

FMI Table

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Chapter 1

FMI Tables

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Source Code https://github.com/Syndamia/FMI-OOP-P2_Tables

1.1 About

"FMI Tables" is a simple implementation of parsing and editing a CSV-style table file, that stores strings, formulas and numbers.

1.2 Structure overview

The project is roughly divided into 3 main components: User Interface, Models and Generic [fig1](#).

- The User Interface is the messenger between a user and the underlying application. All input and output is handled here.
- Models are the general classes that are used in the user interface and that do the value parsing.
- Generic is a place for all code that is can be used independently from the project. Stuff like [Pair](#), [String](#) or [List](#).

1.3 Building the project

Instructions are all for `gcc`. All commands should be executed while in the `src` folder.

1.3.1 Linux/BSD/macOS

```
g++ **/*.cpp -o TicketSystem.out && ./TicketSystem.out
```

1.3.2 Windows (PowerShell)

```
g++ (Get-ChildItem -Recurse *.cpp) -o TicketSystem.exe && ./TicketSystem.exe
```

1.4 Figures

Figure 1: Overview of the "FMI Ticket System" design

Figure 1.1 Not available in LaTeX!

Chapter 2

Hierarchical Index

2.1 Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

Cell	??
CellDouble	??
CellFormula	??
CellInt	??
CellString	??
Command	??
List< T >	??
List< CellDouble >	??
List< Command >	??
List< List< Cell * > >	??
List< Pair< Pair< int, int >, char > >	??
Menu	??
Pair< T, U >	??
Pair< Pair< int, int >, char >	??
String	??
Table	??
UserInterface	??

Chapter 3

Class Index

3.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

Cell	Fully abstract class that represents a cell in the table	??
CellDouble	A table cell which contains a double-precision floating point number	??
CellFormula	A table cell which contains a formula	??
CellInt	A table cell which contains an integer	??
CellString	A table cell which contains a String value	??
Command	Stores a 256 character name and a function pointer to be executed when calling run()	??
List< T >	Templated class that stores an array of elements in dynamic memory	??
Menu	Handles navigation between multiple commands	??
Pair< T, U >	Stores two values of any types	??
String	A dynamically-allocated C-style string with extra features	??
Table	A 2D collection of Cell instances	??
UserInterface	The class that contains and via which the user controls the application's user interface	??

Chapter 4

File Index

4.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

src/main.cpp	Creates a default instance of UserInterface and runs it	??
src/Generic/ConsoleInterface/Command.h	Stores the declaration of class Command	??
src/Generic/ConsoleInterface/Menu.h	Stores the declaration of class Menu	??
src/Generic/ConsoleInterface/Toolbox.hpp	Stores a wide range of functions for simpler/more automated printing	??
src/Generic/List/List.hpp	Stores declaration and definition of templated class List	??
src/Generic/Pair/Pair.hpp	Stores the declaration of struct Pair	??
src/Generic/String/String.h	Stores declaration of class String	??
src/Models/Cell.h	Stores the declaration of class Cell	??
src/Models/CellDouble.h	Stores the declaration of class CellDouble	??
src/Models/CellFormula.h	Stores the declaration of class CellFormula	??
src/Models/CellInt.h	Stores the declaration of class Cell	??
src/Models/CellString.h	Stores the declaration of class CellString	??
src/Models/Table.h	Stores the declaration of class Table	??
src/UserInterface/UserInterface.h	Stores the declaration of class UserInterface	??

Chapter 5

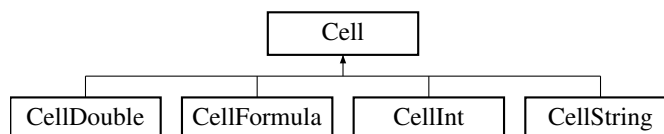
Class Documentation

5.1 Cell Class Reference

Fully abstract class that represents a cell in the table.

```
#include <Cell.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Cell:



Public Member Functions

- virtual double [getNumeralValue](#) () const =0
Returns the value of the cell as a double-precision floating point number.
- virtual [String getValueForPrint](#) () const =0
Returns the value of the cell as a [String](#).
- virtual void [parseAndSetValue](#) (const char *str)=0
Parses given C-style string and stores value.
- virtual void [writeToFile](#) (std::ofstream &file)=0
Writes value to a text file.

5.1.1 Detailed Description

Fully abstract class that represents a cell in the table.

5.1.2 Member Function Documentation

5.1.2.1 `getNumeralValue()`

```
virtual double Cell::getNumeralValue ( ) const [pure virtual]
```

Returns the value of the cell as a double-precision floating point number.

Implemented in [CellDouble](#), [CellFormula](#), [CellInt](#), and [CellString](#).

5.1.2.2 `getValueForPrint()`

```
virtual String Cell::getValueForPrint ( ) const [pure virtual]
```

Returns the value of the cell as a [String](#).

Implemented in [CellDouble](#), [CellFormula](#), [CellInt](#), and [CellString](#).

5.1.2.3 `parseAndSetValue()`

```
virtual void Cell::parseAndSetValue (
    const char * str ) [pure virtual]
```

Parses given C-style string and stores value.

Implemented in [CellDouble](#), [CellFormula](#), [CellInt](#), and [CellString](#).

5.1.2.4 `writeToFile()`

```
virtual void Cell::writeToFile (
    std::ofstream & file ) [pure virtual]
```

Writes value to a text file.

Implemented in [CellDouble](#), [CellFormula](#), [CellInt](#), and [CellString](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

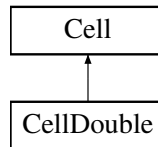
- [src/Models/Cell.h](#)

5.2 CellDouble Class Reference

A table cell which contains a double-precision floating point number.

```
#include <CellDouble.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for CellDouble:



Public Member Functions

- **CellDouble** (double value)
- **CellDouble** (const char *str)
- double **getNumeralValue** () const override
Returns the value of the cell as a double-precision floating point number.
- **String** **getValueForPrint** () const override
*Returns the value of the cell as a **String**.*
- void **parseAndSetValue** (const char *str) override
Parses given C-style string and stores value.
- void **writeToFile** (std::ofstream &file) override
Writes value to a text file.

