

Eli - TAARG

- DUCTED PROPELLER'S FUNCTION - TOTAL THRUST

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1 Algorithm

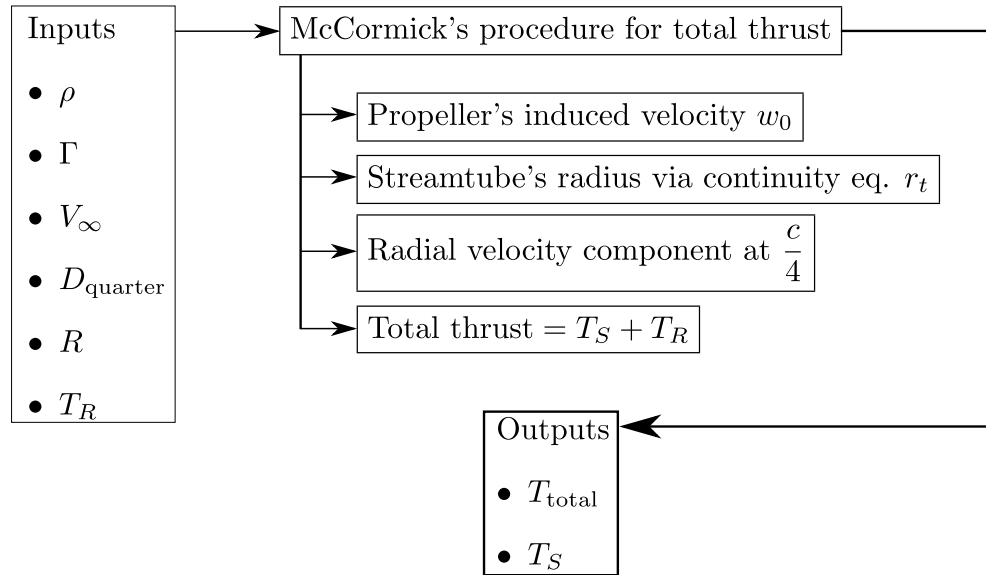


Figure 1 - 1: Flow diagram of the function `ducted_prop_thrust.m` with inputs and outputs.

In this brief document, we will describe the algorithm of the function `ducted_prop_thrust.m` based on the semi - empirical method proposed by McCormick. A simplified flow diagram for the code is shown in 1 - 1. First, the function calculates the induced velocity on the rotor's disk.

```

1 % -----
2 % Propeller's induced velocity calculations
3 w0 = .5*(-Vinf + sqrt(Vinf^2 + 2*TR/(rho*pi*R^2)));
4 % -----

```

Listing 1: Induced velocity function `ducted_prop_thrust.m`

Then, it's possible to calculate the upstream flow - tube's radius via the continuity equation.

```

1 % -----
2 % Streamtube's radius rt calculated via the continuity
3 A = pi*R^2;
4 const = (Vinf + w0)*A;
5 rt = sqrt(const/(Vinf*pi));
6 % -----

```

Listing 2: Upstream flow - tube's radius r_t function `ducted_prop_thrust.m`

Is now possible to evaluate the radial velocity component induced by the rotor at $c/4$.

```

1 % -----
2 % Radial velocity component induced by the rotor at c/4
3 cquarter=1/4;
4 viRquarter = -.5*rt*w0*R^2/((R^2+cquarter^2)^1.5);
5 % -----

```

Listing 3: v_R at $c/4$ function `ducted_prop_thrust.m`

In the last section, thrust's calculations are executed.

```

1 % -----
2 % Thrust component due to the shroud
3 TS = -rho*viRquarter*Gamma*pi*Dquarter;
4 % -----
5 % Total thrust
6 T = TR + TS;
7 % -----
8 end

```

Listing 4: Thrust's calculations function ducted_prop_thrust.m

1.1 Inputs

The function accepts the following inputs:

- flow density ρ ;
- ring vortex circulation Γ ;
- stream velocity V_∞ ;
- quarter diameter D_{quarter} ;
- duct's radius R ;
- free rotor's thrust T_R .

