Chapter 11 Algorithm Design and Problem Solving Chapter 13 Programming and Data Representation: Answers to coursebook questions and tasks

Syllabus sections covered: 2.1 (2.1.1), 2.2, 2.3 (2.3.1 – 2.3.5), 2.4 (2.4.1)

It is suggested that Chapter 11 is worked through in parallel with Chapter 13.

Task 11.01

The following are examples of answers. These examples show the sort of detail students should show in their answers.

To make a sandwich	To walk from college to shop	To log on to computer
Cut two slices of bread Spread butter on one side of each slice of bread	Exit college through the main entrance Turn right and walk to T-junction	Power up computer Wait for log-on screen Enter username in first text box
Lay a slice of cheese on the buttered side of one slice of bread Cover the cheese with the second slice of buttered bread, the buttered side facing the cheese.	Turn left and walk 50 metres Cross the road: you now stand in front of the shop.	Enter password in second text box Press Enter.

Task 11.02

Identifier	Explanation
Inches	Length as a whole number of inches
Cm	The result from using the given formula: Cm = Inches * 2.54

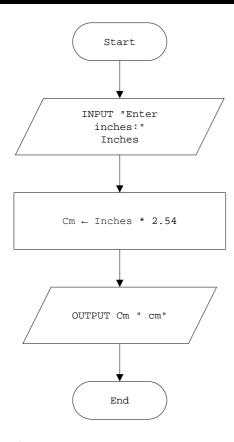


Figure 11.6

INPUT "Enter inches: " Inches

 $Cm \leftarrow Inches * 2.54$

OUTPUT Cm " cm"

Task 11.03

IF Age < 12 OR Age > 60 THEN fare is free

Question 11.01

```
IF Number1 < Number2</pre>
   THEN // Number1 is smaller
      IF Number1 < Number3</pre>
          THEN
             OUTPUT Number1
          ELSE
             OUTPUT Number3
      ENDIF
ELSE // Number2 is smaller
      IF Number2 < Number3</pre>
          THEN
             OUTPUT Number2
          ELSE
             OUTPUT Number3
      ENDIF
ENDIF
```

Question 11.02

```
First part
INPUT BiggestSoFar
Counter \leftarrow 1
REPEAT
   INPUT NextNumber
   Counter \leftarrow Counter + 1
   IF NextNumber > BiggestSoFar
       THEN
           BiggestSoFar \leftarrow NextNumber
   ENDIF
UNTIL Counter = 100
OUTPUT BiggestSoFar
Second part
INPUT MaxNumbers
INPUT BiggestSoFar
Counter \leftarrow 1
REPEAT
   INPUT NextNumber
   Counter \leftarrow Counter + 1
   IF NextNumber > BiggestSoFar
       THEN
           \texttt{BiggestSoFar} \leftarrow \texttt{NextNumber}
   ENDIF
UNTIL Counter = MaxNumbers
OUTPUT BiggestSoFar
Task 11.04
RunningTotal \leftarrow 0
Count \leftarrow 0
REPEAT
   INPUT NextNumber
   \texttt{RunningTotal} \leftarrow \texttt{RunningTotal} + \texttt{NextNumber}
   Count \leftarrow Count + 1
UNTIL NextNumber = 0
OUTPUT RunningTotal
Average \leftarrow RunningTotal / (Count - 1)
OUTPUT Average
Task 11.05
Arrays with friends' names and ages
Task 11.06
MaxIndex \leftarrow 20
INPUT SearchValue
Found \leftarrow FALSE
Index \leftarrow 0
REPEAT
   Index \leftarrow Index + 1
```

```
IF Name[Index] = SearchValue
      THEN
         Found \leftarrow TRUE
   ENDIF
UNTIL FOUND = TRUE OR Index >= MaxIndex
IF Found = TRUE
      OUTPUT "Age: " Age[Index]
   ELSE
      OUTPUT "Name not found"
ENDIF
Task 11.07
n \leftarrow MaxIndex - 1
REPEAT
   NoMoreSwaps ← TRUE
   FOR j \leftarrow 1 TO n
       IF MyList[j] < MyList[j + 1]</pre>
              Temp \leftarrow MyList[j]
              MyList[j] \leftarrow MyList[j + 1]
              MyList[j + 1] \leftarrow Temp
             NoMoreSwaps ← FALSE
       ENDIF
   ENDFOR
   n \leftarrow n - 1
UNTIL NoMoreSwaps = TRUE
```

Exam-style questions in Chapter 11

1

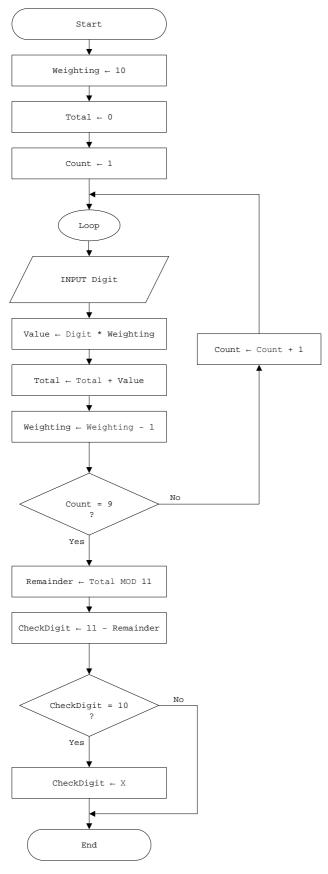


Figure 11.07



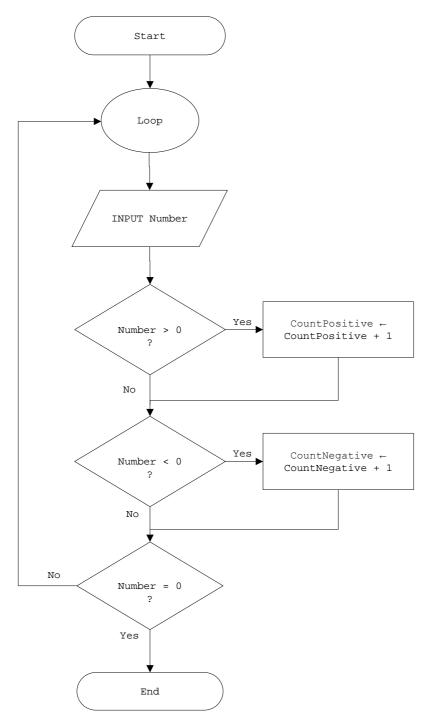


Figure 11.08

```
3
RogueValue← -1
Total \leftarrow 0
Count ← 0
INPUT Number
WHILE Number <> Rogue Value
   Count ← Count + 1
   Total ← Total + Number
   INPUT Number
ENDWHILE
If Count > 0
   THEN
      Average ← Total / Count
      OUTPUT Average
ENDIF
4
  а
```