5.2.1 Detailed Description

A table cell which contains a double-precision floating point number.

Implements the [Cell](#) class by implementing a value of type double.

5.2.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.2.2.1 CellDouble()

```
CellDouble::CellDouble (  
    const char * str )
```

Accepts a C-style string in the form "<+/-><digits>.<digits>"

5.2.3 Member Function Documentation

5.2.3.1 getNumeralValue()

```
double CellDouble::getNumeralValue ( ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Returns the value of the cell as a double-precision floating point number.

Implements [Cell](#).

5.2.3.2 getValueForPrint()

```
String CellDouble::getValueForPrint ( ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Returns the value of the cell as a [String](#).

Implements [Cell](#).

5.2.3.3 parseAndSetValue()

```
void CellDouble::parseAndSetValue (
    const char * str ) [override], [virtual]
```

Parses given C-style string and stores value.

Implements [Cell](#).

5.2.3.4 writeToFile()

```
void CellDouble::writeToFile (
    std::ofstream & file ) [override], [virtual]
```

Writes value to a text file.

Implements [Cell](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

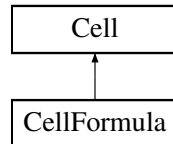
- [src/Models/CellDouble.h](#)
- [src/Models/CellDouble.cpp](#)

5.3 CellFormula Class Reference

A table cell which contains a formula.

```
#include <CellFormula.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for CellFormula:



Public Member Functions

- **CellFormula** (const char *str, const [List](#)< [List](#)< [Cell](#) * > > *tableCells)
- double [getNumeralValue](#) () const override
- [String](#) [getValueForPrint](#) () const override
- void [parseAndSetValue](#) (const char *str) override
- void [writeToFile](#) (std::ofstream &file) override

Writes value to a text file.

5.3.1 Detailed Description

A table cell which contains a formula.

Implements the [Cell](#) class by storing a formula as a [String](#) and in a dynamic [List](#)

5.3.2 Member Function Documentation

5.3.2.1 [getNumeralValue\(\)](#)

```
double CellFormula::getNumeralValue ( ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Value is recalculated every time this function is called (in case a referenced cell is changed).

Returns

0

Implements [Cell](#).

5.3.2.2 `getValueForPrint()`

```
String CellFormula::getValueForPrint ( ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Value is recalculated every time this function is called (in case a referenced cell is changed).

Returns

"Error"

Implements [Cell](#).

5.3.2.3 `parseAndSetValue()`

```
void CellFormula::parseAndSetValue (
    const char * str ) [override], [virtual]
```

Each math operation is represented with a [Pair](#) that holds indecies of cell reference and a character for the operation.

Negative value for the operation character means it's with priority and the result get's calculated immediately (rather than recursively, taking into account other values).

Exceptions

<code>std::logic_error("Error</code>	Invalid column character!") Thrown when there is something between Rx and C in cell references \exception <code>std::logic_error("Error: Invalid value!")</code> Thrown when met value isn't a cell reference or number \exception <code>throw std::logic_error("Error: Could not find operand!")</code> Thrown when there isn't an operator character between two values
--------------------------------------	---

Implements [Cell](#).

5.3.2.4 `writeToFile()`

```
void CellFormula::writeToFile (
    std::ofstream & file ) [override], [virtual]
```

Writes value to a text file.

Implements [Cell](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

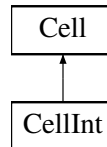
- [src/Models/CellFormula.h](#)
- [src/Models/CellFormula.cpp](#)

5.4 CellInt Class Reference

A table cell which contains an integer.

```
#include <CellInt.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for CellInt:



Public Member Functions

- **CellInt** (int value)
- **CellInt** (const char *str)
- double [getNumeralValue](#) () const override
Returns the value of the cell as a double-precision floating point number.
- [String getValueForPrint](#) () const override
Returns the value of the cell as a [String](#).
- void [parseAndSetValue](#) (const char *str) override
Parses given C-style string and stores value.
- void [writeToFile](#) (std::ofstream &file) override
Writes value to a text file.

5.4.1 Detailed Description

A table cell which contains an integer.

Implements the [Cell](#) class by implementing a value of type int

5.4.2 Member Function Documentation

5.4.2.1 getNumeralValue()

```
double CellInt::getNumeralValue ( ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Returns the value of the cell as a double-precision floating point number.

Implements [Cell](#).

5.4.2.2 `getValueForPrint()`

```
String CellInt::getValueForPrint ( ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Returns the value of the cell as a [String](#).

Implements [Cell](#).

5.4.2.3 `parseAndSetValue()`

```
void CellInt::parseAndSetValue (
    const char * str ) [override], [virtual]
```

Parses given C-style string and stores value.

Implements [Cell](#).

5.4.2.4 `writeToFile()`

```
void CellInt::writeToFile (
    std::ofstream & file ) [override], [virtual]
```

Writes value to a text file.

Implements [Cell](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

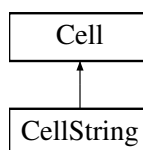
- [src/Models/CellInt.h](#)
- [src/Models/CellInt.cpp](#)

5.5 CellString Class Reference

A table cell which contains a [String](#) value.

```
#include <CellString.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for CellString:



Public Member Functions

- **CellString** (const char *str)
- double [getNumeralValue](#) () const override
Returns the value of the cell as a double-precision floating point number.
- [String](#) [getValueForPrint](#) () const override
Returns the value of the cell as a [String](#).
- void [parseAndSetValue](#) (const char *str) override
Parses given C-style string and stores value.
- void [writeToFile](#) (std::ofstream &file) override
Writes value to a text file.

5.5.1 Detailed Description

A table cell which contains a [String](#) value.

5.5.2 Member Function Documentation

5.5.2.1 [getNumeralValue\(\)](#)

```
double CellString::getNumeralValue ( ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Returns the value of the cell as a double-precision floating point number.

Implements [Cell](#).

