

## **MARMARA UNIVERSITY**

## FACULTY OF ENGINEERING COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT

# CSE4074 COMPUTER NETWORKS Homework #3

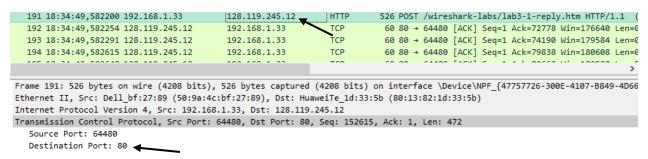
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- 2. A first look at the captured trace
- 1. What is the IP address and TCP port number used by the client computer (source) that is transferring the file to gaia.cs.umass.edu?

```
199 16:44:25,867722 192.168.1.102
                                                                             104 POST /ethereal-labs/lab3-1-reply.htm HTTP/1.1
    200 16:44:25,959852 128.119.245.12
                                             192.168.1.102
                                                                  TCP
                                                                             60 80 → 1161 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=162309 Win=62780 Len=
    201 16:44:26,018268 128.119.245.12
                                             192.168.1.102
                                                                             60 80 → 1161 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=164041 Win=62780 Len=
                                                                  TCP
    202 16:44:26,026211 128.119.245.12
                                             192,168,1,102
                                                                             60 80 → 1161 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=164091 Win=62780 Len=
                                                                             784 HTTP/1.1 200 OK (text/html)
    203 16:44:26,031556 128.119.245.12
                                             192.168.1.102
                                                                  HTTP
                                                                             174 M-SEARCH * HTTP/1.1
    204 16:44:26,168471 192.168.1.100
                                             192.168.1.1
                                                                  SSDP
                                                                            175 M-SEARCH * HTTP/1.1
    205 16:44:26,169463 192.168.1.100
                                             192.168.1.1
                                                                  SSDP
     206 16-44-26 221522 102 162 1 102
                                                                             5/ 1161 ± 80 [ACV] Sen-16/001 Ack-731 Win-16700 I
                                             128 110 245 12
                                                                  TCD
> Frame 199: 104 bytes on wire (832 bits), 104 bytes captured (832 bits)
Ethernet II, Src: Actionte 8a:70:1a (00:20:e0:8a:70:1a), Dst: LinksysG da:af:73 (00:06:25:da:af:73)
> Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.1.102, Dst: 128.119.245.12
Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 1161, Dst Port: 80, Seq: 164041, Ack: 1, Len: 50
     Source Port: 1161
     Destination Port: 80
```

Source IP address is 192.168.102, and it uses 1161 as source port.

2. What is the IP address of gaia.cs.umass.edu? On what port number is it sending and receiving TCP segments for this connection?



IP address of gaia.cs.umass.edu is 128.119.245.12, port number is 80.

3. What is the IP address and TCP port number used by your client computer (source) to transfer the file to gaia.cs.umass.edu?

```
191 18:34:49,582200 192.168.1.33
                                          128.119.245.12
                                                               HTTP
                                                                          526 POST /wireshark-labs/lab3-1-reply.htm HTTP/1.1
  192 18:34:49,582254 128.119.245.12
                                       192.168.1.33
192.168.1.33
                                                                TCP
                                                                           60 80 → 64480 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=72778 Win=176640 Len=0
  193 18:34:49,582291 128.119.245.12
                                                                TCP
                                                                           60 80 → 64480 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=74190 Win=179584 Len=0
  194 18:34:49,582615 128.119.245.12
                                         192.168.1.33
                                                                TCP
                                                                          60 80 → 64480 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=79838 Win=180608 Len=0
  195 18:34:49,582648 128.119.245.12
                                          192,168,1,33
                                                               TCP
                                                                          60 80 → 64480 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=82662 Win=182528 Len=0
  196 18:34:49,582754 128.119.245.12
                                          192.168.1.33
                                                                TCP
                                                                          60 80 → 64480 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=83427 Win=183296 Len=0
  197 18:34:49.582793 128.119.245.12
                                                                        60 80 → 64480 [ACK] Sea=1 Ack=86251 Win=181632 Len=0
                                          192.168.1.33
Frame 191: 526 bytes on wire (4208 bits), 526 bytes captured (4208 bits) on interface \Device\NPF_{47757726-300E-4107-B849-4D66
Ethernet II, Src: Dell bf:27:89 (50:9a:4c:bf:27:89), Dst: HuaweiTe 1d:33:5b (80:13:82:1d:33:5b)
Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.1.33, Dst: 128.119.245.12
Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 64480, Dst Port: 80, Seq: 152615, Ack: 1, Len: 472
  Source Port: 64480
```

