温州大学计算机与人工智能学院

<u>Java程序设计(17网工) 实验报告</u>

实验名称	旋转风车				
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实验地点		实验时间	2020-12-27,13:57:17	指导老师	

一、问题编号:

1771

地址: http://10.132.254.54/problem/1771/

二、问题描述:

```
编写一个程序,在面板显示显示一个风车,并实现旋转的效果,效果如下图:
图1:程序初始状态
图2:一段时间后的状态
```

三、输入说明:

四、输出说明:

五、输入样列:

六、输出样列:

七、解答内容:

所用语言:

源代码:

```
import java.awt.Color;
import java.awt.Graphics;
02.
       import java.awt.event.ActionEvent;
import java.awt.event.ActionListener;
03.
04
05.
       import javax.swing.JFrame;
import javax.swing.JPanel;
import javax.swing.Timer;
06.
07.
08.
09.
       public class Main extends JFrame {
   WindmillPanel wp = new WindmillPanel();
10.
11.
12.
              int start = 0;
13.
14.
              public Main() {
15.
                     this.add(wp);
16.
17.
              public static void main(String□ args) {
                     JFrame frame = new Main();
frame.setTitle("My JFrame");
frame.setSize(400, 300);
frame.setSize(410CloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
19.
20.
21.
22.
23.
                      frame.setLocationRelativeTo(null);
24.
                      frame.setVisible(true);
25.
26.
27.
              }
```

```
28.
              class WindmillPanel extends JPanel {
29.
30.
                      int r = 100;
                     public WindmillPanel() {
    Timer timer = new Timer(100, new ActionListener() {
31.
32.
33.
                                    @Override
34.
                                   public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent arg0) {
35.
36.
                                           start++
                                           repaint();
37.
38.
39.
                            });
timer.start();
40.
41.
42.
                     }
43.
                      protected void paintComponent(Graphics g) {
                            int x = getWidth() / 2 - r;
int y = getHeight() / 2 - r;
44.
45.
46.
                             super.paintComponent(g);
                             g.drawOval(x, y, 2 *
47.
                             g.setColor(Color.RED);
48.
                            g.fillArc(x + 10, y + 10, 2 * (r - 10), 2 * (r - 10), start, 60);
g.fillArc(x + 10, y + 10, 2 * (r - 10), 2 * (r - 10), start + 90, 60);
g.fillArc(x + 10, y + 10, 2 * (r - 10), 2 * (r - 10), start + 180, 60);
g.fillArc(x + 10, y + 10, 2 * (r - 10), 2 * (r - 10), start + 270, 60);
49.
50.
51.
52.
53.
                     }
54.
              }
55. }
```

八、判题结果

RE - 运行错误

判题结果补充说明:

test id:3320,result:RE, usedtime:148MS, usedmem:3356KB,score:50 Exception in thread "main" java.awt.HeadlessException: No X11 DISPLAY variable was set, but this program performed an operation which requires it. at java.awt.GraphicsEnvironment.checkHeadless(GraphicsEnvironment.java:173) at java.awt.Window.<init>(Window.java:547) at java.awt.Frame.<init>(Frame.java:419) at java.awt.Frame.<init>(Frame.java:384) at javax.swing.JFrame.<init>(JFrame.java:174) at Main. <init>(Main.java:14) at Main.main(Main.java:19) test id:3321,result:RE, usedtime:148MS, usedmem:3368KB,score:50 Exception in thread "main" java.awt.HeadlessException: No X11 DISPLAY variable was set, but this program performed an operation which requires it. at java.awt.GraphicsEnvironment.checkHeadless(GraphicsEnvironment.java:173) at java.awt.Window.<init>(Window.java:547) at java.awt.Frame.<init>(Frame.java:419) at java.awt.Frame.<init>(Frame.java:384) at javax.swing.JFrame.<init>(JFrame.java:174) at Main.<<init>(Main.java:14) at Main.main(Main.java:19)