

# A Survey of Explainable AI (XAI) Methods for Convolutional Neural Networks

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## Introduction

As artificial intelligence (AI) becomes part of critical fields like healthcare, finance, and autonomous vehicles, it's important to understand how these systems make decisions. This is where Explainable AI (XAI) comes in. XAI helps make AI models, which are often complex, easier to understand and interpret. This ensures that AI systems are trusted and used responsibly.

Neural networks are powerful tools for tasks like recognizing images or making predictions. However, they are often seen as "black boxes" because it's hard to explain how they reach their decisions. This lack of clarity can be a problem in areas where understanding the reason behind a decision is as important as the result itself.

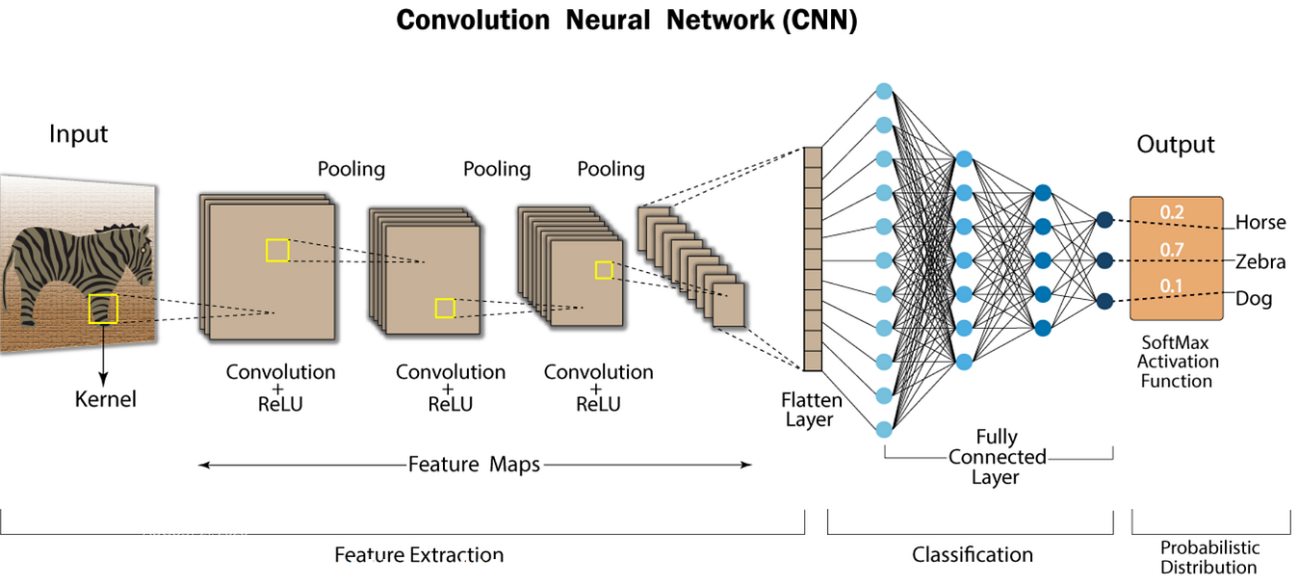


Figure 1. Convolutional Neural Network Architecture

**Convolutional Neural Networks (CNNs)** are neural networks designed for image and spatial data. They process parts of an image (like edges or textures) and combine these features to make decisions, making them ideal for tasks like face or object recognition. However, CNNs are also complex, and it can be hard to tell what they are focusing on and why. XAI tools can help with this by showing how the CNN works step by step.

We will explore methods such as Feature Visualization, Saliency Maps, and LIME focused on explaining black-box image models like CNNs, aiming to create more robust, reliable, and less biased networks.

## Feature Visualization

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## Saliency Maps

GRADCAM OMG!!!!

### A highlighted block

This block catches your eye, so **important stuff** should probably go here.

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## LIME in Images

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## Experiments

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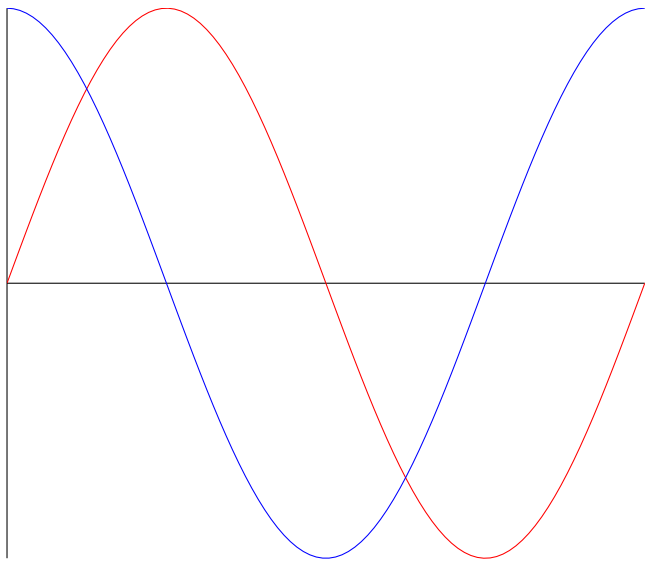


Figure 2. Another figure caption.

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## Conclusion

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