

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & x & 6 & 8 \\ 3 & 6 & 8 & 10 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & x \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & x \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\xRightarrow{\text{echelon}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & x \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = U$$

2 pivots columns
free columns

rank of A.

= # of pivots = 2.

$$X = C \begin{bmatrix} r & 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + d \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ -2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{aligned} X_1 + 2X_2 + 2X_3 + 2X_4 &= 0 \\ 2X_3 + 4X_4 &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$r=2$ # of variable

$n-r = 4-2$ Free variable.

R = reduced row echelon form.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & x \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{zero above \& below pivots.}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & x \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = I$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = R = \text{rref}(A)$$

notice $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = I$

in the pivot rows/cols

$$x_1 + 2x_3 - 2x_4 = 0$$

$$x_3 + 2x_4 = 0$$

$$x_4 = 0$$

1 $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ pivot cols

2 $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -2 \\ 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ free cols

rref form

$$R = \begin{bmatrix} I & F \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

r pivot rows

$n-r$ free cols.

r pivot cols

nullspace matrix (column 3 = special sols.)

$$N = \begin{bmatrix} -F \\ I \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Rx = 0 \quad \boxed{x_{\text{pivot}} - F x_{\text{free}}}$$

$$[I \ F] \begin{bmatrix} x_{\text{pivot}} \\ x_{\text{free}} \end{bmatrix} = 0.$$

Do the algorithm again.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & x & 6 \\ 2 & 6 & 8 \\ 2 & 8 & 10 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 4 & x \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = U.$$

$$\begin{aligned} x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 &= 0 \\ 2x_2 + 2x_3 &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$r=2$ again! \uparrow \uparrow \uparrow free $3-2=1$ free cols.

$$x = c \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = c \begin{bmatrix} -F \\ I \end{bmatrix}$$

\nwarrow N .

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{I_3} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{E} R.$$