Problem Statement and Goals
Software Engineering

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Table 1: Revision History

Date	Developer(s)	Change
Sept 23	Dennis Fong	Add problem statement
Sept 24	Julian Cecchini	Revise problem statement and add goals

1 Problem Statement

1.1 Problem

The Measure of Software Similarity algorithm, or Moss algorithm for short, is the current standard for plagiarism detection of code. Broadly speaking, this algorithm works by comparing tokenized code snippets and assigning a similarity score without any weighting based on the complexity of the line being examined. In otherwords, there is an inherent lack of semantic understanding for the code being examined. This gives rise to a major flaw in the Moss algorithm, which is that benign lines of code can be added to a program that do not improve or change functionality but still serve to create an illusion of difference in the eyes of the algorithm. Therefore, even with the Moss algorithm in play, students can easily plagiarize the work of others. Ideally, students should get by on the merit of their own work alone, and a better plagiarism detection can help realize this.

1.2 Inputs and Outputs

Input: The problem will take two or more snippets of code for comparison (n¿=2 code snippets).
Output: The desired output is a similarity score between every pairing of the

code snippets, and will provide a threshold score to decide whether each score indicates plagiarism or not. May also provide an overall score to indicate if plagariasm is suspected somewhere in the dataset provided. (n choose 2 scores, 1 threshold, and 1 overall score for (n C 2) +2 scores).

1.3 Stakeholders

The primary stakeholders in this project are professors in any computing and software department, and students enrolled in courses where coding is prevalent. Professors have been identified as stakeholders since they are the people who will be looking out for plagiarism within their own courses. This project provides a tool to give professors the ability to make better predictions on plagiarism. Another stakeholder would be students for two reasons. It would be key to correctly identify the hardwork of a student to prevent others from stealing credit from them, and it would also be critical that a student does not have their hardwork misidentified as another's as it would unjustly punish the original creator. Therefore, the project team must have in mind that we minimize the chance that an innocent student is punished, and maximize the chance that students have their hardwork correctly attributed to themselves alone. Lastly, an additional stakeholder could be administrative bodies of schools who would care to incorporate/regulate the use of this detector in their faculty, or give lessens/awareness about it within an official capacity (i.e., meetings or training sessions)

1.4 Environment

This solution will operate on a device, where two files will be fed to a model. The model will leverage hardware provided on the cloud.

2 Goals

Goal	Explanation	Reason
Ease of Use	Detector has an intuitive way to insert data and obtain results	This application is expected to be used as a secondary tool for teachers/professors when administering assignments. It should not require in-depth learning, or it will be too inconvenient as an assistant tool for detecting plagiarism. (Measured by actions to complete analysis)
Clarity of Output	Detector explains how to interpret outputs clearly, leaving no ambiguity in whether plagiarism is suspected	If the user does not comprehend the output, it may result in unjust accusations or undetected plagiarism. (Measured by lines of description or number of users who correctly interpret output)
Real-Time Processing	The detector computes results on a dataset of code snippets quickly, enabling professors to incorporate them into evaluations	Since multiple assignments are administered over several weeks, the detector must be fast enough to be realistic for daily use. (Measured by execution time)
Ethical Accuracy	The detector prioritizes minimizing false positives over false negatives	In this case, a false positive could cause harm to an innocent student, while a false negative allows a violation to go unnoticed. The focus is on protecting innocent students. (Measured by false positives and negatives using recall, precision, etc.)

3 Stretch Goals

- Plagiarism detector is proven to outperform Moss across several test sets.

- Different LLM architectures will be benchmarked against Moss to gauge most optimal archiecture.

- Enhance Moss with our findings to improve on the base algorithm (also necessary if no clear progress can be made in direction of training LLM)

4 Challenge Level and Extras

This project has been assigned a difficulty level of general, and may be subject to change. The aim is to use well known techniques that have been extensively researched, which may push the difficulty to an advanced level, depending on the complexity and feasibility of the research.

The team intends to build an interface to support the project along with a user manual that provides information on how to utilize the interface, for a total of two extras. More ideas for extras can be added in the future.

Appendix — Reflection

The purpose of reflection questions is to give you a chance to assess your own learning and that of your group as a whole, and to find ways to improve in the future. Reflection is an important part of the learning process. Reflection is also an essential component of a successful software development process.

Reflections are most interesting and useful when they're honest, even if the stories they tell are imperfect. You will be marked based on your depth of thought and analysis, and not based on the content of the reflections themselves. Thus, for full marks we encourage you to answer openly and honestly and to avoid simply writing "what you think the evaluator wants to hear."

Please answer the following questions. Some questions can be answered on the team level, but where appropriate, each team member should write their own response:

1. What went well while writing this deliverable?

2. What pain points did you experience during this deliverable, and how did you resolve them?

3. How did you and your team adjust the scope of your goals to ensure they are suitable for a Capstone project (not overly ambitious but also of appropriate complexity for a senior design project)?