### **CSCE 435 Fall 2023**

# **Assignment 2: Matrix Multiplication using MPI**

Instructions to compile and execute the matrix multiplication code:

- 1. Upload both the files (**mpi\_mm.cpp** and **mpi.grace\_job**) to your scratch directory after logging into grace portal.
- 2. Open the current directory in the terminal using the "Open in terminal" option on the top.
- 3. Authenticate using your net id's password and duo-2 factor authentication.
- 4. Initialize the cmake build:
  - a \$. build.sh
- 5. If further changes are made to the code, use make to re-build:
  - a \$ make
- 6. Run the batch file, giving matrix size and number of processors:
  - a \$ sbatch mpi.grace job <m>
- 7. After a job is complete, you'll be able to see the output in the output file corresponding to your jobid in the same directory as the source code. The Caliper performance measurements will be written to the .cali file. (You'll be able to find out whether a recent job has been completed or not by going to: grace dashboard > jobs > active jobs)

## Assignment:

#### Summary

- Use Caliper & MPI\_Reduce to calculate the minimum, maximum and the average runtime taken by the "receiving" part, the "calculation" part, and the "sending" part of the worker processes. Plot minimum time, maximum time, and average time as functions of the number of processes where the number of processes will vary between {2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64}. (You may plot all the three times: min, max, avg on a single graph with different colors)
  - There will be different plots for:

Matrices of size 128x128 [10 points]
Matrices of size 1024x1024 [10 points]
Matrices of size 8192x8192 [10 points]

- Similarly, in the master process, compute the runtime for the "whole computation", for the "initialization" part, and for the "sending and receiving" part and plot graphs for initialization time, send/receive time, and total time vs number of processes where the number of processes will vary between {2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64}.
  - There will be different plots for:

Matrices of size 128x128 [10 points]
Matrices of size 1024x1024 [10 points]
Matrices of size 8192x8192 [10 points]

 Write down your observations on the variation of runtimes with the number of processes for various matrix sizes.

Correctness of the MPI\_Reduce code changes
 Correctly annotated Caliper regions
 Used Thicket to generate plots
 [20 points]
 [5 points]
 [+10 points]

#### Part 1 - Caliper

You will use Caliper's region and function annotations to gather performance measurements for the runs. The Caliper annotation API. Caliper functions used:

- CALI CXX MARK FUNCTION
  - o C++ macro to mark a function.
- CALI MARK BEGIN(name)
  - o Mark begin of a user-defined code region.
- CALI\_MARK\_END(name)
  - o Mark end of a user-defined code region.

The CALI\_CXX\_MARK\_FUNCTION's and CALI\_MARK\_BEGIN(name)'s are already implemented for you. Your assignment is to close the open regions using CALI\_MARK\_END(name). The region names are already defined for you.

If correctly implemented, the caliper config will automatically collect and aggregate the min, max, and average times into the caliper file.

#### Part 2 - MPI

- 1. Implement timers Use MPI\_Wtime to create timers to measure over the same regions that you marked with caliper.
- 2. MPI\_Reduce Use MPI\_Reduce to calculate min, max, and sum (used to compute average) times for each of your worker timers. Be careful, if you use MPI\_COMM\_WORLD as your communicator, your values will be incorrect. This is because your master process will be implicitly included in your worker calculations. You need to either:
  - a. Create a new MPI communicator that excludes the master process
  - b. Initialize the variables you are reducing to in a way that avoids this problem.

**Note:** Your timers from Part 1 and their equivalent timers in Part 2 should be almost equal in comparison, as you are timing the same thing.

#### Part 3 - Plotting

You are strongly encouraged to use the Caliper files and Thicket to create the plots for this lab. You may use the included notebook with the Lab1 data as a starting point. Students who use Thicket to generate their plots will receive +10 bonus points.

#### Upload a .zip file on canvas containing:

- A pdf with your answers.
- mpi\_mm.cpp file with your code changes.
- The .cali files