

Sites: https://api.accounts.firefox.com https://profile.accounts.firefox.com http://127.0.0.1

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ZAP Version: 2.15.0

ZAP is supported by the <u>Crash Override Open Source Fellowship</u>

Summary of Alerts

Risk Level	Number of Alerts
High	0
Medium	5
Low	4
Informational	6

Alerts

Name	Risk Level	Number of Instances
Absence of Anti-CSRF Tokens	Medium	6
Application Error Disclosure	Medium	4
Content Security Policy (CSP) Header Not Set	Medium	3
HTTP to HTTPS Insecure Transition in Form Post	Medium	3
Missing Anti-clickjacking Header	Medium	3
Server Leaks Information via "X-Powered-By" HTTP Response Header Field(s)	Low	4
Server Leaks Version Information via "Server" HTTP Response Header Field	Low	6
Timestamp Disclosure - Unix	Low	3
X-Content-Type-Options Header Missing	Low	3
Authentication Request Identified	Informational	1
Information Disclosure - Suspicious Comments	Informational	9
Modern Web Application	Informational	3
Re-examine Cache-control Directives	Informational	2
Session Management Response Identified	Informational	1
User Controllable HTML Element Attribute (Potential XSS)	Informational	2

Alert Detail

Medium	Absence of Anti-CSRF Tokens
	No Anti-CSRF tokens were found in a HTML submission form.

Description	A cross-site request forgery is an attack that involves forcing a victim to send an HTTP request to a target destination without their knowledge or intent in order to perform an action as the victim. The underlying cause is application functionality using predictable URL /form actions in a repeatable way. The nature of the attack is that CSRF exploits the trust that a web site has for a user. By contrast, cross-site scripting (XSS) exploits the trust that a user has for a web site. Like XSS, CSRF attacks are not necessarily cross-site, but they can be. Cross-site request forgery is also known as CSRF, XSRF, one-click attack, session riding, confused deputy, and sea surf. CSRF attacks are effective in a number of situations, including:
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	* The victim has an active session on the target site.
	* The victim is authenticated via HTTP auth on the target site.
	* The victim is on the same local network as the target site.
	CSRF has primarily been used to perform an action against a target site using the victim's privileges, but recent techniques have been discovered to disclose information by gaining access to the response. The risk of information disclosure is dramatically increased when the target site is vulnerable to XSS, because XSS can be used as a platform for CSRF, allowing the attack to operate within the bounds of the same-origin policy.
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	<pre><form action="https://www.paypal.com/cgi-bin/webscr" method="post" target="_blank"></form></pre>
Other Info	No known Anti-CSRF token [anticsrf, CSRFToken,RequestVerificationToken, csrfmiddlewaretoken, authenticity_token, OWASP_CSRFTOKEN, anoncsrf, csrf_token, _csrf, _csrfSecret,csrf_magic, CSRF, _token, _csrf_token] was found in the following HTML form: [Form 1: "cmd" "hosted_button_id" "submit"].
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	<pre><form action="index.php?page=login.php" enctype="application/x-www-form-urlencoded" id="idLoginForm" method="post" onsubmit="return onSubmitOfLoginForm(this);"></form></pre>
Other Info	No known Anti-CSRF token [anticsrf, CSRFToken,RequestVerificationToken, csrfmiddlewaretoken, authenticity_token, OWASP_CSRFTOKEN, anoncsrf, csrf_token, _csrf, _csrfSecret,csrf_magic, CSRF, _token, _csrf_token] was found in the following HTML form: [Form 2: "login-php-submit-button" "password" "username"].
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php&popUpNotificationCode=LOU1
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	<form action="https://www.paypal.com/cgi-bin/webscr" method="post" target="_blank"></form>
Other Info	No known Anti-CSRF token [anticsrf, CSRFToken,RequestVerificationToken, csrfmiddlewaretoken, authenticity_token, OWASP_CSRFTOKEN, anoncsrf, csrf_token, _csrf, _csrfSecret,csrf_magic, CSRF, _token, _csrf_token] was found in the following HTML form: [Form 1: "cmd" "hosted_button_id" "submit"].
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php&popUpNotificationCode=LOU1
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	<pre><form action="index.php?page=login.php" enctype="application/x-www-form-urlencoded" id="idLoginForm" method="post" onsubmit="return onSubmitOfLoginForm(this);"></form></pre>
Other	No known Anti-CSRF token [anticsrf, CSRFToken,RequestVerificationToken, csrfmiddlewaretoken, authenticity_token, OWASP_CSRFTOKEN, anoncsrf, csrf_token,

