cap D_R \mid n.type = INITBLOCK};
 4 matches \leftarrow \emptyset;
 5 if |IB_L| = 1 \land |IB_B| == 1 \land |IB_R| = 1 then
 6 matches \leftarrow matches \cup (IB_{L_1}, IB_{B_1}, IB_{R_1});
 7 else
        foreach b \in IB_B do
 8
 9
            l \leftarrow findFirst(l \in IB_L \rightarrow l.body \approx b.body);
            r \leftarrow findFirst(r \in IB_R \rightarrow r.body \approx b.body);
10
             IB_L \leftarrow IB_L - l;
11
            IB_R \leftarrow IB_R - r;
12
            if l \neq null \land r \neq null then
13
             matches \leftarrow matches \cup (l, b, r);
14
            \mathbf{end}
15
16
        end
17
        foreach l \in IB_L do
            r \leftarrow findFirst(r \in IB_R \rightarrow r.body \approx l.body);
18
             IB_R \leftarrow IB_R - r;
19
            if r \neq null then
20
              matches \leftarrow matches \cup (l, null, r);
21
22
            end
23
        \mathbf{end}
24 end
25 foreach (l, b, r) \in matches do
        m \leftarrow find(m \in M \rightarrow m.body = l.body);
26
        m.body \leftarrow \texttt{textualMerge}(l.body, b.body, r.body);
27
        m \leftarrow find(m \in M \rightarrow m.body = r.body);
28
        removeNode(m, M);
29
30 end
```

#### 3.3 Multiple Initialization Blocks Handler

#### 3.3.1 Handler Algorithm

```
Algorithm 14: Handle
   Input: L, B, R, M
 1 IB_L \leftarrow \{n \in A_L \mid n.type = INITBLOCK\};
 2 IB_R \leftarrow \{n \in A_R \mid n.type = INITBLOCK\};
 3 IB_B ← {n \in D_L \cap D_R \mid n.type = INITBLOCK};
 4 eIB_L \leftarrow \text{editedNodes}(IB_L, IB_B);
 \mathbf{5} \ eIB_R \leftarrow \mathtt{editedNodes}(IB_R, IB_B);
 6 dIB_L \leftarrow \text{deletedNodes}(IB_L, IB_B, eIB_L);
 7 dIB_R \leftarrow \text{deletedNodes}(IB_R, IB_B, eIB_R);
 s for
each b \in IB_B do
        l \leftarrow eIB_L[b];
10
        r \leftarrow eIB_R[b];
        if l \neq null \land r \neq null then
11
            updateMergeTree(l, b, r, M);
12
        else if l \neq null \lor r \neq null then
13
14
            if l \neq null then
                r \leftarrow find(r \in dIB_R \rightarrow r.body = b.body);
15
                if r \neq null then removeNode(b, M);
16
 17
            else
                 l \leftarrow find(l \in dIB_L \rightarrow l.body = b.body);
18
                if l \neq null then removeNode(b, M);
19
20
21
            updateMergeTree(l, b, r, M);
        else
22
            m \leftarrow find(m \in M \rightarrow m.body = b.body);
23
\mathbf{24}
            removeNode(m, M);
        end
25
26 end
27 aIB_L \leftarrow addedNodes(IB_L, IB_B, eIB_L);
28 aIB_R \leftarrow addedNodes(IB_R, IB_B, eIB_R);
29 DEP \leftarrow \text{dependentNodes}(aIB_L, aIB_R);
30 foreach (l, rs) \in DEP do
        s \leftarrow \varepsilon;
31
        for
each r \in rs do
32
            s \leftarrow s + r.body:
33
            m \leftarrow find(m \in M \rightarrow m.body = r.body);
34
            removeNode(r, M);
35
36
37
        m \leftarrow find(m \in M \rightarrow m.body = l.body);
        m.body \leftarrow conflict(l.body, \varepsilon, s);
38
39 end
40 foreach l \in aIB_L do
        foreach r \in aIB_R do
41
            if l.body = r.body then
42
                m \in find(m \in M \rightarrow m.body = r.body);
43
                removeNode(m, M);
44
            end
45
        end
46
47 end
```