Source IP address is 192.168.1.33, and it uses 64480 as source port.

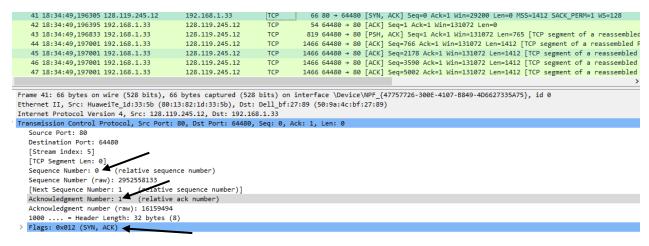
#### 3. TCP Basics

4. What is the sequence number of the TCP SYN segment that is used to initiate the TCP connection between the client computer and gaia.cs.umass.edu? What is it in the segment that identifies the segment as a SYN segment?

```
66 64479 + 80 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 WS=256 SACK_PERM=1
66 64480 + P0 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 WS=256 SACK_PERM=1
1392 Initial, DCID=5783f2e7b5b646ec, PKN: 1, CRYPTO, PADDING
       20 18:34:49,067628 192.168.1.33
                                                  128.119.245.12
      21 18:34:49,067800 192.168.1.33
                                                  128.119.245.12
                                                                          TCP
      22 18:34:49,072180 192.168.1.33
                                                   172.217.169.110
                                                                          QUIC
      23 18:34:49,084356 172.217.17.163
                                                  192.168.1.33
                                                                          TCP
                                                                                      60 443
                                                                                                64454 [FIN, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=2 Win=261 Len
                                                                                       54 64 54 → 443 [ACK] Seg=2 Ack=2 Win=509 Len=0
      24 18:34:49,084428 192,168,1,33
                                                  172.217.17.163
                                                                          TCP
  Frame 20: 66 bytes on wire (528 bits), 66 bytes captured (528 bits) on interface \Device\NPF_{47757726-300E-4107-B849-4D6627335A75}, id 0
  Ethernet II, Src: Dell_bf:27:89 (50:9a:4c:bf:27:89), Dst: HuaweiTe_1d:33:5b (80:13:82:1d:33:5b)
  Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.1.33, Dst: 128.119.245.12
Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 64479, Dst Port: 80, Seq: 0, Len:
     Source Port: 64479
     Destination Port: 80
     [Stream index: 4]
     [TCP Segment Len: 0]
     Sequence Number: 0
                             (relative sequence number)
      Sequence Number (raw): 3234297140
     [Next Sequence Number: 1
                                    (relative sequence number)]
     Acknowledgment Number: 0
     Acknowledgment number (raw): 0
     1000 .... = Header Length: 32 bytes (8)
   > Flags: 0x002 (SYN)
```

The sequence number of the TCP SYN segment that is used to initiate the TCP connection is 0. "SYN" flag segment identifies that it is a SYN segment.

5. What is the sequence number of the SYNACK segment sent by gaia.cs.umass.edu to the client computer in reply to the SYN? What is the value of the Acknowledgement field in the SYNACK segment? How did gaia.cs.umass.edu determine that value? What is it in the segment that identifies the segment as a SYNACK segment?