5.5.2.2 [getValueForPrint\(\)](#)

```
String CellString::getValueForPrint ( ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Returns the value of the cell as a [String](#).

Implements [Cell](#).

5.5.2.3 [parseAndSetValue\(\)](#)

```
void CellString::parseAndSetValue (
    const char * str ) [override], [virtual]
```

Parses given C-style string and stores value.

Implements [Cell](#).

5.5.2.4 writeToFile()

```
void CellString::writeToFile (
    std::ofstream & file ) [override], [virtual]
```

Writes value to a text file.

Implements [Cell](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/Models/[CellString.h](#)
- src/Models/CellString.cpp

5.6 Command Class Reference

Stores a 256 character name and a function pointer to be executed when calling [run\(\)](#)

```
#include <Command.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- **Command ()**
Leaves name empty and exec function pointer to nullptr.
- **Command** (const char *name, void(*exec)(const char *params))
Copies contents of nameInMenu and stores exec.
- void **run** (const char *params) const
Executes the stored function pointer.
- const char * **get_name** () const

5.6.1 Detailed Description

Stores a 256 character name and a function pointer to be executed when calling [run\(\)](#)

[Menu](#) uses this class for a more generic implementation of it's navigate function.

5.6.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.6.2.1 Command()

```
Command::Command (
    const char * name,
    void(*) (const char *params) exec )
```

Copies contents of nameInMenu and stores exec.

Parameters

<i>name</i>	C-style string, class stores at most 255 characters (last character is always terminating zero)
<i>exec</i>	Function pointer that will be executed when run() is called. Can be nullptr.

5.6.3 Member Function Documentation

5.6.3.1 run()

```
void Command::run (
    const char * params ) const
```

Executes the stored function pointer.

Executes the stored function pointer, when it's not nullptr. Otherwise does nothing.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- [src/Generic/ConsoleInterface/Command.h](#)
- [src/Generic/ConsoleInterface/Command.cpp](#)

5.7 List< T > Class Template Reference

Templated class that stores an array of elements in dynamic memory.

```
#include <List.hpp>
```

Public Member Functions

- **List** (const T *elements, unsigned elementsCount)
Copies all elements in given array.
- **List** (unsigned length)
Allocates memory for the given length.
- void [add](#) (const T &element)
Adds an element.
- void [insertAt](#) (const T &element, unsigned index)
Inserts element at given index.
- bool [removeAt](#) (unsigned index)
Removes element at index.
- unsigned [findIndex](#) (const T &element) const
Finds the index of element.
- bool [contain](#) (const T &element) const
- T & **operator[]** (unsigned index)
Returns reference to element at index.

- `const T & operator[]` (unsigned index) `const`
Returns constant reference to element at index.
- `const T * raw_data` () `const`
Returns raw array of data.
- `void clear` ()
Removes all data.
- `List< T > & operator+=` (const `List< T >` other)
Appends elements from other list.
- `std::istream & read` (std::istream &istr)
Reads from stream.
- `std::ostream & write` (std::ostream &ostr) `const`
Writes to stream.
- `unsigned get_length` () `const`
Returns the length.
- `unsigned get_count` () `const`
Returns the count.
- `List & operator=` (const `List` &other)
- `List` (const `List` &other)
- `List` (`List` &&other)
- `List & operator=` (`List` &&other)

Protected Member Functions

- `void resize` ()
- `void free` ()
- `void copyFrom` (const `List` &other)

Protected Attributes

- `T * elements`
- `unsigned length`
- `unsigned count`

5.7.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename T>
class List< T >
```

Templated class that stores an array of elements in dynamic memory.

Warning

`findIndex()`, `contain()`, `read()`, `write()`, `operator<<()` and `operator>>()` require the type to have defined a couple of functions.

See also

```
findIndex()
contain()
read()
write()
operator<<()
operator>>()
```

5.7.2 Member Function Documentation

5.7.2.1 add()

```
template<typename T >
void List< T >::add (
    const T & element )
```

Adds an element.

Resizes internal array if there is no space for additional elements.

5.7.2.2 contain()

```
template<typename T >
bool List< T >::contain (
    const T & element ) const
```

Returns

Whether the element is contained in the current [List](#)

Warning

Function depends on [findIndex\(\)](#), which means the same "compare" function must be defined in the type

See also

[findIndex\(\)](#)

5.7.2.3 findIndex()

```
template<typename T >
unsigned List< T >::findIndex (
    const T & element ) const
```

Finds the index of element.

Returns

Index of element. If element isn't found, returns the count of element.

Warning

The function depends on the type having a function "compare" defined, which takes two elements and returns a number <0 if elem1 < elem2, >0 if elem1 > elem2, 0 if elem1 == elem2

Note

Searching is done linearly

5.7.2.4 get_count()

```
template<typename T >
unsigned List< T >::get_count
```

Returns the count.

Count is the amount of elements that are stored.

5.7.2.5 get_length()

```
template<typename T >
unsigned List< T >::get_length
```

Returns the length.

Length is the size of the underlying array (allocated memory).

5.7.2.6 insertAt()

```
template<typename T >
void List< T >::insertAt (
    const T & element,
    unsigned index )
```

Inserts element at given index.

If index is after the last element, the element is just added. Otherwise all elements after the index are shifted right and element is put in place.

Resizes internal array if there is no space for additional elements.

5.7.2.7 read()

```
template<typename T >
std::istream & List< T >::read (
    std::istream & istr )
```

Reads from stream.

Parameters

<i>istr</i>	An input stream
-------------	-----------------

Directly reads bytes from stream (calls [read\(\)](#) function). Any stored values are deleted and replaced with those from the stream.

Warning

The function depends on the type having a function "read" defined, which takes an std::istream& and writes it's data to it. Return type doesn't matter.

Remarks

Doesn't alter the stream in any other way.

Note

Best used with binary ifstream

5.7.2.8 removeAt()

```
template<typename T >
bool List< T >::removeAt (
    unsigned index )
```

Removes element at index.

Returns

Whether element could be removed

If index is after that of the last element, nothing is done and false is returned. Otherwise elements after index are shifted right and count is reduced.

5.7.2.9 write()

```
template<typename T >
std::ostream & List< T >::write (
    std::ostream & ostr ) const
```

Writes to stream.

Parameters

<i>ostr</i>	An output stream
-------------	------------------

Directly writes bytes to stream (calls [write\(\)](#) function).

Warning

The function depends on the type having a function "write" defined, which takes an std::ostream& and writes its data to it. Return type doesn't matter.

Remarks

Doesn't alter the stream in any other way.

Note

Best used with binary ofstream

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- src/Generic/List/[List.hpp](#)

5.8 Menu Class Reference

Handles navigation between multiple commands.