1.2 Outputs

The function generates the following outputs:

- total thrust T_{total} ;
- shroud thrust T_S .

A test case for the function ducted_prop_thrust.m is shown, with relative outputs.

```

1 % =====
2 % |Input      : |
3 % |          (rho) = 1.225 [kg/m^3] |
4 % |          (Gamma) = 30 [m^2/s] |
5 % |          (Vinf) = 35 [m/s] |
6 % |          (Dquarter) = 2 [m] |
7 % |          (R) = .9 [m] |
8 % |          (TR) = 500 [N] |
9 % |Output     : (T) = 729.6644 [N] |
10 % |          (TS) = 229.6644 [N] |
11 % |Note      : |
12 % =====
13
14 Dquarter = 2;
15 Gamma = 30;
16 Vinf = 35;
17 rho = 1.225;
18 R = .9;
19 TR = 500;
20
21 [T,TS] = ducted_prop_thrust(rho,Gamma,Vinf,Dquarter,R,TR)

```

Listing 5: Test case for the ducted_prop_thrust.m

1.3 Use of the function

This function must be used in conjunction with another program that provides ring vortex circulation and, thus, the isolated rotor's thrust.

2 Code listing

```

1 %% \ducted_prop_thrust.m
2 % \brief: A function that calculates total thrust of a ducted propeller.
3 % It generates a vector with total thrust and shroud thrust as output.
4 % \author: Claudio Mirabella, Christian Salzano
5 % \version: 1.04
6 %
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24 %
25 % =====
26 % |Name      : ducted_prop_thrust.m
27 % |Author    : Claudio Mirabella, Christian Salzano
28 % |          : University of Naples Federico II.
29 % |Version   : 1.04
30 % |Date      : 25/11/2020
31 % |Modified  : 11/01/2021
32 % |Description: A function that calculates total thrust of a ducted propeller.
33 % |          : Generates a vector with total thrust and shroud thrust as output.
34 % |Reference  : Lezioni di Aerodinamica dell'Ala Rotante
35 % |Input     :
36 % |          : (rho) = Density
37 % |          : (Gamma) = Ring vortex circulation associated with the shroud
38 % |          : (Vinf) = Stream velocity
39 % |          : (Dquarter) = Shroud diameter at c/4
40 % |          : (R) = Shroud radius
41 % |          : (TR) = Isolated rotor thrust
42 % |Output    : (T) = Total thrust generated
43 % |          : (TS) = Thrust generated by the shroud
44 % |Note      :
45 % =====
46 function [T, TS] = ducted_prop_thrust(rho, Gamma, Vinf, Dquarter, R, TR)
47 % -----
48 % Propeller's induced velocity calculations
49 w0 = .5*(-Vinf + sqrt(Vinf^2 + 2*TR/(rho*pi*R^2)));
50 % -----

```

```
51 % Streamtube's radius rt calculated via the continuity
52 A = pi*R^2;
53 const = (Vinf + w0)*A;
54 rt = sqrt(const/(Vinf*pi));
55 % -----
56 % Radial velocity component induced by the rotor at c/4
57 cquarter=1/4;
58 viRquarter = -.5*rt*w0*R^2/((R^2+cquarter^2)^1.5);
59 % -----
60 % Thrust component due to the shroud
61 TS = -rho*viRquarter*Gamma*pi*Dquarter;
62 % -----
63 % Total thrust
64 T = TR + TS;
65 % -----
66 end
```

Listing 6: Function ducted_prop_thrust.m

Listings

1 Induced velocity function <code>ducted_prop_thrust.m</code>	1
2 Upstream flow - tube's radius r_t function <code>ducted_prop_thrust.m</code>	1
3 v_R at $c/4$ function <code>ducted_prop_thrust.m</code>	1
4 Thrust's calculations function <code>ducted_prop_thrust.m</code>	2
5 Test case for the <code>ducted_prop_thrust.m</code>	2
6 Function <code>ducted_prop_thrust.m</code>	3

References

- [1] Tognaccini Renato. *Lezioni di Aerodinamica dell'ala rotante*. Università degli Studi Ferico II, 2020.