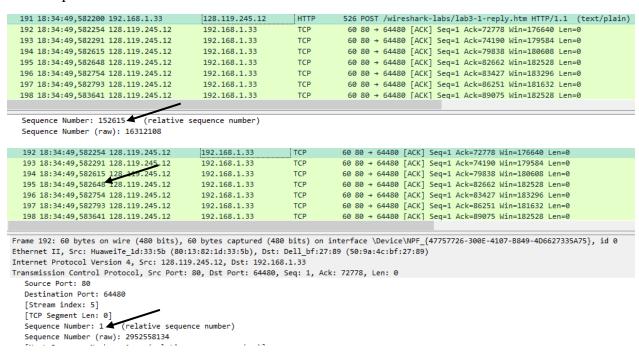
The sequence number of the SYNACK segment is 0. The value of Acknowledgement field in SYNACK segment is 1. It is determined by the initial sequence number plus 1. The message carries SYN ACK flag as identification.

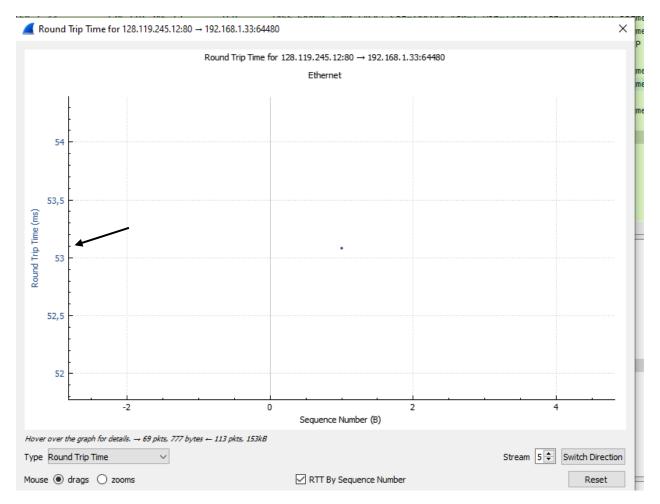
6. What is the sequence number of the TCP segment containing the HTTP POST command?

```
526 POST /wireshark-labs/lab3-1-reply.htm HTTP/1.1 (text/plain)
  191 18:34:49,582200 192.168.1.33
   192 18:34:49,582254 128.119.245.12
                                                                            60 80 → 64480 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=72778 Win=176640 Len=
  193 18:34:49,582291 128.119.245.12
                                           192,168,1,33
                                                                 TCP
                                                                            60 80 \rightarrow 64480 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=74190 Win=179584 Len=0
Frame 191: 526 bytes on wire (4208 bits), 526 bytes captured (4208 bits) on interface \Device\NPF_{47757726-300E-4107-8849-4D6627335A75}, id 0
Ethernet II, Src: Dell_bf:27:89 (50:9a:4c:bf:27:89), Dst: HuaweiTe_1d:33:5b (80:13:82:1d:33:5b)
Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.1.33, Dst: 128.119.245.12
Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 64480, Dst Port: 80, Seq: 152615, Ack: 1, Len: 472
  Source Port: 64480
   Destination Port: 80
   [Stream index: 5]
   [TCP Segment Len: 472]
   Sequence Number: 152615 (relative sequence number)
   Sequence Number (raw): 16312108
   [Next Sequence Number: 153087
                                    (relative sequence number)]
```

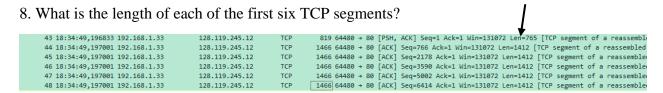
#### The sequence number of the TCP segment that contains HTTP POST command is 152615.

7. Consider the TCP segment containing the HTTP POST as the first segment in the TCP connection. What are the sequence numbers of the first six segments in the TCP connection (including the segment containing the HTTP POST)? At what time was each segment sent? When was the ACK for each segment received? Given the difference between when each TCP segment was sent, and when its acknowledgement was received, what is the RTT value for each of the six segments? What is the Estimated RTT value (see Section 3.5.3, page 242 in text) after the receipt of each ACK?





