Nama: Isa Aulia Almadani

Dom: Sukoharjo

# Proyek\_Klasifikasi\_Image\_from\_GDSC\_by Isa Aulia Almadani

# Project Overview: Klasifikasi Gambar Butir Padi Menggunakan Mobile Net V2

Proyek ini berfokus pada klasifikasi gambar butir padi menggunakan arsitektur model Mobile Net V2 yang telah dilatih sebelumnya. Mobile Net V2 dipilih karena efisiensi dan performanya yang baik dalam tugas-tugas klasifikasi gambar pada perangkat dengan keterbatasan sumber daya.

#### Tujuan Proyek

Tujuan dari proyek ini adalah untuk mengembangkan model yang mampu mengklasifikasikan gambar butir padi dengan akurasi tinggi. Model ini diharapkan dapat membantu dalam proses seleksi dan pengawasan kualitas butir padi secara otomatis.

#### Fitur Utama

- Import Library Mengimpor pustaka-pustaka yang diperlukan untuk pemrosesan data, pelatihan model, dan visualisasi hasil.
- Import Dataset from Kaggle Mengunduh dan memuat dataset gambar butir padi dari Kaggle untuk digunakan dalam pelatihan dan pengujian model.
- Preprocessing Melakukan praproses pada dataset, termasuk perubahan ukuran gambar, normalisasi, dan augmentasi data untuk meningkatkan kinerja model.
- Building Model with Pretrained Model Menggunakan Mobile Net V2 yang telah dilatih sebelumnya sebagai dasar untuk membangun model klasifikasi. Langkah ini melibatkan fine-tuning model untuk menyesuaikan dengan dataset butir padi.
- Plot Visualization Membuat visualisasi data dan hasil pelatihan model, termasuk grafik akurasi dan kehilangan (loss) selama proses pelatihan.
- Predict Image Menggunakan model yang telah dilatih untuk memprediksi kelas dari gambar butir padi baru, dan menampilkan hasil prediksi tersebut.

#### Teknologi yang Digunakan

Python: Bahasa pemrograman utama yang digunakan dalam proyek ini.

- TensorFlow/Keras: Framework deep learning yang digunakan untuk membangun dan melatih model.
- Kaggle: Sumber dataset gambar butir padi.
- Matplotlib/Seaborn: Pustaka visualisasi yang digunakan untuk membuat plot dan grafik.

#### Rencana Pengembangan

- Mengoptimalkan model dengan teknik-teknik tambahan seperti fine-tuning dan hyperparameter tuning.
- Menerapkan teknik augmentasi data yang lebih lanjut untuk meningkatkan kinerja model.
- Mengintegrasikan model dengan aplikasi berbasis web untuk demo prediksi gambar secara real-time.

#### Hasil yang Diharapkan

- Menghasilkan model klasifikasi gambar butir padi dengan akurasi tinggi.
- Memudahkan proses seleksi dan pengawasan kualitas butir padi melalui otomatisasi.
- Memberikan kontribusi terhadap pengembangan teknologi pertanian berbasis AI di Indonesia.

# Manage file import from kaggle

```
<del>→</del> ref
                                                             title
    muratkokludataset/rice-image-dataset
                                                             Rice Image Dataset
    muratkokludataset/rice-dataset-commeo-and-osmancik
                                                             Rice Dataset Commeo and Osmanc
    muratkokludataset/rice-msc-dataset
                                                             Rice MSC Dataset
    vbookshelf/rice-leaf-diseases
                                                             Rice Leaf Diseases Dataset
    minhhuy2810/rice-diseases-image-dataset
                                                             Rice Diseases Image Dataset
    rajkumar898/rice-plant-dataset
                                                             Rice Plant Dataset
    aman2000jaiswal/agriculture-crop-images
                                                             Agriculture crop images
    mssmartypants/rice-type-classification
                                                             Rice type classification
```

```
maimunulkjisan/rice-leaf-dataset-from-mendeley-data
shayanriyaz/riceleafs
mdwaquarazam/agricultural-crops-image-classification
abhijitdahatonde/crop-production-1996-to-2021
seymasa/rice-dataset-gonenjasmine
nafishamoin/new-bangladeshi-crop-disease
zsinghrahulk/rice-pest-and-diseases
nischallal/rice-disease-dataset
fhabibimoghaddam/five-different-rice-image-dataset
trolukovich/food11-image-dataset
timmofeyy/-cerial-prices-changes-within-last-30-years
asheniranga/leaf-disease-dataset-combination
```

Rice Leafs Disease Dataset
Rice Leafs
Agricultural crops image class
Crop Production 1996 to 20
Rice Seed Dataset (Gonen&Jasmi
New Bangladeshi Crop Disease
Rice - Pest and Diseases
Rice Disease Dataset
Rice Image Dataset
Food-11 image dataset
Cerial Prices Changes With
Leaf Disease Dataset (combinat