Info	_csrf, _csrfSecret,csrf_magic, CSRF, _token, _csrf_token] was found in the following HTML form: [Form 2: "login-php-submit-button" "password" "username"].
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php
Method	POST
Attack	
Evidence	<form action="https://www.paypal.com/cgi-bin/webscr" method="post" target="_blank"></form>
Other Info	No known Anti-CSRF token [anticsrf, CSRFToken,RequestVerificationToken, csrfmiddlewaretoken, authenticity_token, OWASP_CSRFTOKEN, anoncsrf, csrf_token, _csrf, _csrfSecret,csrf_magic, CSRF, _token, _csrf_token] was found in the following HTML form: [Form 1: "cmd" "hosted_button_id" "submit"].
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php
Method	POST
Attack	
Evidence	<pre><form action="index.php?page=login.php" enctype="application/x-www-form-urlencoded" id="idLoginForm" method="post" onsubmit="return onSubmitOfLoginForm(this);"></form></pre>
Other Info	No known Anti-CSRF token [anticsrf, CSRFToken,RequestVerificationToken, csrfmiddlewaretoken, authenticity_token, OWASP_CSRFTOKEN, anoncsrf, csrf_token, _csrf, _csrfSecret,csrf_magic, CSRF, _token, _csrf_token] was found in the following HTML form: [Form 2: "login-php-submit-button" "password" "username"].
Instances	6
Solution	Phase: Architecture and Design Use a vetted library or framework that does not allow this weakness to occur or provides constructs that make this weakness easier to avoid. For example, use anti-CSRF packages such as the OWASP CSRFGuard. Phase: Implementation Ensure that your application is free of cross-site scripting issues, because most CSRF defenses can be bypassed using attacker-controlled script. Phase: Architecture and Design Generate a unique nonce for each form, place the nonce into the form, and verify the nonce upon receipt of the form. Be sure that the nonce is not predictable (CWE-330). Note that this can be bypassed using XSS. Identify especially dangerous operations. When the user performs a dangerous operation, send a separate confirmation request to ensure that the user intended to perform that operation. Note that this can be bypassed using XSS. Use the ESAPI Session Management control. This control includes a component for CSRF. Do not use the GET method for any request that triggers a state change.
	Phase: Implementation Check the HTTP Referer header to see if the request originated from an expected page. This could break legitimate functionality, because users or proxies may have disabled sending the Referer for privacy reasons. https://cheatsheetseries.owasp.org/cheatsheets/Cross-
Reference	Site Request Forgery Prevention Cheat Sheet.html https://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/352.html

