Library Management System - PL/SQL

The various functionality associated with it is depicted as below:

Consider the following:

- 1. The library has 3 kinds of members
- a. Monthly this member can borrow 4 books
- b. Yearly this member can borrow 2 books
- c. Lifetime This member can be borrow 6 books
- 2. The same kind of a book cannot be borrowed by a member at one instance.
- 3. The fine amount should be calculated basing on the issuedate, returndate and duedate.
- 4. The fine amount can be 5/- per day.
- 5. When a book is issued automatically it should reflect in the book table.

Table name

Member

Column name	Data Type	Description
Mem_no	Varchar2(20)	Primary Key
Mem_name	Varchar2(20)	Not Null
Mem_type	Varchar2(20)	(M,Y,L)
No_of_books	Number(4)	
Total_fine	Number(4)	

Book

Column name	Data Type	Description
Book_no	Varchar2(20)	Primary Key
Book_name	Varchar2(20)	Not Null
Author	Varchar2(20)	
Price	Varchar2(20)	
No_of_books	Number(4)	

Trans

Column name	Data Type	Description
Book_no	Varchar2(20)	Foreign key of books
Mem_no	Varchar2(20)	Foreign key of member
Issue_date	Date	Sysdate

Due_date	Date	Sysdate+7
Return_date	date	

-- table member

create table member(mem_no varchar2(20) primary key, mem_name varchar2 (20) not null, mem_type varchar2(20), no_of_books number(4), total_fine number(4));

-- table book

create table book(book_no varchar2(20) primary key, book_name varchar2(20) not null, author varchar2(20), price varchar2(20), no_of_books number(4));

-- table trans

/

create table trans(book_no varchar2(20), mem_no varchar2(20),issue_date date,due_date date,return_date date, constraint bid_fkey FOREIGN KEY (book_no) REFERENCES book(book_no),constraint mid_fkey FOREIGN KEY (mem_no) REFERENCES member(mem_no));

--table transaction history

create table transaction_history(book_no varchar2(20), mem_no varchar2(20),issue_date date,due_date date ,return_date date, constraint bid_fkey1 FOREIGN KEY (book_no) REFERENCES book(book_no),constraint mid_fkey1 FOREIGN KEY (mem_no) REFERENCES member(mem_no))

```
SOL> desc member
 Name
                                                                     Nu11?
                                                                                    Type
 MEM_NO
MEM_NAME
MEM_TYPE
NO_OF_BOOKS
TOTAL_FINE
                                                                     NOT NULL VARCHAR2(20)
NOT NULL VARCHAR2(20)
VARCHAR2(20)
NUMBER(4)
NUMBER(4)
SQL> desc book
 Name
                                                                     Nu11?
                                                                                    Type
                                                                     NOT NULL VARCHAR2(20)
NOT NULL VARCHAR2(20)
VARCHAR2(20)
VARCHAR2(20)
NUMBER(4)
 BOOK_NO
BOOK_NAME
AUTHOR
 PRICE
 NO_OF_BOOKS
SQL> desc trans
                                                                     Nu11?
 Name
                                                                                    Type
 BOOK_NO
MEM_NO
ISSUE_DATE
DUE_DATE
RETURN_DATE
                                                                                    VARCHAR2(20)
VARCHAR2(20)
                                                                                    DATE
DATE
SQL> select constraint_name,column_name from user_cons_columns where table_name='TRANS';
CONSTRAINT_NAME
COLUMN_NAME
MEM_NO_FKEY
MEM_NO
BOOK_NO_FKEY
```

```
--For adding member

declare

member_name varchar2(15);

member_type varchar2(20);

no varchar2(20);

id varchar2(20);

begin

member_name:='&name';

member_type:='&type';

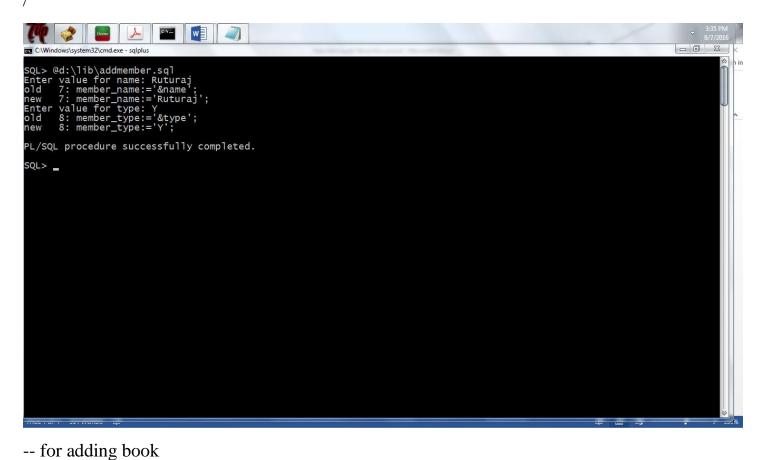
select MAX(mem_no) into no from member;

if no is not null then

id:=no+1;

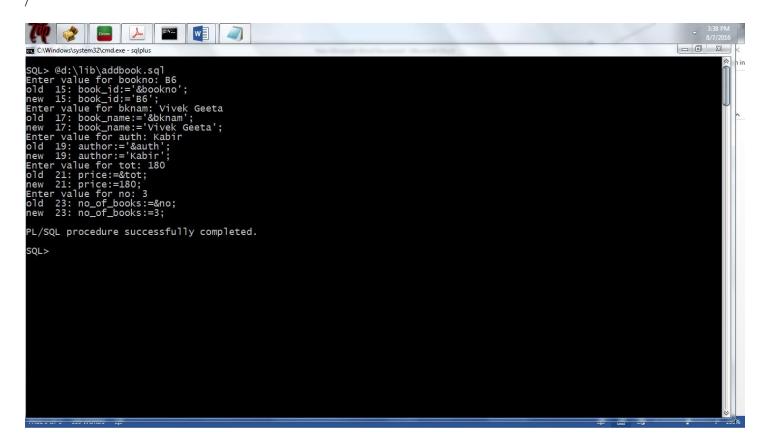
else
```

```
id:=1;
end if;
insert into member values(id,member_name,member_type,0,0);
dbms_output.put_line('Mr/Mrs/Miss. '||member_name||', your membership id is '||id);
end;
//
```



```
declare
book_name varchar2(50);
author varchar2(20);
price varchar2(20);
no_of_books number(5);
book_id varchar2(20);
begin
book_id:='&bookno';
book_name:='&bknam';
```

```
author:='&auth';
price:=&tot;
no_of_books:=&no;
insert into book values(book_id,book_name,author,price,no_of_books);
end;
//
```



