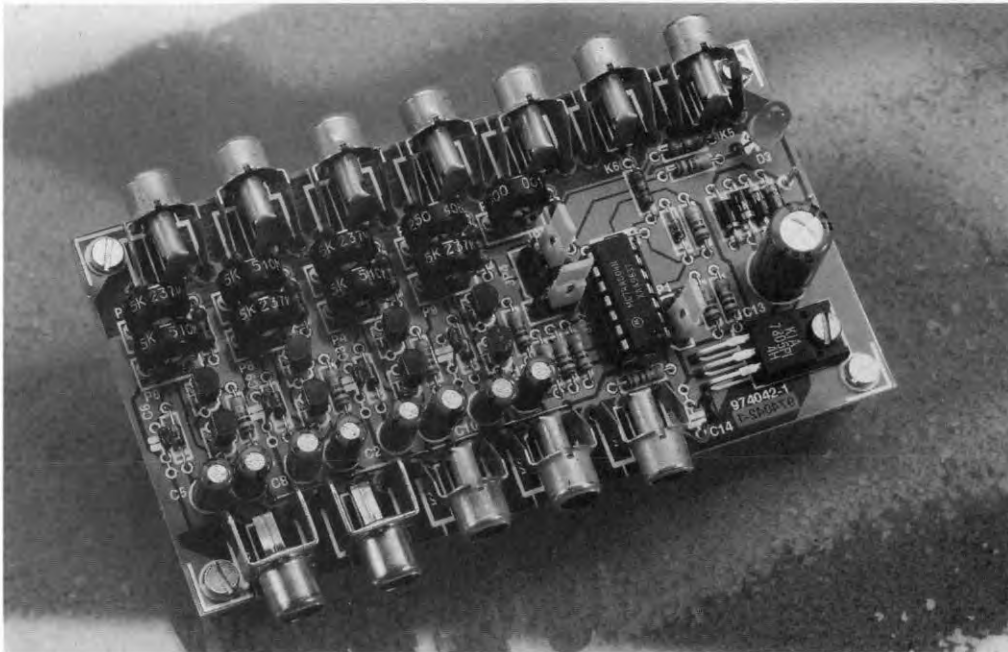


# RGB video amplifier

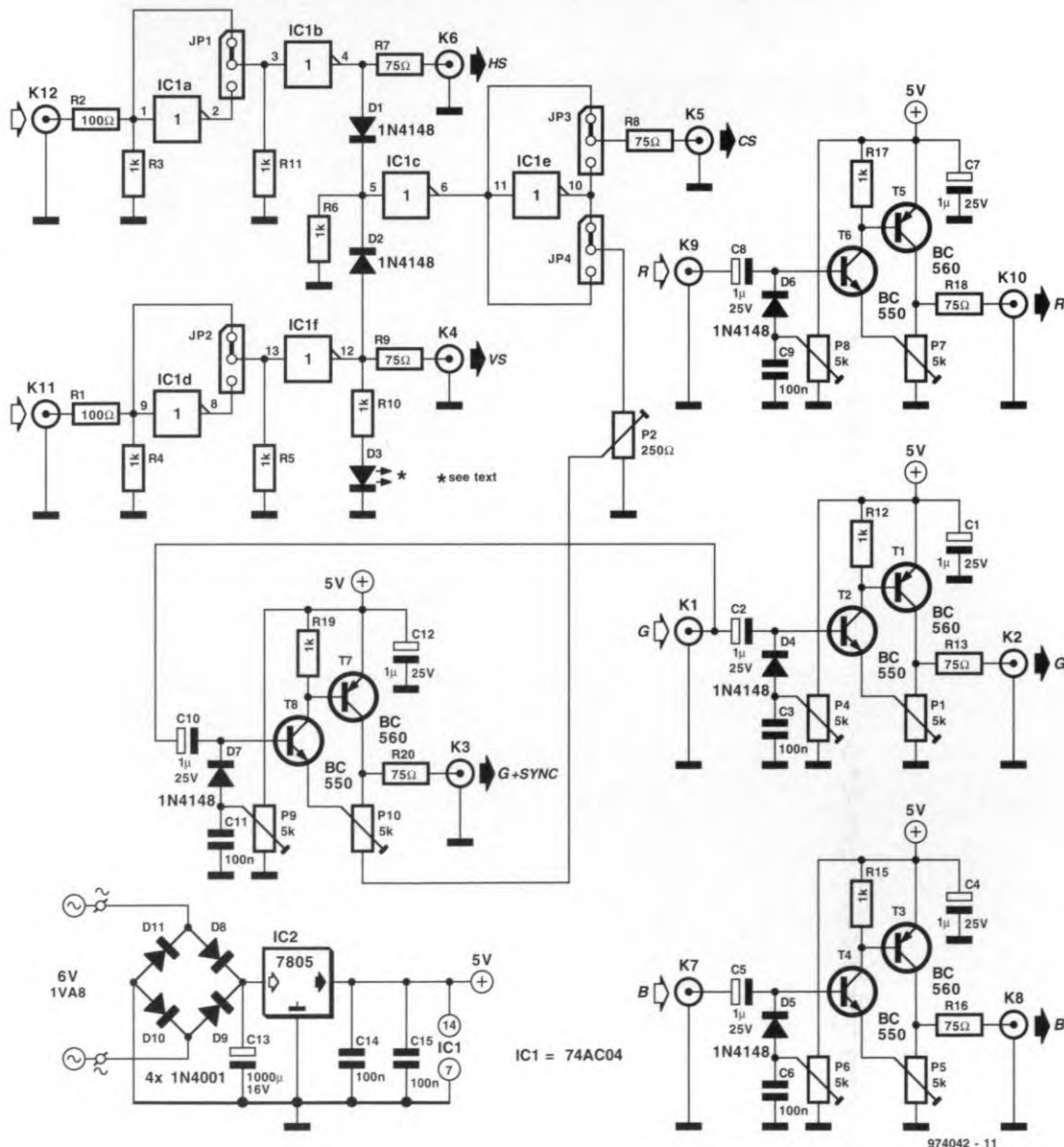


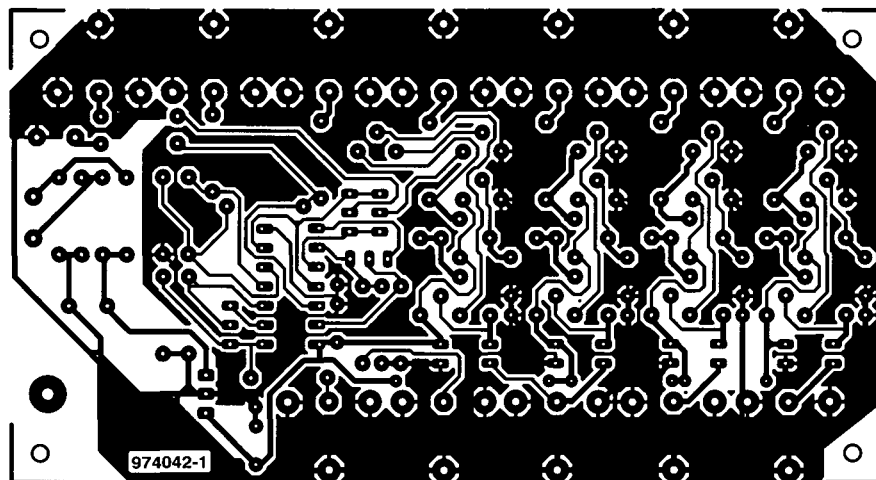
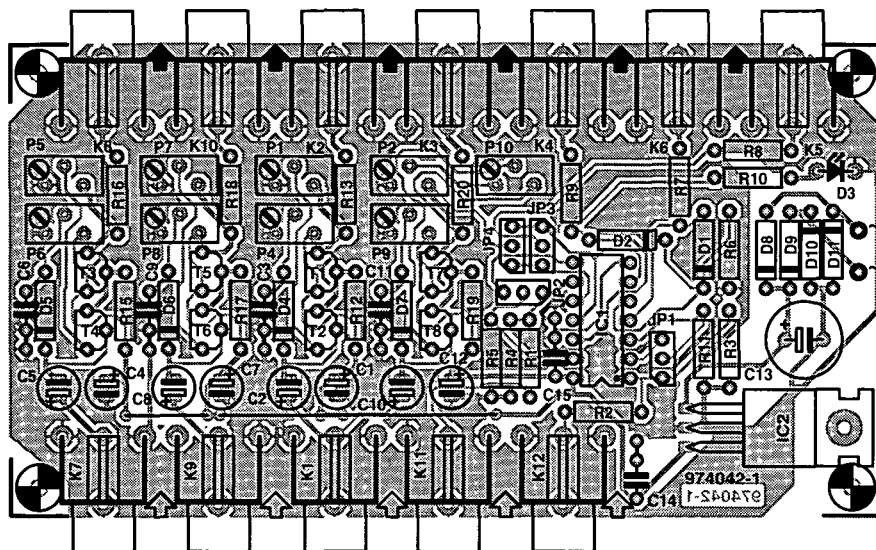
This amplifier board is aimed at those of you who want to experiment with RGB video connections between a PC and VGA monitor. Many up-market VGA monitors available today have separate RGB V/Hsync inputs besides the perhaps more familiar 15-way high-density sub-D input for a single cable connection to the VGA card.