CWE Id	<u>352</u>
WASC Id	9
Plugin Id	10202
-	
Medium	Application Error Disclosure
Description	This page contains an error/warning message that may disclose sensitive information like the location of the file that produced the unhandled exception. This information can be used to launch further attacks against the web application. The alert could be a false positive if the error message is found inside a documentation page.
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?do=logout
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	Warning : "continue" targeting switch is equivalent to "break". Did you mean to use "continue 2"? in C:\xampp\htdocs\mutillidae\owasp-esapi-php\lib\apachelog4php\trunk\src\main\php\helpers\LoggerPatternParser.php on line 161 >
Other Info	
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	Warning : "continue" targeting switch is equivalent to "break". Did you mean to use "continue 2"? in C:\xampp\\tdocs\mutillidae\owasp-esapi-php\\lib\apachelog4php\\trunk\src\main\php\\helpers\LoggerPatternParser.php on line 161 br />
Other Info	
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php&popUpNotificationCode=LOU1
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	Warning : "continue" targeting switch is equivalent to "break". Did you mean to use "continue 2"? in C:\xampp\htdocs\mutillidae\owasp-esapi-php\lib\apachelog4php\trunk\src\main\php\helpers\LoggerPatternParser.php on line 161 b
Other Info	
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php
Method	POST
Attack	
Evidence	Warning : "continue" targeting switch is equivalent to "break". Did you mean to use "continue 2"? in C:\xampp\htdocs\mutillidae\owasp-esapi-php\lib\apachelog4php\trunk\src\main\php\helpers\LoggerPatternParser.php on line 161 >/>
Other Info	
Instances	4
Solution	Review the source code of this page. Implement custom error pages. Consider implementing a mechanism to provide a unique error reference/identifier to the client (browser) while logging the details on the server side and not exposing them to the user.
Reference	
CWE Id	200
CWE Id WASC Id	13

Medium	Content Security Policy (CSP) Header Not Set
Description	Content Security Policy (CSP) is an added layer of security that helps to detect and mitigate certain types of attacks, including Cross Site Scripting (XSS) and data injection attacks. These attacks are used for everything from data theft to site defacement or distribution of malware. CSP provides a set of standard HTTP headers that allow website owners to declare approved sources of content that browsers should be allowed to load on that page — covered types are JavaScript, CSS, HTML frames, fonts, images and embeddable objects such as Java applets, ActiveX, audio and video files.
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php&popUpNotificationCode=LOU1
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php
Method	POST
Attack	
Evidence	
Other Info	
Instances	3
Solution	Ensure that your web server, application server, load balancer, etc. is configured to set the Content-Security-Policy header.
Reference	https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/Security/CSP /Introducing Content Security Policy https://cheatsheetseries.owasp.org/cheatsheets/Content Security Policy Cheat_Sheet.html https://www.w3.org/TR/CSP/ https://w3c.github.io/webappsec-csp/ https://web.dev/articles/csp https://caniuse.com/#feat=contentsecuritypolicy https://content-security-policy.com/
CWE Id	<u>693</u>
WASC Id	15
Plugin Id	10038
Medium	HTTP to HTTPS Insecure Transition in Form Post
Description	This check looks for insecure HTTP pages that host HTTPS forms. The issue is that an insecure HTTP page can easily be hijacked through MITM and the secure HTTPS form can be replaced or spoofed.
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	https://www.paypal.com/cgi-bin/webscr

Other Info	The response to the following request over HTTP included an HTTPS form tag action attribute value: http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php The context was: <form action="https://www.paypal.com/cgi-bin/webscr" method="post" target="_blank"> <input name="cmd" type="hidden" value="_s-xclick"/> <input name=" hosted_button_id" type="hidden" value="45R3YEXENU97S"/> <input alt="PayPal - The safer, easier way to pay online!" border="0" name="submit" src="https://www.paypalobjects.com/en_US/i/btn/btn_donate_LG.gif" type="image"/> </form>
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php&popUpNotificationCode=LOU1
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	https://www.paypal.com/cgi-bin/webscr
Other Info	The response to the following request over HTTP included an HTTPS form tag action attribute value: http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login. php&popUpNotificationCode=LOU1 The context was: <form action="https://www.paypal.com/cgi-bin/webscr" method="post" target="_blank"> <input name="cmd" type="hidden" value="_s-xclick"/> <input name="hosted_button_id" type="hidden" value=" 45R3YEXENU97S"/> <input name="hosted_button_id" type="hidden" value=" 45R3YEXENU97S"/> <input alt="PayPal - The safer, easier way to pay online!" border="0" name="submit" src="https://www.paypalobjects.com/en_US/i/btn/btn_donate_LG.gif" type="image"/> </form>
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php
Method	POST
Attack	
Evidence	https://www.paypal.com/cgi-bin/webscr
Other Info	The response to the following request over HTTP included an HTTPS form tag action attribute value: http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php The context was: <form action="https://www.paypal.com/cgi-bin/webscr" method="post" target="_blank"> <input name="cmd" type="hidden" value="_s-xclick"/> <input name=" hosted_button_id" type="hidden" value="45R3YEXENU97S"/> <input alt="PayPal - The safer, easier way to pay online!" border="0" name="submit" src="https://www.paypalobjects.com/en_US/i/btn/btn_donate_LG.gif" type="image"/> </form>
Instances	3
Solution	Use HTTPS for landing pages that host secure forms.
Reference	
CWE Id	319
WASC Id	15
Plugin Id	10041
Medium	Missing Anti-clickjacking Header
Description	The response does not include either Content-Security-Policy with 'frame-ancestors' directive or X-Frame-Options to protect against 'ClickJacking' attacks.
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	
Other Info	
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php&popUpNotificationCode=LOU1
Method	GET
Attack	

