

UNIVERSIDAD DEL VALLE DE GUATEMALA ALTIPLANO, SOLOLÁ

Guía 2

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Fecha: 19-02-24 Carne: 241952

Técnico en: Informatica

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Ciclo I: 2024

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## Clase : Potenciación



#### Activación



#### Actividad

**2.** 
$$\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-2} \left(\frac{2}{1}\right)^{2}$$

$$3.\left(\frac{7}{3}\right)^3 = \underbrace{343}_{2.7}$$

4. 
$$(0.5+3.8)^2 = (4.3)^2 = 18.49$$

EJEMPLOS

1. (-4)<sup>2</sup> = (-4)(-4) = 16 2. 
$$(\frac{1}{2})^{\frac{2}{3}} = (\frac{2}{1})^{2}$$
3.  $(\frac{7}{3})^{\frac{3}{3}} = \frac{343}{27}$ 
4.  $(0.5 + 3.8)^{2} = (4.3)^{\frac{2}{3}} = 18.49$ 
5.  $-5^{6} = -15,625$ 
6.  $(6)^{-4} = \frac{1}{1296}$ 

$$= \frac{2^{4}}{1} = \frac{1}{3^{3}}$$

$$= \frac{343}{27}$$
2. (Cuál es el resultado de

$$\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{34}{216}$$

#### Solución

$$9.(-9)^3 = -729$$

**10.** 
$$\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^3 = \frac{1}{27}$$

**11.** 
$$-(1+2)^2 = -9$$

**8.**(-1)<sup>8</sup> = 1  
**9.** (-9)<sup>3</sup> = -729 **10.** 
$$\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^3 = \frac{1}{27}$$
 **11.**  $-(1+2)^2 = -9$  **12.**  $\left(5 + \frac{1}{4}\right)^2 = \frac{441}{16}$ 

3 Desarrolla

#### Solución

**15.** 
$$\left(-\frac{2}{5}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} = \frac{125}{8}$$

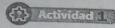
**15.** 
$$\left(-\frac{2}{5}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{125}{8}$$

**16.** 
$$(3-1)^2 = 4$$

13. 
$$-2^{-5} = -\frac{1}{32}$$
15.  $\left(-\frac{2}{5}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{125}{8}$ 
16.  $(3-1)^2 = \frac{4}{4}$ 
17.  $(5+11)^3 = 4096$ 
18.  $\left(\frac{1}{10}+1\right)^3 = \frac{1331}{100}$ 

## Clase: Operaciones





Simplifica las siguientes expresiones, emplea las definiciones y teoremas de los exponentes:

$$5^2 \cdot 5^2 = 625$$

$$=5^{2+2}$$

$$3^{2} \cdot 3^{-3} \cdot 3^{\frac{2}{3}} = 39$$

$$3^{2} \cdot \frac{1}{3^{2}} \cdot 3^{\frac{2}{3}} = 3^{\frac{2}{3}} \cdot 3^{\frac{2}{3}} = 2^{\frac{2}{3}} \cdot 3^{\frac{2}{3}} = 2^{\frac{2}{3}} \cdot 3^{\frac{2}{3}} = 4 \cdot 1$$

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$$3^2 \cdot \frac{3}{3} \frac{1}{3} = \frac{3^2}{3} = \sqrt[3]{3^2}$$

$$= \frac{3^{-3}}{3^{3}} = \frac{1}{27}$$

$$(2^{7} \cdot 3^{-4})(2^{-5} \cdot 3^{4}) = \boxed{4}$$

$$= 2^{7+(-5)} \cdot 3^{-4+4}$$

$$= 2^{2}.3^{\circ}$$
  
=  $4.1$ 

Simplifica las siguientes expresiones, emplea las definiciones y teoremas de los exponentes:

$$(3^{5} \cdot 5^{-4}) \cdot (2^{3} \cdot 3^{-7} \cdot 5^{6}) = 200$$

$$= 3^{5}(7) \cdot 2^{3} \cdot 5^{-4} + 6$$

$$=3^{-2}.2^{3}.5^{2}$$

$$= \frac{3^{2} \cdot 2^{3} \cdot 5}{= \frac{1}{3^{2}} \cdot 2^{3} \cdot 5^{2}} = \frac{1}{9} \cdot 8 \cdot 25 = \frac{200}{9}$$

