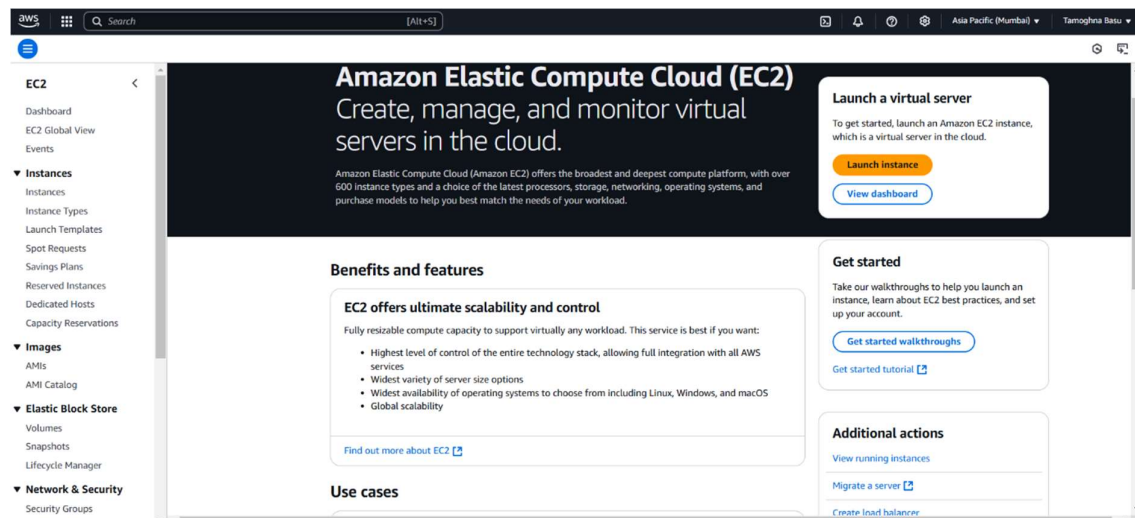


Assignment-7

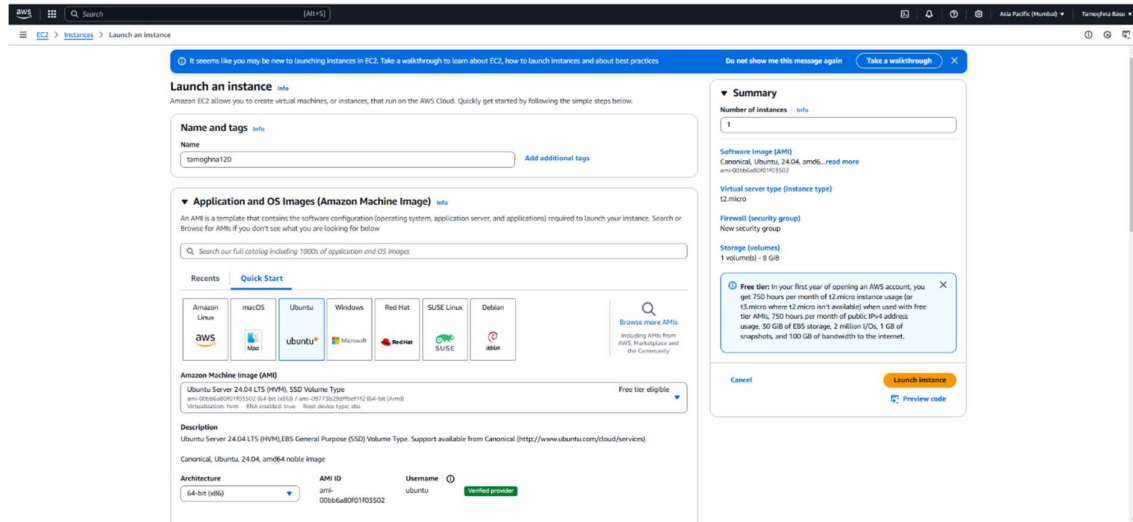
Problem Statement: Hosting a website on EC2.