Identifier Explanation UserList[1..20] 1D array to store user IDs PasswordList[1..20] 1D array to store passwords MaxIndex Number of elements in each array MyUserID User ID entered to log in MyPassword Password entered to log in UserIdFound FALSE if user ID not found in UserList TRUE if user ID found in UserList LoginOK FALSE if user ID not found, or passwords don't match TRUE if password correctly entered for existing user ID Index Pointer to current list element

b

```
MaxIndex ← 20
INPUT MyUserID
INPUT MyPassword
UserIdFound ← FALSE
LoginOK ← FALSE
Index \leftarrow 0
REPEAT
   INDEX \leftarrow Index + 1
   IF UserList[Index] = MyUserID
      THEN
UserIdFound ← TRUE
   ENDIF
UNTIL UserIdFound = TRUE
       OR Index = MaxIndex
IF UserIdFound = TRUE
   THEN
      IF PasswordList[Index] = MyPassword
         THEN
LoginOK ← TRUE
      ENDIF
ENDIF
IF LoginOK = TRUE
   THEN
```

```
OUTPUT "Login successful"
ELSE
OUTPUT "User ID and/or password incorrect"
ENDIF

Question 13.01

4 * 3 - 3 ^ 2 = 3

(4 * 3 - 3) ^ 2 = 81

4 * (3 - 3) ^ 2 = 0

4 * (3 - 3 ^ 2) = -24
```

```
Python
                      # YourName : string data type
                      YourName = input("What is your name? ")
                      print ("Have a nice day, ", YourName)
                     Figure 11.09
VB.NET
                       Module1.vb X
                       (General)
                          Sub Main()
                                   Dim YourName As String
                                  Console.Write("What is your name? ")
                                  YourName = Console.ReadLine()
                                  Console.WriteLine("Have a nice day, " & YourName)
                                   Console.ReadLine()
                               End Sub
                           End Module
                     Figure 11.10
Pascal
                       Project2
                          program Project2;
                          {$APPTYPE CONSOLE}
                          uses
                            SysUtils;
                          var
                             YourName : string;
                         begin
                            Write('What is your name? ');
                            ReadLn (YourName);
                           WriteLn('Have a nice day, ', YourName);
                            ReadLn;
                          end.
```

Figure 11.11

Task 13.02part 1

Identifier	Explanation	Data type
Miles	Distance as a whole number of miles	INTEGER
Km	The result from the conversion of Milesusing the given formula:Miles * 1.61	REAL

Identifier	Explanation	Data type
Number1	The first number to be input	INTEGER/REAL
Number2	The second number to be input	INTEGER/REAL
Number3	The third number to be input	INTEGER/REAL

Identifier	Explanation	Data type
BiggestSoFar	Stores the biggest number input so far	INTEGER/REAL
NextNumber	The next number to be input	INTEGER/REAL

Identifier	Explanation	Data type
BiggestSoFar	Stores the biggest number input so far	INTEGER/REAL
NextNumber	The next number to be input	INTEGER/REAL
Counter	Stores how many numbers have been input so far	INTEGER

Identifier	Explanation	Data type
SecretNumber	The number to be guessed	INTEGER
NumberOfGuesses	The number of guesses the player has made	INTEGER

Guess	The number the player has input as a guess	INTEGER
-------	--	---------

Identifier	Explanation	Data type
RunningTotal	Stores the sum of the numbers input so far	INTEGER/REAL
Counter	How many numbers have been input	INTEGER
NextNumber	The next number input	INTEGER/REAL
Average	The average of the numbers input	REAL

Identifier	Explanation	Data type
NumberOfRows	Stores the number of rows of the grid	INTEGER
NumberOfColumns	Stores the number of columns of the grid	INTEGER
RowCounter	Counts the number of rows	INTEGER
ColumnCounter	Counts the number of columns	INTEGER
Symbol	Stores the chosen character symbol	CHAR

Identifier	Explanation	Data type
MyList	Data structure (1D array) to store seven numbers	ARRAY of INTEGER
MaxIndex	The number of elements in the array	INTEGER
SearchValue	The value to be searched for	INTEGER
Found	TRUEIF the value has been found FALSEIF the value has not been found	BOOLEAN
Index	Index of the array element currently being processed	INTEGER

Task 13.02 part 2

```
INPUT "Enter miles:" Miles  \text{Km} \leftarrow \text{Miles} * 1.61
```

OUTPUT "km:" Km

```
No variable declarations in
Python
         # Miles : int
                                               Python. However, students
         # Km : float
                                               should be encouraged to write
         Miles = int(input("Enter
                                               comments at the beginning of the
         miles: "))
                                               program to state the variables
         Km = Miles * 1.61
                                               and the data types to be used.
         print("km: ", Km)
                                               Note that Python only accepts
                                               string values as input. So a
                                               number must be converted with
                                               the built-in function int().
         ModuleModule1
VB.NET
         Dim Miles AsInteger
         Dim Km AsSingle
         Sub Main()
         Console.Write("Enter miles: ")
                 Miles = Console.ReadLine()
                 Km = Miles * 1.61
         Console.WriteLine("km: "& Km)
         Console.ReadLine()
         EndSub
         EndModule
Pascal
         program Project1;
          {$APPTYPE CONSOLE}
         uses
            SysUtils;
            var Miles : Integer;
                Km : real;
         begin
             Write('Enter miles: ');
             ReadLn(Miles);
             Km := Miles * 1.61;
             WriteLn('km: ', Km);
             ReadLn;
         end.
```

