## ECE 661: Nonlinear Systems Spring 2021 | Homework #5

$$m\ddot{x} = -\phi'(x) =: f(x),$$

where the prime denotes differentiation with respect to x. Show that every local minimum of the function  $\phi$  is a stable equilibrium.

$$\dot{x}(t) = f(x(t)),$$

and suppose f is a  $\mathbb{C}^1$  function such that f(0)=0. Then there exists a  $\mathbb{C}^1$  matrix-valued function A such that

$$f(x) = A(x)x, \ \forall x \in \mathbb{R}^n.$$

- (a) [15 points] Show that if the matrix  $A^{\top}(0) + A(0)$  is negative definite, then the origin is an exponentially stable equilibrium. More generally, show that if there exists a positive definite matrix P such that  $A^{\top}(0)P + PA(0)$  is negative definite, then the origin is an exponentially stable equilibrium. (Hint: Consider the Lyapunov function candidate  $V(x) = ||x||^2$ .)
- (b) [5 points] Extend the results in (a) to global stability.

$$\dot{x}_1 = x_1 + 2x_2^2, \quad \dot{x}_2 = 2x_1x_2 + x_2^2.$$

Using the Lyapunov function candidate

$$V(x) = x_1^2 - x_2^2,$$

show that 0 is an unstable equilibrium.

$$S = \{ A = \sum_{i=1}^{k} \lambda_i A_i : \lambda_i \ge 0, \ \forall i, \sum_{i=1}^{k} \lambda_i = 1 \}.$$

- (a) Suppose there exists a positive definite matrix P such that  $A_i^{\top}P + PA_i$  is negative definite for each i between 1 and k. Show that every matrix in the set S is Hurwitz.
- (b) Consider the differential equation

$$\dot{x}(t) = A(t)x(t)$$
, where  $A(t) \in S$ ,  $\forall t \ge 0$ .

Show that 0 is an exponentially stable equilibrium of this system.