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Il que l'equotion de la regression linéaire (MAP) Alo mirante à l'aide de la repression dul
                         est donnée suivant l'equation: y(x_1) = k(x_1)^{-1} (k_1 + d_1)^{-1} = a^{-1} \phi(x_1)
                         Soit y(\vec{w}) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (\vec{w}^{T} \phi(x_{n}) - t_{n})^{2} + \frac{1}{2} ||\vec{w}||^{2} (la solution à posteriore)
                            En preçant le gradient à 0.
                             3 J(w) -0 = = = [w] (w) - [w] + 2w=0
                                                             6 Σ (w' $ (nn1-tn) $ (nn1- 2 w)
                                                                                               \vec{\omega} = -\frac{1}{\lambda} \sum_{n=1}^{N} \left( \vec{\omega}^{T} \phi(\mathbf{z}_{n}) - t_{n} \right) \phi(\mathbf{z}_{n}) = -\sum_{n=1}^{N} \left( \vec{\omega}^{T} \phi(\mathbf{z}_{n}) - t_{n} \right) \phi(\mathbf{z}_{n})
                            onpox an= - wit & Cxn1-tn +new
                                                                                  G = \sum_{n=1}^{N} G = \sum_{n=1}^
De Dete : J(a) = 1 [arppipp of a larppipp of a larppipped of large of large
                  Pour la prédiction d'enne entrée ni donné On applique les fets de boses à chaque donnée.
                                   yw(n) 1= w d(n) = a pp(n) = [(k+ \tan) +] b (n)
                                                                                                = [[(\(\express{k} \tau \) \In]^1\(\express{l} \) [\(\phi \) \\(\pi \) \\(\p
                                                                                                    = [$ (n1) T ($ (n1),..., $ (nN1)
                                                                                                                                             = |\phi(n_1), \phi(n_N)| (\phi(n))
                                                                                                                                               = ($(nn)$(n),...,$(nn)$"(n)
                                                                                                                                                  = k(n) T
                                                                                   6 ym (n)= kT(n) (k+1 In) 10 ly k(n)= (6 (nini)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   k: (n, n)
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Derivation

Derivation

Derivation

$$\begin{aligned}
& \mathcal{J}(\vec{\omega}) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^{N} \left(\alpha^{T} \not \otimes \not \otimes (n_{n}) - t_{n} \right)^{2} + \frac{\lambda}{2} \vec{\omega}^{T} \vec{\omega}^{T} \vec{\omega} \\
&= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^{N} \left(\alpha^{T} \not \otimes \not \otimes (n_{n}) - t_{n} \right)^{2} + \frac{\lambda}{2} \alpha^{T} \not \otimes \not \otimes (n_{n}) t_{n} + t_{n}^{T} \right) + \frac{\lambda}{2} \alpha^{T} \not \otimes \not \otimes \tau_{n} \\
&= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^{N} \alpha^{T} \not \otimes \cdot \not \otimes (n_{n}) \times \alpha^{T} \not \otimes \cdot \not \otimes (n_{n}) t_{n} + t_{n}^{T} \right) + \frac{\lambda}{2} \alpha^{T} \not \otimes \not \otimes \tau_{n} \\
&= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^{N} \alpha^{T} \not \otimes \cdot \not \otimes (n_{n}) \times \alpha^{T} \not \otimes \cdot \not \otimes (n_{n}) - \sum_{n=1}^{N} \alpha^{T} \not \otimes \cdot \not \otimes (n_{n}) t_{n} + \frac{\lambda}{2} \alpha^{T} \not \otimes \not \otimes \tau_{n} \\
&= \frac{1}{2} \alpha^{T} \not \otimes \not \otimes \tau_{n} \times \alpha^{T} \not \otimes \tau_{n} + \frac{\lambda}{2} \alpha^{T} \not \otimes \sigma^{T} \alpha
\end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \alpha^{T} \not \otimes \not \otimes \tau_{n} \times \alpha^{T} \not \otimes \tau_{n} \times \alpha^{T} \not \otimes \tau_{n} + \frac{\lambda}{2} \alpha^{T} \not \otimes \sigma^{T} \alpha$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \alpha^{T} \not \otimes \not \otimes \tau_{n} \times \alpha^{T} \not \otimes \tau_{n} \times \alpha$$