Task 13.03 (Worked example 11.03)

```
INPUT BiggestSoFar
INPUT NextNumber
IF NextNumber>BiggestSoFar
    THEN
BiggestSoFar←NextNumber
ENDIF
INPUT NextNumber
IF NextNumber>BiggestSoFar
THEN
BiggestSoFar←NextNumber
ENDIF
```

OUTPUT BiggestSoFar

```
BiggestSoFar = int(input("Enter first number: "))
Python
         NextNumber = int(input("Enter another number: "))
         if NextNumber>BiggestSoFar:
         BiggestSoFar = NextNumber
         NextNumber = int(input("Enter another number: "))
         if NextNumber>BiggestSoFar:
         BiggestSoFar = NextNumber
         print("biggest number is: ", BiggestSoFar)
         ModuleModule1
VB.NET
         DimBiggestSoFar, NextNumberAsInteger
         Sub Main()
         Console.Write("Enter first number: ")
         BiggestSoFar = Console.ReadLine()
         Console.Write("Enter another number: ")
         NextNumber = Console.ReadLine()
         IfNextNumber>BiggestSoFarThen
         BiggestSoFar = NextNumber
         EndIf
         Console.Write("Enter another number: ")
         NextNumber = Console.ReadLine()
         IfNextNumber>BiggestSoFarThen
         BiggestSoFar = NextNumber
         EndIf
         Console.WriteLine("biggest number is: "&BiggestSoFar)
         Console.ReadLine()
         EndSub
         EndModule
         program Project2;
Pascal
         {$APPTYPE CONSOLE}
         uses
         SysUtils;
         varBiggestSoFar, NextNumber : Integer;
         begin
           Write('Enter first number: ');
         ReadLn(BiggestSoFar);
           Write('Enter another number: ');
         ReadLn(NextNumber);
           if NextNumber>BiggestSoFar
              then
         BiggestSoFar := NextNumber;
           Write('Enter another number: ');
         ReadLn(NextNumber);
           if NextNumber>BiggestSoFar
              then
         BiggestSoFar := NextNumber;
         WriteLn('biggest number is: ', BiggestSoFar);
         ReadLn:
         end.
```

INPUT Number1

Task 13.04 (Worked example 11.02)

```
INPUT Number2
INPUT Number3
IF Number1 > Number2
   THEN
                                // Numberl is bigger
      IF Number1 > Number3
          THEN
             OUTPUT Number1
          ELSE
             OUTPUT Number3
      ENDIF
                                // Number2 is bigger
   ELSE
      IF Number2 > Number3
          THEN
             OUTPUT Number2
          ELSE
             OUTPUT Number3
      ENDIF
ENDIF
         Number1 = int(input("Enter first number: "))
Python
         Number2 = int(input("Enter second number: "))
         Number3 = int(input("Enter third number: "))
         if Number1 > Number2:
            if Number1 > Number3:
               print(Number1)
            else:
               print(Number3)
         elif Number2 > Number3:
                   print(Number2)
         else:
                   print(Number3)
VB.NET
         ModuleModule1
         Dim Number1, Number2, Number3 AsInteger
         Sub Main()
         Console.Write("Enter first number: ")
                Number1 = Console.ReadLine()
         Console.Write("Enter second number: ")
                Number2 = Console.ReadLine()
         Console.Write("Enter third number:
                Number3 = Console.ReadLine()
         If Number1 > Number2 Then
         If Number1 > Number3 Then
         Console.WriteLine(Number1)
         Else
         Console.WriteLine(Number3)
         EndIf
```

ElseIf Number2 > Number3 Then
Console.WriteLine(Number2)

Console.WriteLine(Number3)

Else

```
EndIf
        Console.ReadLine()
        EndSub
        EndModule
        program Project1;
Pascal
        {$APPTYPE CONSOLE}
        uses
        SysUtils;
        var Number1, Number2, Number3 : Integer;
        begin
           Write('Enter first number: ');
        ReadLn(Number1);
           Write('Enter second number: ');
        ReadLn(Number2);
           Write('Enter third number: ');
        ReadLn(Number3);
           if Number1 > Number2
              then
                   if Number1 > Number3
                      then
                         write(Number1)
                      else
                         write(Number3)
              else
                  if Number2 > Number3
                     then
                        write(Number2)
                     else
                        write(Number3);
        ReadLn;
        end.
```

```
INPUT MonthNumber

INPUT Year

Days \leftarrow 0

CASE OF MonthNumber

CASE 1,3,5,7,8,10,12: Days \leftarrow 31

CASE 4,6,9,11: Days \leftarrow 30

CASE 2: Days \leftarrow 28

If Year MOD 400 = 0

THEN // it is a leap year

Days \leftarrow 29

ENDIF

IF (Year MOD 4 = 0) AND (Year MOD 100 > 0)

THEN // it is a leap year
```

```
\mbox{Days} \leftarrow 29 \mbox{ENDIF} \mbox{OTHERWISE: OUTPUT "Invalid Month number"} \mbox{ENDCASE} \mbox{OUTPUT Days}
```

```
Python
         MonthNumber = int(input("Enter month number: "))
         Year = int(input("Enter year: "))
         Days = 0
         if MonthNumber in [1,3,5,7,8,10,12]:
            Days = 31
         elifMonthNumber in [4,6,9,11]:
            Days = 30
         elifMonthNumber == 2:
            Days = 28
            if Year % 400 == 0:
                Days = 29
            if Year % 4 == 0 and Year % 100 > 0:
                Days = 29
         else:
            print("Invalid month number")
         print(Days)
VB.NET
         ModuleModule1
         DimMonthNumber, Year, Days AsInteger
         Sub Main()
         Console.Write("Enter month number: ")
         MonthNumber = Console.ReadLine()
         Console.Write("Enter year: ")
                Year = Console.ReadLine()
                Days = 0
         SelectCaseMonthNumber
         Case 1, 3, 5, 7, 8, 10, 12
                        Days = 31
         Case 4, 6, 9, 11
                        Days = 30
         Case 2
                        Days = 28
         If Year Mod 400 = 0 Then
                           Days = 29
         EndIf
         If Year Mod 4 = 0 And Year Mod 100 > 0 Then
                           Days = 29
         EndIf
         Case Else
         Console.WriteLine("invalid month number")
         EndSelect
         Console.WriteLine(Days)
         Console.ReadLine()
         EndSub
         varMonthNumber, Year, Days : Integer;
Pascal
         begin
           Write('Enter month number: ');
```

```
ReadLn(MonthNumber);
  Write('Enter Year YYYY: ');
ReadLn(Year);
  Days := 0;
  case MonthNumber of
     1,3,5,7,8,10,12: Days := 31;
     4,6,9,11: Days := 30;
     2: begin
           Days := 28;
           if Year mod 400 = 0
              then
                 Days := 29;
           if (Year mod 4 = 0) and (Year mod 100 > 0)
                 Days := 29;
        end;
     else
        Write('Invalid month number');
  end;
  Write(Days);
ReadLn;
end.
```