```
Algorithm 15: Edited Nodes
   Input: IB, IB_B
   Output: map associating a deleted base node b in IB_B and its correspondent added branch
                node a in IB
 1 D \leftarrow \{d \in IB_B \mid (\neg \exists a \in IB)(d.body = a.body)\};
 2 A \leftarrow \{a \in IB \mid (\neg \exists d \in IB_B)(a.body = d.body)\};
 3 matches \leftarrow \emptyset;
 4 foreach a \in A do
       S \leftarrow \{d \in D \mid a.body \approx d.body\};
       b \leftarrow \operatorname{argmax} (\operatorname{similarity}(s.body, a.body));
       if b \neq null then matches \leftarrow matches \cup \{b : a\};
 s end
 9 return matches
 Algorithm 16: Added Nodes
   Input: IB, IB_B, eIB
   Output: set of initilization block nodes added by branch
 1 A \leftarrow \{n \in IB \mid (\neg \exists b \in IB_B)(n.body = b.body)\};
 2 A \leftarrow \{n \in A \mid (\neg \exists e \in eIB)(n.body = e.value.body)\};
 3 return A;
 Algorithm 17: Deleted Nodes
   Input: IB, IB_B, eIB
   Output: set of initialization block nodes deleted by branch
 1 D \leftarrow \{b \in IB_B \mid (\neg \exists n \in IB)(b.body = n.body)\};
 2 D \leftarrow \{n \in D \mid (\neg \exists e \in eIB)(n.body = e.key.body)\};
 3 return D;
 Algorithm 18: Update Merge Tree
   Input: l, b, r, M
 1 m \leftarrow find(m \in M \rightarrow m.body = l.body);
 2 m.body \leftarrow \texttt{textualMerge}(l.body, b.body, r.body);
m \leftarrow find(m \in M \rightarrow m.body = r.body);
 4 removeNode(m, M);
 Algorithm 19: Dependent Nodes
   Input: aIB_L, aIB_R
   Output: map associating an added left node l in aIB_L and all added right nodes r in aIB_R
                with common global variables
 1 DEP \leftarrow \emptyset;
 2 foreach l \in aIB_L do
       DEP \leftarrow DEP \cup \{l : \emptyset\};
 3
       V_L \leftarrow \texttt{globalVariables}(l);
 4
       for
each r \in aIB_R do
 5
            V_R \leftarrow \texttt{globalVariables}(r);
 6
           if V_L \cap V_R \neq \emptyset then DEP[l] \leftarrow DEP[l] \cup r;
 7
 8
       end
 9 end
10 return DEP;
```

## 3.4 Type Ambiguity Error Handler

## 3.4.1 Handler Algorithm

```
Algorithm 20: Handle
    Input: L, B, R, M
 1 ID_L \leftarrow \{n \in A_L \mid n.type = IMPORTDECL\};
 2 ID_R \leftarrow \{n \in A_R \mid n.type = IMPORTDECL\};
 з if ID_L = \emptyset \lor ID_R = \emptyset then return;
 4 M_U \leftarrow \texttt{textualMerge}(\texttt{treeToText}(L), \texttt{treeToText}(B), \texttt{treeToText}(R));
 5 I_L, I_R \leftarrow \texttt{extractInsertions}(M_U);
 6 cs \leftarrow \text{extractConflicts}(M_U);
 7 c \leftarrow \text{compile}(M_U);
 s ps \leftarrow problems(c);
 9 foreach l \in ID_L do
        m_l \leftarrow \texttt{extractPackageMember}(l.body);
10
        foreach r \in ID_R do
11
             m_r \leftarrow \texttt{extractPackageMember}(r.body);
12
             if m_l = m_r then
13
                 p \leftarrow \text{importDeclarationsProblem}(l, r, ps);
14
                  if p \neq null then
15
                      m \leftarrow find(m \in M \rightarrow m.body = l.body);
16
                      m.body \leftarrow conflict(l.body, \varepsilon, r.body);
17
                      m \leftarrow find(m \in M \rightarrow m.body = r.body);
18
                      removeNode(m, M);
19
                      ps \leftarrow ps - p;
20
                      break;
21
                  end
22
             else if (m_l = * \lor m_r = *) \land importDeclarationsConflict(l, r, cs) then
23
24
                  I \leftarrow I_L;
                  m \leftarrow m_r;
25
                  if m_l \neq * then
26
                      I \leftarrow I_R;
27
                      m \leftarrow m_l;
28
29
                  end
                  i \leftarrow find(i \in I \rightarrow \mathbf{import} \notin i \land m \in i);
30
                  if i \neq null then
31
                      m \leftarrow find(m \in M \rightarrow m.body = l.body);
32
                      m.body \leftarrow conflict(l.body, \varepsilon, r.body);
33
                      m \leftarrow find(m \in M \rightarrow m.body = r.body);
34
                      removeNode(m, M);
35
                      break:
36
                  end
37
             \quad \text{end} \quad
38
        end
39
40 end
```

