

Advanced Network Defense Infrastructure

Installation

```
(shuwhits@Shuwhits) [~]
$ sudo systemctl status suricata
suricata.service - Suricata IDS/IDP daemon
Loaded: loaded (/usr/lib/systemd/system/suricata.service; disabled; preset: disabled)
Active: active (running) since Wed 2025-05-21 16:24:17 EDT; 7s ago
Invocation: 3e3357854f4e43ea9e899384384fc487
Docs: man:suricata(8)
      man:suricatasc(8)
      https://suricata.io/documentation/
Process: 10864 ExecStart=/usr/bin/suricata -D --af-packet -c /etc/suricata/suricata.yaml --pidfile /run/suricata.pid (code=exited, status=0/SUCCESS)
Main PID: 10865 (Suricata-Main)
Tasks: 9 (limit: 9437)
Memory: 64.2M (peak: 64.7M)
CPU: 239ms
CGroup: /system.slice/suricata.service
└─10865 /usr/bin/suricata -D --af-packet -c /etc/suricata/suricata.yaml --pidfile /run/suricata.pid

May 21 16:24:17 Shuwhits systemd[1]: Starting suricata.service - Suricata IDS/IDP daemon ...
May 21 16:24:17 Shuwhits suricata[10864]: i: suricata: This is Suricata version 7.0.8 RELEASE running in SYSTEM mode
May 21 16:24:17 Shuwhits systemd[1]: Started suricata.service - Suricata IDS/IDP daemon.
```

2 Custom Rules

```
GNU nano 8.1 /etc/suricata/rules/local.rules *
alert icmp any any -> any any (msg:"ICMP Ping Detected"; sid:1000001; rev:1;)
alert http any any -> any any (msg:"Access to test.com detected"; content:"Host: test.com"; http_header; sid:1000002; rev:1;)
^
```

These rules generate alerts when:

- Any ICMP packet is detected (simulates basic ping sweep)
- An HTTP request targets a specific host (basic application layer detection)

Connectivity

```
C:\Windows\system32>ping 192.168.56.102

Pinging 192.168.56.102 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 192.168.56.102: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64
Reply from 192.168.56.102: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64
Reply from 192.168.56.102: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=64
Reply from 192.168.56.102: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64

Ping statistics for 192.168.56.102:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms

C:\Windows\system32>
```

IDS Detection

```
05/21/2025-17:21:57.657211 [**] [1:1000001:1] ICMP Ping Detected [**] [Classification: (null)] [Priority: 3] {ICMP} 192.168.56.1:8 -> 192.168.56.102:0
05/21/2025-17:21:57.657311 [**] [1:1000001:1] ICMP Ping Detected [**] [Classification: (null)] [Priority: 3] {ICMP} 192.168.56.102:0 -> 192.168.56.1:0
```

The ICMP rule was generating alerts for all ICMP traffic, including benign network monitoring tools or legitimate pings.