Task 13.06 part 1

```
INPUT BiggestSoFar
FOR Counter ← 2 TO 10
    INPUT NextNumber
    IF NextNumber>BiggestSoFar
        THEN
BiggestSoFar←NextNumber
    ENDIF
ENDFOR
OUTPUT BiggestSoFar
```

```
BiggestSoFar = int(input("Enter first number: "))
Python
         for Counter in range(2,11):
         NextNumber = int(input("Enter another number: "))
             if NextNumber>BiggestSoFar:
         BiggestSoFar = NextNumber
         print(BiggestSoFar)
VB.NET
         ModuleModule1
         DimBiggestSoFar, Counter, NextNumberAsInteger
         Sub Main()
         Console.Write("Enter first number: ")
         BiggestSoFar = Console.ReadLine()
         For Counter = 2 To 10
         Console.Write("Enter another number: ")
         NextNumber = Console.ReadLine()
         IfNextNumber>BiggestSoFarThen
         BiggestSoFar = NextNumber
         EndIf
         Next
```

```
Console.WriteLine(BiggestSoFar)
        Console.ReadLine()
        EndSub
        EndModule
        varBiggestSoFar, NextNumber, Counter : Integer;
Pascal
        begin
          Write('Enter first number: ');
        ReadLn(BiggestSoFar);
          for Counter := 2 to 10 do
              begin
                 Write('Enter another number: ');
        ReadLn(NextNumber);
                 if NextNumber>BiggestSoFar
                    then
        BiggestSoFar := NextNumber;
              end;
          Write(BiggestSoFar);
        ReadLn;
        end.
```

Task 13.06 part 2

```
RunningTotal← 0
FOR Counter ←1 TO 10
    INPUT NextNumber
RunningTotal←RunningTotal + NextNumber
ENDFOR
OUTPUT RunningTotal
Average ←RunningTotal / 10
OUTPUT Average
```

```
RunningTotal = 0
Python
         for Counter in range(1,11):
         NextNumber = int(input("Enter a number: "))
         RunningTotal = RunningTotal + NextNumber
         print(RunningTotal)
         Average = RunningTotal / 10
         print(Average)
         ModuleModule1
VB.NET
         DimRunningTotal, Counter, NextNumberAsInteger
         Dim Average AsSingle
         Sub Main()
         RunningTotal = 0
         For Counter = 1 To 10
         Console.Write("Enter a number: ")
         NextNumber = Console.ReadLine()
         RunningTotal = RunningTotal + NextNumber
```

```
Next
         Console.WriteLine(RunningTotal)
               Average = RunningTotal / 10
         Console.WriteLine(Average)
         Console.ReadLine()
        EndSub
        EndModule
        varRunningTotal, NextNumber, Counter : Integer;
Pascal
             Average : Real;
        begin
        RunningTotal := 0;
           for Counter := 1 to 10 do
              begin
                 Write('Enter a number: ');
        ReadLn(NextNumber);
        RunningTotal := RunningTotal + NextNumber;
              end;
          Write(RunningTotal);
           Average := RunningTotal / 10;
           Write(Average);
        ReadLn;
         end.
```

Task 13.06 part 3

```
Python
    NumberOfRows = int(input("Enter number of rows: "))
    NumberOfColumns = int(input("Enter number of columns:
    "))
    Symbol = input("Enter symbol: ")
    for RowCounter in range(0, NumberOfRows):
        for ColumnCounter in range(0, NumberOfColumns):
            print(Symbol, end='')
        print()

VB.NET
    ModuleModule1
    DimNumberOfRows, NumberOfColumns, RowCounter, ColumnCounterAsInteger
    Dim Symbol AsChar
    Sub Main()
    Console.Write("Enter number of rows: ")
    NumberOfRows = Console.ReadLine()
```

```
Console.Write("Enter number of columns: ")
         NumberOfColumns = Console.ReadLine()
         Console.Write("Enter symbol: ")
                Symbol = Console.ReadLine()
         ForRowCounter = 1 ToNumberOfRows
         ForColumnCounter = 1 ToNumberOfColumns
         Console.Write(Symbol)
         Console.WriteLine()
         Next
         Console.ReadLine()
         EndSub
         EndModule
         varNumberOfRows, NumberOfColumns, RowCounter,
Pascal
         ColumnCounter : Integer;
             Symbol : Char;
         begin
            Write('Enter number of rows: ');
         ReadLn(NumberOfRows);
            Write('Enter number of columns: ');
         ReadLn(NumberOfColumns);
            Write('Enter symbol: ');
         ReadLn(Symbol);
           for RowCounter := 1 to NumberOfRows do
              begin
                  for ColumnCounter := 1 to NumberOfColumns do
                     Write(Symbol);
         Writeln;
              end;
         ReadLn;
         end.
```

