

$$x + 2y + z = 2$$

$$3x + 8y + z = 12$$

$$4y + z = 2$$

消元法 + 回代法

$$\begin{array}{ccc|c} \textcircled{1} & 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 8 & 1 & 12 \\ 0 & 4 & 1 & 2 \end{array} \xrightarrow{(2.-1)} \begin{array}{ccc|c} \textcircled{1} & 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & \textcircled{2} & -2 & -2 \\ 0 & 4 & 1 & 2 \end{array} \xrightarrow{(3.-2)} \begin{array}{ccc|c} \textcircled{1} & 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & \textcircled{2} & -2 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & \textcircled{5} & 10 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 8 & 1 & 12 \\ 0 & 4 & 1 & 2 \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & -2 & 6 \\ 0 & 4 & 1 & 2 \end{array}$$

消元法

$$\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & -2 & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & 5 & 10 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x + 2y + z &= 2 \\ 2y - 2z &= 6 \\ 5z &= 10 \end{aligned}$$

回代法

$$(x, y, z) = (2, 1, -2)$$

Matrix \cdot column = column.

$$\begin{bmatrix} \text{col 1} & \text{col 2} & \text{col 3} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{matrix} 3 \text{ col 1} \\ + \\ 4 \text{ col 2} \\ + \\ 5 \text{ col 3} \end{matrix}$$

Row \times Matrix = Row

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \text{row 1} \\ \text{row 2} \\ \text{row 3} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{matrix} 1 \times \text{row 1} \\ + \\ 2 \times \text{row 2} \\ + \\ 3 \times \text{row 3} \end{matrix}$$

Elimination Matrices.

step 1. subtract $3 \times \text{row 1}$ from row 2

$$\begin{bmatrix} \text{---} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 8 & -2 \\ 0 & x & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 & -2 \\ 0 & x & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Step 2. subtract $2 \times$ row 2 from row 3.

$$\begin{bmatrix} \quad \quad \quad \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & -2 \\ 0 & 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

~~置换~~ permutation

Exchange row 1 and 2

$$\begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} c & d \\ a & b \end{bmatrix}$$

Exchange column 1 and column 2

$$\begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} b & a \\ d & c \end{bmatrix}$$

可逆 Inverse.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -3 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

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