Access controls worksheet

	Note(s)	Issue(s)	Recommendation(s)
Authorization /authentication	Who caused this incident? Robert Taylor Jr.	What level of access did the user have? The user had Admin access	1. Implement Role-Based Access Control (RBAC) Define roles (e.g., Office Manager, Designer, Legal) and assign permissions accordingly.
	When did it occur? 10/03/2023 at 8:29:57 AM	Should their account be active? The account should have been deactivated	Only system admins and IT staff should have Admin privileges
	What device was used? Up2-NoGud, IP: 152,207,255,255	after the end date (12/27/2019) Other issues:	2. Enforce Least Privilege Principle Users should have the minimum permissions necessary to perform their job functions.
	132.207.233.233	- Over-privileged Accounts - Lack of Role-Based	3. Deploy Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) Especially for Admin and remote access accounts.
		Access Control (RBAC) - No Automated Deprovisioning - No Activity Monitoring or Alerting	 Reduces the risk of credential theft or misuse. 4. Enable Automated Account Deactivation Configure HR or identity systems to automatically disable user accounts once the end date is reached.

- Weak Authentication Controls	Integrate with Active Directory or Identity Management Systems (e.g., Azure AD, Okta).
	5. Log and Alert on Anomalous Activity
	Set alerts for:
	 Logins from expired accounts Out-of-hours access New payroll entries or changes
	Use SIEM (Security Information and Event Management) tools for analysis and alerting.
	Operational Controls
	1. Conduct Regular Access Reviews Schedule quarterly reviews of all user accounts and access levels.
	Remove unnecessary or outdated privileges
	2. Maintain an Access Control Matrix Map each role to its required access level.
	Use it as a baseline for access audits.
	3. Improve Onboarding/Offboarding Processes
	HR and IT must coordinate closely:
	Onboarding: Provision accounts with correct roles.

Offboarding: Immediately disable accounts upon termination.
Managerial Controls
1. Create and Enforce an Access Control Policy Define acceptable use, access request process, and consequences for violations.
2. Security Awareness Training Train users on secure password practices, phishing awareness, and reporting suspicious activity.
3. Assign Access Control Ownership Designate a system administrator or IT security officer to be accountable for access rights and audit logs.