1 !kaggle datasets download -d 'muratkokludataset/rice-image-dataset

```
Downloading rice-image-dataset .zip to /content 98% 216M/219M [00:01<00:00, 167MB/s] 100% 219M/219M [00:01<00:00, 134MB/s]
```

### **Prepare Dataset**

## Import Library

```
1 import os
 2 import json
 3 import zipfile
 4
 5
 6 # from keras.layers import Input
 7 from keras.applications import EfficientNetB7, MobileNetV2, EfficientNetV2M
9 import tensorflow as tf
10 from keras.layers import Flatten
11 from keras.models import Sequential
12 from keras.layers import GlobalAveragePooling2D, Dense, BatchNormalization, Conv2D, Dr
13 from keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
14
15 from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import ReduceLROnPlateau, ModelCheckpoint
16 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
17 from warnings import filterwarnings
18 from sklearn.metrics import classification report, confusion matrix
19
20 %matplotlib inline
21 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
 1 filezip = "rice-image-dataset
 2 extractZip = zipfile.ZipFile(filezip, 'r')
 3 extractZip.extractall("datasets")
```

```
1 os.listdir("/content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset")
    ['Rice_Citation_Request.txt',
      'Jasmine',
      'Karacadag',
      'Ipsala',
      'Basmati',
      'Arborio']
 2 dataset path = '/content/datasets/Rice Image Dataset'
 3 class samples = {}
 5 # Loop melalui setiap kelas di dalam folder dataset
 6 for class_folder in os.listdir(dataset_path):
       class_path = os.path.join(dataset_path, class_folder)
 7
 8
9
       if os.path.isdir(class_path):
10
          num_class = len([file for file in os.listdir(class_path) if file.endswith('.jp
11
12
          class_samples[class_folder] = num_class
13
14
          # Loop melalui setiap file di dalam kelas
          for dirname, , filenames in os.walk(class path):
15
               for filename in filenames:
16
17
                   file_path = os.path.join(dirname, filename)
18
                   print(file_path)
19
20 for class_name, num_class in class_samples.items():
21
       print(f"Kelas '{class_name}': {num_class} images")
\rightarrow
    Streaming output truncated to the last 5000 lines.
    /content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (4643).jpg
    /content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (9692).jpg
    /content/datasets/Rice Image Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (3741).jpg
    /content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (1168).jpg
    /content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (1812).jpg
    /content/datasets/Rice Image Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (4867).jpg
    /content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (3758).jpg
    /content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (13207).jpg
    /content/datasets/Rice Image Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (8483).jpg
    /content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (7838).jpg
    /content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (8613).jpg
    /content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (12614).jpg
    /content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (9600).jpg
    /content/datasets/Rice Image Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (38).jpg
    /content/datasets/Rice Image Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (4597).jpg
    /content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (13913).jpg
    /content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (12845).jpg
    /content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (14637).jpg
    /content/datasets/Rice Image Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (191).jpg
    /content/datasets/Rice Image Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (8782).jpg
    /content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (3409).jpg
    /content/datasets/Rice Image Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (3449).jpg
    /content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (14868).jpg
    /content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (14427).jpg
```

```
/content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (13720).jpg
/content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (7418).jpg
/content/datasets/Rice Image Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (9572).jpg
/content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (10467).jpg
/content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (9844).jpg
/content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (4011).jpg
/content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (6933).jpg
/content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (9931).jpg
/content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (14412).jpg
/content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (7107).jpg
/content/datasets/Rice Image Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (7538).jpg
/content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (9853).jpg
/content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (1453).jpg
/content/datasets/Rice Image Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (2620).jpg
/content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (13660).jpg
/content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (5285).jpg
/content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (3099).jpg
/content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (13654).jpg
/content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (6213).jpg
/content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (1276).jpg
/content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (4571).jpg
/content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (1128).jpg
/content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (1624).jpg
/content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (12760).jpg
/content/datasets/Rice Image Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (10817).jpg
/content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (4002).jpg
/content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (6505).jpg
/content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (8935).jpg
/content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (7210).jpg
/content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (10021).jpg
/content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (10142).jpg
/content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (52).jpg
/content/datasets/Rice Image Dataset/Ipsala/Ipsala (9607).jpg
```

#### Preprocessing

```
1 dataset_dir = "/content/datasets/Rice_Image_Dataset"
2
```

```
1 data_gen = ImageDataGenerator(
 2
      rescale=1./255,
 3
      rotation range=40,
 4
      width_shift_range=0.2,
 5
      height_shift_range=0.2,
 6
      shear_range=0.2,
 7
      zoom_range=0.2,
      horizontal_flip=True,
 8
      vertical_flip=True,
9
10
      fill_mode="nearest",
      validation_split=0.2
11
12 )
13 train_generator = data_gen.flow_from_directory(
14
       dataset_dir,
      target_size=(224, 224),
15
      batch_size=64,
16
      shuffle = True,
17
18
      color_mode = 'rgb',
19
      class_mode="categorical",
20
      subset="training"
21 )
22
23 validation_generator = data_gen.flow_from_directory(
24
      dataset_dir,
25
      target_size=(224, 224),
      batch_size=64,
26
27
      shuffle = True,
28
      color_mode = 'rgb',
      class mode="categorical",
29
      subset="validation"
30
31 )
32
33
    Found 60000 images belonging to 5 classes.
    Found 15000 images belonging to 5 classes.
```