Sequence number of HTTP POST segment is 152615. Segment numbers of the first 6 TCP segments are all 1. Sent time and ACK segment receive time can be seen above. The RTT value of these 6 segments is approximately 53.1 milliseconds. Estimated RTT values for the subsequent segments are 0.9 \* (53.1) + 0.1(53.1) = 53.1 milliseconds.



Lengths of the first six TCP segments are 765,1412,1412,1412,1412,1412.

9. What is the minimum amount of available buffer space advertised at the received for the entire trace? Does the lack of receiver buffer space ever throttle the sender?

```
99 18:34:49,453159 192.168.1.33
                                        128.119.245.12
                                                                     1466 64480 → 80 [ACK] Seq=58658 Ack=1 Win=131072 Len=1412 [TCP segment of a rea
100 18:34:49,453159 192.168.1.33
                                        128.119.245.12
                                                                       1466 64480 → 80 [ACK] Seq=60070 Ack=1 Win=131072 Len=1412 [TCP segment of a rea
101 18:34:49,453159 192.168.1.33
                                        128.119.245.12
                                                             TCP
                                                                      1466 64480 → 80 [ACK] Seq=61482 Ack=1 Win=131072 Len=1412 [TCP segment of a rea
102 18:34:49,453617 128.119.245.12
                                        192.168.1.33
                                                             TCP
                                                                        60 80 → 64480 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=27594 Win=84608 Len=0
103 18:34:49.453630 192.168.1.33
                                        128,119,245,12
                                                             TCP
                                                                      1466 64480 → 80 [ACK] Seq=62894 Ack=1 Win=131072 Len=1412 [TCP segment of a rea
104 18:34:49,453630 192.168.1.33
                                        128.119.245.12
                                                             TCP
                                                                      1466 64480 → 80 [ACK] Seg=64306 Ack=1 Win=131072 Len=1412 [TCP segment of a rea
105 18:34:49,453630 192.168.1.33
                                        128.119.245.12
                                                             TCP
                                                                      1466 64480 → 80 [PSH, ACK] Seq=65718 Ack=1 Win=131072 Len=1412 [TCP segment of
106 18:34:49,453630 192.168.1.33
                                                                      1466 64480 → 80 [ACK] Seq=67130 Ack=1 Win=131072 Len=1412 [TCP segment of a rea
                                        128.119.245.12
107 18:34:49,453745 128.119.245.12
                                        192.168.1.33
                                                                        60 80 → 64480 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=29006 Win=87552 Len=0
Window: 512
[Calculated window size: 131072]
```

Calculated window size is 131072 bytes. Throttle has never occurred.

10. Are there any retransmitted segments in the trace file? What did you check for (in the trace) in order to answer this question?

There are not segments that retransmitted. We can check it by looking at ack number occurrence.

11. How much data does the receiver typically acknowledge in an ACK? Can you identify cases where the receiver is ACKing every other received segment?

172 18:34:49,58	0885 192.168.1.33	128.119.245.12	TCP	1466 64480 → 80 [PSH, ACK] Seq=131435 Ack=1 Win=131072 Len=1412 [TCP segment of a r
173 18:34:49,58	0885 192.168.1.33	128.119.245.12	TCP	1466 64480 → 80 [ACK] Seq=132847 Ack=1 Win=131072 Len=1412 [TCP segment of a reasse
174 18:34:49,58	0885 192.168.1.33	128.119.245.12	TCP	1466 64480 → 80 [ACK] Seq=134259 Ack=1 Win=131072 Len=1412 [TCP segment of a reasse
175 18:34:49,58	0885 192.168.1.33	128.119.245.12	TCP	1466 64480 → 80 [ACK] Seq=135671 Ack=1 Win=131072 Len=1412 [TCP segment of a reasse
176 18:34:49,58	1113 128.119.245.12	192.168.1.33	TCP	60 80 → 64480 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=64306 Win=159488 Len=0
177 18:34:49,58	1137 192.168.1.33	128.119.245.12	TCP	1466 64480 → 80 [ACK] Seq=137083 Ack=1 Win=131072 Len=1412 [TCP segment of a reasse
178 18:34:49,58	1137 192.168.1.33	128.119.245.12	TCP	1466 64480 → 80 [ACK] Seq=138495 Ack=1 Win=131072 Len=1412 [TCP segment of a reasse
179 18:34:49,58	1137 192.168.1.33	128.119.245.12	TCP	1466 64480 → 80 [ACK] Seq=139907 Ack=1 Win=131072 Len=1412 [TCP segment of a reasse
180 18:34:49,58	1137 192.168.1.33	128.119.245.12	TCP	1466 64480 → 80 [ACK] Seq=141319 Ack=1 Win=131072 Len=1412 [TCP segment of a reasse