To host a website on EC2 ,the steps are-----

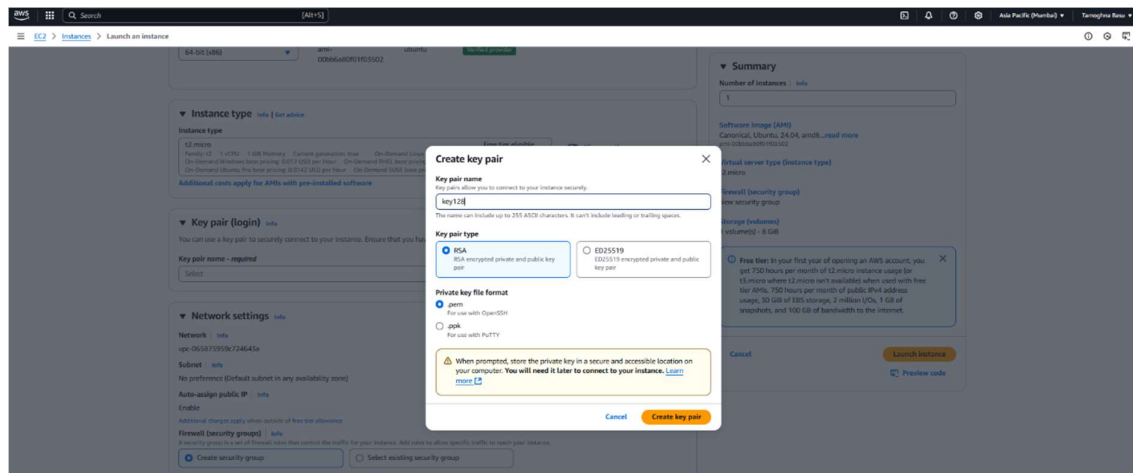
1.At first,the EC2 should be selected from the AWS console and instances would be selected.



2.A proper name should be assigned and ubuntu is selected.



3.A key pair should be created or else in created condition it can also be used.RSA to be selected and .pem should also be clicked.Thus,the instance is to be launched.



Key pair (login)

You can use a key pair to securely connect to your instance. Ensure that you have access to the selected key pair before you launch the instance.

Key pair name - required

key123 [Create new key pair](#)

Network settings

Network

vpc-06587593b724643a

Subnet

No preference (Default subnet in any availability zone)

Auto-assign public IP

Enable

Firewall (security group)

A security group is a set of firewall rules that control the traffic for your instance. Add rules to allow specific traffic to reach your instance.

☒ Create security group ☐ Select existing security group

We'll create a new security group called **launch-wizard-2** with the following rules:

- ☒ Allow SSH traffic from **Anywhere** (0.0.0.0/0)
- ☒ Allow HTTPS traffic from the internet
- ☒ Allow HTTP traffic from the internet

Free tier In your first year of opening an AWS account, you get 750 hours per month of t2.micro instance usage for t3.micro where t2.micro isn't available) when used with free tier AMIs, 750 hours per month of public IPv4 address usage, 16 GB of EBS storage, 2 million I/Os, 1 GB of snapshots, and 100 GB of bandwidth to the internet.

[Cancel](#) [Launch instance](#) [Preview code](#)

Success
Successfully initiated launch of instance (i-0641c0d0e702211)