Defense Automation Script

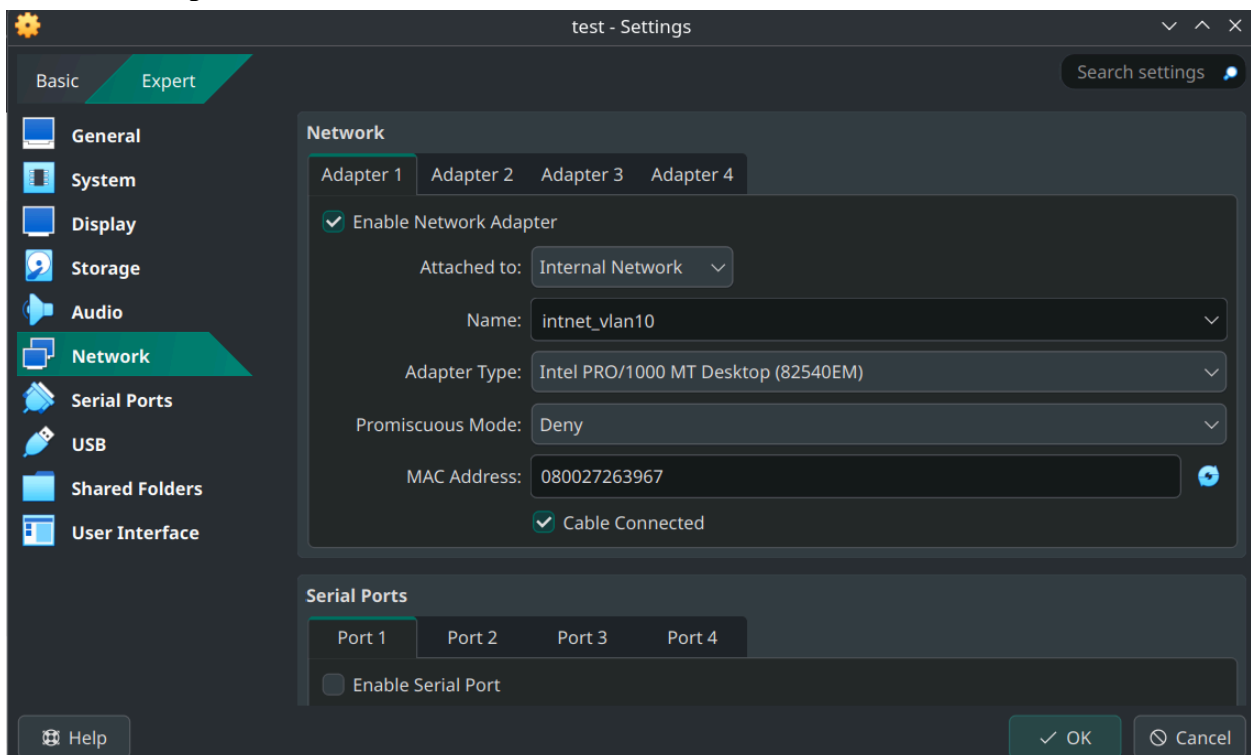
```
#!/bin/bash

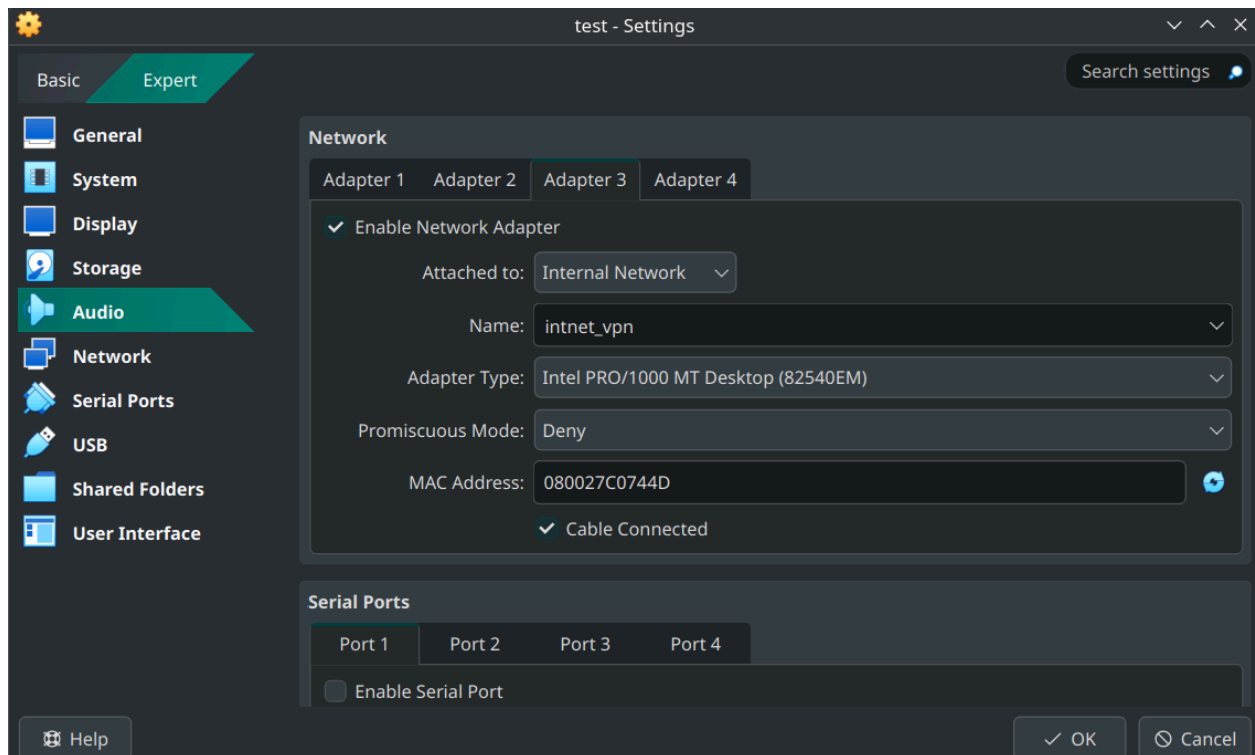
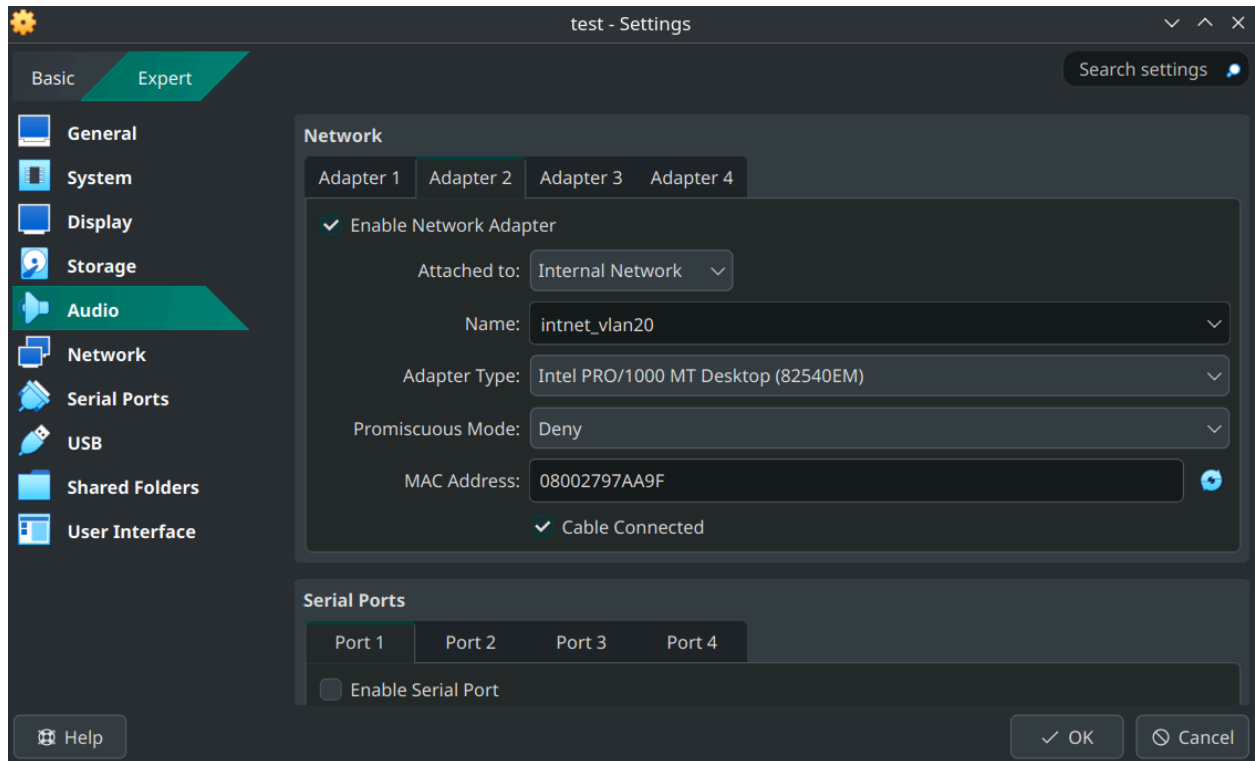
LOGFILE="/var/log/suricata/fast.log"

tail -Fn0 $LOGFILE | \
while read line ; do
    if echo "$line" | grep -q "ICMP Echo Request Detected"; then
        # Extract source IP (6th field in log line, before colon)
        IP=$(echo "$line" | awk '{print $6}' | cut -d':' -f1)
        echo "$(date): Blocking IP $IP due to suspicious activity."
        sudo iptables -A INPUT -s $IP -j DROP
    fi
done
```