```
#include <Menu.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- **Menu** ()
Sets name as "Menu", leaves all flags to false and creates an empty [Command](#) list.
- **Menu** (const [Command](#) *commands, unsigned commandCount)
Copies commands.
- void **addCommand** (const [Command](#) &command)
Adds a command to the internal [Command](#) list.
- void **navigate** () const
Lists commands and after user input executes an appropriate command run() function.

5.8.1 Detailed Description

Handles navigation between multiple commands.

Shows the title, then below it an Error/Warning/Success message if set, lists all command options as an enumerated list, takes command index and calls the chosen command's run() function.

5.8.2 Member Function Documentation

5.8.2.1 navigate()

```
void Menu::navigate ( ) const
```

Lists commands and after user input executes an appropriate command run() function.

Prints the title, then an Error/Warning/Success message (if set), prints all command names as an ordered list (starting from 1), waits for user input to select one of those commands (by list number) and finally executes the appropriate command's run() function.

After the run() function exists, everything is reprinted. The 0 list index is always "Go Back"/"Exit" and it always stops the reprinting loop.

If there are no commands, prints "Menu is empty!". If user input doesn't correspond to any command, registers an error message and reprints.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/Generic/ConsoleInterface/[Menu.h](#)
- src/Generic/ConsoleInterface/Menu.cpp

5.9 Pair< T, U > Struct Template Reference

Stores two values of any types.

```
#include <Pair.hpp>
```

Public Member Functions

- **Pair** (const T &left, const U &right)

Public Attributes

- **T left**
- **U right**

5.9.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename T, typename U>  
struct Pair< T, U >
```

Stores two values of any types.

Values are public, so no explicit getters or setters are made.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- src/Generic/Pair/[Pair.hpp](#)

5.10 String Class Reference

A dynamically-allocated C-style string with extra features.

```
#include <String.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- [String](#) (unsigned length)
The underlying array is allocated with length (+ 1) size.
- [String](#) (const char *str)
Copies str.
- const char * **get_cstr** () const
Returns internal C-style string.
- unsigned **get_length** () const
Returns number of characters in string.
- char & **operator[]** (unsigned index)
Returns a character reference (from the underlying C-style string) at the given index.
- [String](#) & **operator+=** (const char *str)
Appends a C-style string.
- [String](#) & **operator+=** (int number)
Appends a number.
- [String](#) & **operator+=** (unsigned number)
Appends a number.
- [String](#) & **operator+=** (double number)
Appends a number.
- **String** (const [String](#) &other)
- [String](#) & **operator=** (const [String](#) &other)
- **String** ([String](#) &&other)
- [String](#) & **operator=** ([String](#) &&other)
- void **read** (std::istream &istr)
Reads [String](#) from stream.
- void **write** (std::ostream &ostr) const
Writes [String](#) to stream.
- int **compare** (const [String](#) &other) const
Compares two strings.

Friends

- std::istream & **operator>>** (std::istream &istr, [String](#) &str)
Reads [String](#) from stream with >> operator.
- std::ostream & **operator<<** (std::ostream &ostr, const [String](#) &str)
Writes [String](#) to stream with << operator.

5.10.1 Detailed Description

A dynamically-allocated C-style string with extra features.

Remarks

There is no buffer allocation, meaning each [String](#) takes only the amount of memory it needs and every append operation juggles around memory.

5.10.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.10.2.1 String() [1/2]

```
String::String (
    unsigned length )
```

The underlying array is allocated with length (+ 1) size.

Allocated with length + 1 size, so there is a terminating zero at the end.

5.10.2.2 String() [2/2]

```
String::String (
    const char * str )
```

Copies str.

\params str C-style string

5.10.3 Member Function Documentation

5.10.3.1 compare()

```
int String::compare (
    const String & other ) const
```

Compares two strings.

\params other C-style string

Returns

strcmp between underlying C-style string and "other"

5.10.3.2 operator+=() [1/4]

```
String & String::operator+= (
    const char * str )
```

Appends a C-style string.

\params str C-style string

5.10.3.3 operator+=() [2/4]

```
String & String::operator+= (
    double number )
```

Appends a number.

Converts the number to a C-style string and then uses += to append it.

5.10.3.4 operator+=() [3/4]

```
String & String::operator+= (
    int number )
```

Appends a number.

Converts the number to a C-style string and then uses += to append it.

5.10.3.5 operator+=() [4/4]

```
String & String::operator+= (
    unsigned number )
```

Appends a number.

Converts the number to a C-style string and then uses += to append it.

5.10.3.6 read()

```
void String::read (
    std::istream & istr )
```

Reads [String](#) from stream.

Parameters

<i>istr</i>	An input stream
-------------	-----------------

Directly reads bytes from stream (calls [read\(\)](#) function). First reads the string length, then the underlying C-style string (including terminating zero).

Remarks

Doesn't alter the stream in any other way.

Note

Best used with binary ifstream

5.10.3.7 write()

```
void String::write (
    std::ostream & ostr ) const
```

Writes [String](#) to stream.

Parameters

<i>ostr</i>	An output stream
-------------	------------------

Directly writes bytes to stream (calls [write\(\)](#) function). First writes the string length, then the underlying C-style string (including terminating zero).

Remarks

Doesn't alter the stream in any other way.

Note

Best used with binary ofstream

5.10.4 Friends And Related Function Documentation

5.10.4.1 operator<<

```
std::ostream & operator<< (
    std::ostream & ostr,
    const String & str ) [friend]
```

Writes [String](#) to stream with << operator.