Task 13.07 part 1

```
INPUT BiggestSoFar
Counter ← 1
REPEAT
    INPUT NextNumber
    Counter ←Counter + 1
    IF NextNumber>BiggestSoFar
        THEN
BiggestSoFar←NextNumber
    ENDIF
UNTIL Counter = 10
OUTPUT BiggestSoFar
```

```
Python BiggestSoFar = int(input("Enter first number: "))
    Counter = 1
    while Counter < 10:
    NextNumber = int(input("Enter another number: "))</pre>
```

```
Counter = Counter + 1
            if NextNumber>BiggestSoFar:
         BiggestSoFar = NextNumber
         print(BiggestSoFar)
         ModuleModule1
VB.NET
         DimBiggestSoFar, Counter, NextNumberAsInteger
         Sub Main()
         Console.Write("Enter first number: ")
         BiggestSoFar = Console.ReadLine()
                Counter = 1
         Console.Write("Enter another number: ")
         NextNumber = Console.ReadLine()
                    Counter = Counter + 1
         IfNextNumber>BiggestSoFarThen
         BiggestSoFar = NextNumber
         EndIf
         LoopUntil Counter = 10
         Console.WriteLine(BiggestSoFar)
         Console.ReadLine()
         EndSub
         EndModule
         varBiggestSoFar, NextNumber, Counter : Integer;
Pascal
         begin
           Write('Enter first number: ');
         ReadLn(BiggestSoFar);
           Counter := 1;
           repeat
              Write('Enter another number: ');
         ReadLn(NextNumber);
              Counter := Counter + 1;
               if NextNumber>BiggestSoFar
                  then
         BiggestSoFar := NextNumber;
           until Counter = 10;
           Write(BiggestSoFar);
         ReadLn;
         end.
         end.
```

Task 13.07 part 2

```
INPUT BiggestSoFar

REPEAT

INPUT NextNumber

IF NextNumber>BiggestSoFar

THEN

BiggestSoFar←NextNumber
```

```
ENDIF
UNTIL NextNumber = 0
OUTPUT BiggestSoFar
```

```
NextNumber = int(input("Enter first number: "))
Python
         BiggestSoFar = NextNumber
         while NextNumber != 0:
         NextNumber = int(input("Enter another number: "))
            if NextNumber>BiggestSoFar:
         BiggestSoFar = NextNumber
         print(BiggestSoFar)
VB.NET
         ModuleModule1
         DimBiggestSoFar, NextNumberAsInteger
         Sub Main()
         Console.Write("Enter first number: ")
         BiggestSoFar = Console.ReadLine()
         Console.Write("Enter another number: ")
         NextNumber = Console.ReadLine()
         IfNextNumber>BiggestSoFarThen
         BiggestSoFar = NextNumber
         EndIf
         LoopUntilNextNumber = 0
         Console.WriteLine(BiggestSoFar)
         Console.ReadLine()
         EndSub
         EndModule
         varBiggestSoFar, NextNumber : Integer;
Pascal
         begin
           Write('Enter first number: ');
         ReadLn(BiggestSoFar);
           repeat
              Write('Enter another number: ');
         ReadLn(NextNumber);
              if NextNumber>BiggestSoFar
                  then
         BiggestSoFar := NextNumber;
           until NextNumber = 0;
           Write(BiggestSoFar);
         ReadLn;
         end.
```

```
THEN

BiggestSoFar←NextNumber
ENDIF
ENDWHILE
OUTPUT BiggestSoFar
```

```
NextNumber = int(input("Enter first number: "))
Python
         BiggestSoFar = NextNumber
         while NextNumber != 0:
         NextNumber = int(input("Enter another number: "))
            if NextNumber>BiggestSoFar:
         BiggestSoFar = NextNumber
         print(BiggestSoFar)
VB.NET
         ModuleModule1
         DimBiggestSoFar, NextNumberAsInteger
         Sub Main()
         Console.Write("Enter first number: ")
         NextNumber = Console.ReadLine()
         BiggestSoFar = NextNumber
         DoWhileNextNumber<> 0
         Console.Write("Enter another number: ")
         NextNumber = Console.ReadLine()
         IfNextNumber>BiggestSoFarThen
         BiggestSoFar = NextNumber
         EndIf
         Loop
         Console.WriteLine(BiggestSoFar)
         Console.ReadLine()
         EndSub
         EndModule
Pascal
         varBiggestSoFar, NextNumber : Integer;
         begin
           Write('Enter first number: ');
         ReadLn(NextNumber);
         BiggestSoFar := NextNumber;
           while NextNumber<> 0 do
              begin
                  Write('Enter another number: ');
         ReadLn(NextNumber);
                  if NextNumber>BiggestSoFar
                     then
         BiggestSoFar := NextNumber;
              end;
           Write(BiggestSoFar);
         ReadLn;
         end.
```

Task 13.09 part 1

```
FOR Index ← 1 TO 7
    INPUT MyList[Index]
ENDFOR
```

```
MyList = []
Python
         for Index in range(8):
         MyList.append( int(input("Enter a number: ")))
         for Index in range(1,8):
            print(MyList[Index])
         ModuleModule1
VB.NET
         DimMyList(7) AsInteger
         Dim Index AsInteger
         Sub Main()
         For Index = 1 \text{ To } 7
         Console.Write("Enter a number: ")
         MyList(Index) = Console.ReadLine()
         For Index = 1 To 7
         Console.Write(MyList(Index) &" ")
         Console.ReadLine()
         EndSub
         EndModule
Pascal
         varMyList : Array[1..7] of integer;
             Index : Integer;
         begin
           for Index := 1 to 7 do
              begin
                  Write('Enter a number: ');
         ReadLn(MyList[Index]);
              end;
             for Index := 1 to 7 do
              begin
                  Write(MyList[Index], ' ');
              end;
         ReadLn;
         end.
```