Advanced Network Architecture

Network Setup in Virtual Box





IP Configuration

```

*** Welcome to pfSense 2.7.2-RELEASE (amd64) on pfSense ***

WAN (wan)      -> em0      -> v4/DHCP4: 192.168.1.79/24
                                v6/DHCP6: 2600:480a:2a11:6300:a00:27ff:fe4e:a2
a3/64
LAN (lan)      -> em1      -> v4: 192.168.1.1/24

0) Logout (SSH only)          9) pfTop
1) Assign Interfaces          10) Filter Logs
2) Set interface(s) IP address 11) Restart webConfigurator
3) Reset webConfigurator password 12) PHP shell + pfSense tools
4) Reset to factory defaults 13) Update from console
5) Reboot system             14) Enable Secure Shell (sshd)
6) Halt system               15) Restore recent configuration
7) Ping host                 16) Restart PHP-FPM
8) Shell

Enter an option: 2

Available interfaces:

1 - WAN (em0 - dhcp, dhcp6)
2 - LAN (em1 - static)

Enter the number of the interface you wish to configure: █

```

Logs

```

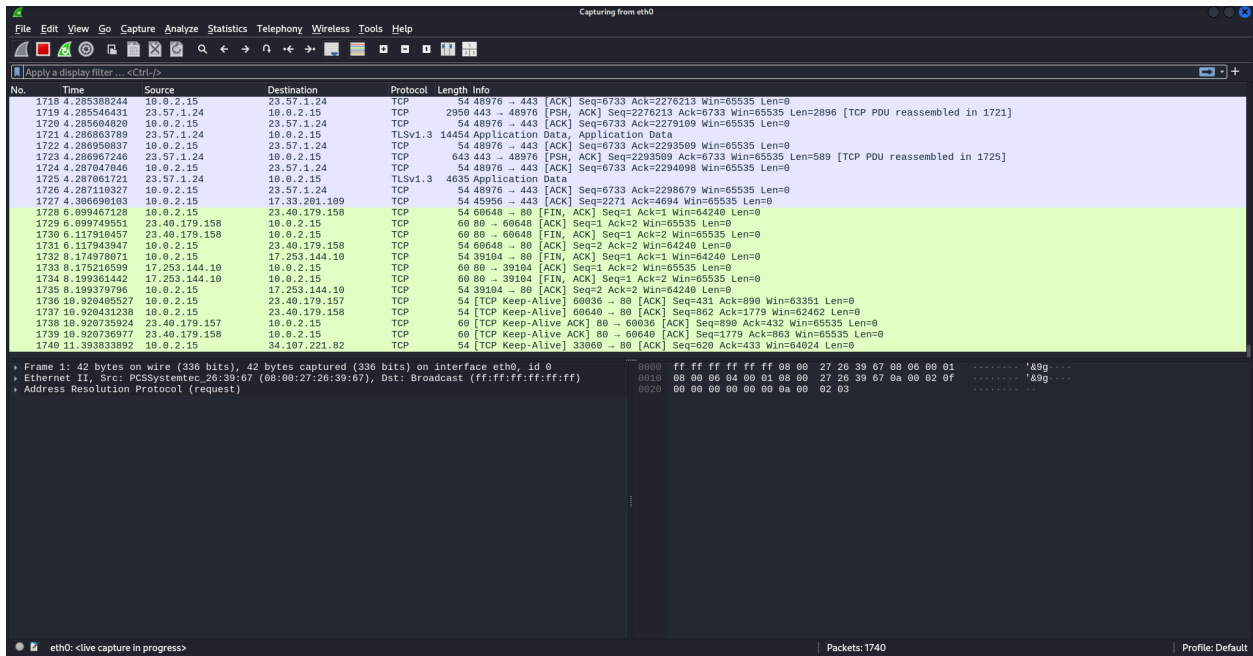
Jun  2 10:13:13 pfSense filterlog[61235]: 69,,12009,em0,match,block,in,4,0xc0,,
1,6333,0,none,2,igmp,32,192.168.1.1,224.0.0.1,datalength=8
Jun  2 10:13:26 pfSense filterlog[61235]: 69,,12009,em0,match,block,in,4,0xc0,,
1,16768,0,none,2,igmp,32,192.168.1.1,224.0.0.1,datalength=8
Jun  2 10:13:41 pfSense filterlog[61235]: 69,,12009,em0,match,block,in,4,0xc0,,
