#### **NAME**

runspin - script to automatically verify Promela models

### **SYNOPSIS**

```
runspin [ options... ] promela_file
```

or more specifically:

```
runspin[-a][-f cfgs_file][-h][-n config_name][-o out_file][-p][-s][-v][-V]
[-x "configuration"] promela_file
```

#### DESCRIPTION

runspin is a bash script to automate the verification of a Promela model using the model checker SPIN.

**runspin** automates the complete verification of the Promela model *promela\_file*. First, **runspin** invokes *spin* to generate the verification program pan.c. Then it invokes the *C* compiler to compile pan.c. Finally it runs the compiled *pan* verifier.

Apart from verifying the Promela model, **runspin** adds valuable extra information to *pan*'s verification report, e.g., the Promela file name, exact commands used, date of verification, unix time, etc.

For each of the three phases, **runspin** needs the necessary commands and options to execute the different programs (i.e., spin, (g)cc and pan). A complete set of commands and options for a single verification run is called a *configuration*. There are three ways to tell **runspin** what configuration to use:

-f cfgs file

runspin retrieves the configuration from cfgs\_file

-p

runspin retrieves the configuration from promela\_file

-x "configuration"

the configuration is specified verbatim on the command line

A specific configuration can be named using the option **-n** *config\_name*, where *config\_name* is the name of the configuration. If none of the three configuration setting options (i.e., **-f**, **-p**, or **-x**) is used, **runspin** will perform a (standard) safety verification run.

### **OPTIONS**

- -a Verify all configurations in promela\_file.
  - This option is only allowed in conjunction with the **-p** option.
- -f cfgs\_file

Get the configuration from  $cfgs\_file$  (cfgs stands for configurations). See below for the expected format of this  $cfgs\_file$ . If the **-n** option is also present, **runspin** will use this name of the configuration to search for in  $cfgs\_file$ . Otherwise,  $promela\_file$  will be used as the name of the configuration in  $cmds\_file$ .

- **-h** Print usage message.
- -s No extra information: generate standard SPIN verification report; **runspin** will *not* add extra information regarding the verification.
- -n config\_name

Use *config\_name* as the name for the configuration to be used.

This option is only allowed in conjunction with the options **-f** or **-p**.

-o out\_file

Write the verification report to *out\_file*.

-**p** Get the configuration from *promela\_file*.

If the **-n** option is also present, **runspin** will use *config\_name* as the name of the configuration to

search for in *promela\_file*. Otherwise, the first configuration in *promela\_file* will be used for the verification.

- **-v** Print version number and exit.
- **-V** Let **runspin** print verbose messages on what it is doing.
- -x "configuration"

Forces **runspin** to use the commands in *configuration* for the verification of the Promela model. The double quotes " around the *configuration* are mandatory.

#### FORMAT FOR CONFIGURATIONS

The complete set of commands to verify a single Promela model is called a *configuration*. A configuration thus consists of a tuple of three command lines: the command line for *spin*, the command line for the *C* compiler and the command line for the *pan* verifier.

The command lines for the *C* compiler and *pan* verifier have to be complete: **runspin** will not add any parameters or information to the commands. The command line for *spin* is treated differently: **runspin** will add the (obligatory) *promela\_file* as the last argument. This means that the typical command for the first command of the configuration is "spin -a". As an example of a configuration, consider the following three lines, where each line corresponds to a separate command line.

```
spin -a
gcc -o pan -DSAFETY pan.c
./pan -m10000 -c1 -w19
```

Below we explain how to format configurations for runspin.

command line: -x "configuration"

The configuration can be specified on the command line using the option **-x** "configuration". The string "configuration" specifies the three different command lines. Each command in the configuration string should be prefixed by "%". Consequently, a configuration contains exactly three % symbols. For example:

```
runspin -x "%spin -a %gcc -o pan pan.c %./pan -c1" foobar.prom
```

The configuration looks like a flattened version of the three command lines, where the % symbol acts as the shell prompt.

within the promela file: -p

Configurations can also be stored within the Promela file. runspin will search *promela\_file* for the first line that contains the string "runspin". On this line, after the string "runspin", the configuration should follow the same format as for the **-x** option. That is, each command should be prefixed by "%". Moreover, the last command (i.e. the *pan* command) should be terminated with "%", if after the last command, the line contains additional non white space characters, that are not part of the command. For example, *promela\_file* could contain the following comment:

```
/* runspin: %spin -a %gcc -o pan pan.c %./pan -c1 % */
```

The double colon is not necessary, but makes the line more readable. The fourth "%" is necessary to prevent that "\*/" will be added to the *pan* command.

In addition, it is also possible to have several named configurations in a Promela file. The different configurations could then be selected using the **-t** option. To name a configuration, to the string "runspin" one should append an underscore (\_) and the name , e.g., "runspin\_safety". For example, <code>promela\_file</code> could contain the following comments:

```
/* runspin_safety: %spin -a %gcc -o pan -DSAFETY pan.c %./pan % */
/* runspin_ltl: %spin -a %gcc -o pan -DNOFAIR pan.c %./pan -a % */
```

configurations file: **-f** cfgs\_file

Configurations can also be stored in a separate file (*cfgs\_file*). All configurations in a *cfgs\_file* have to be named. A complete configuration in *cfgs\_file* consists of four lines. The first line is the name of the configuration enclosed in square brackets: "[" and "]". Next, the three command lines of the configuration should follow.

It is common practice to separate configurations by empty lines, but this is not necessary.

A configuration file can have C++/Java style end-of-line comments: on a line, everything after "//" will be discarded.

An example of a fragment of a *cfgs\_file* is the following:

### **EXAMPLES**

runspin foobar.prom

Performs a standard verification run.

```
runspin -p foobar.prom
```

No configuration name is provided, so **runspin** will use the first configuration in 'foobar.prom' to verify the Promela model. This is probably the most common way to use **runspin**.

```
runspin -p -n liveness foobar.prom
```

Use the configuration named 'liveness' as defined in 'foobar.prom'.

```
runspin -f runspin.cfgs -n safety foobar.prom
```

Use the configuration named 'safety' as defined in 'runspin.cfgs' to verify 'foobar.prom'.

```
runspin -f runspin.cfgs -o foobar.prom.out foobar.prom
```

No configuration name is provided, so use the promela name 'foobar.prom' as the configuration name in 'runspin.cfgs'. The verification report will be saved in 'foobar.prom.out'.

```
runspin -x "%spin -a %gcc pan.c %./a.out -c1" foo.prom
```

The configuration is specified on the command line. Here we do not generate the verifier "pan", so we have to use "a.out", the default name for gcc generated executables. The **-x** option is typically used from within a shell script or makefile.

# **DEPENDENCIES**

runspin relies on the presence of several (standard) UNIX utilities:

```
bash, spin, (g)cc, grep, sed, awk, time
```

# **FILES**

runspin - the **runspin** shell script runspin.cfgs - sample file with configurations

### ADDITIONAL NOTES

The output of **runspin** (and SPIN) can be parsed by **parsepan**, a utility which has been developed hand-in-hand with **runspin**.

### **SEE ALSO**

spin(1) -- SPIN website: http://www.spinroot.com
parsepan(1) -- parse pan verification reports

#### HISTORY

The original **runspin** script was developed in 2000/2001. Its purpose was to ease the execution of large batches of verification runs with SPIN. It has been used extensively for the experiments in [Ruys 2001]. The original version, however, was very limited in scope and functionality: it hardly supported the verification of a single Promela model.

# **VERSION**

This documentation describes the first public version runspin: version 0.9 (19-Apr-2014).

# **AUTHOR**

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