

Tutorial 6

1st price sealed-bid auction

- n players submit bids simultaneously in envelopes.
- The single item is won by the player with the highest bid.
- If multiple players have the same bid, the player with the highest valuation wins (there are no equal valuations, by assumption)
- The winner pays her bid.

Note: To make analysis easier, we name the players according to their valuations for the item. I.e. $V_1 > V_2 > \dots > V_n$

We can formulate it as a strategic form game where each player i 's utility is:

$$U_i(b_1, b_2, \dots, b_n) = \begin{cases} V_i - b_i & , \text{ if } i \text{ wins} \\ 0 & , \text{ if } i \text{ loses} \end{cases}$$

Exercise 1

Consider a 1st price sealed-bid auction with 4 players where $V_1 = 8$, $V_2 = 6$, $V_3 = 2$, $V_4 = 1$. Consider also the following action profiles:

(a) $(b_1, b_2, b_3, b_4) = (8, 6, 2, 1)$

(b) $(b_1, b_2, b_3, b_4) = (8, 0, 0, 0)$

(c) $(b_1, b_2, b_3, b_4) = (5, 4, 5, 1)$

(d) $(b_1, b_2, b_3, b_4) = (6, 4, 1, 6)$

Which of the above is a NE? Justify your answer

Solution

(a) $U_1 = U_2 = U_3 = U_4 = 0$

The action profile is not a NE, because pl. ① could choose $b'_1 = 7$ and get $U'_1 = 1 > 0 = U_1$.

(b) $U_1 = U_2 = U_3 = U_4 = 0$

The action profile is not a NE, because pl. ① could choose $b'_1 = 5$ and get $U'_1 = 3 > 0 = U_1$.

(c) $U_1 = 3, U_2 = U_3 = U_4 = 0$

The action profile is not a NE, because pl. ② could choose $b'_2 = 5.5$ and get $U'_2 = 0.5 > 0 = U_2$.

$U_1 = 2, U_2 = U_3 = U_4 = 0$

(d) The action profile is a NE, because:

- If $b'_1 > 6$ then pl. ① still wins, but gets $U'_1 = 8 - b'_1 < 2 = U_1$
If $b'_1 < 6$ then pl. ① loses and gets $U'_1 = 0 < 2 = U_1$

- If pl. ② could get some utility better than $U_2 = 0$, she would have to win. If she won she would have chosen some $b'_2 > 6$ and she would get $U'_2 = 6 - b'_2 < 0 = U_2$.

- For pl. ③ and pl. ④ a similar argument as for pl. ② holds
(Homework)

Useful Theorem (see lecture notes)

An action profile (b_1, b_2, \dots, b_n) is a NE of a 1st price sealed-bid auction if and only if all of the below hold:

- the two highest bids are the same.
- one of these bids is submitted by pl. ①.
- the highest bid is at least v_2 and at most v_1 .

2nd price sealed-bid auction

- n players submit bids simultaneously in envelopes.
- The single item is won by the player with the highest bid
- If multiple players have the same bid, the player with the highest valuation wins (there are no equal valuations, by assumption)
- The winner pays the second highest bid.

Note: To make analysis easier, we name the players according to their valuations for the item. I.e. $v_1 > v_2 > \dots > v_n$

We can formulate it as a strategic form game where each player i 's utility is:

$$u_i(b_1, b_2, \dots, b_n) = \begin{cases} v_i - b_k, & \text{if } i \text{ wins, where } b_k \text{ is the second highest bid} \\ 0, & \text{if } i \text{ loses} \end{cases}$$

Exercise 2

Consider a 2nd price sealed-bid auction with 4 players with valuations $v_1 = 8, v_2 = 6, v_3 = 2, v_4 = 1$. Consider also the action profiles of Exercise 1.

Which of them is a NE? Justify your answer.

Solution

(a) $u_1 = 2, u_2 = u_3 = u_4 = 0$

The action profile is a NE, because:

- If $b'_1 \geq 6$ then pl. ① still wins and gets $u'_1 = 2 = u_1$.
- If $b'_1 < 6$ then pl. ① loses and gets $u'_1 = 0 < 2 = u_1$.
- If pl. ② could get some utility better than $u_2 = 0$, she would have to win. If she won she would have chosen some $b'_2 > 8$ which would make $b_1 = 8$ the second highest bid, and she would get $u'_2 = 6 - 8 = -2 < 0 = u_2$.
- For pl. ③ and pl. ④ a similar argument as for pl. ② holds.
(Homework)

(b) $u_1 = 8, u_2 = u_3 = u_4 = 0$

The action profile is a NE, because:

- If $b'_1 \geq 0$ then pl. ① still wins and gets $u'_1 = 8 = u_1$.
(She cannot bid a negative number)
- If pl. ② could get some utility better than $u_2 = 0$, she would have to win. If she won she would have chosen some $b'_2 > 8$ which would make $b_1 = 8$ the second highest bid, and she would get $u'_2 = 6 - 8 = -2 < 0 = u_2$.
- For pl. ③ and pl. ④ a similar argument as for pl. ② holds.
(Homework)

(c) $u_1 = 3, u_2 = u_3 = u_4 = 0$

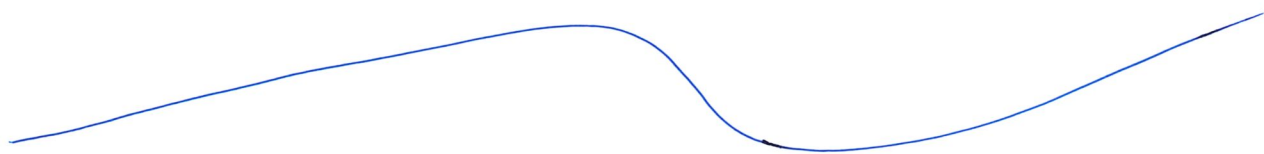
The action profile is not a NE, because pl. ② could choose $b'_2 = 6$ and get $u'_2 = 1 > 0 = u_2$.

(d) $u_1 = 2, u_2 = u_3 = u_4 = 0$

The action profile is a NE, because:

- If $b'_1 > 6$ then pl. ① still wins and gets $u'_1 = 2 = u_1$.
If $b'_1 < 6$ then pl. ① loses and gets $u'_1 = 0 < 2 = u_1$.
- If pl. ② could get some utility better than $u_2 = 0$, she would have to win. If she won she would have chosen some $b'_2 > 6$ which would make $b_1 = 6$ the second highest bid, and she would get $u'_2 = 6 - 6 = 0 = u_2$.
- If pl. ③ could get some utility better than $u_3 = 0$, she would have to win. If she won she would have chosen some $b'_3 > 6$ which would make $b_1 = 6$ the second highest bid, and she would get $u'_3 = 2 - 6 = -4 < 0 = u_3$.
- For pl. ④ a similar argument as for pl. ③ holds.

(Homework)



Remark (see lecture notes)

In a 2nd price sealed-bid auction, the following action profiles are NE:

- $(b_1, b_2, \dots, b_n) = (v_1, v_2, \dots, v_n) \rightarrow$ Also, truthful bidding weakly dominates all other bids for a player.
- $(b_1, b_2, \dots, b_n) = (v_1, 0, \dots, 0)$
- $(b_1, b_2, \dots, b_n) = (v_2, v_1, 0, \dots, 0)$