Evidence	
Other	
Info	
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php
Method	POST
Attack	
Evidence	
Other Info	
Instances	3
	Modern Web browsers support the Content-Security-Policy and X-Frame-Options HTTP headers. Ensure one of them is set on all web pages returned by your site/app.
Solution	If you expect the page to be framed only by pages on your server (e.g. it's part of a FRAMESET) then you'll want to use SAMEORIGIN, otherwise if you never expect the page to be framed, you should use DENY. Alternatively consider implementing Content Security Policy's "frame-ancestors" directive.
Reference	https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/HTTP/Headers/X-Frame-Options
CWE Id	1021
WASC Id	15
Plugin Id	10020
Low	Server Leaks Information via "X-Powered-By" HTTP Response Header Field(s)
Description	The web/application server is leaking information via one or more "X-Powered-By" HTTP response headers. Access to such information may facilitate attackers identifying other frameworks/components your web application is reliant upon and the vulnerabilities such
	components may be subject to.
URL	components may be subject to. http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?do=logout
URL Method	1
	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?do=logout
Method	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?do=logout
Method Attack	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?do=logout GET
Method Attack Evidence Other	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?do=logout GET
Method Attack Evidence Other Info	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?do=logout GET X-Powered-By: PHP/8.0.30
Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?do=logout GET X-Powered-By: PHP/8.0.30 http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php
Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL Method	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?do=logout GET X-Powered-By: PHP/8.0.30 http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php
Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL Method Attack	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?do=logout GET X-Powered-By: PHP/8.0.30 http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php GET
Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL Method Attack Evidence Other	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?do=logout GET X-Powered-By: PHP/8.0.30 http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php GET
Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL Method Attack Evidence Other Info	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?do=logout GET X-Powered-By: PHP/8.0.30 http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php GET X-Powered-By: PHP/8.0.30
Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL URL URL URL URL URL URL URL URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?do=logout GET X-Powered-By: PHP/8.0.30 http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php GET X-Powered-By: PHP/8.0.30 http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php
Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL URL Method	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?do=logout GET X-Powered-By: PHP/8.0.30 http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php GET X-Powered-By: PHP/8.0.30 http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php
Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL Method Attack Attack Attack	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?do=logout GET X-Powered-By: PHP/8.0.30 http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php GET X-Powered-By: PHP/8.0.30 http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php&popUpNotificationCode=LOU1 GET
Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL Method Attack Evidence Other	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?do=logout GET X-Powered-By: PHP/8.0.30 http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php GET X-Powered-By: PHP/8.0.30 http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php&popUpNotificationCode=LOU1 GET
Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL Method Attack Evidence Other Info URL Method Attack Evidence Other Info	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?do=logout GET X-Powered-By: PHP/8.0.30 http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php GET X-Powered-By: PHP/8.0.30 http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php&popUpNotificationCode=LOU1 GET X-Powered-By: PHP/8.0.30

