TourPlanner Project Protocol

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Link to GitHub: https://github.com/TD717/tourplanner.git

The TourPlanner application is an application built using JavaFX for Frontend and Spring Boot for Backend. It allows a user to add/delete/edit tours, generate and view tour logs, import/export CSV data and generate PDF reports. Additionally, it provides a statistics dashboard, which shows analytics and insights for tours.

Highlights

- Unique Feature: Statistics Dashboard
- Architecture: MVVM pattern with 3-tier architecture
- Technology: JavaFX + Spring Boot + PostgreSQL Database
- Development Time: 68 hours total

Technical Steps

- Architecture Pattern: MVVM (Model-View-ViewModel)
- Database: PostgreSQL Database
 - Easy setup and fast development
 - o Portable application deployment
- Framework Stack: Spring Boot + JavaFX
 - Spring Boot provides excellent dependency injection and data access
 - JavaFX offers desktop UI features
 - Good integration capabilities
- External API Integration: OpenRouteService for route calculation and geocoding.

Application Architecture

3-Tier Architecture Overview: The application follows a clear 3-tier architecture with separation of concerns:

- Presentation:
 - Includes JavaFX Views, ViewModels and ViewFactory
 - o Provides UI logic data binding and user interaction
- Business:
 - o Includes services, DTOs and external API
 - o Provides business logic, data transformation and external integration
- Data
 - Includes repositories, entities and database
 - o Provides data persistence, data access and storage

Layer Details

- Presentation Layer
 - Views: JavaFX FXML files with controllers
 - ViewModel: Business logic, data binding and state management

- o ViewFactory: Dependency injection and view creation
- Business Layer
 - o Services: Business logic, data transformation and external API integration
 - o DTOs: Data transfer objects for layer communication
 - o External APIs: Route calculation, geocoding and PDF generation
- Data Layer
 - o Repositories: Data access using Spring Data JPA
 - o Entities: JPA entities representing database tables
 - o Database: Database with JPA/Hibernate ORM

Design Patterns Implemented

- MVVM Pattern
 - o View: FXML files with controllers
 - ViewModel: Business logic and data binding
 - Model: JPA entities and DTOs
- Repository Pattern
 - Spring Data JPA repositories
- Factory Pattern
 - o Implementation of a ViewFactory
 - Dependency injection
- DTOs
 - TourDTO and TourLogDTO
 - o Decoupling from entities

Technology Stack

- Backend Framework: Spring Boot
- Frontend Framework: JavaFX
- Database: PostgreSQL
- ORM: JPA/Hibernate
- PDF Generation: iText
- JSON Processing: Jackson
- External API: OpenRouteService

Unique Feature: Statistics Dashboard

The Statistics Dashboard is the unique feature that we developed for our project. It provides analytics and insights for tour planning and performance analysis.

- Comprehensive data analytics
- Total tours and logs: Overview of all tour data
- Most popular tour: Automatic identification based on log count
- Real-Time dashboard
 - o Automatic updates: Statistics update when data changes
 - o Professional layout: Clean dashboard design

o Quick insights: Immediate access to metrics

Time Tracking

- Planning & Design
 - o 13 hours
 - o Requirements analysis, architecture design and technology selection
- Backend Development
 - o 23 hours
 - o Entity design, repository implementation and service layer development
- Frontend Development
 - o 26 hours
 - o JavaFX UI development, FXML design, ViewModel implementation
- External API Integration
 - o 10 hours
 - OpenRouteService integration, geocoding, route calculation |
- Testing
 - o 10 hours
 - o Unit tests, integration tests, test configuration
- Documentation
 - o 5 hours
 - o Code documentation, protocol writing, UML diagram |
- Bug fixing
 - o 8 hours
 - o Performance optimization, UI improvements |
- Total
 - o 95 hours
 - Complete application development

Lessons from this project

- External API integration: Took longer than expected due to lack of experience
- UI Development: JavaFX had a steep learning curve, but was manageable
- Spring Boot: Spring Boot was initially hard to implement, but there are a lot of resources available