

温州大学计算机与人工智能学院

Java程序设计（17网工） 课程作业

实验名称	使用键盘移动小球				
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实验地点		实验时间	2020-12-28,22:19:13	指导老师	

一、问题编号：

1763

地址：<http://10.132.254.54/problem/1763/>

二、问题描述：

编写一个程序，在面板上下左右移动小球。
定义一个面板类来显示小球，当按下键盘的“↑”键时，实现小球向上移动；当按下“↓”键时，实现小球的向下移动。

注意：按钮也要控制小球的上、下、左、右移动！！

界面如下图：

三、输入说明：

四、输出说明：

五、输入样列：

六、输出样列：

七、解答内容：

所用语言：

源代码：

```
001. import java.awt.BorderLayout;
002. import java.awt.Color;
003. import java.awt.Graphics;
004. import java.awt.event.ActionEvent;
005. import java.awt.event.ActionListener;
006. import java.awt.event.KeyEvent;
007. import java.awt.event.KeyListener;
008.
009. import javax.swing.JButton;
010. import javax.swing.JFrame;
011. import javax.swing.JPanel;
012.
013. public class Main extends JFrame {
014.     private JButton mBtnUp = null;
015.     private JButton mBtnDown = null;
016.     private JButton mBtnLeft = null;
017.     private JButton mBtnRight = null;
018.     CirclePanel circlePanel = new CirclePanel();
019.
020.     public Main() {
021.         JPanel jPanel = new JPanel();
022.         mBtnUp = new JButton("向上");
023.         mBtnDown = new JButton("向下");
024.         mBtnLeft = new JButton("向左");
025.         mBtnRight = new JButton("向右");
026.         jPanel.add(mBtnUp);
```

```

027.         jPanel.add(mBtnDown);
028.         jPanel.add(mBtnLeft);
029.         jPanel.add(mBtnRight);
030.
031.         OnClick onClick = new OnClick();
032.         mBtnDown.addActionListener(onClick);
033.         mBtnUp.addActionListener(onClick);
034.         mBtnLeft.addActionListener(onClick);
035.         mBtnRight.addActionListener(onClick);
036.
037.         addKeyListener(new KeyClick());
038.         setFocusable(true);
039.         add(circlePanel, BorderLayout.CENTER);
040.         add(jPanel, BorderLayout.SOUTH);
041.         setSize(400, 300);
042.         setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
043.     }
044.
045.     public static void main(String[] args) {
046.         Main window = new Main();
047.         window.setVisible(true);
048.     }
049.
050.     class OnClick implements ActionListener {
051.         @Override
052.         public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent actionEvent) {
053.             if (mBtnUp.equals(actionEvent.getSource())) {
054.                 circlePanel.MoveToUp();
055.             }
056.             if (mBtnDown.equals(actionEvent.getSource())) {
057.                 circlePanel.MoveToDown();
058.             }
059.             if (mBtnLeft.equals(actionEvent.getSource())) {
060.                 circlePanel.MoveToLeft();
061.             }
062.             if (mBtnRight.equals(actionEvent.getSource())) {
063.                 circlePanel.MoveToRight();
064.             }
065.         }
066.     }
067.
068.     class KeyClick implements KeyListener {
069.
070.         @Override
071.         public void keyTyped(KeyEvent keyEvent) {
072.
073.         }
074.
075.         @Override
076.         public void keyPressed(KeyEvent e) {
077.             if (e.getKeyCode() == KeyEvent.VK_UP) {
078.                 circlePanel.MoveToUp();
079.             }
080.             if (e.getKeyCode() == KeyEvent.VK_DOWN) {
081.                 circlePanel.MoveToDown();
082.             }
083.             if (e.getKeyCode() == KeyEvent.VK_LEFT) {
084.
085.                 circlePanel.MoveToLeft();
086.             }
087.             if (e.getKeyCode() == KeyEvent.VK_RIGHT) {
088.
089.                 circlePanel.MoveToRight();
090.             }
091.         }
092.
093.         @Override
094.         public void keyReleased(KeyEvent keyEvent) {
095.
096.         }
097.     }
098.
099.     class CirclePanel extends JPanel {
100.         private int x = 10;
101.         private int y = 10;
102.
103.         @Override
104.         public void paint(Graphics g) {
105.             super.paint(g);
106.             g.setColor(Color.BLUE);
107.             g.fillOval(x, y, 20, 20);
108.         }

```

```
109.
110.     public void MoveToUp() {
111.         y -= 10;
112.         repaint();
113.     }
114.
115.     public void MoveToDown() {
116.         y += 10;
117.         repaint();
118.     }
119.
120.     public void MoveToLeft() {
121.         x -= 10;
122.         repaint();
123.     }
124.
125.     public void MoveToRight() {
126.         x += 10;
127.         repaint();
128.     }
129. }
130. }
```

八、判题结果

RE - 运行错误

判题结果补充说明:

test id:3314,result:RE, usedtime:148MS, usedmem:3360KB,score:100 Exception in thread "main" java.awt.HeadlessException: No X11 DISPLAY variable was set, but this program performed an operation which requires it. at java.awt.GraphicsEnvironment.checkHeadless(GraphicsEnvironment.java:173) at java.awt.Window.<init>(Window.java:547) at java.awt.Frame.<init>(Frame.java:419) at java.awt.Frame.<init>(Frame.java:384) at javax.swing.JFrame.<init>(JFrame.java:174) at Main.<init>(Main.java:20) at Main.main(Main.java:46)