Attack	
Evidence	X-Powered-By: PHP/8.0.30
Other Info	
Instances	4
Solution	Ensure that your web server, application server, load balancer, etc. is configured to suppress "X-Powered-By" headers.
Reference	https://owasp.org/www-project-web-security-testing-guide/v42/4- Web Application Security Testing/01-Information Gathering/08- Fingerprint Web Application Framework https://www.troyhunt.com/2012/02/shhh-dont-let-your-response-headers.html
CWE Id	200
WASC Id	13
Plugin Id	10037
Low	Server Leaks Version Information via "Server" HTTP Response Header Field
Description	The web/application server is leaking version information via the "Server" HTTP response header. Access to such information may facilitate attackers identifying other vulnerabilities your web/application server is subject to.
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?do=logout
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	Apache/2.4.58 (Win64) OpenSSL/3.1.3 PHP/8.0.30
Other Info	
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	Apache/2.4.58 (Win64) OpenSSL/3.1.3 PHP/8.0.30
Other Info	
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php&popUpNotificationCode=LOU1
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	Apache/2.4.58 (Win64) OpenSSL/3.1.3 PHP/8.0.30
Other Info	
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/javascript/gritter/jquery.gritter.min.js
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	Apache/2.4.58 (Win64) OpenSSL/3.1.3 PHP/8.0.30
Other Info	
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/styles/gritter/jquery.gritter.css
Method	GET
Attack	

Evidence	Apache/2.4.58 (Win64) OpenSSL/3.1.3 PHP/8.0.30
Other	
Info	
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php
Method	POST
Attack	
Evidence	Apache/2.4.58 (Win64) OpenSSL/3.1.3 PHP/8.0.30
Other Info	
Instances	6
Solution	Ensure that your web server, application server, load balancer, etc. is configured to suppress the "Server" header or provide generic details.
Reference	https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/mod/core.html#servertokens https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/previous-versions/msp-n-p/ff648552(v=pandp.10) https://www.troyhunt.com/shhh-dont-let-your-response-headers/
CWE Id	200
WASC Id	13
Plugin Id	10036
Low	Timestamp Disclosure - Unix
Description	A timestamp was disclosed by the application/web server Unix
URL	https://api.accounts.firefox.com/v1/oauth/destroy
Method	POST
Attack	
Evidence	1724310056
Other Info	1724310056, which evaluates to: 2024-08-22 12:30:56.
URL	https://api.accounts.firefox.com/v1/oauth/token
Method	POST
Attack	
Evidence	1724130906
	1724130300
Other Info	1724130906, which evaluates to: 2024-08-20 10:45:06.
Info	1724130906, which evaluates to: 2024-08-20 10:45:06.
Info URL	1724130906, which evaluates to: 2024-08-20 10:45:06. https://api.accounts.firefox.com/v1/oauth/token
Info URL Method	1724130906, which evaluates to: 2024-08-20 10:45:06. https://api.accounts.firefox.com/v1/oauth/token
Info URL Method Attack	1724130906, which evaluates to: 2024-08-20 10:45:06. https://api.accounts.firefox.com/v1/oauth/token POST
Info URL Method Attack Evidence Other	1724130906, which evaluates to: 2024-08-20 10:45:06. https://api.accounts.firefox.com/v1/oauth/token POST 1724310055
Info URL Method Attack Evidence Other Info	1724130906, which evaluates to: 2024-08-20 10:45:06. https://api.accounts.firefox.com/v1/oauth/token POST 1724310055 1724310055, which evaluates to: 2024-08-22 12:30:55.
Info URL Method Attack Evidence Other Info Instances	1724130906, which evaluates to: 2024-08-20 10:45:06. https://api.accounts.firefox.com/v1/oauth/token POST 1724310055 1724310055, which evaluates to: 2024-08-22 12:30:55. 3 Manually confirm that the timestamp data is not sensitive, and that the data cannot be
Info URL Method Attack Evidence Other Info Instances Solution	1724130906, which evaluates to: 2024-08-20 10:45:06. https://api.accounts.firefox.com/v1/oauth/token POST 1724310055 1724310055, which evaluates to: 2024-08-22 12:30:55. 3 Manually confirm that the timestamp data is not sensitive, and that the data cannot be aggregated to disclose exploitable patterns.
Info URL Method Attack Evidence Other Info Instances Solution Reference	1724130906, which evaluates to: 2024-08-20 10:45:06. https://api.accounts.firefox.com/v1/oauth/token POST 1724310055 1724310055, which evaluates to: 2024-08-22 12:30:55. 3 Manually confirm that the timestamp data is not sensitive, and that the data cannot be aggregated to disclose exploitable patterns. https://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/200.html