$$6 \cdot 4^2 \cdot 2^3 \cdot 8^2 = 8192$$

$$\frac{2^7 \cdot 3^{-5}}{2^5 \cdot 3^{-4}} = \boxed{\frac{4}{3}}$$

$$= 2^{7-5} \cdot (-5) - (-4)$$

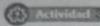
$$=2^2.3^{-1}$$

$$=2^{2} \cdot \frac{1}{3} = 4 \cdot \frac{1}{3} = \frac{4}{3}$$



### Clase: Operaciones





Simplifica las siguientes expresiones, emplea las definiciones y teoremas de los exponentes:

$$0 \frac{7^3 \cdot 3^3}{7^3 \cdot 3^5} = \boxed{\frac{49}{9}}$$

$$=7^2.\overline{3}^2$$

$$=7^{\circ}.\frac{1}{3^{\circ}}$$

$$=2^{-1}.3^{-1}.5^{-1}$$

$$=\frac{1}{2^{1}}\cdot\frac{1}{3^{1}}\cdot\frac{1}{5^{1}}=$$

$$\frac{3^{5} \cdot 4^{-6}}{3^{7} \cdot 4^{-8}} = \boxed{16}$$

$$= 3^{5-7} \cdot 4^{-6} - (-8)$$

$$= 3^{2} \cdot 4^{2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3^{2}} \cdot 4^{2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3^{2}} \cdot 4^{2}$$

## Clase: Operaciones





Simplifica las siguientes expresiones, emplea las definiciones y teoremas de los exponentes:

#### Evaluación

#### Actividad 5

$$\frac{2^{-\frac{1}{2} \cdot 3^{\frac{3}{4}} \cdot 4^{2}}}{\frac{5}{2^{\frac{5}{2}} \cdot 3^{-\frac{1}{4}} \cdot 4^{\frac{3}{2}}}} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$2^{-3} \cdot 3' \cdot (2^{\frac{3}{2}})^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$2^{-3} \cdot 3' \cdot (2^{\frac{3}{2}})^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$2^{-3} \cdot 3' \cdot (2)$$

$$2^{-3+1} \cdot 3'$$

$$2^{-2} \cdot 3$$

$$\frac{1}{2^{2}} \cdot 3$$

$$\frac{1}{2^{2}} \cdot 3$$

$$0 - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{5}{2} = \frac{-2 - 10}{4} = -\frac{12}{4} = -3$$

$$2 = \frac{3}{4} - (-\frac{1}{4}) = \frac{12 + 4}{46} = \frac{16}{16} = \frac{1}{16}$$

$$3 = \frac{2}{1} - \frac{3}{2} = \frac{4 - 3}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{4^{\frac{1}{6} \cdot 9^{\frac{3}{8} \cdot 6^{-3}}}{\frac{5}{4^{\frac{5}{6} \cdot 9^{-\frac{5}{8} \cdot 6^{-3}}}} = \boxed{\frac{9}{4}}$$

$$4^{-1} \cdot 9^{1} \cdot 6^{0}$$

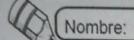
$$\frac{1}{4} \cdot 9^{1} \cdot 9^{1} \cdot 9^{1} \cdot 9^{1}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \cdot 9^{1} \cdot 9^{1} \cdot 9^{1}$$

$$\frac{1}{4}$$

# "Contando y agrupando"





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Fecha:

Punteo:

#### Grado:

Escriba los factores de los siguientes productos.

Producto	Construye	Producto	Construye	Producto	Construye
2	1×2 2×1	3	3×1 1×3	4	2×2 1×4 4×1
5	1 × 5 5 × 1	6	1 x 6 2 x 3 6 x 1 3 x 2	7	7×1
8	2×4 1×8 4×2 8×1	9	1x9 3x3	10	2×5   10×1   5×2   1×10
12	2×6 4×3 6×2 3×4	14	2×7 7×2	15	3×5 5×3
16	2×8 4×4 8×2	18	3×4 2×9 6×3 9×2	20	4 x 5 2 x 10 5 x 4 10 x 2
21	3×7 7×3	24	3×8 4×6 8×3 6×4	25	5×5
27	3×9 9×3	28	7×4 4×7	30	3×10 5×6 10×3 6×5
32	6 × 4 4 × 8	35	7×5 5×7	36	6x6 9x4 4 4x9
40	8 × 5   10 × 4   5 × 8   4 × 10	42	7×6 6×7	45	5 x 9 9 x 5
49	7 × 7	50	5 x 10 10 x 5	54	6×9 9×6
56	8×7 7×8	60	10×6	63	7×9 9×7
64	6 × 8	70	7×10 10×7	72	8 x 9 9 x 8
80	8 x 10 10 x 8	81	9×9	90	9 x 10 1
N SUBS		100	10×10		