Uses the stream's << operator to write the underlying C-style string

Note

Best used with std::cout or text std::ofstream

5.10.4.2 operator>>

```
std::istream & operator>> (
    std::istream & istr,
    String & str ) [friend]
```

Reads [String](#) from stream with >> operator.

Uses the stream's getline function to read the data.

Warning

It takes at most 1024 characters from the stream!

Note

Best used with std::cin or text std::ifstream

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/Generic/String/[String.h](#)
- src/Generic/String/String.cpp

5.11 Table Class Reference

A 2D collection of [Cell](#) instances.

```
#include <Table.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- **Table** (const char *filePath)
- unsigned **get_rows** () const
Returns count of rows.
- unsigned **get_cols** () const
Returns largest count of columns in all rows.
- void **putCell** (unsigned row, unsigned col, const char *rawValue)
Parses rawValue and replaces the value at row and col with it.
- [List](#)< [String](#) > **getAllCells** () const
Returns a [List](#) of [String](#) with [String](#) representation of every cell in order.
- void **saveToFile** (const char *filePath) const
Saves all cells to a text file.

5.11.1 Detailed Description

A 2D collection of [Cell](#) instances.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/Models/[Table.h](#)
- src/Models/Table.cpp

5.12 UserInterface Class Reference

The class that contains and via which the user controls the application's user interface.

```
#include <UserInterface.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- void **run** ()
Starts the user interface.

5.12.1 Detailed Description

The class that contains and via which the user controls the application's user interface.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/UserInterface/[UserInterface.h](#)
- src/UserInterface/UserInterface.cpp

Chapter 6

File Documentation

6.1 src/Generic/ConsoleInterface/Command.h File Reference

Stores the declaration of class [Command](#).

Classes

- class [Command](#)

Stores a 256 character name and a function pointer to be executed when calling [run\(\)](#)

6.1.1 Detailed Description

Stores the declaration of class [Command](#).

6.2 Command.h

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```
1 #ifndef HEADER_CONSOLEINTERFACE_COMMAND
2 #define HEADER_CONSOLEINTERFACE_COMMAND
3
12 class Command {
13     char name[256];
14     void (*exec)(const char* params);
15
16 public:
17     Command();
20     Command(const char* name, void (*exec)(const char* params));
22     void run(const char* params) const;
23
24     const char* get_name() const;
25 };
26
27 #endif
```

6.3 src/Generic/ConsoleInterface/Menu.h File Reference

Stores the declaration of class [Menu](#).

```
#include "Command.h"
#include "../List/List.hpp"
```

Classes

- class [Menu](#)

Handles navigation between multiple commands.

6.3.1 Detailed Description

Stores the declaration of class [Menu](#).

6.4 Menu.h

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```
1 #ifndef HEADER_CONSOLEINTERFACE_MENU
2 #define HEADER_CONSOLEINTERFACE_MENU
3
4 #include "Command.h"
5 #include "../List/List.hpp"
6
7 class Menu {
8     List<Command> menuOptions;
9
10 public:
11     Menu();
12     Menu(const Command* commands, unsigned commandCount);
13
14     void addCommand(const Command& command);
15
16     void navigate() const;
17 };
18
19 #endif
```

6.5 src/Generic/ConsoleInterface/Toolbox.hpp File Reference

Stores a wide range of functions for simpler/more automated printing.

```
#include <iostream>
#include "../List/List.hpp"
#include "../String/String.h"
```

Macros

- #define **MAX_LINE_WIDTH** 1024

Functions

- void `inputLineBox` (char *output, unsigned maxWidth, bool ignore=true)
Prints label, gets a whole line of input and stores it to output.
- void `printTable` (const List< String > &items, unsigned columns)
Prints a string list as a table.
- template<typename T >
void `read` (T *storage)
Reads user input and stores it.
- template<typename T >
void `read` (T &storage)
Reads user input and stores it.
- template<typename T >
void `print` (const T *item)
Prints given item.
- template<typename T >
void `print` (const T &item)
Prints given item.
- template<typename T >
void `printLine` (const T *item)
Prints given item and an newline character.
- template<typename T >
void `printLine` (const T &item)
Prints given item and an newline character.

6.5.1 Detailed Description

Stores a wide range of functions for simpler/more automated printing.

Adds a lot of functions for printing.

Remarks

iostream is included by necessity (templated functions), you should only use the provided functions, if you can.

6.5.2 Function Documentation

6.5.2.1 inputLineBox()

```
void inputLineBox (
    char * output,
    unsigned maxWidth,
    bool ignore )
```

Prints label, gets a whole line of input and stores it to output.

Parameters

<i>label</i>	C-style string, there are no size check so it could wrap
<i>output</i>	Pointer to a char array
<i>maxWidth</i>	Maximum count of characters to read from user input. output MUST be able to hold that many characters!
<i>ignore</i>	Whether or not to ignore the first new-line delimiter. true by default, should be set to false only when an inputLineBox/SubBox has been issued directly prior or when it's the very first issued box command.

Prints "(+)" before the label.

6.5.2.2 printTable()

```
void printTable (
    const List< String > & items,
    unsigned columns )
```

Prints a string list as a table.

Parameters

<i>startNumber</i>	The number by which column and row enumeration begins
<i>columns</i>	How many columns the table should have
<i>items</i>	C-style string, each cell is a single character from the string

Prints a string as a grid/table of characters from top to bottom, left to right. The first character is on the top left, the last one is on the bottom right.

[Table](#) is printed until a terminating zero is encountered. The rows are "calculated" from the columns count and the items length.

6.6 Toolbox.hpp

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```
1 #ifndef HEADER_CONSOLEINTERFACE_TOOLBOX
2 #define HEADER_CONSOLEINTERFACE_TOOLBOX
3
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include "../List/List.hpp"
6 #include "../String/String.h"
7
16 #define MAX_LINE_WIDTH 1024
17
19 void inputLineBox(char* output, unsigned maxWidth, bool ignore = true);
20
22 void printTable(const List<String>& items, unsigned columns);
23
25 template <typename T>
26 void read(T* storage) {
27     std::cin » storage;
28 }
29
31 template <typename T>
32 void read(T& storage) {
33     std::cin » storage;
34 }
35
```

```

37 template <typename T>
38 void print(const T* item) {
39     std::cout << item;
40 }
41
43 template <typename T>
44 void print(const T& item) {
45     std::cout << item;
46 }
47
49 template <typename T>
50 void printLine(const T* item) {
51     std::cout << item << std::endl;
52 }
53
55 template <typename T>
56 void printLine(const T& item) {
57     std::cout << item << std::endl;
58 }
59
60 #endif

```

6.7 src/Generic/List/List.hpp File Reference

Stores declaration and definition of templated class [List](#).