1. Write a procedure to issue the book to the member.

Proc Name: Issue

Parameters: book_no,mem_no

create or replace procedure insert1(book_id varchar2,mem_id number)

is

a boolean default false;

b boolean default false;

c boolean default false;

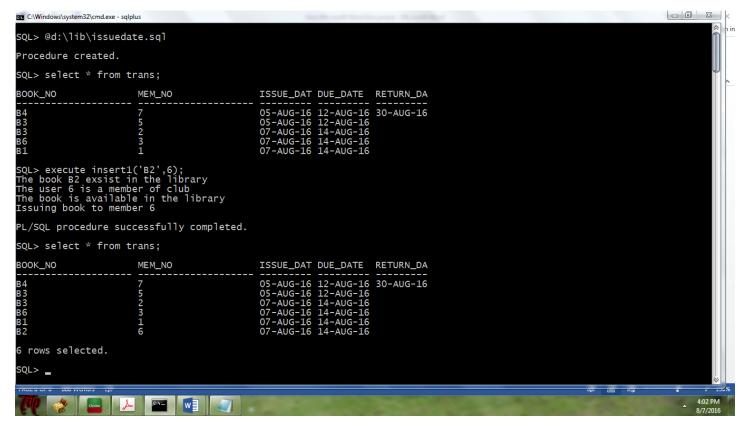
d boolean default false;

mep number(4);