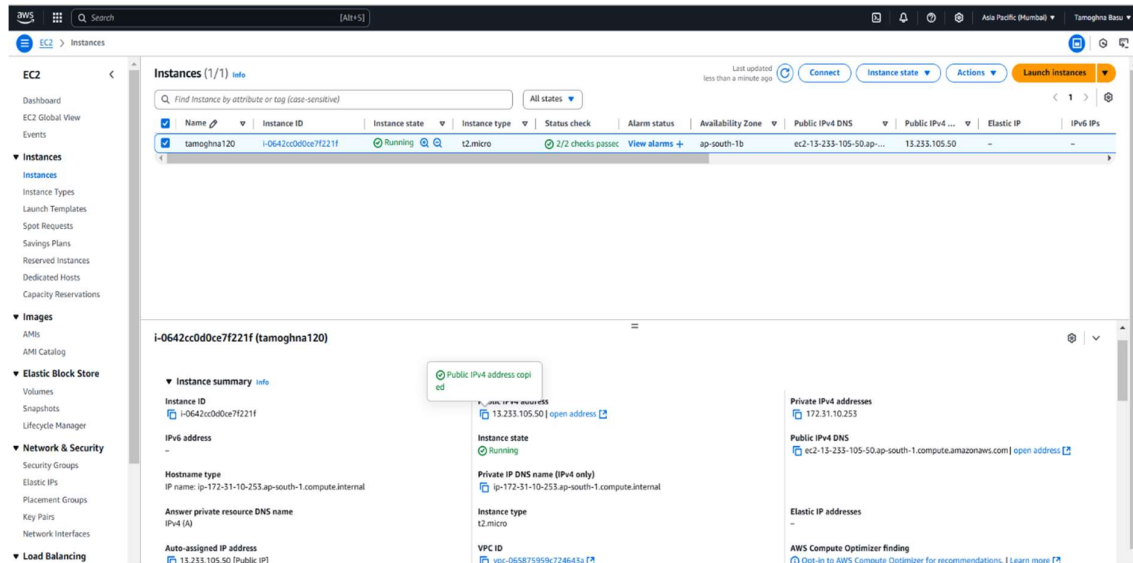
Next Steps

What would you like to do next with this instance, for example "create alarm" or "create backup"

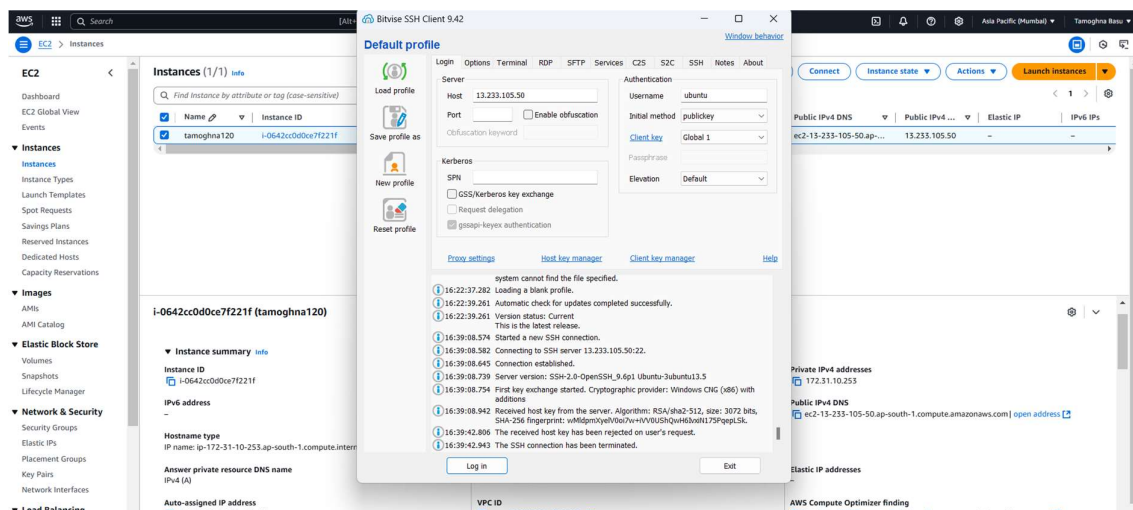
- Create billing and free tier usage alerts**
To manage costs and avoid surprise bills, set up email notifications for billing and free tier usage thresholds.
[Create billing alerts](#)
- Connect to your instance**
Once your instance is running, log into it from your local computer.
[Connect to instance](#) [Learn more](#)
- Connect an RDS database**
Configure the connection between an EC2 instance and a database to allow traffic flow between them.
[Connect an RDS database](#)
[Create a new RDS database](#) [Learn more](#)
- Create EBS snapshot policy**
Create a policy that automates the creation, retention, and deletion of EBS snapshots.
[Create EBS snapshot policy](#)
- Manage detailed monitoring**
Enable or disable detailed monitoring for the instance. If you enable detailed monitoring, the Amazon EC2 console displays monitoring graphs with a 1-minute period.
[Manage detailed monitoring](#)
- Create Load Balancer**
Create an application, network gateway or classic Elastic Load Balancer.
[Create Load Balancer](#)
- Create AWS budget**
AWS budgets allows you to create budgets, forecast spend, and take action on your costs and usage from a single location.
[Create AWS budget](#)
- Manage CloudWatch alarms**
Create or update Amazon CloudWatch alarms for the instance.
[Manage CloudWatch alarms](#)
- Disaster recovery for your instances**
Recover the instances you just launched into a different Availability Zone or a different Region using AWS Elastic Disaster Recovery (DRS).
[Disaster recovery for your instances](#)
- Monitor for suspicious runtime activities**
Amazon GuardDuty enables you to continuously monitor for malicious runtime activity and unauthorized behavior, with near real-time visibility into on-host activities occurring across your Amazon EC2 workloads.
[Monitor for suspicious runtime activities](#)
- Get instance screenshot**
Capture a screenshot from the instance and view it as an image. This is useful for troubleshooting an unreachable instance.
[Get instance screenshot](#)
- Get system log**
View the instance's system log to troubleshoot issues.
[Get system log](#)

