

- > Functions
- > Materialized Views
- > Operators
- > Procedures
- > 1.3 Sequences
- ✓ > Tables (7)
  - > cinema\_halls\_seats
  - > cinema\_rooms
  - > cinemas
  - > customers
  - > film\_screening
  - > movies
  - > reservations
  - ✓ > Columns (8)
    - id
    - id\_screening
    - id\_seats
    - paid
    - purchas\_date
    - purchas\_hours
    - purchas\_place
    - id\_customers
- > > Constraints
- > Indexes
- > RLS Policies
- > Rules
- > Triggers
- > Trigger Functions

cinemas\_in\_Cracow/postgres@PostgreSQL 16rc1

No limit

Query Query History

Scratch Pad

```
1  /* ze względu na wprowadzenie błędnego rekordu do tabeli reservation chcę zresetować
2  licznik w kolumnie 'ID' który jest typu SERIAL.
3  */
4
5  SELECT column_name, column_default
6  FROM information_schema.columns
7  WHERE table_name = 'reservations' AND column_name = 'id' ;
8
9  -- 'reservations_id_seq' - Nazwa sekwencji.
10
11 SELECT setval ('reservations_id_seq', 1, false);
12
```

Data Output Messages Notifications

	setval bigint	🔒
1	1	