# Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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## 2024_28_III_OOPS Using Java Lab

## REC_2028_OOPS using Java_Week 4_PAH

Attempt : 1
Total Mark : 40
Marks Obtained : 40

## Section 1 : Coding

1. Problem Statement

Sana is analyzing text for a secret code. She wants to find all words in a sentence that start and end with the same letter. These words are considered "special words" for her analysis.

Your task is to write a program that extracts and prints all words that start and end with the same letter (case-insensitive).

If no such word exists, print "No special words found".

*Input Format*

The input contains a single line containing a sentence with multiple words.

*Output Format*

The output prints all words that start and end with the same letter separated by a space.

If no word satisfies the condition, print "No special words found".

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

*Sample Test Case*

Input: Anna went to the civic center
Output: Anna civic

*Answer*

```java
import java.util.Scanner;

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

        String sentence = sc.nextLine();
        String[] words = sentence.split(" ");

        StringBuilder specialWords = new StringBuilder();

        for (String word : words) {
            if (isSpecialWord(word)) {
                if (specialWords.length() > 0) {
                    specialWords.append(" ");
                }
                specialWords.append(word);
            }
        }

        if (specialWords.length() > 0) {
            System.out.println(specialWords);
        } else {
            System.out.println("No special words found");
        }

        sc.close();
```

```
    }

    private static boolean isSpecialWord(String word) {
        if (word.length() == 0) return false;

        char first = Character.toLowerCase(word.charAt(0));
        char last = Character.toLowerCase(word.charAt(word.length() - 1));

        return first == last;
    }
}
```

*Status :* Correct                                      *Marks : 10/10*

2.  Problem Statement

At a digital library, the system needs to analyze passages to identify the frequency of vowels, since they are key for linguistic research. You are asked to write a program that counts the number of vowels in each passage of text.

The vowels of interest are:

a, e, i, o, u (both uppercase and lowercase).

*Input Format*

The first line of input contains an integer T, representing the number of test cases (passages).

Each of the next T lines contains a single passage of text.

*Output Format*

For each test case, print a single integer representing the total number of vowels in the passage.

The first line of output corresponds to the first passage, the second line to the second passage, and so on.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

*Sample Test Case*

Input: 1
Hello World

Output: 3

*Answer*

```java
import java.util.Scanner;

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

        int T = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());

        for (int i = 0; i < T; i++) {
            String passage = sc.nextLine();
            int vowelCount = countVowels(passage);
            System.out.println(vowelCount);
        }

        sc.close();
    }
    private static int countVowels(String s) {
        int count = 0;
        String vowels = "aeiouAEIOU";

        for (int i = 0; i < s.length(); i++) {
            if (vowels.indexOf(s.charAt(i)) != -1) {
                count++;
            }
        }

        return count;
    }
}
```

3.   Problem Statement

Ravi is analyzing text messages for his research on typing patterns. He wants to count the number of uppercase letters, lowercase letters, and digits in a sentence to understand typing trends.

Your task is to help Ravi by writing a program that takes a sentence and prints the count of uppercase letters, lowercase letters, and digits.

*Input Format*

The input contains a single line containing a sentence (string).

*Output Format*

The output prints three integers separated by spaces:

- Number of uppercase letters
- Number of lowercase letters
- Number of digits

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

*Sample Test Case*

Input: Hello World 123

Output: 2 8 3

*Answer*

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

        String sentence = sc.nextLine();
```

```
      int upperCount = 0;
      int lowerCount = 0;
      int digitCount = 0;

      for (int i = 0; i < sentence.length(); i++) {
        char ch = sentence.charAt(i);

        if (Character.isUpperCase(ch)) {
          upperCount++;
        } else if (Character.isLowerCase(ch)) {
          lowerCount++;
        } else if (Character.isDigit(ch)) {
          digitCount++;
        }
      }

      System.out.println(upperCount + " " + lowerCount + " " + digitCount);

      sc.close();
    }
}
```

*Status :* Correct                                          *Marks : 10/10*


4.   Problem Statement

Riya is preparing a puzzle game for her friends. She wants to include a
feature that highlights special words in a sentence — specifically,
palindromic words (words that read the same forward and backward).

Your task is to help Riya by writing a program that extracts all palindrome
words from the given sentence. If there are no palindromes, print "No
palindromes found".

*Input Format*

The input contains a single string S representing a sentence.

*Output Format*

The output prints all palindromic words separated by a space.

If no palindrome exists, print "No palindromes found".

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

*Sample Test Case*

Input: madam went to school
Output: madam

*Answer*

```java
import java.util.Scanner;

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

        String sentence = sc.nextLine();
        String[] words = sentence.split(" ");

        StringBuilder palindromes = new StringBuilder();

        for (String word : words) {
            if (isPalindrome(word)) {
                if (palindromes.length() > 0) {
                    palindromes.append(" ");
                }
                palindromes.append(word);
            }
        }

        if (palindromes.length() > 0) {
            System.out.println(palindromes);
        } else {
            System.out.println("No palindromes found");
        }

        sc.close();
    }
```

```java
private static boolean isPalindrome(String word) {
    int left = 0;
    int right = word.length() - 1;

    while (left < right) {
        if (word.charAt(left) != word.charAt(right)) {
            return false;
        }
        left++;
        right--;
    }

    return true;
}
}
```

**Status :** Correct                                          *Marks : 10/10*