[View all instances](#)

4.The public ipv4 address url is to be selected then.

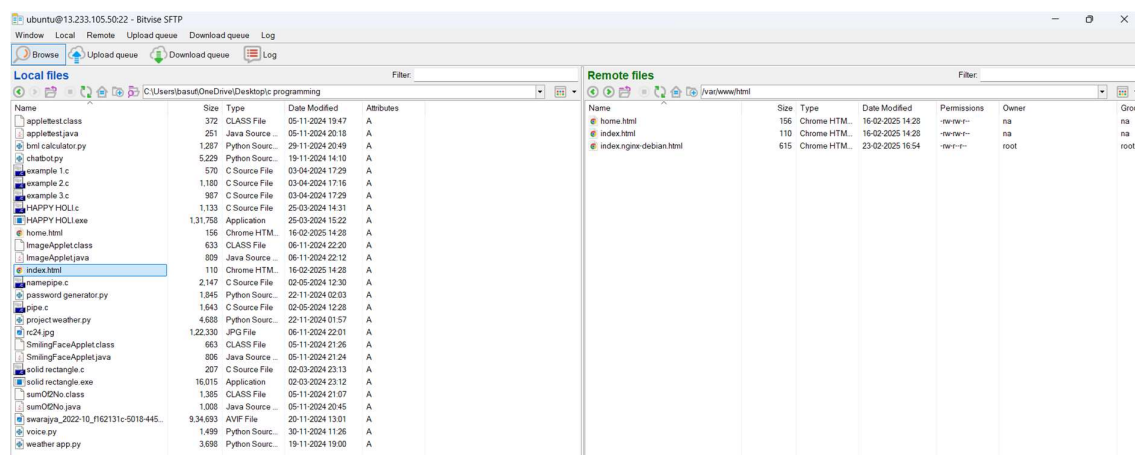


5.Bitwise SSH client is to be installed and the required details should be given for successful log in.



7. var/www/html path is to be selected for successful file loading.

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-10-253:~$ cd..  
cd.: command not found  
ubuntu@ip-172-31-10-253:~$ cd ..  
ubuntu@ip-172-31-10-253:/home$ cd ..  
ubuntu@ip-172-31-10-253:/$ cd /var/www/html  
ubuntu@ip-172-31-10-253:/var/www/html$ ls  
index.nginx-debian.html  
ubuntu@ip-172-31-10-253:/var/www/html$
```



8. At the end, the copied ipv4 address is to be given in a new browser window for successful view and host of the website.