The Anti-MIME-Sniffing header X-Content-Type-Options was not set to 'nosniff.' This allows older versions of internet Explorer and Chrome to perform MIME-sniffing on the response body to be interpreted and displayed as a content type other than the declared content type. Current (early 2014) and legacy versions of Fredrox will use the declared content type if one is set), rather than performing MIME-sniffing. URL http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php GET Attack Evidence This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. Alf "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses. URL http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php&popUpNotificationCode=LOU1 Method GET Attack Evidence This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. Alf "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses. URL http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php Attack Evidence Other Info This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. Alf "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses. If possible, ensure that the end user uses a standards-compliant and modern web browser that does not perform MIME-sniffing at all, or that can be directed by the web application web server to not perform MIME-sniffing at all, or that can be directed by the web application web server to not perform MIME-sniffing at all, or that can be directed by the web application web server to not perform	Low	X-Content-Type-Options Header Missing
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Informational Authentication Request Identified	CWE Id	693
Informational Authentication Request Identified The given request has been identified as an authentication request. The 'Other Info' field contains a set of key=value lines which identify any relevant fields. If the request is in a context which has an Authentication Method set to "Auto-Detect" then this rule will change the authentication to match the request identified.	WASC Id	15
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The given request has been identified as an authentication request. The 'Other Info' field contains a set of key=value lines which identify any relevant fields. If the request is in a context which has an Authentication Method set to "Auto-Detect" then this rule will change the authentication to match the request identified.	Informational	Authentication Request Identified
URL http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php		The given request has been identified as an authentication request. The 'Other Info' field contains a set of key=value lines which identify any relevant fields. If the request is in a context which has an Authentication Method set to "Auto-Detect" then this rule will change
	URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php

Method	POST
Attack	
Evidence	password
Other Info	userParam=login-php-submit-button userValue=Login passwordParam=password referer=http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php&popUpNotificationCode=LOU1
Instances	1
Solution	This is an informational alert rather than a vulnerability and so there is nothing to fix.
Reference	https://www.zaproxy.org/docs/desktop/addons/authentication-helper/auth-req-id/
CWE Id	
WASC Id	
Plugin Id	<u>10111</u>
Informational	Information Disclosure - Suspicious Comments
Description	The response appears to contain suspicious comments which may help an attacker. Note: Matches made within script blocks or files are against the entire content not only comments.
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	from