Task 13.09 part 2

```
MaxIndex\leftarrow 7
INPUT SearchValue
Found \leftarrow FALSE
Index \leftarrow0
REPEAT
Index \leftarrowIndex + 1
```

```
MyList = []
Python
         for Index in range(7):
         MyList.append( int(input("Enter a number: ")))
         MaxIndex = 6
         SearchValue = int(input("Enter search value: "))
         Found = False
         Index = 0
         while not Found and Index <MaxIndex:
             Index = Index + 1
             if MyList[Index] == SearchValue:
                Found = True
         if Found:
            print("Value found at location: ", Index+1)
         else:
            print("Value not found")
VB.NET
         ModuleModule1
         DimMyList(7) AsInteger
         Dim Index, MaxIndex, SearchValueAsInteger
         Dim Found AsBoolean
         Sub Main()
         For Index = 1 To 7
         Console.Write("Enter a number: ")
         MyList(Index) = Console.ReadLine()
         Next
         For Index = 1 To 7
         Console.Write(MyList(Index) &" ")
         MaxIndex = 7
         Console.Write("Enter search value: ")
         SearchValue = Console.ReadLine()
                Found = False
                Index = 0
         Do
                    Index = Index + 1
         IfMyList(Index) = SearchValueThen
                        Found = True
         EndIf
         LoopUntil Found Or Index >= MaxIndex
         If Found Then
         Console.WriteLine("Value found at location "& Index)
         Console.WriteLine("Value not found")
```

```
EndIf
        Console.ReadLine()
        EndSub
        EndModule
        varMyList : Array[1..7] of integer;
Pascal
            Index, MaxIndex, SearchValue : Integer;
            Found : Boolean;
        begin
        MaxIndex := 7;
          write('Enter search value: ');
        ReadLn(SearchValue);
          Found := False;
          Index := 0;
          repeat
             Index := Index + 1;
             if MyList[Index] = SearchValue
                 then
                    Found := True;
          until Found OR (Index >=MaxIndex);
          if Found
             then
                write('value found at location ', Index)
                write('Value not found');
        ReadLn;
```

Task 13.09 part 3

```
MaxIndex = 7
         n = MaxIndex - 1
         NoMoreSwaps = False
         while NoMoreSwaps == False:
         NoMoreSwaps = True
            for j in range(n):
                if MyList[j] >MyList[j + 1]:
                   Temp = MyList[j]
         MyList[j] = MyList[j + 1]
         MyList[j + 1] = Temp
         NoMoreSwaps = False
            n = n - 1
         for Index in range(7):
            print(MyList[Index])
         ModuleModule1
VB.NET
         DimMyList(7) AsInteger
         Dim Index, MaxIndex, n, j, Temp AsInteger
         DimNoMoreSwapsAsBoolean
         Sub Main()
         For Index = 1 \text{ To } 7
         Console.Write("Enter a number: ")
         MyList(Index) = Console.ReadLine()
         Next
         MaxIndex = 7
                n = MaxIndex - 1
         NoMoreSwaps = True
         For j = 1 To n
         IfMyList(j) >MyList(j + 1) Then
                           Temp = MyList(j)
         MyList(j) = MyList(j + 1)
         MyList(j + 1) = Temp
         NoMoreSwaps = False
         FndTf
         Next
                    n = n - 1
         LoopUntilNoMoreSwaps
         For Index = 1 To 7
         Console.Write(MyList(Index) &" ")
         Next
         Console.ReadLine()
         EndSub
         EndModule
         varMyList : Array[1..7] of integer;
Pascal
             Index, MaxIndex, n, j, Temp : Integer;
         NoMoreSwaps : Boolean;
         begin
           for Index := 1 to 7 do
               begin
                  Write('Enter a number: ');
         ReadLn(MyList[Index]);
```

```
end;
MaxIndex := 7;
 n := MaxIndex - 1;
 repeat
NoMoreSwaps := True;
     for j := 1 to n do
        if MyList[j] >MyList[j + 1]
           then
              begin
                 Temp := MyList[j];
MyList[j] := MyList[j + 1];
MyList[j + 1] := Temp;
NoMoreSwaps := False;
              end;
     n := n - 1;
 until NoMoreSwaps;
  for Index := 1 to 7 do
        write(MyList[Index], ' ');
ReadLn;
end.
varMyList : Array[1..7] of integer;
    Index, MaxIndex, n, j, Temp : Integer;
NoMoreSwaps : Boolean;
```

```
FOR Row ←1 TO MaxRows
   FOR Column ←1 TO MaxColumns
     OUTPUT ThisTable[Row, Column] // stay on same line
   ENDFOR
   OUTPUT Newline // move to next line for
next row
ENDFOR
```

```
ThisTable = [[0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0],
Python
        [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0],
        [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0],
        [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0],
        [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0],
        [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]]
        MaxRows = 6
        MaxColumns = 7
        for Row in range(MaxRows):
           for Column in range(MaxColumns):
               print(ThisTable[Row][Column], end = ' ')
           print()
        ModuleModule1
VB.NET
        DimThisTable(6, 7) AsInteger
        Dim Row, Column AsInteger
```

```
ConstMaxRows = 6
         ConstMaxColumns = 7
         Sub Main()
         For Row = 1 ToMaxRows
         For Column = 1 ToMaxColumns
         ThisTable(Row, Column) = 0
         Next
         Next
         For Row = 1 ToMaxRows
         For Column = 1 ToMaxColumns
         Console.Write(ThisTable(Row, Column))
         Next
         Console.WriteLine()
         Next
         Console.ReadLine()
         EndSub
         EndModule
Pascal
         const
         MaxRows = 6;
         MaxColumns = 7;
         varThisTable : Array[1..6, 1..7] of integer;
             Row, Column : Integer;
           for Row := 1 to MaxRows do
               for Column := 1 to MaxColumns do
         ThisTable[Row, Column] := 0;
           for Row := 1 to MaxRows do
              begin
                  for Column := 1 to MaxColumns do
                     Write(ThisTable[Row, Column]);
         WriteLn;
              end;
         ReadLn;
         end.
```

Task 13.11 part 1

```
Python import random
for Count in range(20):
    RandomNumber = random.randint(1,10)
    print(RandomNumber)

VB.NET ModuleModule1
    Dim Count, RandomNumberAsInteger
    Dim Number AsNewRandom
```

```
Sub Main()
         For Count = 1 To 20
         RandomNumber = Number.Next(1, 11)
         Console.WriteLine(RandomNumber)
         Next
         Console.ReadLine()
         EndSub
         EndModule
         uses
Pascal
         SysUtils, Math;
         var Count, RandomNumber : Integer;
         begin
            randomize;
            for Count := 1 To 20 do
               begin
         RandomNumber := RandomRange(1, 11);
         writeln(RandomNumber);
                end;
         ReadLn;
         end.
```

