

1. 下列极限

$$1) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 5x}{\sin 3x}$$

$$= \frac{5x}{3x} = \frac{5}{3} \#$$

$$2) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(2x^3)}{x(1-\cos x)}$$

$$\sim \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2x^3}{x(\frac{x^2}{2})} = 4 \#$$

$$3) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x - \tan x}{x \ln(1+x^2)}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan x (\cos x - 1)}{x \cdot x^2}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x(-\frac{x^2}{2})}{x^3} = -\frac{1}{2} \#$$

$$4) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln \cos x}{x \sin x}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln(1+\cos x - 1)}{x \sin x}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln(1-\frac{x^2}{2})}{x^2} = \frac{-\frac{x^2}{2}}{x^2} = -\frac{1}{2} \#$$

$$5) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin^m x}{\sin^n x} \quad (m, n \in \mathbb{N})$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^m}{x^n}$$

$$\begin{cases} 0, & m < n \\ 1, & m = n \\ \infty, & m > n \end{cases}$$

$$6) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2 \sin x - \sin 3x}{x^2 \tan x}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2 \sin x - 2 \sin x \cos x}{x^2 \tan x}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2 \sin x (1 - \cos x)}{x^2 \tan x}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2 \cdot x \cdot \frac{x^2}{2}}{x^3} = 1$$

$$7) \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{1 + \cos(\pi x)}{(1-x)^2}$$

$$\text{令 } t = 1-x \rightarrow 0. \text{ 有 } 1 - \cos t \sim \frac{[\pi t]^2}{2}$$

$$\text{原式} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{1 + \cos(\pi x - \pi + \pi)}{(x-1)^2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{1 + \cos \pi (x-1) - \sin \pi (x-1) \sin \pi}{(x-1)^2}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{[\pi(x-1)]^2}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{(x-1)^2} = \frac{\pi^2}{2}$$

$$8) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{1+x \tan x} - \cos x}{(3^x - 1) \ln(1+x)}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 + x \tan x - \cos^2 x}{x \ln 3 \cdot x (\sqrt{1+x \tan x} - \cos x)}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin^2 x + x \tan x}{x \ln 3 \cdot x (\sqrt{1+x \tan x} - \cos x)}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2x^2}{\ln 3 \cdot \frac{x^2}{2}} = \frac{1}{\ln 3} \#$$

$$2. \text{ 证 } \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2}{x^2 e} \ln \frac{1}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2}{x^2 e} \cdot \frac{1}{x} = 1$$

$$3. \text{ 证 } \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{1+\tan x} - \sqrt{1+\sin x}}{x^2(e^x - 1)}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 + \tan x - (1 + \sin x)}{x^2(e^x - 1)(\sqrt{1+\tan x} + \sqrt{1+\sin x})}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan x (1 - \cos x)}{x^2(x) \cdot (\sqrt{1} + \sqrt{1})}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x \cdot \frac{x^2}{2}}{x^2 \cdot x \cdot 2} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$4. \text{ 证 } \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{1+x \tan x} - \sqrt{\cos x}}{\ln \cos x}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 + x \tan x - \cos x}{\ln \cos x (\sqrt{1+x \tan x} + \sqrt{\cos x})}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x \tan x + (1 - \cos x)}{2 \ln \cos x}$$

5. 证明当 $x \rightarrow 0$ 时, $\arctan x \sim x$

证 1. $u = \arctan x, |x| < 1$. 2. $x = \tan u$