WPI: Application and Environment Requirements

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Rationale

- Capture experience from industrial partners
- Basho, Rovio and Trifork had CRDT-relevant experience before joining the project
 - Partitions and slow links are a fact of life in large systems.
 - Experience with CRDTs or CRDT-like "ad hoc" solutions
- D1.1: Natural Language Requirements [M6]
- D1.2: Formal Language Requirements [M18]



Use Cases

Rovio

- Ad Counter
- Leader Board
- Wallet

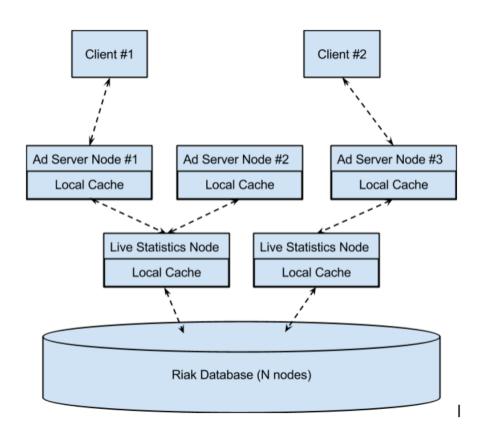
Trifork

- FMK: Storage of Medical Records
- Business-to-business
- Festival App



Ad Counter

- Conflict Situations
- Invariants
- Transactions
- Divergence
- Partitioning
- Operations Requirements
- Security Requirements





Leader Board

- Send score
- Get ranking
- Get matching players
- Get leaderboard



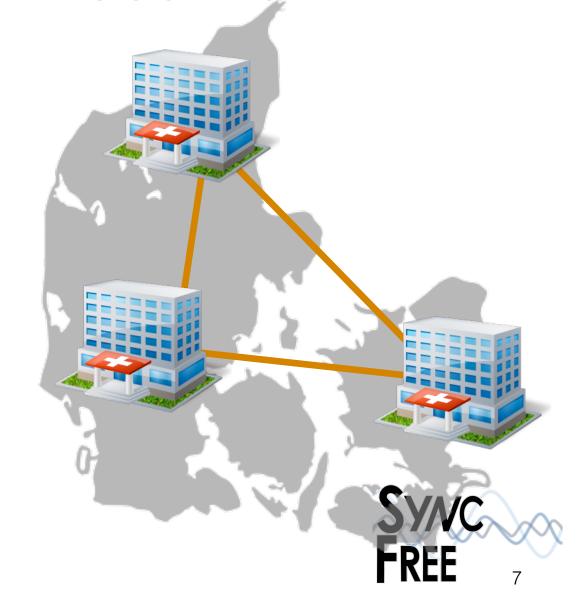
Wallet

- Buy in-app virtual currency for real money
- In-app micro payments
- Storage of purchased items
- Archive old transactions
- over-spending account?



FMK: Storage of Medical Records

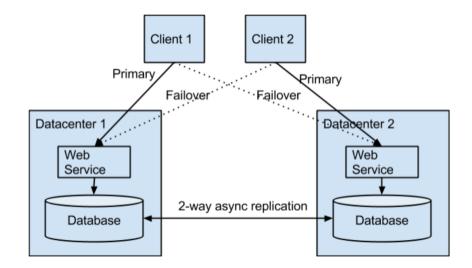
- For a person
 - List of current drug treatments
 - With prescriptions and related events



An Ad-hoc CRDT

PersonRecord (simplified)

- basic data (name, id, address, ...)
- prescriptions [set]
 - prescription [stateful]
- prescription events [add-only]

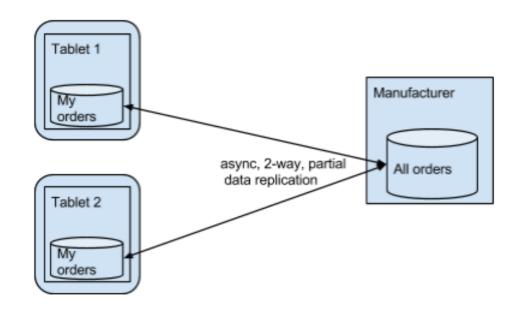




Business-to-Business

- Offline-capable ordering for franchise business
- Nature of data
 - Client → Server
 - Server → Client
 - Server

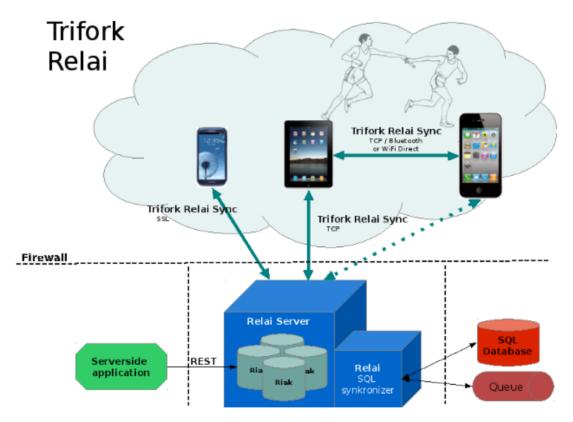
 Client





Festival App

- Mesh-network CRDT syncing
- Data is informational: Low consistency requirements



Outlook — Formal Requirements

- D1.2 / Work in progress on formal requirements.
- Capturing constraints in mathematical notation.
- WP4: Moving on with formalizing this using TLA+



Examples — Formal Requirements

Name	Description	Type
\overline{AD}	It is the set of all advertisement-campaigns. a identify one of the ads, $a \in AD$, where	\mathbb{Z}_+
	AD is the number of ads.	
Name/Description		Type
$T_a, T_a^{start}, T_a^{end}$		\mathbb{R}_+
T_a is the duration of the campaign for ad a . T_a^{start} represents the beginning of the campaign and T_a^{end} the end, with $T_a = T_a^{start} - T_a^{end}$.		
maxTotalViews(a)		\mathbb{Z}_+
It is the maximum total number of times the ad a should be shown.		
maxTotalViewsPerDC(a,d)		\mathbb{Z}_+
It is the total number of times the ad a should be shown by DC d .		
maxVi	ewsPerDevice(a)	\mathbb{Z}_+
It represents the maximum number of times the ad a should be presented on a device.		
views F	PerDevice(a, dv)	\mathbb{Z}_+
It is the number of times the ad a has been shown on the device g. $h(t)_{ag}$ is the same than h_{ag} .		
$\overline{verifiedViews(a,n,q)}$		\mathbb{Z}_+
It is the verified number of times an ad a has been shown by node q as the node n report it,		it,
$n, a \in \{$	$\{1,\ldots, Nodes \}.$	

Examples — Formal Requirements

$$maxTotalViews(a) = \sum_{d \in DC} maxTotalViewsPerDC(a,d)$$

 $maxViewsPerDevice(a) \ge viewsPerDevice(a, dv)$

$$maxTotalViews(a) = \sum_{dv \in DV} viewsPerDevice(a, dv) + \Delta_a \forall \ t \ge T_a^{end}$$

Outlook — General Operational Requirements

Controlling storage consumption at scale

- Partial replication (replicating part objects)
- Geo-replication (replication data to where it is used)



Relations with other WPs

- WPI → WP2: Provides platform guidance
- WPI → WP3: Programming model
- WPI → WP4: Formal verification



Questions