Task 13.11 part 2

```
SecretNumber←Random
INPUT Guess
NumberOfGuesses←1
WHILE Guess <>SecretNumber AND NumberOfGuesses< 10
    IF Guess >SecretNumber
        THEN
the player is given the message to input a smaller number
    ENDIF
    IF Guess <SecretNumber
        THEN
the player is given the message to input a larger number
    ENDIF
    INPUT Guess
NumberOfGuesses←NumberOfGuesses + 1
ENDWHILE
```

```
Python    import random
    SecretNumber = random.randint(1,100)
    Guess = int(input("What is your guess? "))
    NumberOfGuesses = 1
```

```
while Guess != SecretNumber and NumberOfGuesses< 10:
            if Guess >SecretNumber:
                print("Input a smaller number: ", end='')
            if Guess <SecretNumber:</pre>
                print("Input a larger number: ", end='')
            Guess = int(input())
         NumberOfGuesses = NumberOfGuesses + 1
         if Guess == SecretNumber:
         print("Well done. It took you ", NumberOfGuesses, "
         guesses.")
         else:
         print("You did not guess the number. It was ",
         SecretNumber)
VB.NET
         ModuleModule1
         Dim Guess, SecretNumber, NumberOfGuessesAsInteger
         Dim Number AsNewRandom
         Sub Main()
         SecretNumber = Number.Next(1, 100)
         Console.Write("What is your guess? ")
                Guess = Console.ReadLine()
         NumberOfGuesses = 1
         While Guess <>SecretNumberAndNumberOfGuesses< 10
         If Guess >SecretNumberThen
         Console.Write("Input a smaller number: ")
         EndIf
         If Guess <SecretNumberThen</pre>
         Console.Write("Input a larger number: ")
         EndIf
                    Guess = Console.ReadLine()
         NumberOfGuesses = NumberOfGuesses + 1
         EndWhile
         If Guess = SecretNumberThen
         Console.WriteLine("Well done. It took you {0} guesses.",
         NumberOfGuesses)
         Else
         Console.WriteLine("You did not guess the number. It was {0}.",
         SecretNumber)
         EndIf
         Console.ReadLine()
         EndSub
         EndModule
Pascal
         uses
         SysUtils, Math;
         var Guess, NumberOfGuesses, SecretNumber : Integer;
         begin
            randomize;
         SecretNumber := randomrange(1,100);
         Write('What is your guess? ');
         ReadLn(Guess);
         NumberOfGuesses := 1;
            while (Guess <>SecretNumber) and (NumberOfGuesses<
```

```
10) do
      begin
         if Guess >SecretNumber
               Write('Input a smaller number: ')
               Write('Input a larger number: ');
ReadLn(Guess);
NumberOfGuesses := NumberOfGuesses + 1;
      end;
      if Guess = SecretNumber
         then
WriteLn('Well done. It took you ', NumberOfGuesses, '
guesses.')
         else
WriteLn('You did not guess the number. It was ',
SecretNumber);
ReadLn;
end.
```

```
from datetime import *
Python
         Today = date.today()
         print('Today is ', Today)
         Tomorrow = Today + timedelta(1)
         print('Tomorrow is ', Tomorrow)
         Yesterday = Today + timedelta(-1)
         print('Yesterday was ', Yesterday)
VB.NET
         ModuleModule1
         Dim Today, Tomorrow, Yesterday AsDate
         Sub Main()
                Today = Now()
         Console.WriteLine("Today is {0:dd/MM/yy}", Today)
                Tomorrow = Today.AddDays(1)
         Console.WriteLine("Tomorrow is {0:dd/MM/yy}", Tomorrow)
                Yesterday = Today.AddDays(-1)
         Console.WriteLine("Yesterday was {0:dd/MM/yy}", Yesterday)
         Console.ReadLine()
         EndSub
         EndModule
Pascal
         var Today, Tomorrow, Yesterday : TDateTime;
         DateString : String;
         begin
            Today := Date();
         DateString := DateToStr(Today);
         WriteLn('Today is ', DateString);
```

```
Tomorrow := Today + 1;
DateString := DateToStr(Tomorrow);
WriteLn('Tomorrow is ', DateString);
    Yesterday := Today - 1;
DateString := DateToStr(Yesterday);
WriteLn('Yesterday was ', DateString);
ReadLn;
end.
```

Exam-style questions in Chapter 13

```
1
OUTPUT "Ounces Grams"
FOR Ounces ← 1 TO 30
    Grams ←Rounded(Ounces * 28.35)// whole number of grams
only
    OUTPUT Ounces, Grams
ENDFOR
```

```
# Ounces : int
Python
        # Grams : int
        print('Ounces
                              Grams')
        for Ounces in range(1, 31):
            Grams = round(Ounces * 28.35) # whole number of
        grams only
            print("{0:>4}{1:>13}".format(Ounces, Grams))
        ModuleModule1
VB.NET
        Sub Main()
        Dim Ounces, Grams AsInteger
        Console.WriteLine("Ounces
                                   Grams")
        For Ounces = 1 To 30
                   Grams = Math.Round(Ounces * 28.35)
        Console.WriteLine("{0,4}{1,13}", Ounces, Grams)
        Next
        Console.ReadLine()
        EndSub
        EndModule
        program Project1;
Pascal
         {$APPTYPE CONSOLE}
        uses
        SysUtils;
        var Ounces, Grams : integer;
        begin
        WriteLn('Ounces
                                 Grams');
            for Ounces := 1 to 30 do
               begin
```

```
Grams := round(Ounces * 28.35);
WriteLn(Ounces : 4, Grams : 13);
    end;
ReadLn;
end.
```

