**Topic**: Combinations of functions

Question: Find  $(f \cdot g)(x)$ .

$$f(x) = 2x^2 + 5$$

$$g(x) = x + 2$$

## **Answer choices:**

$$A \qquad 2x^3 + 5x^2 + 4x + 10$$

B 
$$2x^3 + 3x^2 + 3x + 10$$

C 
$$2x^3 + 4x^2 + 5x + 10$$

D 
$$2x^3 + 10x^2 + 10x + 10$$

## Solution: C

The combination  $(f \cdot g)(x)$  is the same as the product  $f(x) \cdot g(x)$ . Therefore,

$$(f \cdot g)(x) = (2x^2 + 5)(x + 2)$$

We can find this product using the FOIL method.

$$(f \cdot g)(x) = 2x^3 + 4x^2 + 5x + 10$$



**Topic**: Combinations of functions

Question: Find (f-g)(x).

$$f(x) = 2x^2 + 6x - 3$$

$$g(x) = 3x^2 - 5x - 2$$

## **Answer choices:**

A 
$$-x^2 + 11x - 1$$

B 
$$x^2 + x - 5$$

C 
$$-x^2 + 11x - 5$$

D 
$$-x^2 + x - 1$$

## Solution: A

The combination (f-g)(x) is the same as the difference f(x)-g(x). Therefore,

$$(f-g)(x) = 2x^2 + 6x - 3 - (3x^2 - 5x - 2)$$

$$(f-g)(x) = 2x^2 + 6x - 3 - 3x^2 - (-5x) - (-2)$$

$$(f-g)(x) = 2x^2 + 6x - 3 - 3x^2 + 5x + 2$$

$$(f-g)(x) = -x^2 + 11x - 1$$

