2.11.2 ARGUMENT DESIGNATION

i

Argument is the real value to be assigned to a variable used in the user macro body. Argument designation, therefore, is the act of assigning real values to variables. Argument designation is of type I and type II, which can be selected as required.

(1) Argument Designation I

Argument may be designated in any address except for G, L, N, O, and P. The relationships between the argument designation addresses and the variables are as shown below.

Address of Argument Designation I	Variable in User Macro Body
A	#1
В	#2
С	#3
D	#7
E	#8
F	#9
Н	#11
I	#4
J	#5
K	#6
M	#13
Q	#17
R	#18
S	#19
T	#20
υ ,	#21
v	#22
W	#23
X	#24
Y	#25
Z	#26

For the address in which no argument need be designated, the command may be omitted.

Sample Program

(2) Argument Designation II

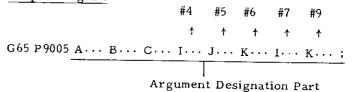
A, B, and C arguments and 10 sets of I, J, and K arguments may be designated. I, J, and K must be designated in this order. The relationships between the argument designation addresses and the variables are as shown below.

Address of Argument Designation I	Variables in User Macro Body
A	#1
В	#2
C	#3
I 1	#4
J_1	#5
ĸ ₁	#6
12	#7
J2	#8
K ₂	#9
13	#10
J3 [#13
к3	#12
14	#13
J4	#14
K4	#15
I5	#16
J ₅	#17
K5	#18
16	#19
J ₆	#20
К6	#21
17	#22
J7	#23
К7	#24
Ī	#25
Jģ	#26
K 8	#27
19	#28
J9	#29
K 9	#30
110	#31
J10	#32
к ₁₀	#33

The suffixes 1 through 10 to I, J, and K are determined by the order of the designated I, J, and K combinations.

For the address in which no argument need be designated, the command may be omitted.

Sample Program



(3) Position of Decimal Point Argument

An argument may generally be designated with a sign and decimal point. For the designation without decimal point, the position of decimal point is as shown on the next page.