Informational	Information Disclosure - Suspicious Comments
Description	The response appears to contain suspicious comments which may help an attacker. Note: Matches made within script blocks or files are against the entire content not only comments.
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	from
Other Info	The following pattern was used: \bFROM\b and was detected in the element starting with: " <script type="text/javascript"> try{ //if(!window.localStorage.length){ window.localStorage. setItem("SelfDestruct", see evidence field for the suspicious comment/snippet.</td></tr><tr><td>URL</td><td>http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php</td></tr><tr><td>Method</td><td>GET</td></tr><tr><td>Attack</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Evidence</td><td>username</td></tr><tr><td>Other Info</td><td>The following pattern was used: \bUSERNAME\b and was detected 2 times, the first in the element starting with: "<script type="text/javascript"> <! var I_loggedIn = true; var IAuthenticationAttemptResultFlag = -1; var IValidateInput = ", see evidence field for the suspicious comment/snippet.</td></tr><tr><td>URL</td><td>http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php&popUpNotificationCode=LOU1</td></tr><tr><td>Method</td><td>GET</td></tr><tr><td>Attack</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Evidence</td><td>from</td></tr><tr><td>Other Info</td><td>The following pattern was used: \bFROM\b and was detected in the element starting with: "<script type="text/javascript"> try{ //if(!window.localStorage.length){ window.localStorage. setItem("SelfDestruct", see evidence field for the suspicious comment/snippet.</td></tr><tr><td>URL</td><td>http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php&popUpNotificationCode=LOU1</td></tr><tr><td>Method</td><td>GET</td></tr><tr><td>Attack</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Evidence</td><td>username</td></tr><tr><td>Other Info</td><td>The following pattern was used: \bUSERNAME\b and was detected 2 times, the first in the element starting with: "<script type="text/javascript"> <! var I_loggedIn = false; var IAuthenticationAttemptResultFlag = -1; var IValidateInput =", see evidence field for the suspicious comment/snippet.</td></tr><tr><td>URL</td><td>http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php</td></tr><tr><td>Method</td><td>POST</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></script>

Attack	
Evidence	from
Other Info	The following pattern was used: \bFROM\b and was detected in the element starting with: " <script type="text/javascript"> try{ //if(!window.localStorage.length){ window.localStorage. setItem("SelfDestruct", see evidence field for the suspicious comment/snippet.</td></tr><tr><td>URL</td><td>http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php</td></tr><tr><td>Method</td><td>POST</td></tr><tr><td>Attack</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Evidence</td><td>username</td></tr><tr><td>Other Info</td><td>The following pattern was used: \bUSERNAME\b and was detected 2 times, the first in the element starting with: "<script type="text/javascript"> <! var I_loggedIn = false; var IAuthenticationAttemptResultFlag = 1; var IValidateInput = ", see evidence field for the suspicious comment/snippet.</td></tr><tr><td>URL</td><td>http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php</td></tr><tr><td>Method</td><td>GET</td></tr><tr><td>Attack</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Evidence</td><td>user</td></tr><tr><td>Other Info</td><td>The following pattern was used: \bUSER\b and was detected in the element starting with: "<! I think the database password is set to blank or perhaps samurai. It depends on whether you installed this web app from ", see evidence field for the suspicious comment/snippet.</td></tr><tr><td>URL</td><td>http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php&popUpNotificationCode=LOU1</td></tr><tr><td>Method</td><td>GET</td></tr><tr><td>Attack</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Evidence</td><td>user</td></tr><tr><td>Other Info</td><td>The following pattern was used: \bUSER\b and was detected 2 times, the first in the element starting with: "<! I think the database password is set to blank or perhaps samurai. It depends on whether you installed this web app from ", see evidence field for the suspicious comment/snippet.</td></tr><tr><td>URL</td><td>http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php</td></tr><tr><td>Method</td><td>POST</td></tr><tr><td>Attack</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Evidence</td><td>user</td></tr><tr><td>Other Info</td><td>The following pattern was used: \bUSER\b and was detected in the element starting with: "<! I think the database password is set to blank or perhaps samurai. It depends on whether you installed this web app from ", see evidence field for the suspicious comment/snippet.</td></tr><tr><td>Instances</td><td>9</td></tr><tr><td>Solution</td><td>Remove all comments that return information that may help an attacker and fix any underlying problems they refer to.</td></tr><tr><td>Reference</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>CWE Id</td><td>200</td></tr><tr><td>WASC Id</td><td>13</td></tr><tr><td>Plugin Id</td><td>10027</td></tr><tr><td>Informational</td><td>Modern Web Application</td></tr><tr><td>Description</td><td>The application appears to be a modern web application. If you need to explore it automatically then the Ajax Spider may well be more effective than the standard one.</td></tr><tr><td>URL</td><td>http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php</td></tr><tr><td>Method</td><td>GET</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></script>