2

```
Python
         # UserID : str
         # valid : bool
         UserID = input('Enter your user ID: ')
         if len(UserID) != 5:
            valid = False
         else:
            valid = True
            for Char in range(3):
                if UserID[Char] < 'A' or UserID[Char] > 'Z':
                   valid = False
            for Char in range(3,5):
                if UserID[Char] < '0' or UserID[Char] > '9':
                   valid = False
         if valid:
            print("valid")
         else:
            print("not valid")
VB.NET
         ModuleModule1
         Sub Main()
         DimUserIDAsString
         Dim Valid AsBoolean
         DimiAsInteger
         Console.Write("Enter your user ID: ")
         UserID = Console.ReadLine
         If Len(UserID) <> 5 Then
                    Valid = False
         Else
                    valid = True
         Fori = 0 To 2
         IfUserID(i) <"A"OrUserID(i) >"Z"Then
                           Valid = False
         EndIf
         Next
         Fori = 3 To 4
         IfUserID(i) <"0"OrUserID(i) >"9"Then
                          Valid = False
         EndIf
         Next
         EndIf
         If Valid Then
         Console.WriteLine("valid")
         Else
         Console.WriteLine("not valid")
         EndIf
         Console.ReadLine()
         EndSub
```

```
EndModule
        program Project1;
Pascal
        {$APPTYPE CONSOLE}
        uses
        SysUtils;
        varUserID : string;
              Valid : Boolean;
        i : integer;
        begin
           Write('Enter your user ID: ');
        ReadLn(UserID);
           if Length(UserID) <> 5
              then Valid := False
              else
                 begin
                     Valid := True;
                     for i := 1 to 3 do
                        if (UserID[i] < 'A') or (UserID[i] >
        'Z')
                           then Valid := False;
                     for i := 4 to 5 do
                       if (UserID[i] < '0') or (UserID[i] >
        191)
                           then Valid := False;
                 end;
           if valid
              then WriteLn('valid')
              else WriteLn('not valid');
        ReadLn;
        end.
```

```
Python # Tally : int array [1:5]
    # Hobbytitle : str array [1:5]
    # Choice : int
    # Index : int
    # FileHandle : text file channel
```

```
# TextLine : str
        # DigitString : str
        # (a) declare and initialise Tally
        Tally = [0,0,0,0,0,0,0]
        # (c) store hobby titles
        HobbyTitle = ['','Reading books','Playing computer
        games', 'Sport', 'Programming', 'Watching TV']
        # (e) to read existing data from file
        FileHandle = open("Tally.TXT", "r")
        for Index in range(6):
        TextLine = FileHandle.readline() # read next line
        DigitString = TextLine.strip('\n') # strip newline
        character
           Tally[Index] = int(DigitString) # convert str to
        int
        FileHandle.close()
        # (b) main part of program
        Choice = int(input('Enter your favourite hobby: '))
        while Choice != 0:
           Tally[Choice] += 1
           Choice = int(input('Enter your favourite hobby: '))
        for Index in range(1,6):
           print("{0:<24}{1:>5}".format(HobbyTitle[Index],
        Tally[Index]))
        # (d) save tally data to file
        FileHandle = open("Tally.TXT", "w")
        for Index in range(6):
        FileHandle.write(str(Tally[Index]) + "\n")
        FileHandle.close()
        ModuleModule1
VB.NET
        Sub Main()
        Dim Tally(5) AsInteger
        DimHobbytitle(5) AsString
        Dim Choice, Index AsInteger
        DimFileHandleOutAsIO.StreamWriter
        DimFileHandleInAsIO.StreamReader
        ' (a) declare and initialise Tally
        For Index = 0 To 5
                  Tally(Index) = 0
        Next
         ' (c) store hobby titles
        Hobbytitle(1) = "Reading books"
        Hobbytitle(2) = "Playing computer games"
        Hobbytitle(3) = "Sport"
        Hobbytitle(4) = "Programming"
        Hobbytitle(5) = "Watching TV"
```

```
(e) to read existing data from file
         FileHandleIn = NewIO.StreamReader("Tally.TXT")
        For Index = 0 To 5
                   Tally(Index) = FileHandleIn.ReadLine
        Next
        FileHandleIn.Close()
         ' (b) main part of program
        Dο
        Console.Write("Enter your favourite hobby: ")
                   Choice = Console.ReadLine
                   Tally(Choice) += 1
        LoopUntil Choice = 0
        For Index = 1 To 5
        Console.WriteLine("{0,24}{1,5}", Hobbytitle(Index), Tally(Index))
        Next
         ' (d) save tally data to file
        FileHandleOut = NewIO.StreamWriter("Tally.TXT")
        For Index = 0 To 5
        FileHandleOut.WriteLine(Tally(Index))
        FileHandleOut.Close()
         Console.ReadLine()
        EndSub
        EndModule
        program ExamQ13 3;
Pascal
         {$APPTYPE CONSOLE}
        uses
        SysUtils;
        var Tally : array[0..5] of integer;
        Hobbytitle: array[1..5] of string;
               Choice, Index: integer;
        FileHandle : TextFile;
        begin
         // (a) declare and initialise Tally
         for Index := 0 to 5 do
            Tally[Index] := 0;
          // (c) store hobby titles
        HobbyTitle[1] := 'Reading books';
        HobbyTitle[2] := 'Playing computer games';
        HobbyTitle[3] := 'Sport';
        HobbyTitle[4] := 'Programming';
        HobbyTitle[5] := 'Watching TV';
           // (e) to read existing data from file
        AssignFile(FileHandle, 'Tally.TXT');
           Reset(FileHandle);
           for Index := 0 to 5 do
        ReadLn(FileHandle, Tally[Index]);
        CloseFile(FileHandle);
```

```
// (b) main part of program
  repeat
    Write('Enter your favourite hobby: ');
ReadLn(Choice);
     Tally[Choice] := Tally[Choice] + 1;
  until Choice = 0;
  for Index := 1 to 5 do
WriteLn(Hobbytitle[Index]:24, Tally[Index]:5);
  // (d) save tally data to file
AssignFile(FileHandle, 'Tally.TXT');
 Rewrite(FileHandle);
  for Index := 0 to 5 do
WriteLn(FileHandle,Tally[Index]);
CloseFile(FileHandle);
ReadLn
end.
```