1,27967,0,none,2,igmp,32,192.168.1.1,224.0.0.1,datalength=8
Jun  2 10:13:59 pfSense filterlog[61235]: 69,,12009,em0,match,block,in,4,0xc0,,
1,38344,0,none,2,igmp,32,192.168.1.1,224.0.0.1,datalength=8
Jun  2 10:14:12 pfSense filterlog[61235]: 69,,12009,em0,match,block,in,4,0xc0,,
1,40376,0,none,2,igmp,32,192.168.1.1,224.0.0.1,datalength=8
Jun  2 10:14:32 pfSense filterlog[61235]: 69,,12009,em0,match,block,in,4,0xc0,,
1,50911,0,none,2,igmp,32,192.168.1.1,224.0.0.1,datalength=8
Jun  2 10:16:08 pfSense filterlog[46473]: 71,,12009,em0,match,block,in,4,0xc0,,
1,21648,0,none,2,igmp,32,192.168.1.1,224.0.0.1,datalength=8
Jun  2 10:16:21 pfSense filterlog[46473]: 71,,12009,em0,match,block,in,4,0xc0,,
1,26297,0,none,2,igmp,32,192.168.1.1,224.0.0.1,datalength=8
Jun  2 10:16:33 pfSense filterlog[46473]: 71,,12009,em0,match,block,in,4,0xc0,,
1,30813,0,none,2,igmp,32,192.168.1.1,224.0.0.1,datalength=8
Jun  2 10:16:44 pfSense filterlog[46473]: 71,,12009,em0,match,block,in,4,0xc0,,
1,39357,0,none,2,igmp,32,192.168.1.1,224.0.0.1,datalength=8
Jun  2 10:16:47 pfSense filterlog[46473]: 4,,1000000103,em0,match,block,in,4,0xc0,,
1,57688,0,none,1,icmp,36,1.1.168.192,224.0.0.1,routeradv22:30,1,16
Jun  2 10:16:57 pfSense filterlog[46473]: 71,,12009,em0,match,block,in,4,0xc0,,
1,46446,0,none,2,igmp,32,192.168.1.1,224.0.0.1,datalength=8
$ █

