Building projects with CMake

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Justification

CMake is a portable build system that is becoming a *de facto* standard for C++ package management.

Also usable with C and Fortran.

1 Building software the old way

Using 'GNU Autotools':

```
./configure
make
make install
```

2 User vs system packages

The `make install` often tries to copy to a system directory. If you're not the admin, do:

```
./configure --prefix=/home/yourname/mypackages
```

with a location of your choice.

3 Building with CMake

- Either replace only the configure stage

  ```
  cmake ## arguments
  make
  make install
  ```
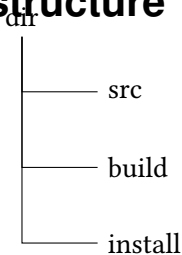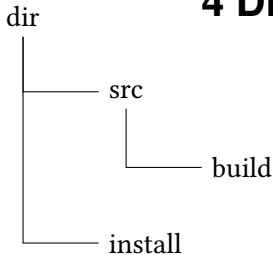
  or

- do everything with CMake:

  ```
  cmake ## arguments
  cmake --build ## stuff
  cmake --install ## stuff
  ```

(The second one is portable to non-Unix environments.)

4 Directory structure

```
dir
 │
 ├──── src
 │      │
 │      └──── build
 │
 └──── install
```

```
dir
 │
 ├──── src
 │
 ├──── build
 │
 └──── install
```

- In-source build: pretty common
- Out-of-source build: cleaner because never touches the source tree
- Some people skip the install, use everything from the build directory.

5 Out-of-source build

- Work from a build directory
- Specify prefix and location of `CMakeLists.txt`

```
1  ls some_package_1.0.0 # we are outside the source
2  ls some_package_1.0.0/CMakeLists.txt # source contains
       cmake file
3  mkdir builddir && cd builddir # goto build location
4  cmake -D CMAKE_INSTALL_PREFIX=../installdir \
5      ../some_package_1.0.0
6  make # make all tmp data in build loc
7  make install # move stuff to install loc
```

Make your CMake configuration

6 The CMakeLists file

```
cmake_minimum_required( VERSION 3.12 )
project( myproject VERSION 1.0 )
```

- Which cmake version is needed for this file?
  (CMake has undergone quite some evolution!)
- Give a name to your project.

7 Target philosophy

- Declare a target: something that needs to be built
- specify what is needed for it

```
add_executable( myprogram program.cxx )
install( TARGETS myprogram DESTINATION . )
```

Use of macros:

```
add_executable( ${PROJECT_NAME} program.cxx )
```

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8 Example: single source

```
cmake_minimum_required( VERSION 3.12 )
project( singleprogram VERSION 1.0 )

add_executable( program program.cxx )
install( TARGETS program DESTINATION . )
```

9 Use of a library

First a library that goes into the executable:

```
add_library( auxlib aux.cxx aux.h )
target_link_libraries( program PRIVATE auxlib )
```

10 Example: library during build

```
1  cmake_minimum_required( VERSION 3.12 )
2  project( cmakeprogram VERSION 1.0 )
3
4  add_executable( program program.cxx )
5  add_library( auxlib
6               aux.cxx aux.h )
7  target_link_libraries( program PRIVATE auxlib )
8  install( TARGETS program DESTINATION . )
```

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11 Release a library

To have the library released too, use **PUBLIC**.
Add the library target to the **install** command.

12 Example: released library

```
1  cmake_minimum_required( VERSION 3.12 )
2  project( cmakeprogram VERSION 1.0 )
3
4  add_executable( program program.cxx )
5  add_library( auxlib
6               aux.cxx aux.h )
7  target_link_libraries( program PUBLIC auxlib )
8  install( TARGETS program auxlib DESTINATION . )
```

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13 More about libraries

Static vs shared libraries. In the configuration file:

```
add_library( auxlib STATIC aux.cxx aux.h )
# or
add_library( auxlib SHARED aux.cxx aux.h )
```

or by adding a runtime flag

```
cmake -D BUILD_SHARED_LIBS=TRUE
```

Related: the `-fPIC` compile option is set by
CMAKE_POSITION_INDEPENDENT_CODE.