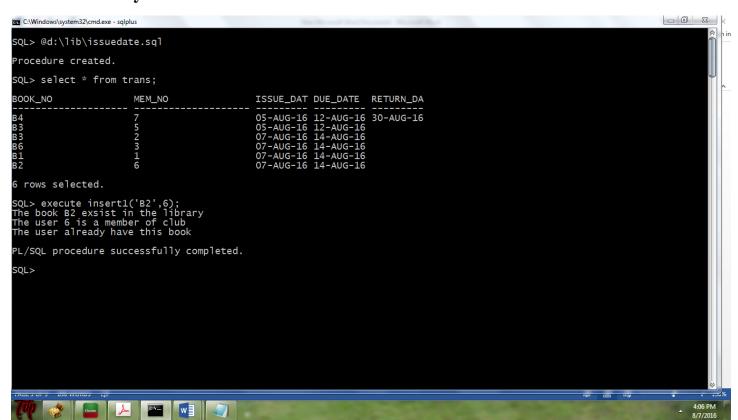
```
tep number(4);
sep number(4);
bep number(4);
mb number(4);
dat varchar2(10);
typ varchar2(10);
expiry_date date;
ddate date:
begin
Consideration for issue of book
   a. Book No. must be a valid book no. from the book table or handle exception.
      select count(*) into tep from book where book_no = book_id;
      if tep = 1
      then
      dbms_output.put_line('The book '||book_id||' exsist in the library');
      else
      dbms_output.put_line('The book '||book_id||' does not exsist in the library');
      end if:
   b. Mem no. Must be a valid Mem no. From member table.
      select count(*) into mep from member where mem_no = mem_id;
      if mep = 1
      then
      dbms_output.put_line('The user '||mem_id||' is a member of club');
      else
      dbms_output.put_line('The user '||mem_id||' is not a member of club');
      end if:
  c. The same memno. Cannot borrow the same book without returning the book.
      select count(*) into sep from trans where book_no = book_id and
      mem no = mem id and return date is null;
      if sep = 1
      then
      dbms_output_line('The user already have this book');
      end if;
   d. If the due date is crossing the expiry date of the member, doesn't issue the book.
      select mem type into typ from member where mem no=mem id;
      expiry_date := add_months(ROUND(SYSDATE,'MONTH'),1);
```

```
ddate := ROUND(SYSDATE, 'YEAR');
   if typ='M'
   then
         if expiry_date < SYSDATE+7
         then
         a:=true;
         dbms output.put line('Your membership expiry date '||
   expiry date||' is before due date '||SYSDATE+7);
         end if:
   elsif typ='Y'
   then
         if ddate < SYSDATE+7
         then
         a:=true:
         dbms_output.put_line('Your membership expiry date '||
   expiry_date||' is before due date '||SYSDATE+7);
         end if;
   elsif typ='L'
   then
         dbms_output.put_line('You have lifetime membership');
   end if;
e. If the number of book is already borrowed by the member without returning the book
   exceeds the membership limit then handle error.
   select no of books into mb from member where mem no=mem id;
   if typ='M'
   then
         if mb \ge 4
         then
         b:=true;
         dbms output.put line('Your have reached monthly borrow limit of 4 books');
         end if:
   elsif typ='Y'
   then
         if mb \ge 2
         then
         b:=true;
         dbms output.put line('Your have reached yearly borrow limit of 2 books');
         end if:
   elsif typ='L'
```

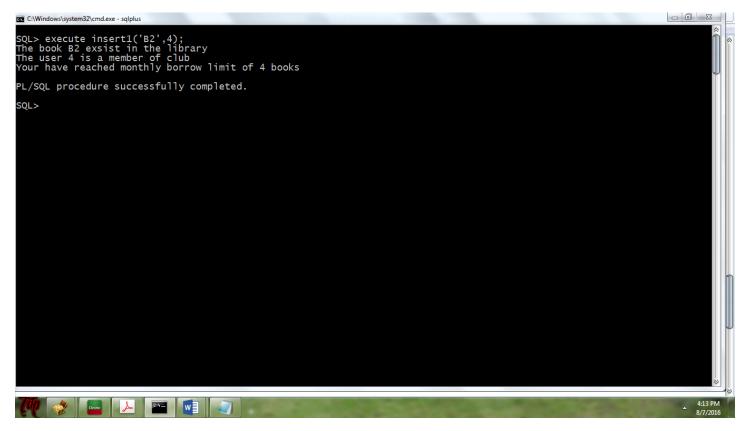
```
then
         if mb \ge 6
         then
         b:=true;
         dbms_output.put_line('Your have reached lifetime borrow limit of 6 books');
         end if:
   end if;
f. If the stock of the book is not available then trap the error.
   select no of books into bep from book where book no=book id;
   if bep >= 1
   then
   d:= true;
   dbms output.put line(' The book is available in the library ');
   end if:
g. If all validations are fulfilled, then enter into transaction table bookno. Memno. Issue
   will by sysdate and due_date is sysdate+7, return date is null and fine is null.
   if (tep is not null and mep is not null and b is not null and a is not null and d is not null and
   c is not null)
   then
   insert into trans values(book id,mem id,SYSDATE,SYSDATE+7,NULL);
   dbms_output.put_line('its working');
   end if:
h. On Saturday or Sunday no issue of the books.
   select to_char(SYSDATE,'DY') into dat from dual;
   if dat = 'SUN'
   then
   dbms output.put line('It is '||to char(SYSDATE, 'DAY')||' so cannot issue book.');
   elsif dat = 'SAT'
   then
   dbms_output.put_line('It is '||to_char(SYSDATE,'DAY')||' so cannot issue book.');
   else
   c:=true;
   dbms output.put line('It is '||to char(SYSDATE,'DAY')||' so can issue book.');
   end if:
   Output:
   -- simple running for new user
```