```

#include <istream>
#include <ostream>

```

Classes

- class [List< T >](#)

Templated class that stores an array of elements in dynamic memory.

Functions

- template<typename T >
std::istream & [operator>>](#) (std::istream &istr, [List< T >](#) &obj)
Reads [List](#) from stream with >> operator.
- template<typename T >
std::ostream & [operator<<](#) (std::ostream &ostr, const [List< T >](#) &obj)
Writes [List](#) to stream with << operator.

6.7.1 Detailed Description

Stores declaration and definition of templated class [List](#).

6.7.2 Function Documentation

6.7.2.1 operator<<()

```
template<typename T >
std::ostream & operator<< (
    std::ostream & ostr,
    const List< T > & obj )
```

Writes [List](#) to stream with << operator.

Uses the stream's << operator to write the count and then all objects.

Warning

The function depends on the type having the operator << defined, which takes an std::ostream& and writes it's data to it. Return type doesn't matter.

Note

Best used with std::cout or text std::ofstream

6.7.2.2 operator>>()

```
template<typename T >
std::istream & operator>> (
    std::istream & istr,
    List< T > & obj )
```

Reads [List](#) from stream with >> operator.

Uses the stream's >> operator to read and parse the elements. The first item in the stream should be the count.

Warning

The function depends on the type having the operator >> defined, which takes an std::istream& and writes it's data to it. Return type doesn't matter.

Note

Best used with std::cin or text std::ifstream

6.8 List.hpp

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```

1  #ifndef HEADER_LIST
2  #define HEADER_LIST
3
4  #include <istream>
5  #include <ostream>
6
7  template <typename T>
8  class List {
9  protected:
10     T* elements;
11     unsigned length;
12     unsigned count;
13
14     void resize();
15     void free();
16     void copyFrom(const List& other);
17
18 public:
19     List(const T* elements, unsigned elementsCount);
20     List(unsigned length);
21     void add(const T& element);
22     void insertAt(const T& element, unsigned index);
23     bool removeAt(unsigned index);
24     unsigned findIndex(const T& element) const;
25     bool contain(const T& element) const;
26     T& operator[](unsigned index);
27     const T& operator[](unsigned index) const;
28     const T* raw_data() const;
29     void clear();
30
31     List<T>& operator+=(const List<T> other);
32
33     std::istream& read(std::istream& istr);
34     std::ostream& write(std::ostream& ostr) const;
35
36     unsigned get_length() const;
37     unsigned get_count() const;
38
39     List();
40     List& operator=(const List& other);
41     List(const List& other);
42     ~List();
43
44     List(List&& other);
45     List& operator=(List&& other);
46 };
47
48 template <typename T>
49 std::istream& operator>(std::istream& istr, List<T>& obj);
50 template <typename T>
51 std::ostream& operator<(std::ostream& ostr, const List<T>& obj);
52
53 /* Private */
54
55 template <typename T>
56 void List<T>::resize() {
57     length = (length == 0) ? 8 : length << 1;
58     T* temp = new T[length];
59     for (int i = 0; i < count; i++)
60         temp[i] = elements[i];
61     delete[] elements;
62     elements = temp;
63 }
64
65 template <typename T>
66 void List<T>::free() {
67     delete[] elements;
68 }
69
70 template <typename T>
71 void List<T>::copyFrom(const List& other) {
72     elements = new T[other.length];
73     for (int i = 0; i < other.count; i++)
74         elements[i] = other.elements[i];
75     length = other.length;
76     count = other.count;
77 }
78
79 /* Public */
80
81 template <typename T>
82 List<T>::List(const T* elements, unsigned elementsCount) {

```

```

114     length = 8;
115     count = elementsCount;
116     this->elements = new T[length];
117     for (unsigned i = 0; i < count; i++)
118         this->elements[i] = elements[i];
119 }
120
121 template <typename T>
122 List<T>::List(unsigned length) {
123     this->length = count = length;
124     this->elements = new T[length];
125     for (unsigned i = 0; i < count; i++)
126         this->elements[i] = elements[i];
127 }
128
129 template <typename T>
130 void List<T>::add(const T& element) {
131     if (length == count) resize();
132     elements[count++] = element;
133 }
134
135 template <typename T>
136 void List<T>::insertAt(const T& element, unsigned index) {
137     if (index >= count) {
138         add(element);
139         return;
140     }
141     if (length == count) resize();
142     for (unsigned i = count; i > index; i--)
143         elements[i] = elements[i - 1];
144     elements[index] = element;
145     count++;
146 }
147
148 template <typename T>
149 bool List<T>::removeAt(unsigned index) {
150     if (index >= count) return false;
151     for (int i = index; i < count; i++)
152         elements[i] = elements[i + 1];
153     count--;
154     return true;
155 }
156
157 template <typename T>
158 unsigned List<T>::findIndex(const T& element) const {
159     unsigned ind = 0;
160     while (ind < count && elements[ind].compare(element) != 0)
161         ind++;
162     return ind;
163 }
164
165 template <typename T>
166 bool List<T>::contain(const T& element) const {
167     return findIndex(element) < count;
168 }
169
170 template <typename T>
171 T& List<T>::operator[](unsigned index) {
172     return elements[index];
173 }
174
175 template <typename T>
176 const T& List<T>::operator[](unsigned index) const {
177     return elements[index];
178 }
179
180 template <typename T>
181 const T* List<T>::raw_data() const {
182     return elements;
183 }
184
185 template <typename T>
186 void List<T>::clear() {
187     free();
188     length = 8;
189     count = 0;
190     this->elements = new T[length];
191 }
192
193 template <typename T>
194 List<T>& List<T>::operator+=(const List<T> other) {
195     for (unsigned i = 0; i < other.length; i++)
196         add(other[i]);