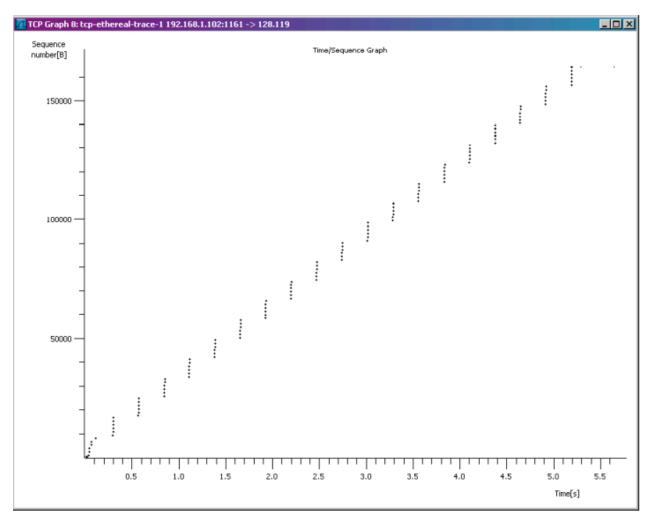
Receiver typically acknowledges 1412 bytes in an ack. If the data is doubled, then acking other segment occurs.

12. What is the throughput (bytes transferred per unit time) for the TCP connection? Explain how you calculated this value.

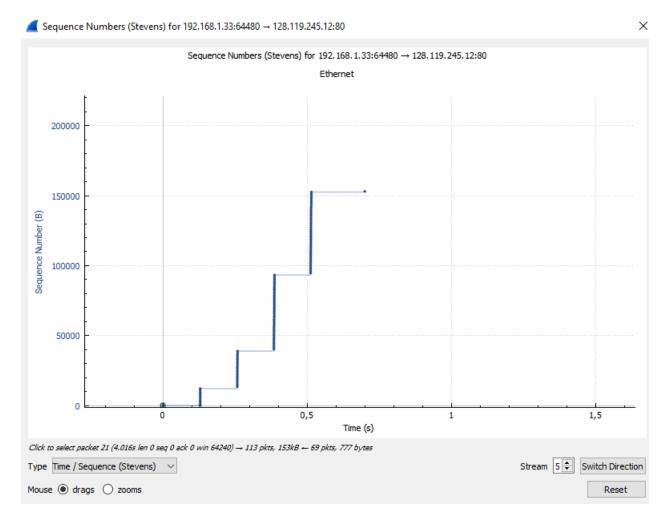
Total byte transferred is approximately 153138 bytes, and the time is approximately 1.1 seconds so it makes 139216 bps.

### 4. TCP congestion control in action

13. Use the Time-Sequence-Graph (Stevens) plotting tool to view the sequence number versus time plot of segments being sent from the client to the gaia.cs.umass.edu server. Can you identify where TCP's slow start phase begins and ends, and where congestion avoidance takes over? Comment on ways in which the measured data differs from the idealized behavior of TCP that we've studied in the text.



Slow start phase begins at time 0 and ends at 0.15 sec.



Slow start phase begins at 0 and ends at 0.125.