This circuit makes use of the solution with the better quality: separate (coax) RGB connections.

The two-transistor RGB (red, green, blue) amplifiers are identical, each containing adjustment points for the black (reference) level and the signal level. In the R(ed) amplifier, for example, the respective controls are pre-sets P8 and P7.

Another, similar, amplifier, T8-T7, supplies a combined (G+CSYNC) signal. The CSYNC portion of this





signal is adjusted to individual requirements using preset P2. The RGB and (G+CSYNC) amplifiers have 75- $\Omega$  output resistors to ensure a good match to coax cable. Their drive capacity is such that relatively long coax cables may be used without running into bandwidth

reduction problems. Do not go over 3 metres, however. Jumpers JP1 and JP2 enable the HS (horizontal sync) and VS (vertical sync) signals to be output in inverted or true form as required by the monitor (RTFM). The VS and HS signals are also combined by diodes D1 and

D2 to create a composite sync (CS) signal. This, too, is available in true and inverted form on socket K5, the polarity selection being made with jumper JP3. The output impedance of the CSYNC output is 75  $\Omega$ . The intensity of LED D3 indicates the polarity of the VS signal: bright

## COMPONENTS LIST

### Resistors:

R1,R2 = 100 $\Omega$   
R3-R6,R10,R11,R12,R15,  
R17,R19 = 1k $\Omega$   
R7,R8,R9,R13,R16,R18,  
R20 = 75 $\Omega$   
P1,P4-P9 = 5k $\Omega$  multiturn vertical  
P2 = 250 $\Omega$  multiturn vertical  
P10 = 500 $\Omega$  multiturn vertical

### Capacitors:

C1,C2,C4,C5,C7,C8,C10,C12 =  
1 $\mu$ F 25V radial  
C3,C6,C9,C11,C14,C15 = 100nF  
C13 = 1000 $\mu$ F 16V radial

### Semiconductors:

D1,D2,D4-D7 = 1N4148  
D3 = LED  
D8-D11 = 1N4001  
T1,T3,T5,T7 = BC560C  
T2,T4,T6,T8 = BC550C  
IC1 = 74AC04  
IC2 = 7805

### Miscellaneous:

JP1-JP4 = 3-way jumper  
K1-K12 = cinch socket, PCB  
mount  
Printed circuit board, order code  
974042-1 (see Readers Services  
page)

means negative VS; weak means positive VS. Jumper JP4, finally, selects between true or inverted CSYNC for use in the (G+CSYNC) adder, T7-T8.

The amplifier board has its own power supply consisting of four 1N4001's (D8-D11), a smoothing capacitor (C13) and the customary voltage regulator (IC2). The board may be powered by a small 6-volt mains transformer.