```

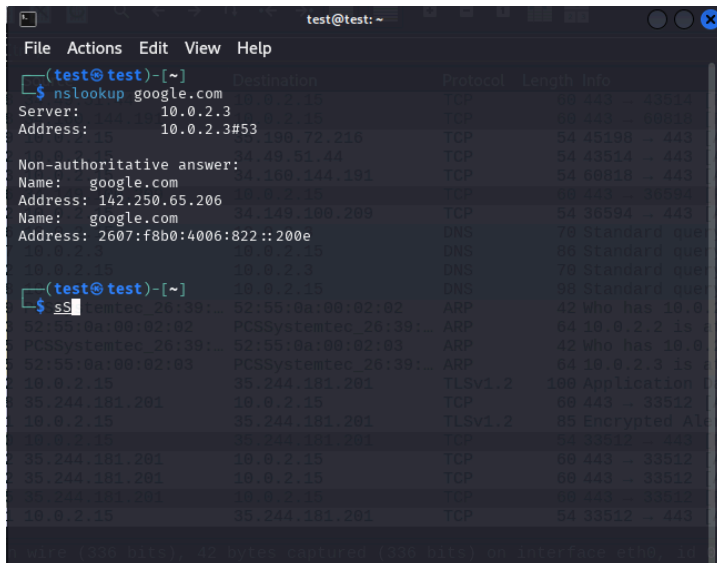
Network Protocol & Traffic Analysis

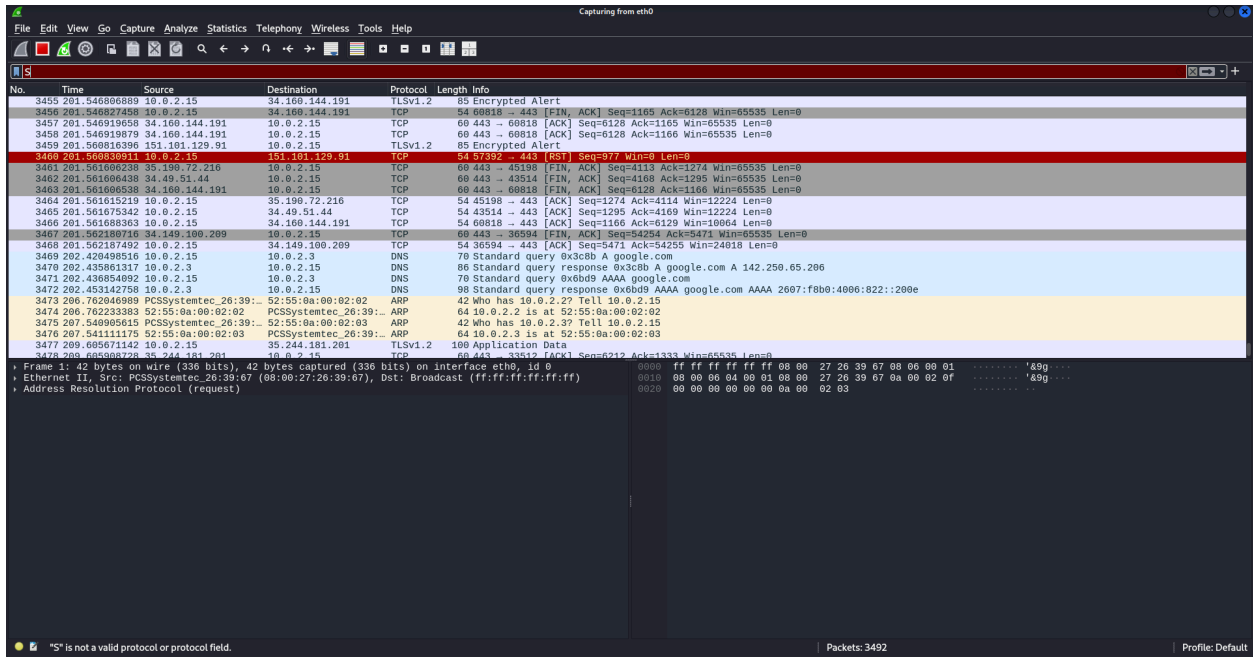
Wireshark Captures

HTTP

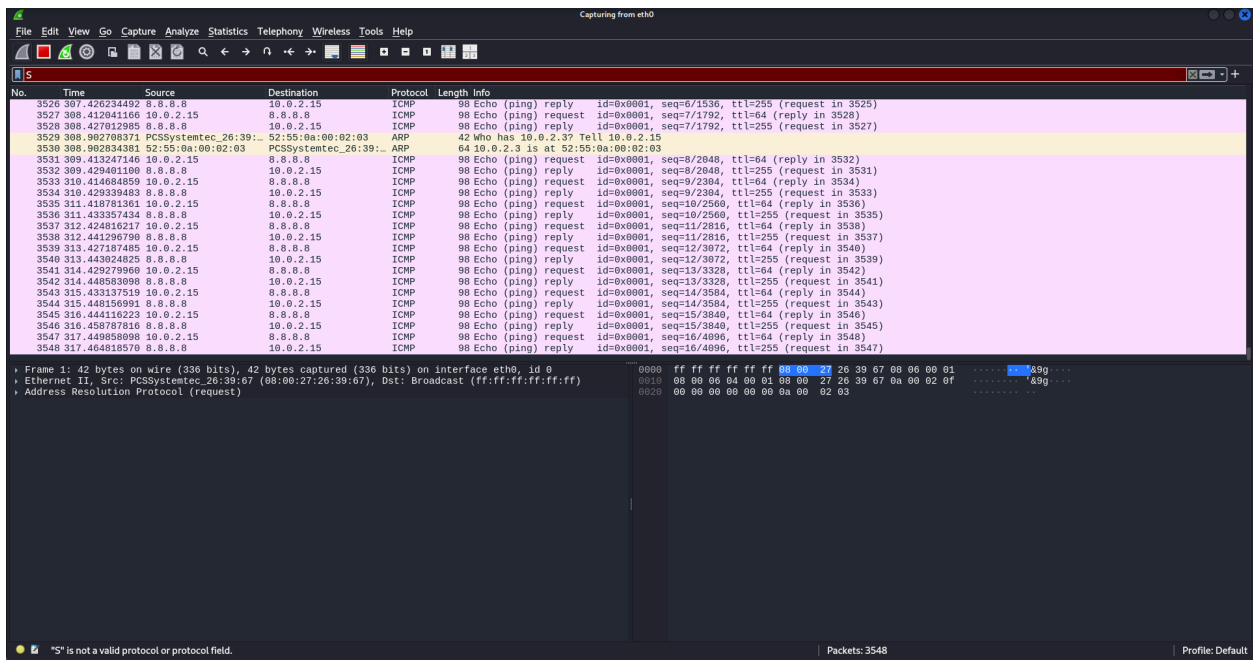


DNS





ICMP



Basic Vulnerability Assessment

- LAN1: Simulated internal site
- LAN2: Simulated remote site

Setup:

- **pfSense Interface Configuration:**
 - LAN IP: 192.168.1.1/24
 - DHCP Range: 192.168.1.100 – 192.168.1.200
 - WAN: NAT (Internet access)
 - LAN: Internal Network LAN1
- **Captive Portal:**
 - Enabled on LAN interface
 - Authentication using local pfSense users

Phase 1:

- Key Exchange: IKEv2
- Authentication: Pre-shared key
- Local network: 192.168.1.0/24
- Remote network: 192.168.2.0/24

Phase 2:

- Encryption: AES-256
- Protocol: ESP
- Lifetime: 3600 seconds

PFSENSE setup

```
Enter an option:
FreeBSD/amd64 (pfSense.home.arpa) (ttyv0)
VirtualBox Virtual Machine - Netgate Device ID: c909c73e3cc72eb356df
*** Welcome to pfSense 2.7.2-RELEASE (amd64) on pfSense ***

WAN (wan)      -> em0      -> v4/DHCP4: 10.0.2.15/24
                  v6/DHCP6: fd17:625c:f037:2:a00:27ff:fe4e:a2a3,
64
LAN (lan)      -> em1      -> v4: 192.168.1.1/24

0) Logout (SSH only)          9) pfTop
1) Assign Interfaces          10) Filter Logs
2) Set interface(s) IP address 11) Restart webConfigurator
3) Reset webConfigurator password 12) PHP shell + pfSense tools
4) Reset to factory defaults    13) Update from console
5) Reboot system               14) Enable Secure Shell (sshd)
6) Halt system                 15) Restore recent configuration
7) Ping host                   16) Restart PHP-FPM
8) Shell

Enter an option: S
```

```
Enter an option: 2
Available interfaces:
1 - WAN (em0 - dhcp, dhcp6)
2 - LAN (em1 - static, dhcp6)

Enter the number of the interface you wish to configure: 2
Configure IPv4 address LAN interface via DHCP? (y/n) n
Enter the new LAN IPv4 address. Press <ENTER> for none:
> 192.168.1.1

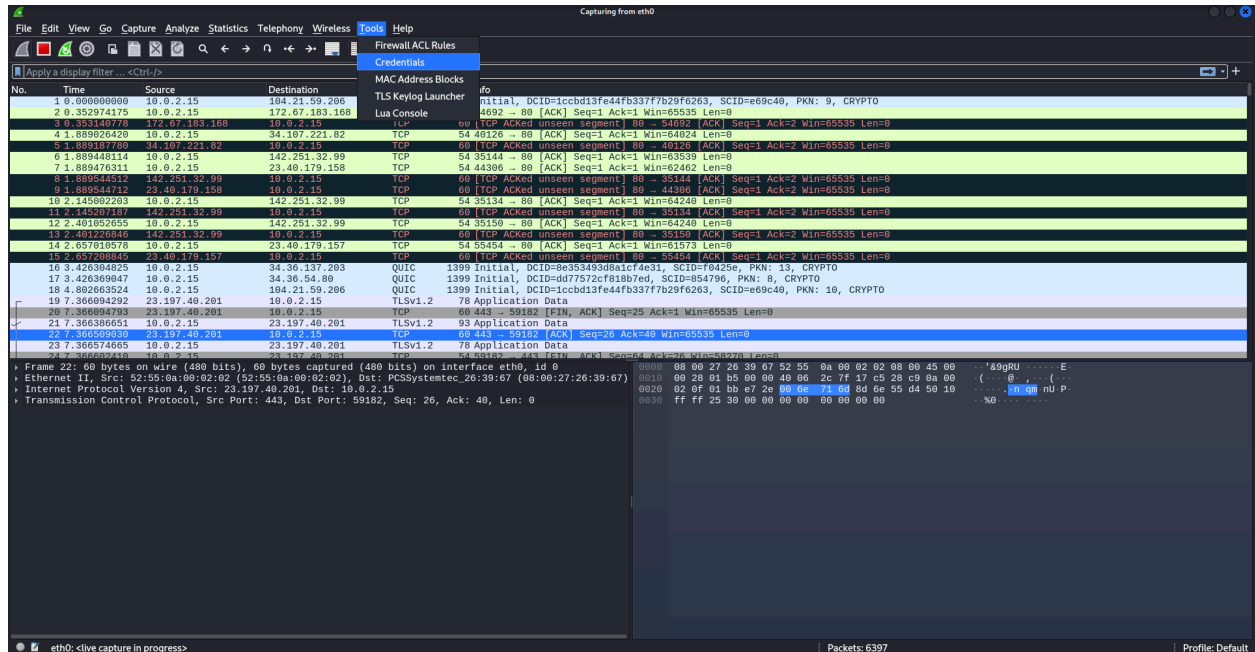
Subnet masks are entered as bit counts (as in CIDR notation) in pfSense.
e.g. 255.255.255.0 = 24
     255.255.0.0   = 16
     255.0.0.0     = 8

Enter the new LAN IPv4 subnet bit count (1 to 32):
> 8

For a WAN, enter the new LAN IPv4 upstream gateway address.
For a LAN, press <ENTER> for none:
>
```

Network Security Operations

Web Browsing



Steps:

1. Go to **pfSense Web UI > Firewall > Rules > LAN**.
2. Add a new rule:
 - Action: **Block**
 - Protocol: **TCP**
 - Destination Port: **3389 (RDP)**
 - Description: "Block RDP from LAN"
3. Apply changes.
4. On Windows VM:
 - Try running **mstsc** or RDP to another IP (or simulate attempt).
 - Use command: **telnet 192.168.1.1 3389** → should fail.

5. Check **Status > System Logs > Firewall** to confirm block event.

1. Simulate incident:

- Try logging into the captive portal with **wrong username/password**

2. Go to **pfSense Web UI > Status > System Logs > Captive Portal**

3. Document:

- Time of attempt
- Source IP (e.g., **192.168.1.101**)
- Usernames used
- Number of attempts

4. Optional: Add response (e.g., lock IP, notify admin)