# Building model

```
1 pre_trained_model = MobileNetV2(weights="imagenet", include_top=False,
 2
                                    input shape=(224, 224, 3))
 3
4 pre_trained_model.trainable = False
 6 model = Sequential([
       pre_trained_model,
 7
       Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu', padding='same'),
 8
      MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)),
9
10
      Flatten(),
      Dropout(0.5),
11
12
       # Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu', padding='same'),
13
      # Dense(128, activation='relu'),
14
      Dense(128, activation='relu'),
15
       BatchNormalization(),
      Dropout(0,1),
16
      Dense(64, activation='relu'),
17
18
      Dropout(0.1),
19
       BatchNormalization(),
20
      Dense(5, activation='softmax')
21 ])
22
23 learning_rate = 0.001
24 optimizer = 'adam'
25 model.compile(
       loss='categorical_crossentropy',
26
27
       optimizer=optimizer,
28
      metrics=['accuracy'],
29 )
30 model.summary()
31
```

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
mobilenetv2_1.00_224 (Func tional)	(None, 7, 7, 1280)	2257984
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 7, 7, 32)	368672
<pre>max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2 D)</pre>	(None, 3, 3, 32)	0
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 288)	0
dropout (Dropout)	(None, 288)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 128)	36992
<pre>batch_normalization (Batch Normalization)</pre>	(None, 128)	512
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None, 128)	0

```
dense_1 (Dense) (None, 64) 8256

dropout_2 (Dropout) (None, 64) 0

batch_normalization_1 (Bat (None, 64) 256
chNormalization)

dense_2 (Dense) (None, 5) 325

Total params: 2672997 (10.20 MB)
Trainable params: 414629 (1.58 MB)
Non-trainable params: 2258368 (8.61 MB)
```

```
1 # checkpoint = ModelCheckpoint(
         "best model.h5",
 2 #
        monitor="val accuracy",
 3 #
 4 #
        save_best_only=True,
        mode="max",
 5 #
 6 #
        verbose=2
 7 # )
 8 reduce_lr = ReduceLROnPlateau(monitor= 'val_accuracy', factor=0.3, patience=2, min_del
10 optimizer = 'adam'
11 model.compile(
12
       loss='categorical_crossentropy',
13
      optimizer=optimizer,
      metrics=['accuracy'],
14
15 )
16
 1
 2 class stopCallBack(tf.keras.callbacks.Callback):
 3
      def on epoch end(self, epoch, logs={}):
           if self.has_reached_accuracy(logs):
 4
 5
               print(' Stop training model, acc & val acc > 92% ')
 6
               self.model.stop_training = True
 7
      def has_reached_accuracy(self, logs):
 8
9
           return (logs.get('accuracy') > 0.92 and logs.get('val_accuracy') > 0.92)
10
11 callbacks = stopCallBack()
12
13 history = model.fit(train_generator,
14
                 epochs=32,
15
                 steps per epoch = 19,
                 validation data=validation generator,
16
                 callbacks = [callbacks, reduce_lr],
17
18
                 )
19
    Epoch 1/32
     19/19 [============= ] - 231s 12s/step - loss: 1.4520 - accuracy: 0.4
```

#### Plot Visualization

```
2 plt.figure(figsize=(12,4))
4 plt.subplot(121)
 5 plt.plot(history.history['loss'], label='Train Loss')
 6 plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'], label='Validation Loss')
 7 plt.legend()
9 plt.subplot(122)
10 plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='Train Accuracy')
11 plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'], label='Validation Accuracy')
12 plt.legend()
13
14 plt.tight_layout()
15 plt.show()
\rightarrow
                                                                      Train Loss
      1.4
                                                                      Validation Loss
                                                                                        0.9
      1.2
                                                                                        0.8
      1.0
```

# Predict Image

```
1 import numpy as np
 2 from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing import image
 3 import matplotlib.image as mpimg
 4
 5 train_generator.class_indices
 6 uploaded = files.upload()
8 for fn in uploaded.keys():
9
      path = fn
       img = image.load_img(path, target_size=(224, 224 ))
10
11
12
       imgplot = plt.imshow(img)
13
       x = image.img_to_array(img)
14
       x = np.expand_dims(x, axis=0)
15
       images = np.vstack([x])
16
       classes = model.predict(images, batch_size=10)
17
18
      output_class = np.argmax(classes)
19
       print(fn)
20
      print(classes[0])
21
       print(output_class)
22
```

