## Convex digital curve segmentation

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We consider the following problem. Consider the family  $\Gamma_n$  of all 8-connected digital curves  $\gamma_n$  of n pixels, where  $\gamma_n$  is a digitization of a closed convex curve.

**Question 1** How many distinct digital curves (up to a symmetry) does  $\Gamma_n$  contain?

Now let  $\kappa_{\gamma_n}$  be the minimal number of linear digital segments into which a digital curve  $\gamma_n$  can be partitioned.

Question 2 Determine/estimate  $\kappa_{\gamma_n}$  (as a function of n and, possibly, other appropriate parameters). In particular, find/estimate  $\kappa_{\gamma_n}$  in the case when  $\gamma_n$  is a digitization of an ellipsis with axes  $a, b, a \leq b$ .

In the trivial case when  $\gamma_n$  is digitization of a triangle, we have  $\kappa_{\gamma_n} = 3$ . In another extreme case when  $\gamma_n$  is a digital circle, an upper bound  $\kappa_{\gamma_n} = O(n^{2/3})$  follows from [1, 2]. Is that bound tight?

In the case of ellipsis with axes a and b, we conjecture that  $\kappa_{\gamma_n} = \Theta(f(a,b))$ , where f is some unknown function. The question is to determine/estimate the function f(a,b).

## References

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- [2] Acketa, D., J. Zunić, On the maximal number of edges of convex digital polygons included into an  $m \times m$ -grid, J. Combinatorial Theory, Ser. A **69** (1995) 358–368

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