Using other packages

14 Problem

You want to install a package/application
... which needs 2 or 3 other packages.

```
cmake \
    -D PACKAGE1_INC=/users/my/package1/include \
    -D PACKAGE1_LIB=/users/my/package1/lib \
    -D PACKAGE2_INC=/users/my/package2/include/packaage \
    -D PACKAGE2_LIB=/users/my/package2/lib64 \
    ../newpackage
```

Can this be make simpler?

15 Finding packages with 'pkg config'

- Many packages come with a `package.pc` file
- Add that location to `PKG_CONFIG_PATH`
- That defines variables in your own cmake file

Example: PETSc
add $PETSC_DIR/$PETSC_ARCH/lib/pkgconfig to config path, then

```
find_package( PkgConfig REQUIRED )
pkg_check_modules( PETSC REQUIRED petsc )
target_include_directories(
        program PUBLIC
        ${PETSC_INCLUDE_DIRS} )
```

16 Eigen

```
1  cmake_minimum_required( VERSION 3.12 )
2  project( eigentest )
3
4  find_package( PkgConfig REQUIRED )
5  pkg_check_modules( EIGEN REQUIRED eigen3 )
6
7  add_executable( eigentest eigentest.cxx )
8  target_include_directories(
9          eigentest PUBLIC
10         ${EIGEN_INCLUDE_DIRS})
```

17 Other discovery mechanisms

Some packages come with `FindWhatever.cmake` or similar files.
Pity that there is not just one standard.

These define some macros, but you need to read the docs to see which.
Pity that there is not just one standard.

Some examples follow.

18 MPI from C

```
1   cmake_minimum_required( VERSION 3.12 )
2   project( ${PROJECT_NAME} VERSION 1.0 )
3
4   find_package( MPI )
5
6   add_executable( ${PROJECT_NAME} ${PROJECT_NAME}.c )
7   target_include_directories(
8           ${PROJECT_NAME} PUBLIC
9           ${MPI_C_INCLUDE_DIRS} ${CMAKE_CURRENT_SOURCE_DIR}
          )
10  target_link_libraries(
11          ${PROJECT_NAME} PUBLIC
12          ${MPI_C_LIBRARIES} )
13
14  install( TARGETS ${PROJECT_NAME} DESTINATION . )
```

19 MPI from Fortran

```cmake
1  cmake_minimum_required( VERSION 3.12 )
2  project( ${PROJECT_NAME} VERSION 1.0 )
3
4  enable_language(Fortran)
5
6  find_package( MPI )
7
8  if( MPI_Fortran_HAVE_F08_MODULE )
9  else()
10   message( FATAL_ERROR "No f08 module for this MPI" )
11 endif()
12
13 add_executable( ${PROJECT_NAME} ${PROJECT_NAME}.F90 )
14 target_include_directories(
15        ${PROJECT_NAME} PUBLIC
16        ${MPI_Fortran_INCLUDE_DIRS} ${
      CMAKE_CURRENT_SOURCE_DIR} )
17 target_link_directories(
18        ${PROJECT_NAME} PUBLIC
19        ${MPI_LIBRARY_DIRS} )
20 target_link_libraries(
21        ${PROJECT_NAME} PUBLIC
22        ${MPI_Fortran_LIBRARIES} )
```

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20 OpenMP

```
1   cmake_minimum_required( VERSION 3.12 )
2   project( ompprogram VERSION 1.0 )
3
4   find_package(OpenMP)
5   if(OpenMP_CXX_FOUND)
6   else()
7           message( FATAL_ERROR "Could not find OpenMP" )
8   endif()
9
10  add_executable( program program.cxx )
11  target_link_libraries( program PUBLIC OpenMP::
        OpenMP_CXX)
12
13  install( TARGETS program DESTINATION . )
```