```

```

225     return *this;
226 }
227
228 template <typename T>
229 std::istream& List<T>::read(std::istream& istr) {
230     istr.read((char*)&length, sizeof(length));
231     istr.read((char*)&count, sizeof(count));
232
233     delete[] elements;
234     elements = new T[length];
235
236     for (int i = 0; i < count; i++)
237         elements[i].read(istr);
238
239     return istr;
240 }
241
242 template <typename T>
243 std::ostream& List<T>::write(std::ostream& ostr) const {
244     ostr.write((const char*)&length, sizeof(length));
245     ostr.write((const char*)&count, sizeof(count));
246
247     for (int i = 0; i < count; i++)
248         elements[i].write(ostr);
249
250     return ostr;
251 }
252
253 template <typename T>
254 unsigned List<T>::get_length() const {
255     return length;
256 }
257
258 template <typename T>
259 unsigned List<T>::get_count() const {
260     return count;
261 }
262
263 // Rule of 4
264
265 template <typename T>
266 List<T>::List() : List(nullptr, 0) {}
267
268 template <typename T>
269 List<T>& List<T>::operator=(const List& other) {
270     if (this != &other) {
271         free();
272         copyFrom(other);
273     }
274     return *this;
275 }
276
277 template <typename T>
278 List<T>::List(const List& other) {
279     copyFrom(other);
280 }
281
282 template <typename T>
283 List<T>::~List() {
284     free();
285 }
286
287 // Move semantics
288
289 template <typename T>
290 List<T>::List(List&& other) {
291     length = other.length;
292     count = other.count;
293     elements = other.elements;
294     other.elements = nullptr;
295 }
296
297 template <typename T>
298 List<T>& List<T>::operator=(List&& other) {
299     if (this != &other) {
300         free();
301         length = other.length;
302         count = other.count;
303         elements = other.elements;
304         other.elements = nullptr;
305     }
306     return *this;
307 }
308
309 /* Outside of class */
310
311 template <typename T>

```

```

342 std::istream& operator>>(std::istream& istr, List<T>& obj) {
343     List<T> newObj;
344     unsigned count;
345     istr >> count;
346
347     T temp;
348     for (int i = 0; i < count; i++) {
349         istr >> temp;
350         obj.add(temp);
351     }
352
353     return istr;
354 }
355
356 template <typename T>
357 std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream& ostr, const List<T>& obj) {
358     ostr << obj.get_count() << std::endl;
359     for (int i = 0; i < obj.get_count(); i++)
360         ostr << obj[i];
361
362     return ostr;
363 }
364
365 #endif

```

6.9 src/Generic/Pair/Pair.hpp File Reference

Stores the declaration of struct [Pair](#).

Classes

- struct [Pair](#)< T, U >
Stores two values of any types.

6.9.1 Detailed Description

Stores the declaration of struct [Pair](#).

6.10 Pair.hpp

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```

1 #ifndef PAIR
2 #define PAIR
3
12 template <typename T, typename U>
13 struct Pair {
14     T left;
15     U right;
16
17     Pair();
18     Pair(const T& left, const U& right);
19 };
20
21 template <typename T, typename U>
22 Pair<T, U>::Pair() : left(), right() {}
23
24
25 template <typename T, typename U>
26 Pair<T, U>::Pair(const T& left, const U& right) : left(left), right(right) {}
27
28 #endif

```

6.11 src/Generic/String/String.h File Reference

Stores declaration of class [String](#).

```
#include <istream>
#include <ostream>
```

Classes

- class [String](#)
A dynamically-allocated C-style string with extra features.

Macros

- #define `DOUBLE_PRECISION` 100

6.11.1 Detailed Description

Stores declaration of class [String](#).

6.12 String.h

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```
1 #ifndef HEADER_STRING
2 #define HEADER_STRING
3
4 #include <istream>
5 #include <ostream>
6
7 #define DOUBLE_PRECISION 100
8
9 class String {
10     char* str;
11     unsigned length;
12
13     void free();
14     void copyFrom(const String& other);
15
16 public:
17     String(unsigned length);
18     String(const char* str);
19     const char* get_cstr() const;
20     unsigned get_length() const;
21     char& operator[](unsigned index);
22
23     String& operator+=(const char* str);
24     String& operator+=(int number);
25     String& operator+=(unsigned number);
26     String& operator+=(double number);
27
28     String();
29     String(const String& other);
30     String& operator=(const String& other);
31     ~String();
32
33     String(String&& other);
34     String& operator=(String&& other);
35
36     void read(std::istream& istr);
37     void write(std::ostream& ostr) const;
38     int compare(const String& other) const;
39
40     friend std::istream& operator>>(std::istream& istr, String& str);
41     friend std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream& ostr, const String& str);
42 };
43
44 #endif
```

6.13 src/main.cpp File Reference

Creates a default instance of [UserInterface](#) and runs it.

```
#include "UserInterface/UserInterface.h"
```

Functions

- `int main ()`

6.13.1 Detailed Description

Creates a default instance of [UserInterface](#) and runs it.

6.14 src/Models/Cell.h File Reference

Stores the declaration of class [Cell](#).

```
#include <fstream>
#include "../Generic/String/String.h"
```

Classes

- class [Cell](#)
Fully abstract class that represents a cell in the table.

6.14.1 Detailed Description

Stores the declaration of class [Cell](#).

6.15 Cell.h

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```
1 #ifndef HEADER_CELL
2 #define HEADER_CELL
3
4 #include <fstream>
5 #include "../Generic/String/String.h"
6
7 class Cell {
8 public:
9     virtual double getNumeralValue() const = 0;
10    virtual String getValueForPrint() const = 0;
11    virtual void parseAndSetValue(const char* str) = 0;
12    virtual void writeToFile(std::ofstream& file) = 0;
13
14    virtual ~Cell() = default;
15 };
16
17 #endif
```

6.16 src/Models/CellDouble.h File Reference

Stores the declaration of class [CellDouble](#).