```
Algorithm 21: Import Declarations Problem

Input: l, r, ps
Output: compilation problem in ps concerning l and r import declarations, if there is one

1 foreach p \in ps do
2 | if p.type = COLLISION then
3 | foreach a \in p.arguments do
4 | if a \in l.body \lor a \in r.body then return p;
5 | end
6 | else if p.type = AMBIGUITY then return p;
7 end
8 return null;
```

#### Algorithm 22: Import Declarations Conflict

Input: l, r, cs

**Output:** wether there is a unstructured conflict in cs concerning l and r import declarations

- 1 for each  $c \in cs$  do
- **2** | **if**  $l.body \in c.left \land r.body \in c.right$  **then return** TRUE;
- з end
- 4 return FALSE;

#### 3.5 New Element Referencing Edited One Handler

## 3.5.1 Handler Algorithm

```
Algorithm 23: Handle
   Input: L, B, R, M
 1 M_U \leftarrow \text{textualMerge(treeToText}(L), \text{treeToText}(B), \text{treeToText}(R));
 2 cs \leftarrow \text{extractConflicts}(M_U);
3 aMFD_L \leftarrow \{l \in A_L \mid l.type = METHODDECL \lor l.type = FIELDDECL\};
 4 aMFD_R \leftarrow \{r \in A_R \mid r.type = METHODDECL \lor r.type = FIELDDECL\};
 5 eMFD_L ← {l ∈ E_L | l.type = METHODDECL \lor l.type = FIELDDECL};
 6 eMFD_R \leftarrow \{r \in E_R \mid r.type = METHODDECL \lor r.type = FIELDDECL\};
 7 foreach a_l \in aMFD_L do
       foreach e_r \in eMFD_R do
 9
           if nodesConflict(a_l, e_r, cs) \land e_r.id.name \in a_l.body then
               b \leftarrow find(b \in B \rightarrow b.id = e_r.id);
10
               m \leftarrow find(m \in M \rightarrow m.body = e_r.body);
11
               m.body \leftarrow conflict(e_r.body, b.body, a_l.body);
12
               m \leftarrow find(m \in M \rightarrow m.body = a_l.body);
13
               removeNode(m, M);
14
           end
15
16
       end
17 end
18 foreach a_r \in aMFD_R do
       foreach e_l \in eMFD_L do
           if nodesConflict(a_r, e_l, cs) \land r_l.id.name \in a_r.body then
20
               b \leftarrow find(b \in B \rightarrow b.id = e_l.id);
21
               m \leftarrow find(m \in M \rightarrow m.body = e_l.body);
22
               m.body \leftarrow conflict(e_l.body, b.body, a_r.body);
23
               m \leftarrow find(m \in M \rightarrow m.body = a_r.body);
24
               removeNode(m, M);
25
26
           end
       end
27
28 end
```

```
Algorithm 24: Nodes Conflict

Input: a, b, cs
Output: wether there is an unstructured conflict in cs concerning a and b nodes

1 foreach c \in cs do
2 | if c.left = a.body \land c.right = b.body then return TRUE;
3 | if c.left = b.body \land c.right = a.body then return TRUE;
4 end
5 return FALSE;
```

#### 3.6 Deletions Handler

#### 3.6.1 Handler Algorithm

```
Algorithm 25: Handle
Input: L, B, R, M
```