Attack	
Evidence	OWASP 2017
Other Info	Links have been found that do not have traditional href attributes, which is an indication that this is a modern web application.
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php&popUpNotificationCode=LOU1
Method	GET
Attack	
Evidence	OWASP 2017
Other Info	Links have been found that do not have traditional href attributes, which is an indication that this is a modern web application.
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php
Method	POST
Attack	
Evidence	OWASP 2017
Other Info	Links have been found that do not have traditional href attributes, which is an indication that this is a modern web application.
Instances	3
Solution	This is an informational alert and so no changes are required.
Reference	
CWE Id	
WASC Id	
Plugin Id	10109
Informational	Re-examine Cache-control Directives

Informational	Re-examine Cache-control Directives
Description	The cache-control header has not been set properly or is missing, allowing the browser and proxies to cache content. For static assets like css, js, or image files this might be intended, however, the resources should be reviewed to ensure that no sensitive content will be cached.
URL	https://api.accounts.firefox.com/v1/oauth/destroy
Method	POST
Attack	
Evidence	no-cache
Other Info	
URL	https://api.accounts.firefox.com/v1/oauth/token
Method	POST
Attack	
Evidence	no-cache
Other Info	
Instances	2
Solution	For secure content, ensure the cache-control HTTP header is set with "no-cache, no-store, must-revalidate". If an asset should be cached consider setting the directives "public, maxage, immutable".
Reference	https://cheatsheetseries.owasp.org/cheatsheets/Session_Management_Cheat_Sheet.html#web-content-caching https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/HTTP/Headers/Cache-Control

	https://grayduck.mn/2021/09/13/cache-control-recommendations/
CWE Id	<u>525</u>
WASC Id	13
Plugin Id	<u>10015</u>

Informational	Session Management Response Identified
Description	The given response has been identified as containing a session management token. The 'Other
URL	https://api.accounts.firefox.com/v1/oauth/token
Method	POST
Attack	
Evidence	eyJhbGciOiJSUzI1NilsInR5cCl6ImF0K0pXVClsImtpZCl6IjlwMTkwNzMwLTU0ZmY5NTZlIn0. eyJpc3MiOiJodHRwczovL2FjY291bnRzLmZpcmVmb3guY29tliwiYXVkIjoiNTg4MjM4NmM2ZDg xeYDLxMFdzdzCq4711fmVgH2wjWGHDkhxw2xknYDG3LUC2mj7mUlOtZ9TS_idk7_IFFesPjCl
Other Info	json:access_token
Instances	1
Solution	This is an informational alert rather than a vulnerability and so there is nothing to fix.
Reference	https://www.zaproxy.org/docs/desktop/addons/authentication-helper/session-mgmt-id
CWE Id	
WASC Id	
Plugin Id	10112

Informational	User Controllable HTML Element Attribute (Potential XSS)
Description	This check looks at user-supplied input in query string parameters and POST data to identify where certain HTML attribute values might be controlled. This provides hot-spot detection for XSS (cross-site scripting) that will require further review by a security analyst to determine exploitability.
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php
Method	POST
Attack	
Evidence	
Other Info	User-controlled HTML attribute values were found. Try injecting special characters to see if XSS might be possible. The page at the following URL: http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index. php?page=login.php appears to include user input in: a(n) [input] tag [name] attribute The user input found was: login-php-submit-button=Login The user-controlled value was: login-php-submit-button
URL	http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index.php?page=login.php
Method	POST
Attack	
Evidence	
Other Info	User-controlled HTML attribute values were found. Try injecting special characters to see if XSS might be possible. The page at the following URL: http://127.0.0.1/mutillidae/index. php?page=login.php appears to include user input in: a(n) [input] tag [value] attribute The user input found was: login-php-submit-button=Login The user-controlled value was: login
Instances	2
Solution	Validate all input and sanitize output it before writing to any HTML attributes.
Reference	https://cheatsheetseries.owasp.org/cheatsheets/Input Validation Cheat Sheet.html
CWE Id	<u>20</u>
WASC Id	20