

Mathematical Model for School Assignment Problem

Parameters

- S : Total number of schools
- G : Total number of student groups
- N : Total number of neighborhoods
- $Capacity_{s,g}$: Capacity of school s for student group g , for $s = 1, \dots, S$ and $g = 1, \dots, G$
- $Population_{n,g}$: Population of student group g in neighborhood n , for $n = 1, \dots, N$ and $g = 1, \dots, G$
- $Distance_{n,s}$: Distance between neighborhood n and school s , for $n = 1, \dots, N$ and $s = 1, \dots, S$

Decision Variables

- $x_{n,g,s}$: Number of students from group g in neighborhood n assigned to school s

Objective Function

Minimize the total distance traveled by all students:

$$\min \sum_{n=1}^N \sum_{g=1}^G \sum_{s=1}^S Distance_{n,s} \cdot x_{n,g,s}$$

Constraints

1. Total number of students from each student group g assigned from neighborhood n to schools does not exceed the population of group g in neighborhood n :

$$\sum_{s=1}^S x_{n,g,s} \leq Population_{n,g} \quad \forall n = 1, \dots, N, \forall g = 1, \dots, G$$

2. Total number of students from each student group g assigned to school s does not exceed the capacity of school s for student group g :

$$\sum_{n=1}^N x_{n,g,s} \leq Capacity_{s,g} \quad \forall s = 1, \dots, S, \forall g = 1, \dots, G$$

3. Each student is assigned to exactly one school:

$$\sum_{s=1}^S x_{n,g,s} = Population_{n,g} \quad \forall n = 1, \dots, N, \forall g = 1, \dots, G$$

4. All populations, capacities, and distances are non-negative:

$$x_{n,g,s} \geq 0 \quad \forall n = 1, \dots, N, \forall g = 1, \dots, G, \forall s = 1, \dots, S$$