```
#include "Cell.h"
```

Classes

- class [CellDouble](#)

A table cell which contains a double-precision floating point number.

6.16.1 Detailed Description

Stores the declaration of class [CellDouble](#).

6.17 CellDouble.h

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```
1 #ifndef HEADER_CELLDDOUBLE
2 #define HEADER_CELLDDOUBLE
3
4 #include "Cell.h"
5
6 class CellDouble : public Cell {
7     double value;
8
9 public:
10     CellDouble() = default;
11     CellDouble(double value);
12     CellDouble(const char* str);
13
14     double getNumeralValue() const override;
15     String getValueForPrint() const override;
16     void parseAndSetValue(const char* str) override;
17     void writeToFile(std::ofstream& file) override;
18 };
19 #endif
```

6.18 src/Models/CellFormula.h File Reference

Stores the declaration of class [CellFormula](#).

```
#include "Cell.h"
#include "CellDouble.h"
#include "../Generic/List/List.hpp"
#include "../Generic/Pair/Pair.hpp"
```

Classes

- class [CellFormula](#)

A table cell which contains a formula.

6.18.1 Detailed Description

Stores the declaration of class [CellFormula](#).

6.19 CellFormula.h

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```

1 #ifndef HEADER_CELLFORMULA
2 #define HEADER_CELLFORMULA
3
4
5 #include "Cell.h"
6 #include "CellDouble.h"
7 #include "../Generic/List/List.hpp"
8 #include "../Generic/Pair/Pair.hpp"
9
10 class CellFormula : public Cell {
11     const List<List<Cell*>>* tableCells;
12     List<CellDouble> localCells;
13
14     List<Pair<Pair<int, int>, char>> formula;
15     String rawFormula;
16
17     const Cell* ptrByInd(Pair<int, int> loc) const;
18     double calculate(unsigned index = 0) const;
19
20 public:
21     CellFormula() = default;
22     CellFormula(const char* str, const List<List<Cell*>>* tableCells);
23
24     double getNumeralValue() const override;
25     String getValueForPrint() const override;
26     void parseAndSetValue(const char* str) override;
27     void writeToFile(std::ofstream& file) override;
28 };
29
30 #endif

```

6.20 src/Models/CellInt.h File Reference

Stores the declaration of class [Cell](#).

```
#include "Cell.h"
```

Classes

- class [CellInt](#)
A table cell which contains an integer.

6.20.1 Detailed Description

Stores the declaration of class [Cell](#).

6.21 CellInt.h

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```
1 #ifndef HEADER_CELLINT
2 #define HEADER_CELLINT
3
4 #include "Cell.h"
5
6
7 class CellInt : public Cell {
8     int value;
9
10 public:
11     CellInt() = default;
12     CellInt(int value);
13     CellInt(const char* str);
14
15     double getNumeralValue() const override;
16     String getValueForPrint() const override;
17     void parseAndSetValue(const char* str) override;
18     void writeToFile(std::ofstream& file) override;
19 };
20 #endif
```

6.22 src/Models/CellString.h File Reference

Stores the declaration of class [CellString](#).

```
#include "Cell.h"
```

Classes

- class [CellString](#)
A table cell which contains a [String](#) value.

6.22.1 Detailed Description

Stores the declaration of class [CellString](#).

6.23 CellString.h

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```
1 #ifndef HEADER_CELLSTRING
2 #define HEADER_CELLSTRING
3
4 #include "Cell.h"
5
6
7 class CellString : public Cell {
8     String value;
9
10 public:
11     CellString() = default;
12     CellString(const char* str);
13
14     double getNumeralValue() const override;
15     String getValueForPrint() const override;
16     void parseAndSetValue(const char* str) override;
17     void writeToFile(std::ofstream& file) override;
18 };
19 #endif
```

6.24 src/Models/Table.h File Reference

Stores the declaration of class [Table](#).

```
#include "Cell.h"
#include "../Generic/List/List.hpp"
#include <fstream>
```

Classes

- class [Table](#)
A 2D collection of [Cell](#) instances.

6.24.1 Detailed Description

Stores the declaration of class [Table](#).

6.25 Table.h

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```
1 #ifndef MODELS_TABLE
2 #define MODELS_TABLE
3
4 #include "Cell.h"
5 #include "../Generic/List/List.hpp"
6 #include <fstream>
7
8 class Table {
9     List<List<Cell*>> cells;
10     unsigned longestRow;
11     void readFromFile(std::ifstream& inFile);
12
13 public:
14     Table(const char* filePath);
15     ~Table();
16
17     unsigned get_rows() const;
18     unsigned get_cols() const;
19
20     void putCell(unsigned row, unsigned col, const char* rawValue);
21
22     List<String> getAllCells() const;
23     void saveToFile(const char* filePath) const;
24 };
25
26 #endif
```

6.26 src/UserInterface/UserInterface.h File Reference

Stores the declaration of class [UserInterface](#).

```
#include "../Generic/ConsoleInterface/Menu.h"
#include "../Generic/String/String.h"
#include "../Models/Table.h"
```

Classes

- class [UserInterface](#)

The class that contains and via which the user controls the application's user interface.

6.26.1 Detailed Description

Stores the declaration of class [UserInterface](#).

6.27 UserInterface.h

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```
1 #ifndef HEADER_USERINTERFACE
2 #define HEADER_USERINTERFACE
3
4 #include "../Generic/ConsoleInterface/Menu.h"
5 #include "../Generic/String/String.h"
6 #include "../Models/Table.h"
7
8 class UserInterface {
9     Menu menu;
10
11     static Table* table;
12     static String fileName;
13     static bool saved;
14
15     static void com_open(const char* params);
16     static void com_close(const char* params);
17     static void com_save(const char* params);
18     static void com_saveas(const char* params);
19     static void com_help(const char* params);
20     static void com_exit(const char* params);
21
22     static void com_print(const char* params);
23     static void com_edit(const char* params);
24
25 public:
26     UserInterface();
27     void run();
28 };
29
30 #endif
```