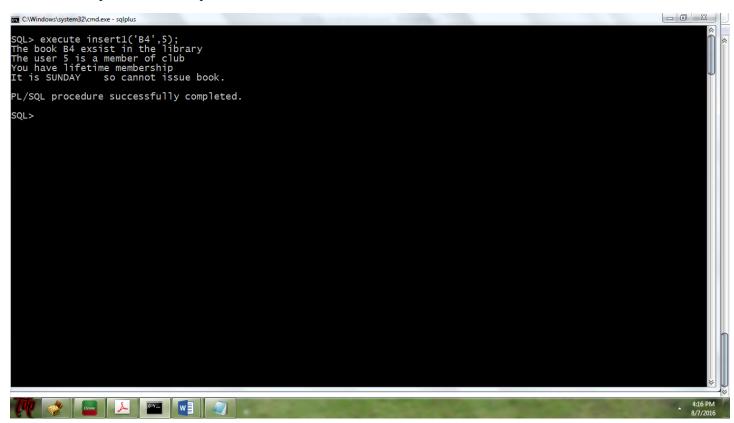
-- if user already has issued the book



-- if user can borrow more book or not



-- if Sunday or Saturday no return of book



2. Write a procedure to return the book.

```
Proc name: Return

Parameter: book_no,mem_no

create OR REPLACE procedure retrn(book_id varchar2, mem_id number)

is

fine number(20);

memid number(20);

retrn_date date not null := '30-AUG-16';

dat varchar2(5);

dd date;
```

Consideration for return book

begin

a. Return of the book is possible only if the member has borrowed the book, check for existence of record in the transaction table.

select mem_no into memid from trans where mem_no = mem_id and book_no=book_id;

b. Update return_date with the current date and calculate the fine amount by finding the difference between due date and return date.

```
update trans set return_date='30-AUG-16' where book_no=book_id and mem_no=memid; select due_date into dd from trans where book_no=book_id and mem_no=memid; fine := (retrn_date - dd)*5; dbms_output.put_line('Fine is '||fine);
```

c. Update the total_fine of that member by add this fine amount with the existing total_fine in the member table.

update member set total_fine = fine where mem_no=memid;

d. On Saturday or Sunday no return of book.

```
select to_char(SYSDATE,'DY') into dat from dual; if dat = 'SUN' then dbms\_output.put\_line('It is '||to\_char(SYSDATE,'DAY')||' so you cannot return book.');
```

```
end if;
if dat = 'SAT'
then
dbms_output.put_line('It is '||to_char(SYSDATE,'DAY')||' so you cannot return book.');
end if;
```

- e. Upon returning the book delete the information from the transaction table and move the data to transaction_history.
- -- used using trigger
- f. Create transaction_history as that of transaction table to record old data.
- -- table created transaction history

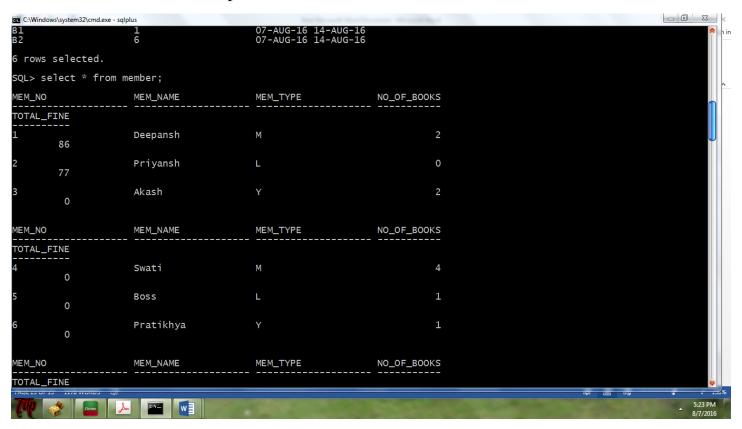
EXCEPTION

WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN

dbms_output.put_line('There is no book issued to this member.');
end;

-- return date is set as 30 august for now to calculate fine

-- the fine is calculated and updated in the member table for mem_id=2



3. Write a trigger to automatically increment and decrement the no_of books from the and member table upon issue and return.

CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER incr_trigger

AFTER INSERT OR UPDATE ON trans

FOR EACH ROW

BEGIN

IF INSERTING THEN

UPDATE book

SET no_of_books = no_of_books-1

WHERE book_no = :NEW.book_no;

UPDATE MEMBER

SET no_of_books = no_of_books+1

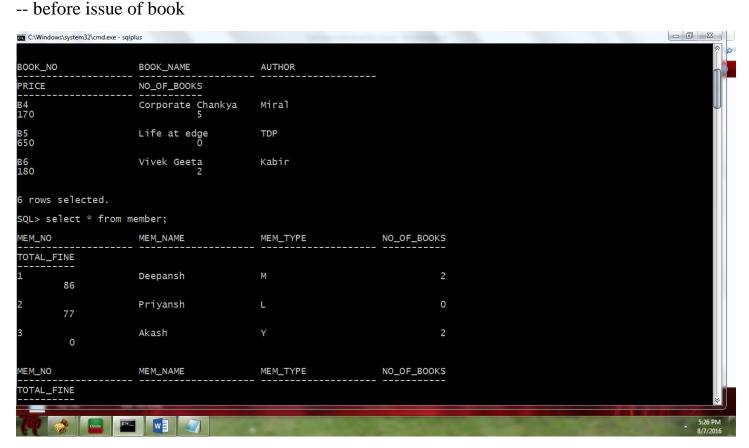
WHERE mem_no = :NEW.mem_no;

ELSIF UPDATING THEN

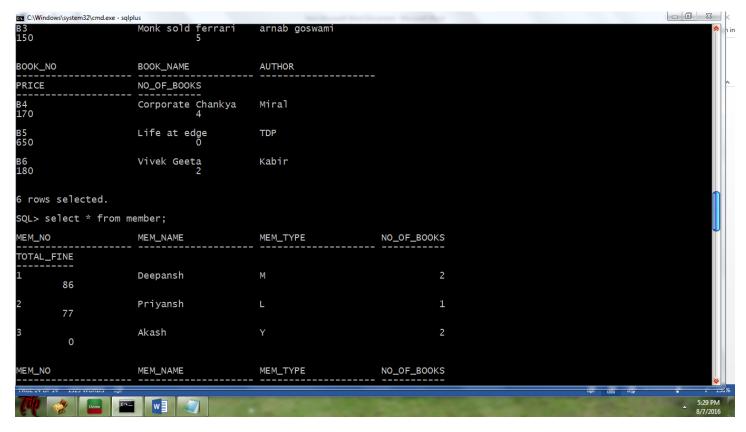
UPDATE book

```
SET no_of_books = no_of_books+1
     WHERE book_no = :old.book_no;
     UPDATE MEMBER
     SET no_of_books = no_of_books-1
     WHERE mem_no = :NEW.mem_no;
     END IF;
END;
-- on issue of book
```

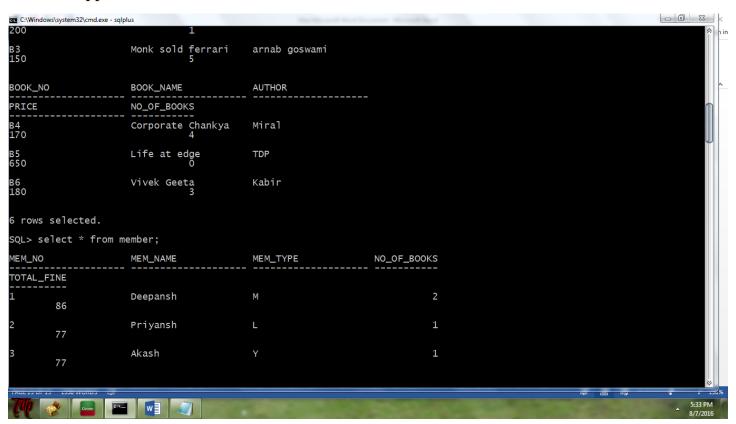
/



- -- B4 has 5 no of book and priyansh has 0 no_of_books
- -- after issuing a book B4 to priyansh member_id 2



-- same happens for return for B6 for member_id of akash i.e. 3



4. Write a trigger to move the data from the transaction to transaction_history table upon deletion.

create or replace trigger move_trigger

before delete on trans

for each row

begin

insert into transaction_history values(:old.book_no,:old.mem_no,:old.issue_date,:old.due_date,:old.return_date); end;

```
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe - sqlplus
SQL> select * from transaction_history;
no rows selected
SQL> select * from trans;
BOOK_NO
                      MEM_NO
                                             ISSUE_DAT DUE_DATE RETURN_DA
                                                                  30-AUG-16
30-AUG-16
 rows selected.
SQL> delete from trans where book_no='B3' and mem_no=2;
1 row deleted.
SQL> select * from transaction_history;
BOOK_NO
                      MEM_NO
                                             ISSUE_DAT DUE_DATE RETURN_DA
в3
                                             07-AUG-16 14-AUG-16 30-AUG-16
SQL>
```

-- hence the built library management system meets all the requirements specified.