Javascript Challenges

Goals: developing a problem solving mindset.

A. Basic

1. Prime numbers

Write a Javascript function that takes an array of numbers and returns a new array of prime numbers filtered from the old array.

Note: if looping is needed, use only primitive for loop (forearch, map, etc are not allowed).

2. Palindrome

Write a function that takes a string and returns true/false based on whether it is a palindrome or not (you can use a dictionary to know what a palyndrom is).

B. Arrays & Objects

1. Prime numbers

Write a Javascript function that takes an array of numbers and returns a new array of prime numbers filtered from the old array.

2. Array reversing

Write a Javascript function that takes an array of numbers and return a reversed version

3. Inplace Array reversing

Write a Javascript function that takes an array of numbers and return a reversed version. Note: here you are not allowed to use an intermediary array. You need to use the same array passed in the parameter and just reverse its content. Do not use inbuilt functions like reverse(). Just use loops and conditions.

4. Write a function that takes a formatted array. The array is made of a string of people's identities in a predefined format,

"first-name second-name, age". Ex "Patrick wyne, 30"

```
["Patrick wyne, 30", "lil wyne, 32", "Eric mimi, 21", "Dodos deck, 21", "Alian Dwine, 22", "Patrick wyne, 33", "Patrick wyne, 100", "Patrick wyne, 40"]
```

From the array, the function returns a nested object. This is an object with keys, first-name and the corresponding child object is the rest of the info, second name and age

```
{
  patrick: {second-name:wyne, age:30},
lil: {second-name:wyne, age:30},
...
}
```

C. Sorting

1. Custom sorting

Write a function that sorts an array in a descending order. The exception is that if it encounters a prime number, it should erase it from the array.

Note: this should be entirely from scratch no inbuilt sorting functions allowed.

Note: no String function or processing is allowed.

Only use raw mathematical operations, loops and conditional statements.

D. Time complexity

1. [Optiona] We would like to know if a particular array contains a majority element. An array has a majority element if there is at least one element that counts more than half of the size.

Ex:

- a. [3,1,3,4,4,5,3,5,3,3,3,6,3]: this array contains a majority because the occurrence of 3 is 7 out of total 13 elements.
- b. [3,1,3,4,4] has no majority element as none of the elements counts more than the half of the array size.

Phase 2: Advanced

1. Asynchronous Js

Let us mock a small API for setting age for an student,

```
let setStudentAgeApi = (student, age) => { //async code below
  console.log("1. Starting ..")
  setTimeout(() => { student.age = age; console.log("2. Api Processing")},
500);
  console.log("3. Done ..")
}
```

- a. Try to create a student object: let student = {name: "Eric"}
- b. Then call the setStudentAgeApi function with the above parameter, with the age of your choice.

Eg. of testing:

```
let student = { name: "denis" }
C. setStudentAgeApi(student, -1)
d. console.log(student)
```

- e. Analyse well the results and try to understand what is happening.
- f. Take a screenshot of your results you will share with your Manager on 1:1.
- g. I guess you realized that the order of logs & result of log(student) is not what you expected, that is what we call Asynchronous behavior of Javacript APIs.

We can force the code to behave async (linear). This is because in most of the cases we shall need to wait for a certain event to happen before we proceed with the next lines of our code.

The most popular way is to use **Promises**

Let us force our setStudentAgeApi function to return a promise that we can use later.

```
setStudentAgeApi = (student, age) => {
   return new Promise(function (resolve, reject) {
```

```
setTimeout(() => {
    student.age = age;
    if(age < 0)
        reject ("Bad Age")
    else
        resolve(student)
},
    500);</pre>
```

Your task here is to

- 1. Call the newly customised function using .then notation. Here pass a positive age (>0)
- 2. Now, try to provide a negative age, found that there is an unhandled error/exception That I set to throw when the age is negative
- 3. Now handle the error/exception

B. Practicing what you have learnt

Do your own api that waits 1 second and it should do the following

- 1. It takes an array of objects.
 - a. Each object is a family with keys **fatherName**, **MotherName** and **childrenNumber**
- 2. It sets to all objects of the array a new member, average of children per family (u need to have a logic to calculate this).
- 3. If any family by mistake has negative number of children it should skip that family from the average counting.
- 4. If any family has a father called Yves (case insensitive), it should throw an error of **Yves** is not an allowed dad in 2022.
- 5. Make sure to handle all thrown errors when you call/invoke your api.

Deadline Tuesday, Feb 1.